MINISTRY OF CULTURE, SPORTS AND TOURISM VIETNAM NATIONAL ADMINISTRATION OF TOURISM



VIETNAM TOURISM OCCUPATIONAL STANDARDS

FOOD PREPARATION



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GLOSSARY

ITEM	DEFINITION
Assessment	The process of making judgements about the extent to which a candidate's work meets the assessment criteria for a qualification or unit, or part of a unit
Assessment criteria	Assessment criteria list the performance/skills and knowledge and understanding that need to be assessed
Assessment methods	VTOS allows a variety of assessment methods that are appropriate for different types of performance or knowledge
Assessor	An experienced person who is qualified to assess the performance of the candidate and usually from the same area of work, e.g. Front Office Supervisor
Assessor guide	A guide for assessors on how to assess the candidate and how to record and document the candidate performance and knowledge
Attitudes/behaviours	Attitudes and behaviours impact on the quality of work performance and so these are important aspects of 'being competent.' Attitudes and behaviours describe the general ways in which individuals go about achieving the outcomes
Certification	The award of a certificate or diploma to a candidate based on assessment of performance
Competency	Competency is the ability to apply specific skills, knowledge and behaviours/attitudes necessary to fulfil the job requirements satisfactorily
Core units	Core units include basic competencies that all employees must possess (e.g. communication skills)
Functional units	Functional (technical/professional) units relate to the hospitality or tourism job itself
Generic units	Generic competencies are those competencies that are common to a group of jobs such as cookery or travel
Management units	These are the generic competencies for roles in an organization that involve managing, supervising or influencing the work of others in some way.
Standards	Occupational standards define the knowledge, skills and attitudes/behaviours (competence) required for effective workplace performance
Unit of competence	A unit is the smallest part of a qualification can be certified individually
VTOS	Vietnam Tourism Occupational Standards

CONTENTS

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	5
GLOSSARY	
CONTENTS	7
I. INTRODUCTION	11
VTOC DEVELOPMENT METHODOLOGY	1.1
VTOS DEVELOPMENT METHODOLOGYVTOS LEVELS AND QUALIFICATIONS	
VTOS COMPETENCY UNITS	
UNIT STRUCTURE	
ONT STRUCTURE	14
II. FOOD PREPARATION OCCUPATIONS	16
LIST OF UNITS OF COMPETENCE	17
FOOD PREPARATION QUALIFICATIONS	
· ·	
III. DETAILED STANDARDS	29
FPS1.1. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE AND MAKE PRIMARY STOCK(S)	29
FPS1.2. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY GRAVIES AND HOT	
FPS1.3. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY SOUPS	33
FPS1.4. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE VEGETABLES FOR UNCOOKED DISHES	35
FPS1.5. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE FISH FOR PRIMARY FISH DISHES	37
FPS1.6. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE SHELLFISH FOR PRIMARY DISHES	39
FPS1.7. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE MEAT FOR PRIMARY DISHES	41
FPS1.8. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE POULTRY FOR PRIMARY DISHES	43
FPS1.9. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE OFFAL FOR PRIMARY DISHES	45
FPS1.10. UNIT TITLE: COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY FISH DISHES	
FPS1.11. UNIT TITLE: COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY SHELLFISH DISHES	49
FPS1.12. UNIT TITLE: COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY MEAT DISHES	51
FPS1.13. UNIT TITLE: COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY POULTRY DISHES	
FPS1.14. UNIT TITLE: COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY OFFAL DISHES	
FPS1.15. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY RICE DISHES	
FPS1.16. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY PASTA DISHES	
FPS1.17. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE AND COOK PRIMARY EGG DISHES	
FPS1.18. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH GRAIN DISHES	
FPS1.19. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE VEGETABLES FOR PRIMARY DISHES	
FPS1.20. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE AND PRESENT HOT AND COLD SANDWICHES	
FPS1.21. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE AND PRESENT FOOD FOR COLD PRESENTATION	
FPS1.22. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE AND FINISH SIMPLE SALAD AND FRUIT DISHES.	
FPS1.23. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY PASTRY DISHES	

FPS1.24. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND PRESENT PRIMARY BREAD	
AND BUN DOUGH PRODUCTS	75
FPS1.25. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY CAKES, SPONGES, BISCUITS	
AND SCONES	77
FPS1.26. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY COLD AND HOT DESSERTS	79
FPS2.1. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH A RANGE OF HOT SAUCES	81
FPS2.2. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH A RANGE OF SOUPS	83
FPS2.3. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE FISH FOR A RANGE OF DISHES	85
FPS2.4. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE SHELLFISH FOR A RANGE OF DISHES	87
FPS2.5. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE MEAT FOR A RANGE OF DISHES	89
FPS2.6. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE POULTRY FOR A RANGE OF DISHES	91
FPS2.7. UNIT TITLE: COOK AND FINISH A RANGE FISH DISHES	93
FPS2.8. UNIT TITLE: COOK AND FINISH A RANGE SHELLFISH DISHES	95
FPS2.9. UNIT TITLE: COOK AND FINISH A RANGE OF MEAT DISHES	97
FPS2.10. UNIT TITLE: COOK AND FINISH A RANGE OF POULTRY DISHES	99
FPS2.11. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH A RANGE OF FRESH PASTA DISHES	101
FPS2.12. UNIT TITLE: COOK AND FINISH A RANGE OF VEGETABLE DISHES	103
FPS2.13. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH DRESSINGS AND COLD SAUCES	105
FPS2.14. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH HEALTHIER DISHES	107
FPS2.15. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH PASTRY PRODUCTS	109
FPS2.16. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH A RANGE OF BREAD AND DOUGH PRODUCTS \dots	111
FPS2.17. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH CAKES, SPONGES, AND BISCUITS	113
FPS2.18. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND PRODUCE SAUCES, FILLINGS AND COATINGS FOR A	
RANGE OF DESSERTS	115
FPS2.19. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH COLD DESSERTS	117
FPS2.20. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH A RANGE OF HOT DESSERTS	119
FPS3.1. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, FINISH AND PRESENT ADVANCED CANAPÉS AND COCKTAIL	
PRODUCTS	121
FPS3.2. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND PRESENT ADVANCED/COMPLEX COLD PREPARATIONS	123
FPS3.3. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, PROCESS AND FINISH MARZIPAN, PASTILLAGE AND SUGAR	
PRODUCTS	125
FPS3.4. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, PROCESS AND FINISH CHOCOLATE PRODUCTS	127
FPS3.5. UNIT TITLE: MAINTAIN KITCHEN FOOD PRODUCTION OPERATIONS	129
FPS3.6. UNIT TITLE: SUPERVISE A CATERING FUNCTION	131
HRS3. UNIT TITLE: CONDUCT A STAFF PERFORMANCE REVIEW	133
HRS7. UNIT TITLE: PROVIDE ON-THE-JOB COACHING	136
HRS8. UNIT TITLE: DELIVER A GROUP TRAINING SESSION	139
HRS9. UNIT TITLE: QUALITY ASSURE WORK IN YOUR TEAM	142
HRS10. UNIT TITLE: PLAN, ALLOCATE AND MONITOR WORK OF A TEAM	145
GAS5. UNIT TITLE: PLAN, MANAGE AND CONDUCT MEETINGS	149
SCS2. UNIT TITLE: MANAGE INCIDENTS AND EMERGENCIES	152
EPSA 1 LINIT TITLE: PLAN DEVELOP AND ENGINEER MENLIS	155

FPS4.2 UNIT TITLE: MONITOR FOOD PRODUCTION REVENUE AND COSTS	158
HRS1. UNIT TITLE: IDENTIFY STAFF DEVELOPMENT NEEDS	161
HRS4. UNIT TITLE: INITIATE AND FOLLOW DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES	164
HRS5. UNIT TITLE: RECRUIT, SELECT AND RETAIN STAFF	167
HRS6. UNIT TITLE: HANDLE STAFF GRIEVANCES AND RESOLVE PROBLEMS	171
HRS11. UNIT TITLE: IMPLEMENT OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY PRACTICES	174
RTS4.7. UNIT TITLE: APPLY RESPONSIBLE TOURISM TO FOOD AND BEVERAGE OPERATIONS	177
GAS4. UNIT TITLE: MONITOR, CONTROL AND ORDER NEW STOCK	
GAS6. UNIT TITLE: MANAGE DAILY OPERATIONS	
CMS1. UNIT TITLE: MANAGE QUALITY SERVICE AND CUSTOMER SATISFACTION	
FMS1. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE BUDGETS	
HRS2. UNIT TITLE: PLAN THE WORKFORCE	
COS2. UNIT TITLE: WORK EFFECTIVELY WITH OTHERS	
COS4. UNIT TITLE: USE ENGLISH AT A BASIC OPERATIONAL LEVEL	
COS5. UNIT TITLE: MAINTAIN INDUSTRY KNOWLEDGE	
COS6. UNIT TITLE: PROVIDE BASIC FIRST AID	201
COS9. UNIT TITLE: APPLY INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY KNOWLEDGE	204
GES1. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE FOR WORK	206
GES5. UNIT TITLE: ORDER AND RECEIVE NEW STOCKS	
GES14. UNIT TITLE: PREVENT, CONTROL AND FIGHT FIRES	212
GES17. UNIT TITLE: HANDLE AND MAINTAIN KNIVES AND CUTTING EQUIPMENT	
GES18. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, OPERATE AND MAINTAIN KITCHEN EQUIPMENT	216
GES19. UNIT TITLE: ENSURE AND MAINTAIN FOOD SAFETY AND HYGIENE IN FOOD OPERATIONS	
GES20. UNIT TITLE: SET UP AND CLOSE DOWN THE KITCHEN	220
GES21. UNIT TITLE: APPLY RESPONSIBLE FOOD AND BEVERAGE PRACTICES	222

I. INTRODUCTION

With the aim to help meet the needs for a qualified workforce for the tourism industry in Vietnam, the EU-funded, Environmentally & Socially Responsible Tourism Capacity Development Programme (ESRT) was tasked to revise the Vietnam Tourism Occupational Skills Standards (VTOS) which were originally developed under the EU-funded Human Resource Development in Tourism Project (HRDT). The revised VTOS have been developed and benchmarked against international occupational standards and ASEAN Common Competency Standards for Tourism Professionals (ACCSTP) and will satisfy the requirements of the ASEAN Mutual Recognition Arrangement for Tourism Professionals (MRA-TP).

Occupational Standards refer to the agreed minimum best practice for jobs in the tourism/hospitality industry, and include the statutory (legal, health, safety, security) requirements. They specify what a person should know and do, as well as the way they do their work, in order to carry out the functions of a particular job in the context of the work environment.

VTOS covers two major divisions within the tourism sector (hospitality and travel) with six key occupational areas in line with ASEAN: **Hospitality Division** (Front Office Operations, Housekeeping Operations, Food & Beverage Service, Food Preparation) and **Travel Division** (Travel & Tour Operations, Tour Guiding). VTOS also includes four specialist areas (Hotel Management, Small Accommodation Operations, On-site Tour Guiding, and Tourist Boat Service) to meet the unique requirements of Vietnam tourism industry.

VTOS units of competence have been grouped to provide a range of **industry-relevant qualifications/job titles** from basic to advanced levels and also a number of diplomas suitable for college teaching, therefore making it relevant for the industry and the formal education sector.

VTOS can be used by:

Hospitality and travel companies to set a standard for how the work of their employees should be completed. VTOS units can be used for training staff in the key skills and job functions for a range of skills. In addition VTOS can be used to assess the performance of staff against the standards. Organizations can arrange to register their staff with an assessment centre to formally recognise or assess their skills and gain a certificate.

Colleges and training organisations to design their hospitality or tourism curriculum. VTOS clearly specifies the skills, knowledge and behaviours required for particular jobs in the industry. VTOS units can be compiled to provide a curriculum for a range of education and training courses or programmes.

VTOS DEVELOPMENT METHODOLOGY

VTOS was prepared by conducting a detailed functional analysis of hospitality and tourism jobs with a technical working group of industry experts to identify the key competencies needed for jobs for the tourism sector. The functional analysis provides an accurate and detailed separation of the functions which have to be carried out in order to achieve the key purpose of the sector, occupation or area of work.

A review of Vietnam tourism qualifications and occupational standards has been conducted via a national Training Needs Assessment (TNA). The outcome of the TNA identified areas of skills shortages and defined skills requirements and competencies that will be required of tourism professionals.

Six occupational areas identified by ASEAN and the previous Vietnam Tourism Occupational Skills Standards were then used as a baseline to verify the findings of the functional analysis, and the competencies identified by the Technical Working Groups were then benchmarked against international standards to ensure any gaps were filled.

The VTOS were then developed using an international occupational standards approach which developed the contents of the standards as competencies in a format compatible with ASEAN. The units of competence include a unit title, the performance criteria, knowledge requirements, conditions of performance and variables, assessment criteria, assessment methods and references to ACCSTP. These competencies were then grouped into levels according to the ASEAN definition.

VTOS units of competence were prepared by a team of international and Vietnamese subject experts. The units were reviewed by Technical Working Groups comprising industry practitioners and vocational trainers from local institutions. Feedback from these consultations have been incorporated, revised into the standards, and a selection of units have been piloted with trainees to ensure the level and content was appropriate for the job areas identified.

VTOS LEVELS AND QUALIFICATIONS

VTOS consists of five qualification levels in six key occupational areas							
Level 5 (Advanced Diploma 5)	Sophisticated, broad and specialised competence with senior management skills; Technical, creative, conceptual or managerial applications built around competencies of either a broad or specialised base and related to a broader organisational focus.						
Level 4 (Diploma 4)	Specialised competence with managerial skills; Assumes a greater theoretical base and consists of specialised, technical or managerial competencies used to plan, carry out and evaluate work of self and/or team.						
Level 3 (Certificate 3)	Greater technical competence with supervisory skills; More sophisticated technical applications involving competencies requiring increased theoretical knowledge, applied in a non-routine environment and which may involve team leadership and increased responsibility for outcomes.						
Level 2 (Certificate 2)	Broad range of skills in more varied context with more responsibilities; Skilled operator who applies a broad range of competencies within a more varied work context and capable for working in groups, working independently in some cases and taking a significant responsibility for their own work results and products.						
Level 1 (Certificate 1)	Basic, routine skills in a defined context; A base operational qualification that encompasses a range of functions/activities requiring fundamental operational knowledge and limited practical skills in a defined context.						

VTOS COMPETENCY UNITS

VTOS is structured in units of competence using a modular format so that it is flexible and easily adapted for different jobs, personnel and qualifications. It is suitable for use in small to medium enterprises, large hotels, tour operator and travel companies, as well as for use in colleges and educational institutions. It can be used as the basis for curriculum in colleges. In addition, VTOS includes units on Responsible Tourism suitable for a range of jobs from all occupations. In this way, VTOS has been developed with the flexibility required for a fast-growing tourism industry as well as the breadth required for a range of technical and highly professional jobs at a number of levels from entry level up to Senior Management level.

VTOS consists of a range of units of competence that specify particular skills, knowledge and behaviours/attitudes necessary to fulfil the job requirements satisfactorily. Each job will consist of a blend of functional, core and generic units.

- **Functional (technical/professional)** competencies are specific to roles or jobs within the tourism industry, and include the specific skills and knowledge (know-how) to perform effectively (e.g. food service, tour guiding etc.).
- **Core (common) competencies** include the basic skills that most employees should possess (e.g., working with others, language and IT skills). These competencies are essential for anyone to do their job competently.
- **Generic (job related) competencies** are those competencies that are common to a group of jobs. They often include general job competencies that are required in a number of occupations (e.g., health & safety), as well as job specific competencies that apply to certain occupations more than others (e.g., close the shift).
- **Management competencies** are the generic competencies for roles in an organization that involve managing, supervising or influencing the work of others in some way. They may be specific to a job role (supervise housekeeping operations) or general to any supervisory/management role (arrange purchase of goods and services etc.).
- **Responsible tourism competencies** are the specific skills required for the operation and management in the organisation for the enhancement of the quality of services and products towards a sustainable tourism development, operations and products of responsible tourism.

Abbrev	iations for group of units		
cos	Core Standards	FBS	Food & Beverage Service Standards
GES	Generic Standards	FOS	Front Office Operations Standards
RTS	Responsible Tourism Standards	FPS	Food Preparation Standards
CMS	Customer Service & Marketing Management Standards	HKS	Housekeeping Operations Standards
FMS	Financial Management Standards	TBS	Tourist Boat Service Standards
GAS	General Administration Management Standards	TGS	Tour Guiding Standards
HRS	Human Resource Management Standards	TOS	Travel & Tour Operation Standards
scs	Security Management Standards		

UNIT STRUCTURE

The VTOS units of competence comprise the following:

Unit Section	Description	Example
Unit Number	 Number of the unit e.g. FOS1.3 is Front Office Operations Standard, Level 1, Unit 3 	FOS1.3
Unit Title	· Title of the Unit	PROVIDE GUEST SERVICES
Unit Descriptor	Summary or overview of the unit	This unit describes the competencies required by front office staff to interface of with guests in a number of varied situations, responding to their requirements and expectations with cultural and professional sensitivity to satisfy needs and resolve problems.
Elements	 Units are divided into two or more elements that describe the activities the person has to carry out. Elements can provide structure to a complex function and break up long lists of Performance Criteria by presenting them in logical sections 	E1. Handle questions and requests E2. Process safety deposit boxes E3. Exchange foreign currency E4. Handle guest disbursements
Performance Criteria	 Performance Criteria should be observable and measurable so they can be accurately assessed. Performance (skills) will normally be assessed by observation (levels 1-3) or by documentary evidence of performance from the workplace, especially at management level (levels 4-5). 	 E1. Handle questions and requests P1. Answer guest questions and enquiries promptly and courteously and take personal responsibility for finding the answers P2. Assist guests in making bookings for restaurants, conferences or banquets etc P3. Compile a dossier of information commonly requested or likely to be asked for P4. Prepare local contact numbers and contact details for guest use P5
Knowledge Requirements	 Units of competence include essential underpinning knowledge that enables the work to be done with understanding. Knowledge includes understanding of facts, principles and methods which ensure that the person who measures up to the standard can be effective in other organisations, related job roles and work contexts and be better placed to deal with the unusual or unexpected. Each knowledge item will normally be assessed by oral or written questioning. 	 K1. Explain the benefits and alternatives for airline travel and associated travel means such as trains, buses and taxis K2. Explain the procedure for travel reservations, confirmations and how to enquire about regarding flight status K3. Describe the procedures for issuing, allowing access to and closing a safety deposit box K4. Describe the steps in exchanging currency for a guest

Unit Section	Description	Example
Conditions of performance and variables	 Conditions of performance and variables takes account of the fact that the real world contains many variables, and the units should cover these (e.g. in a hotel, a receptionist may encounter many different types of customer and different hotels may provide different facilities). Rather than include these differences in the performance criteria, the range of variables will identify different types of activities and conditions under which the performance could take place. 	 4. Cash disbursements may include: Paid-out as a reverse cash transaction in the cash account folio debiting the guest account A cash receipt docket signed by the guest and retained in the folio bin In certain establishment supervisory authorisation may be required for such transactions with limits applying
Assessment Guide	This section specifies the amount and type of evidence needed to show that the trainee/learner has met the standards specified in the performance criteria and in all the circumstances defined in the evidence of achievement. • Evidence of the candidate's performance, knowledge, understanding and skills needs to be recorded and examined for quality control purposes. • This is often presented in a folder known as a portfolio of evidence or in a passbook. • Assessment needs to be cost effective and time efficient to be sustainable. • All assessment needs to be internally verified by an assessment centre to ensure it is valid, current, rigorous and objective.	Evidence of the following is required: 1. At least three different requests or issues handled accurately and satisfactorily 2. At least two safety deposit boxes issued according to procedures 3. At least three foreign currency transactions handled accurately according to procedures 4. At least two guest disbursements made according to procedures Assessment must ensure: • Access to an actual workplace or simulated environment • Access to office equipment and resources • Documentation of guest transactions as evidence of performance
Assessment Methods	The main assessment methods for VTOS include: • Assessors observing trainees at work (or, in some cases, under realistic simulated conditions) • Trainees supplying examples of records and documents that show they work to the standard • Line managers and supervisors providing statements about the trainee's work • Candidate answering questions from their assessors or completing written tests	This unit may be assessed on or off the job Assessment can include evidence and documentation from the workplace or through a simulation activity, supported by a range of methods to assess underpinning knowledge Assessment must relate to the individual's work area or area of responsibility The following methods may be used to assess: Case studies Observation of practical candidate performance Oral and written questions Documentation from the workplace Problem solving Role plays Third party reports completed by a supervisor Project and assignment work
Relevant Occupations	The relevant job roles/job titles for which the unit is appropriate	Front Desk Officer, FO Clerk, Guest Service Agent, Receptionist, Front Office Supervisor
ACCSTP References	Cross-reference to the relevant standard from (ASEAN Common Competency Standards for Tourism Professionals), if available	DH1.HFO.CL2.03 1.8, 3.6, 4.2

II. FOOD PREPARATION OCCUPATIONS

The Vietnam Tourism Occupational Standards (VTOS) for Food Preparation cover all cookery jobs from Food Preparation Worker (Level 1) to Head Chef (Level 4). The VTOS food preparation standards have also taken account of local restaurant and hotel operations.

Food preparation includes the preparation, cooking and finishing of hot and cold dishes and covers specialist areas such as baking and patisserie, desserts and other dishes.

Food preparation workers perform many routine tasks under the guidance of cooks, chefs or food supervisors. They prepare cold foods, slice meat, peel and cut vegetables and do many other tasks. Food preparation workers often perform routine, repetitive tasks under the direction of cooks or food supervisors. To help cooks and other kitchen staff, they prepare ingredients for complex dishes by slicing and dicing vegetables and by making salads and cold items.

Assistant or line cooks, work at assigned stations equipped with the necessary types of stoves, grills, pans, and ingredients. The responsibilities of cooks vary depending on where they work, the size of the facility, and the complexity and level of service offered. Restaurant cooks usually prepare a wide selection of dishes and cook most orders individually.

Restaurant cooks may order supplies, set menu prices, and plan the daily menu. Short-order cooks prepare foods in restaurants and coffee shops that emphasize fast service and quick food preparation.

Bakers and pastry cooks mix and bake ingredients according to recipes to make a variety of breads, pastries, and other baked goods.

Sous chefs are a kitchen's second-in-command. They supervise the restaurant's cooks, do some meal preparation tasks, and report results to the head chefs. In the absence of the head chef, sous chefs run the kitchen.

Chefs and head cooks oversee the daily food preparation at restaurants or other places where food is served. They direct kitchen staff and handle any food-related concerns. Cooks prepare, season, and cook a wide range of foods, such as soups, salads, entrees, and desserts.

Executive chefs, head cooks, and chefs de cuisine are primarily responsible for overseeing the operation of a kitchen. They coordinate the work of sous chefs and other cooks, who prepare most of the meals. Executive chefs also have many duties beyond the kitchen. They design the menu, review food and beverage purchases, and often train employees. Some executive chefs are primarily occupied by administrative tasks and spend little time in the kitchen.

LIST OF UNITS OF COMPETENCE

				Levels					
Ref	Unit No	Unit Title	1	2	3	4	5	Core	Generic
1	FPS1.1	PREPARE AND MAKE PRIMARY STOCK(S)	√						
2	FPS1.2	PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY GRAVIES AND HOT SAUCES	√						
3	FPS1.3	PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY SOUPS	√						
4	FPS1.4	PREPARE VEGETABLES FOR UNCOOKED DISHES	✓						
5	FPS1.5	PREPARE FISH FOR PRIMARY FISH DISHES	√						
6	FPS1.6	PREPARE SHELLFISH FOR PRIMARY DISHES	√						
7	FPS1.7	PREPARE MEAT FOR PRIMARY DISHES	√						
8	FPS1.8	PREPARE POULTRY FOR PRIMARY DISHES	√						
9	FPS1.9	PREPARE OFFAL FOR PRIMARY DISHES	√						
10	FPS1.10	COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY FISH DISHES	√						
11	FPS1.11	COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY SHELLFISH DISHES	√						
12	FPS1.12	COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY MEAT DISHES	√						
13	FPS1.13	COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY POULTRY DISHES	√						
14	FPS1.14	COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY OFFAL DISHES	√						
15	FPS1.15	PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY RICE DISHES	√						
16	FPS1.16	PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY PASTA DISHES	√						
17	FPS1.17	PREPARE AND COOK PRIMARY EGG DISHES	√						
18	FPS1.18	PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH GRAIN DISHES	√						
19	FPS1.19	PREPARE VEGETABLES FOR PRIMARY DISHES	√						
20	FPS1.20	PREPARE AND PRESENT HOT AND COLD SANDWICHES	√						
21	FPS1.21	PREPARE AND PRESENT FOOD FOR COLD PRESENTATION	✓						
22	FPS1.22	PREPARE AND FINISH SIMPLE SALAD AND FRUIT DISHES	✓						
23	FPS1.23	PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY PASTRY DISHES	✓						
24	FPS1.24	PREPARE, COOK AND PRESENT PRIMARY BREAD AND BUN DOUGH PRODUCTS	✓						
25	FPS1.25	PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY CAKES, SPONGES, BISCUITS AND SCONES	✓						
26	FPS1.26	PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY COLD AND HOT DESSERTS	✓						
27	FPS2.1	PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH A RANGE OF HOT SAUCES		✓					
28	FPS2.2	PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH A RANGE OF SOUPS		✓					
29	FPS2.3	PREPARE FISH FOR A RANGE OF DISHES		✓					
30	FPS2.4	PREPARE SHELLFISH FOR A RANGE OF DISHES		✓					
31	FPS2.5	PREPARE MEAT FOR A RANGE OF DISHES		✓					
32	FPS2.6	PREPARE POULTRY FOR A RANGE OF DISHES		✓					
33	FPS2.7	COOK AND FINISH A RANGE FISH DISHES		✓					
34	FPS2.8	COOK AND FINISH A RANGE SHELLFISH DISHES		✓					

			Levels						
Ref	Unit No	Unit Title	1	2	3	4	5	Core	Generic
35	FPS2.9	COOK AND FINISH A RANGE OF MEAT DISHES		√					
36	FPS2.10	COOK AND FINISH A RANGE OF POULTRY DISHES		√					
37	FPS2.11	PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH A RANGE OF FRESH PASTA DISHES		√					
38	FPS2.12	COOK AND FINISH A RANGE OF VEGETABLE DISHES		✓					
39	FPS2.13	PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH DRESSINGS AND COLD SAUCES		√					
40	FPS2.14	PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH HEALTHIER DISHES		√					
41	FPS2.15	PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH PASTRY PRODUCTS		✓					
42	FPS2.16	PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH A RANGE OF BREAD AND DOUGH PRODUCTS		√					
43	FPS2.17	PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH CAKES, SPONGES, AND BISCUITS		√					
44	FPS2.18	PREPARE, COOK AND PRODUCE SAUCES, FILLINGS AND COATINGS FOR A RANGE OF DESSERTS		√					
45	FPS2.19	PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH COLD DESSERTS		√					
46	FPS2.20	PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH A RANGE OF HOT DESSERTS		√					
47	FPS3.1	PREPARE, FINISH AND PRESENT ADVANCED CANAPÉS AND COCKTAIL PRODUCTS			√				
48	FPS3.2	PREPARE, COOK AND PRESENT ADVANCED/ COMPLEX COLD PREPARATIONS			✓				
49	FPS3.3	PREPARE, PROCESS AND FINISH MARZIPAN, PASTILLAGE AND SUGAR PRODUCTS			✓				
50	FPS3.4	PREPARE, PROCESS AND FINISH CHOCOLATE PRODUCTS			✓				
51	FPS3.5	MAINTAIN KITCHEN FOOD PRODUCTION OPERATIONS			√				
52	FPS3.6	SUPERVISE A CATERING FUNCTION			✓				
53	HRS3	CONDUCT A STAFF PERFORMANCE REVIEW			✓				
54	HRS7	PROVIDE ON-THE-JOB COACHING			✓				
55	HRS8	DELIVER A GROUP TRAINING SESSION			✓				
56	HRS9	QUALITY ASSURE WORK IN YOUR TEAM			✓				
57	HRS10	PLAN, ALLOCATE AND MONITOR WORK OF A TEAM			✓				
58	GAS5	PLAN, MANAGE AND CONDUCT MEETINGS			✓				
59	SCS2	MANAGE INCIDENTS AND EMERGENCIES			✓				
60	FPS4.1	PLAN, DEVELOP AND ENGINEER MENUS				✓			
61	FPS4.2	MONITOR FOOD PRODUCTION REVENUE AND COSTS				√			
62	HRS1	IDENTIFY STAFF DEVELOPMENT NEEDS				✓			
63	HRS4	INITIATE AND FOLLOW DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES				√			
64	HRS5	RECRUIT, SELECT AND RETAIN STAFF				✓			
65	HRS6	HANDLE STAFF GRIEVANCES AND RESOLVE PROBLEMS				√			
66	HRS11	IMPLEMENT OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY PRACTICES				√			
67	RTS4.7	APPLY RESPONSIBLE TOURISM TO FOOD AND BEVERAGE OPERATIONS				√			

		11.75 = 201.			Level	S		Com	Generic
Kef	Unit No	Unit Title	1	2	3	4	5	Core	
68	GAS4	MONITOR, CONTROL AND ORDER NEW STOCK				✓			
69	GAS6	MANAGE DAILY OPERATIONS				✓			
70	CMS1	MANAGE QUALITY SERVICE AND CUSTOMER SATISFACTION				√			
71	FMS1	PREPARE BUDGETS				✓			
72	HRS2	PLAN THE WORKFORCE					✓		
73	COS2	WORK EFFECTIVELY WITH OTHERS						✓	
74	COS4	USE ENGLISH AT A BASIC OPERATIONAL LEVEL						✓	
75	COS5	MAINTAIN INDUSTRY KNOWLEDGE						✓	
76	COS6	PROVIDE BASIC FIRST AID						✓	
77	COS9	APPLY INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY KNOWLEDGE						✓	
78	GES1	PREPARE FOR WORK							✓
79	GES5	ORDER AND RECEIVE NEW STOCKS							✓
80	GES14	PREVENT, CONTROL AND FIGHT FIRES							✓
81	GES17	HANDLE AND MAINTAIN KNIVES AND CUTTING EQUIPMENT							√
82	GES18	PREPARE, OPERATE AND MAINTAIN KITCHEN EQUIPMENT							√
83	GES19	ENSURE AND MAINTAIN FOOD SAFETY AND HYGIENE IN FOOD OPERATIONS							✓
84	GES20	SET UP AND CLOSE DOWN THE KITCHEN							✓
85	GES21	UNIT TITLE: APPLY RESPONSIBLE FOOD AND BEVERAGE PRACTICES							✓

FOOD PREPARATION QUALIFICATIONS

Cert No	Occupational Qualifications (aimed at industry)	Level
CFPL1	Certificate in Food Preparation (Larder/Cold Preparation)	1
CFPC1	Certificate in Food Preparation (Cooking/Finishing)	1
CPB1	Certificate in Pastry and Baking	1
CFP2	Certificate in Food Preparation	2
CPB2	Certificate in Pastry and Baking	2
CFPS3	Certificate in Food Preparation Supervision	3
DFPM4	Diploma in Food Preparation Management	4

CFPL1 - Certificate in Food Preparation (Larder/Cold Preparation) Level 1 (21 units)

					_evel:	S			Canania
Ref	Unit No	Unit Title	1	2	3	4	5	Core	Generic
1	FPS1.4	PREPARE VEGETABLES FOR UNCOOKED DISHES	✓						
2	FPS1.5	PREPARE FISH FOR PRIMARY FISH DISHES	✓						
3	FPS1.6	PREPARE SHELLFISH FOR PRIMARY DISHES	✓						
4	FPS1.7	PREPARE MEAT FOR PRIMARY DISHES	✓						
5	FPS1.8	PREPARE POULTRY FOR PRIMARY DISHES	✓						
6	FPS1.9	PREPARE OFFAL FOR PRIMARY DISHES	✓						
7	FPS1.19	PREPARE VEGETABLES FOR PRIMARY DISHES	✓						
8	FPS1.20	PREPARE AND PRESENT HOT AND COLD SANDWICHES	√						
9	FPS1.21	PREPARE AND PRESENT FOOD FOR COLD PRESENTATION	√						
10	FPS1.22	PREPARE AND FINISH SIMPLE SALAD AND FRUIT DISHES	√						
11	COS2	WORK EFFECTIVELY WITH OTHERS						✓	
12	COS5	MAINTAIN INDUSTRY KNOWLEDGE						✓	
13	COS6	PROVIDE BASIC FIRST AID						✓	
14	COS9	APPLY INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY KNOWLEDGE						✓	
15	GES1	PREPARE FOR WORK							✓
16	GES14	PREVENT, CONTROL AND FIGHT FIRES							✓
17	GES17	HANDLE AND MAINTAIN KNIVES AND CUTTING EQUIPMENT							√
18	GES18	PREPARE, OPERATE AND MAINTAIN KITCHEN EQUIPMENT							√
19	GES19	ENSURE AND MAINTAIN FOOD SAFETY AND HYGIENE IN FOOD OPERATIONS							√
20	GES20	SET UP AND CLOSE DOWN THE KITCHEN							✓
21	GES21	UNIT TITLE: APPLY RESPONSIBLE FOOD AND BEVERAGE PRACTICES							✓

CFPC1 - Certificate in Food Preparation (Cooking/Finishing) Level 1 (22 units)

		No. Unio Tialo			Level	S			
Ref	Unit No	Unit Title	1	2	3	4	5	Core	Generic
1	FPS1.1	PREPARE AND MAKE PRIMARY STOCK(S)	✓						
2	FPS1.2	PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY GRAVIES AND HOT SAUCES	√						
3	FPS1.3	PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY SOUPS	✓						
4	FPS1.10	COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY FISH DISHES	✓						
5	FPS1.11	COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY SHELLFISH DISHES	✓						
6	FPS1.12	COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY MEAT DISHES	✓						
7	FPS1.13	COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY POULTRY DISHES	✓						
8	FPS1.14	COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY OFFAL DISHES	✓						
9	FPS1.15	PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY RICE DISHES	✓						
10	FPS1.16	PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY PASTA DISHES	✓						
11	FPS1.17	PREPARE AND COOK PRIMARY EGG DISHES	✓						
12	FPS1.18	PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH GRAIN DISHES	✓						
13	COS2	WORK EFFECTIVELY WITH OTHERS						✓	
14	COS5	MAINTAIN INDUSTRY KNOWLEDGE						✓	
15	COS6	PROVIDE BASIC FIRST AID						✓	
16	COS9	APPLY INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY KNOWLEDGE						✓	
17	GES1	PREPARE FOR WORK							✓
18	GES17	HANDLE AND MAINTAIN KNIVES AND CUTTING EQUIPMENT							√
19	GES18	PREPARE, OPERATE AND MAINTAIN KITCHEN EQUIPMENT							√
20	GES19	ENSURE AND MAINTAIN FOOD SAFETY AND HYGIENE IN FOOD OPERATIONS							√
21	GES20	SET UP AND CLOSE DOWN THE KITCHEN							✓
22	GES21	UNIT TITLE: APPLY RESPONSIBLE FOOD AND BEVERAGE PRACTICES							√

CPB1 - Certificate in Pastry and Baking Level 1 (14 units)

Dof	Hait Na	it No Unit Title			Level	S		Coro	Generic
кет	Unit No	Unit litie	1	2	3	4	5	Core	
1	FPS1.23	PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY PASTRY DISHES	✓						
2	FPS1.24	PREPARE, COOK AND PRESENT PRIMARY BREAD AND BUN DOUGH PRODUCTS	√						
3	FPS1.25	PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY CAKES, SPONGES, BISCUITS AND SCONES	√						
4	FPS1.26	PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY COLD AND HOT DESSERTS	√						
5	COS2	WORK EFFECTIVELY WITH OTHERS						✓	
6	COS5	MAINTAIN INDUSTRY KNOWLEDGE						✓	
7	COS6	PROVIDE BASIC FIRST AID						✓	
8	COS9	APPLY INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY KNOWLEDGE						√	
9	GES1	PREPARE FOR WORK							✓
10	GES17	HANDLE AND MAINTAIN KNIVES AND CUTTING EQUIPMENT							√
11	GES18	PREPARE, OPERATE AND MAINTAIN KITCHEN EQUIPMENT							✓
12	GES19	ENSURE AND MAINTAIN FOOD SAFETY AND HYGIENE IN FOOD OPERATIONS							√
13	GES20	SET UP AND CLOSE DOWN THE KITCHEN							✓
14	GES21	UNIT TITLE: APPLY RESPONSIBLE FOOD AND BEVERAGE PRACTICES							√

CFP2 - Certificate in Food Preparation Level 2 (26 units)

					Level	S			
Ref	Unit No	Unit Title	1	2	3	4	5	Core	Generic
1	FPS2.1	PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH A RANGE OF HOT SAUCES		✓					
2	FPS2.2	PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH A RANGE OF SOUPS		✓					
3	FPS2.3	PREPARE FISH FOR A RANGE OF DISHES		✓					
4	FPS2.4	PREPARE SHELLFISH FOR A RANGE OF DISHES		✓					
5	FPS2.5	PREPARE MEAT FOR A RANGE OF DISHES		√					
6	FPS2.6	PREPARE POULTRY FOR A RANGE OF DISHES		✓					
7	FPS2.7	COOK AND FINISH A RANGE FISH DISHES		✓					
8	FPS2.8	COOK AND FINISH A RANGE SHELLFISH DISHES		✓					
9	FPS2.9	COOK AND FINISH A RANGE OF MEAT DISHES		✓					
10	FPS2.10	COOK AND FINISH A RANGE OF POULTRY DISHES		✓					
11	FPS2.11	PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH A RANGE OF FRESH PASTA DISHES		√					
12	FPS2.12	COOK AND FINISH A RANGE OF VEGETABLE DISHES		√					
13	FPS2.13	PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH DRESSINGS AND COLD SAUCES		√					
14	FPS2.14	PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH HEALTHIER DISHES		√					
15	COS2	WORK EFFECTIVELY WITH OTHERS						✓	
16	COS4	USE ENGLISH AT A BASIC OPERATIONAL LEVEL						✓	
17	COS5	MAINTAIN INDUSTRY KNOWLEDGE						✓	
18	COS6	PROVIDE BASIC FIRST AID						✓	
19	COS9	APPLY INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY KNOWLEDGE						✓	
20	GES1	PREPARE FOR WORK							✓
21	GES5	ORDER AND RECEIVE NEW STOCKS							✓
22	GES17	HANDLE AND MAINTAIN KNIVES AND CUTTING EQUIPMENT							✓
23	GES18	PREPARE, OPERATE AND MAINTAIN KITCHEN EQUIPMENT							✓
24	GES19	ENSURE AND MAINTAIN FOOD SAFETY AND HYGIENE IN FOOD OPERATIONS							✓
25	GES20	SET UP AND CLOSE DOWN THE KITCHEN							✓
26	GES21	UNIT TITLE: APPLY RESPONSIBLE FOOD AND BEVERAGE PRACTICES							✓

CPB2 - Certificate in Pastry and Baking Level 2 (18 units)

Dof	Illeit Nie	Unio Tielo			Level	S		Cours	Commis
Ref	Unit No	Unit Title	1	2	3	4	5	Core	Generic
1	FPS2.15	PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH PASTRY PRODUCTS		✓					
2	FPS2.16	PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH A RANGE OF BREAD AND DOUGH PRODUCTS		√					
3	FPS2.17	PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH CAKES, SPONGES, AND BISCUITS		√					
4	FPS2.18	PREPARE, COOK AND PRODUCE SAUCES, FILLINGS AND COATINGS FOR A RANGE OF DESSERTS		√					
5	FPS2.19	PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH COLD DESSERTS		√					
6	FPS2.20	PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH A RANGE OF HOT DESSERTS		√					
7	COS2	WORK EFFECTIVELY WITH OTHERS						✓	
8	COS4	USE ENGLISH AT A BASIC OPERATIONAL LEVEL						✓	
9	COS5	MAINTAIN INDUSTRY KNOWLEDGE						✓	
10	COS6	PROVIDE BASIC FIRST AID						✓	
11	COS9	APPLY INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY KNOWLEDGE						✓	
12	GES1	PREPARE FOR WORK							✓
13	GES5	ORDER AND RECEIVE NEW STOCKS							\checkmark
14	GES17	HANDLE AND MAINTAIN KNIVES AND CUTTING EQUIPMENT							✓
15	GES18	PREPARE, OPERATE AND MAINTAIN KITCHEN EQUIPMENT							✓
16	GES19	ENSURE AND MAINTAIN FOOD SAFETY AND HYGIENE IN FOOD OPERATIONS							✓
17	GES20	SET UP AND CLOSE DOWN THE KITCHEN							\checkmark
18	GES21	UNIT TITLE: APPLY RESPONSIBLE FOOD AND BEVERAGE PRACTICES							√

CFPS3 - Certificate in Food Preparation Supervision Level 3 (25 units)

					Level	S			
Ref	Unit No	Unit Title	1	2	3	4	5	Core	Generic
1	FPS3.1	PREPARE, FINISH AND PRESENT ADVANCED CANAPÉS AND COCKTAIL PRODUCTS			√				
2	FPS3.2	PREPARE, COOK AND PRESENT ADVANCED/ COMPLEX COLD PREPARATIONS			√				
3	FPS3.3	PREPARE, PROCESS AND FINISH MARZIPAN, PASTILLAGE AND SUGAR PRODUCTS			√				
4	FPS3.4	PREPARE, PROCESS AND FINISH CHOCOLATE PRODUCTS			√				
5	FPS3.5	MAINTAIN KITCHEN FOOD PRODUCTION OPERATIONS			√				
6	FPS3.6	SUPERVISE A CATERING FUNCTION			✓				
7	HRS3	CONDUCT A STAFF PERFORMANCE REVIEW			✓				
8	HRS7	PROVIDE ON-THE-JOB COACHING			✓				
9	HRS8	DELIVER A GROUP TRAINING SESSION			✓				
10	HRS9	QUALITY ASSURE WORK IN YOUR TEAM			✓				
11	HRS10	PLAN, ALLOCATE AND MONITOR WORK OF A TEAM			√				
12	GAS5	PLAN, MANAGE AND CONDUCT MEETINGS			✓				
13	SCS2	MANAGE INCIDENTS AND EMERGENCIES			✓				
14	COS2	WORK EFFECTIVELY WITH OTHERS						✓	
15	COS4	USE ENGLISH AT A BASIC OPERATIONAL LEVEL						✓	
16	COS5	MAINTAIN INDUSTRY KNOWLEDGE						✓	
17	COS6	PROVIDE BASIC FIRST AID						✓	
18	COS9	APPLY INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY KNOWLEDGE						✓	
19	GES1	PREPARE FOR WORK							✓
20	GES5	ORDER AND RECEIVE NEW STOCKS							✓
21	GES17	HANDLE AND MAINTAIN KNIVES AND CUTTING EQUIPMENT							√
22	GES18	PREPARE, OPERATE AND MAINTAIN KITCHEN EQUIPMENT							√
23	GES19	ENSURE AND MAINTAIN FOOD SAFETY AND HYGIENE IN FOOD OPERATIONS							√
24	GES20	SET UP AND CLOSE DOWN THE KITCHEN							✓
25	GES21	UNIT TITLE: APPLY RESPONSIBLE FOOD AND BEVERAGE PRACTICES							✓

DFPM4 - Diploma in Food Preparation Management Level 4 (28 units)

					Level	s			
Ref	Unit No	Unit Title	1	2	3	4	5	Core	Generic
1	FPS3.1	PREPARE, FINISH AND PRESENT ADVANCED CANAPÉS AND COCKTAIL PRODUCTS			✓				
2	FPS3.2	PREPARE, COOK AND PRESENT ADVANCED/ COMPLEX COLD PREPARATIONS			√				
3	FPS3.3	PREPARE, PROCESS AND FINISH MARZIPAN, PASTILLAGE AND SUGAR PRODUCTS			√				
4	FPS3.4	PREPARE, PROCESS AND FINISH CHOCOLATE PRODUCTS			√				
5	FPS3.5	MAINTAIN KITCHEN FOOD PRODUCTION OPERATIONS			√				
6	FPS3.6	SUPERVISE A CATERING FUNCTION			✓				
7	HRS3	CONDUCT A STAFF PERFORMANCE REVIEW			✓				
8	HRS7	PROVIDE ON-THE-JOB COACHING			✓				
9	HRS8	DELIVER A GROUP TRAINING SESSION			✓				
10	HRS9	QUALITY ASSURE WORK IN YOUR TEAM			√				
11	HRS10	PLAN, ALLOCATE AND MONITOR WORK OF A TEAM			√				
12	GAS5	PLAN, MANAGE AND CONDUCT MEETINGS			✓				
13	SCS2	MANAGE INCIDENTS AND EMERGENCIES			✓				
14	FPS4.1	PLAN, DEVELOP AND ENGINEER MENUS				✓			
15	FPS4.2	MONITOR FOOD PRODUCTION REVENUE AND COSTS				✓			
16	HRS1	IDENTIFY STAFF DEVELOPMENT NEEDS				✓			
17	HRS4	INITIATE AND FOLLOW DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES				✓			
18	HRS5	RECRUIT, SELECT AND RETAIN STAFF				✓			
19	HRS6	HANDLE STAFF GRIEVANCES AND RESOLVE PROBLEMS				√			
20	HRS11	IMPLEMENT OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY PRACTICES				√			
21	RTS4.7	APPLY RESPONSIBLE TOURISM TO FOOD AND BEVERAGE OPERATIONS				√			
22	GAS4	MONITOR, CONTROL AND ORDER NEW STOCK				✓			
23	GAS6	MANAGE DAILY OPERATIONS				✓			
24	CMS1	MANAGE QUALITY SERVICE AND CUSTOMER SATISFACTION				✓			
25	FMS1	PREPARE BUDGETS				✓			
26	HRS2	PLAN THE WORKFORCE					√		
27	GES19	ENSURE AND MAINTAIN FOOD SAFETY AND HYGIENE IN FOOD OPERATIONS							✓
28	GES20	SET UP AND CLOSE DOWN THE KITCHEN							✓

III. DETAILED STANDARDS

FPS1.1. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE AND MAKE PRIMARY STOCK(S)

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for preparing and making primary stocks.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select ingredients and tools

- P1. Check that the ingredients meet the stock requirements
- P2. Choose and use the tools and equipment correctly

E2. Prepare and cook stock(s)

- P3. Prepare and cook the stock to meet product requirements
- P4. Ensure the stock is the correct colour, has the correct flavour and is the correct quantity

E3. Present and store stock(s)

- P5. Present the stock to show it meets the correct requirements
- P6. Store stock not required for immediate use safely and hygienically

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

- K1. Describe how to check the ingredients meet dish requirements
- K2. Explain what quality points to look for in the stock ingredients
- K3. Explain what you should do if there are problems with the ingredients
- K4. List the correct techniques, tools and equipment to carry out the following preparation and cooking methods: weighing/measuring, browning/roasting/boiling, simmering, skimming and straining
- K5. Describe how to carry out the following preparation and cooking methods according to dish requirements: weighing/measuring, browning/roasting, boiling, simmering, skimming and straining
- K6. Explain why it is important to use the correct tools, equipment and techniques
- K7. List the correct temperatures for cooking stocks
- K8. List the different cooking times for various stocks

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

1. Types of stock(s) Western:

- Beef (white/brown)
- Chicken (white/brown)
- Fish
- Vegetable

2. Types of stock(s) Vietnamese:

- Pork
- Beef
- · Chicken
- Shrimp

3. Preparation and cooking methods:

- · Weighing/Measuring
- · Chopping/cutting
- Browning/roasting
- Simmering
- Boiling
- Skimming
- Straining

ASSESSMENT GUIDE ASSESSMENT METHODS

Evidence for assessment:

- 1. At least five from preparation and cooking methods.
- 2. Learners must demonstrate through their performance that they can make a fish stock and at least two other stocks;
- 3. The other performance criteria may be assessed through questioning or witness statements if there is no naturally occurring evidence available.

The assessor must assess performance criteria 1-6 by directly observing the trainee's work.

The assessor may assess knowledge through written questions or documented oral questioning

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Chef	D1.HCC.L2.17

FPS1.2. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY GRAVIES AND HOT SAUCES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for preparing, cooking and finishing primary gravies and hot sauces.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select materials and tools

- P1. Check that the sauce ingredients meet the sauce requirements
- P2. Choose the correct tools and equipment and use correctly

E2. Prepare, cook and finish sauces

- P3. Prepare cook and finish the sauce to meet the correct requirements
- P4. Make sure the sauce has the correct flavour, colour, consistency
- P5. Ensure the sauce is of the correct quantity

E3. Present and store hot sauces

- P6. Present the sauce to meet requirements
- P7. Make sure the sauce is at the correct temperature for holding and serving
- P8. Safely store and cooked sauce not for immediate use

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. Describe how to check the ingredients meet the product requirements.
- K2. List the quality points to look for in sauce ingredients?
- K3. Explain what to do if there are problems with any of the ingredients.
- K4. Describe the correct techniques, tools and equipment to carry out the following preparation, cooking and finishing methods: weighing/measuring, chopping, sweating, adding liquid, simmering, boiling, 'making a roux', passing/straining/blending, skimming, whisking, adding cream.
- K5. Describe how to carry out the following methods according to sauce requirements: weighing/measuring, chopping, sweating, adding liquid, simmering, boiling, 'make roux', passing/straining/blending, skimming, whisking, adding cream.

- K6. Explain why it is important to use the correct tools, equipment and techniques.
- K7. List the correct temperatures for cooking sauces
- K8. Describe how to identify when sauces have the correct colour, flavour consistency and will produce the correct quantity.
- K9. Explain how to finish and present cooked gravies and sauces
- K10. List the correct temperatures for holding and storing sauces
- K11. Describe how to safely and hygienically store prepared and cooked sauces and gravies.

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Types of sauces and gravies, (Western):

- Béchamel based (mornay/parsley/egg/onion)
- Espagnole
- Demi-glace based (piquant/chasseur)
- Tomato
- Veloute based (caper/supreme/allemande)
- Roast gravy (jus roti)
- Thickened gravy (jus-lie)
- Miscellaneous (curry/puree)

2. Preparation and cooking methods:

- Weighing/measuring
- Chopping
- Simmering
- · Boiling
- · Making a "Roux"
- · Passing/straining/blending
- Skimming
- Whisking
- Adding cream
- Holding/storage

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Performance evidence should include:

- 1. At least six gravies and hot sauces prepared, cooked and finished.
- 2. Three of the following sauces and derivatives must be prepared.
 - · White sauce (Béchamel)
 - Brown sauce (Espagnole)
 - Veloute
 - · Gravy (jus lie/roti)
 - Miscellaneous

ASSESSMENT METHODS

The assessor must assess performance criteria 1-5 by directly observing the learners work.

For Performance Criteria 6-7, where there is no naturally occurring evidence the assessor may assess the learner through questioning or witness statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis chef/Sauce Chef/chef	D1.HCC.CL2.17

FPS1.3. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY SOUPS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for preparing, cooking and finishing basic soups, such as: Potage, Puree, Cream and Broth.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select materials and tools

- P1. Check the ingredients meet the named soup requirements
- P2. Select the correct tools and equipment for the preparation, cooking and finishing of the soup

E2. Prepare and Cook soups

- P3. Prepare and cook the soup
- P4. Ensure the soup meets the dish requirements in relation to colour, consistency, flavour, and quantity

E3. Present and Store soups

- P5. Present the soup with any appropriate garnish/ accompaniments
- P6. Ensure the soup is "held" at the correct temperature for ready to serve
- P7. Store soup that is not required for immediate use correctly and hygienically

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. Explain how to check the quality of the ingredients to meet the soup requirements
- K2. List the quality points to look for in the soup ingredients
- K3. Describe what to do should any of the ingredients not be to the required quality standard
- K4. List the correct tools and equipment to carry out the following preparation, cooking and finishing methods: weighing/measuring, chopping, boiling, simmering, 'make roux', passing and straining, blending/liquidising, sweating vegetable ingredients, skimming, adding cream
- K5. State how to carry out the following methods according to dish requirements: weighing/measuring, chopping, boiling, simmering, 'make roux', passing/straining, blending/liquidising, sweating vegetable ingredients, skimming, adding cream, garnishing

- K6. Explain why it is important to use the correct tools, equipment and techniques
- K7. Give the correct temperatures for cooking soups
- K8. Describe how to identify when the soups have the correct colour, flavour, consistency
- K9. Explain how to achieve the correct quantity when preparing and cooking the soup
- K10. Describe how to finish and present the cooked soups
- K11. Give the correct temperature for "Holding" and serving soups
- K12. Explain how to safely and hygienically store soup not for immediate use
- K13. Identify the definitions of the following soup classification: Broth, Potage, Puree, and Cream, thicken.

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Soup preparation and cooking methods:

- · Weighing/measuring
- Chopping
- Boiling
- Simmering
- · Passing/Straining
- · Blending/liquidising

- · "Sweating" vegetable ingredients.
- · Making a "Roux"
- Adding stock
- Skimming
- · Adding cream
- Garnishing

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Performance evidence should include:

- 1. At least seven from preparation and cooking methods.
- 2. Trainees must demonstrate through performance that they can make three of the following soups, the remaining may be assessed through questioning or witness statements:
 - Broth
 - Potage
 - · Cream
 - Puree
 - Thicken

ASSESSMENT METHODS

The assessor must assess Performance Criteria 1-5/10 by direct observation.

For other Performance Criteria the assessor may assess the trainee through questions or witness statement.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Chef	D1.HCC.CL2.16

FPS1.4. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE VEGETABLES FOR UNCOOKED DISHES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for the preparation of vegetables for use in uncooked dishes.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select vegetables and tools

- P1. Check the selected vegetable(s) meets the quality requirements
- P2. Choose the correct tools and equipment for preparation

E2. Prepare and store vegetables

- P3. Prepare the vegetables to meet the requirements of the dish/use
- P4. Store prepared vegetables safely and hygienically ready for use

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. Explain how to store fresh and frozen vegetables before preparation
- K2. List the quality points to look for in different types of vegetables
- K3. Describe what actions to take if there are problems with the quality of the vegetables
- K4. State the correct tools and equipment to carry out the following preparations: de-frosting, washing, peeling, re-washing and cutting (to include slicing, chopping, shredding), blanching.
- K5. Explain how to carry out the following preparation methods correctly: de-frosting, washing, peeling, re-washing and cutting (to include slicing, chopping, shredding), blanching.
- K6. Explain why it is important to use the correct tools and equipment and techniques.
- K7. Explain how to safely and hygienically store prepared vegetables for use

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Vegetables include:

- · Tubers e. g. celery, kohrabi, jicama
- Roots e. g. carrots, radish
- · Flower heads e. g. broccoli
- · Leaves e. g. cabbage
- Vegetable fruits e. g. tomatoes, aubergine and cucumber
- · Stems e. g. celery
- Bulbs e. g. onions and fennel
- Fungi (basic) e. g. button/open mushrooms

2. Preparation includes:

- De-frosting
- Washing
- Peeling
- · Re-washing
- Cutting (slicing, chopping and shredding)
- Blanching

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Performance evidence should include: 1. At least four from vegetables 2. At least four from preparation that must include two from cutting.	The assessor must assess Performance Criteria 1-3 by direct observation. For other Performance Criteria the assessor may use questioning and/or witness statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Vegetable Chef/Chef	HCC.CL2.18

FPS1.5. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE FISH FOR PRIMARY FISH DISHES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required in preparing fish for primary dishes.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select fish and tools

- P1. Check that the fish type meets the quality points
- P2. Choose the correct tools and equipment to prepare the fish

E2. Prepare and store fish

- P3. Prepare the fish to meet the requirements of the dish
- P4. Ensure that the prepared fish is safely and hygienically stored for use

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. Identify the different types of commonly used flat, round and oily fish
- K2. List the quality points to look for in fresh fish: bright eyes (not sunken), pink gills, plentiful scales, resilient flesh, fresh smell
- K3. State the action to take if the quality of the fish is not acceptable
- K4. List the correct tools and equipment to carry out the following preparation methods: filleting, removing "Pin-bones", rib-bones and spine, skinning, cutting for darne, troncon, delice, paupiette, goujon, plait, trimming, coating, marinating
- K5. State the reasons for marinating and for coating fish (pane)
- K6. Describe the texture of different types of fish and what this means in terms of handling the fish in preparation
- K7. Explain how to correctly, hygienically and safely store prepared fish

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Types of fish. (Fresh/seawater) include:

- · White fish -round
- White fish –flat
- Oily fish

2. Preparation methods include:

- Removing fin
- Filleting
- · Removing pin-bones
- · Removing rib-bones
- · Removing skin from fillet
- Removing spine

3. Cutting includes:

- Darne
- Troncon
- · Supreme
- · Delice
- Paupiette
- · Plait
- Trimming
- Skinning

4. Other methods include:

- Marinating
- · Coating/pane

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Performance evidence should include: 1. At least two from fish 2. At least four from preparation which must include a minimum of three from cutting	The assessor must assess Performance Criteria 1-4 by direct observation. For other Performance Criteria the assessor may use questioning and/or witness statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Fish Chef/Chef	D1.HCC.2CL.10

FPS1.6. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE SHELLFISH FOR PRIMARY DISHES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competences required for preparing shellfish for primary dishes.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select shellfish and tools

- P1. Check the shellfish meets the quality requirements
- P2. Choose the correct tools and equipment for preparation

E2. Prepare and store shellfish

- P3. Prepare the shellfish to meet the requirements of the dish
- P4. Store the prepared shellfish safely and hygienically for use

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. Describe how to check that the shellfish meets the quality requirements
- K2. List the quality points to look for in fresh shellfish: prawns, shrimps, mussels, clams, cockles
- K3. State the actions to take if there are problems with the shellfish
- K4. Identify the correct tools and equipment to carry out the following preparations: trimming, shelling, cutting, washing, and coating
- K5. Explain how to carry out the following preparation methods correctly: trimming, shelling, cutting, washing and coating
- K6. State why it is important to use the correct tools and equipment and techniques
- K7. List the quality points to look for in prepared shellfish
- K8. Describe how to safely and hygienically store prepared shellfish for use

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Types of shellfish include:

- Prawns
- Shrimps
- Mussels
- Cockles
- ClamSnail

2. Preparation includes:

- Trimming
- Shelling
- Washing
- Coating

3. Cutting includes:

- · Chopping
- Slicing

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Performance evidence should include: 1. At least two from shellfish 2. At least three from preparation	The assessor must assess Performance Criteria 1- 4 by direct observation. For other Performance Criteria the assessor may use questioning and/or witness statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Fish Chef/Chef	D1.HCC.CL2.10

FPS1.7. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE MEAT FOR PRIMARY DISHES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required in preparing meat for primary dishes

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select meat and tools

- P1. Check the selected meat meets the quality requirements
- P2. Choose the correct tools and equipment for preparation

E2. Prepare and store meat

- P3. Prepare the meat to meet the requirements of the dish
- P4. Store prepared meat safely and hygienically for

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. Explain how to check that the meat meets the quality requirements
- K2. List the quality points to look for in fresh red
- K3. State the quality points to look for in fresh white meat
- K4. State what actions to take if there are problems with the quality of the fresh meat
- K5. List the correct tools and equipment to carry out the following preparations: trimming, cutting, portioning, slicing, dicing, mincing, seasoning, and marinating, pre-cook
- K6. Explain how to carry out the following preparation methods correctly: trimming, cutting, portioning, slicing, dicing, mincing, seasoning, and marinating, pre-cook
- K7. Explain why it is important to use the correct tools and equipment and techniques
- K8. Explain how to safely and hygienically store prepared meats for use

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Meat includes:

- · Red meat- beef/lamb
- · White meat-pork/veal

2. Preparation includes:

- · Cutting -dicing, slicing, portioning
- Mincing
- Trimming
- Seasoning/marinating
- · Pre-cooking

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Performance evidence should include: 1. At least two from meat 2. At least Three from cutting 3. At least two from preparation.	The assessor must assess Performance Criteria 1-4 by direct observation For other Performance Criteria the assessor may use questioning and/or witness statements

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Larder Chef/Chef	D1.HCC.CL2.09

FPS1.8. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE POULTRY FOR PRIMARY DISHES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for the preparing of poultry for primary dishes

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select poultry and tools

- P1. Check the selected poultry meets the quality requirements
- P2. Choose the correct tools and equipment for preparation

E2. Prepare present and store poultry

- P3. Prepare the poultry to meet the requirements of the dish
- P4. Store prepared poultry safely and hygienically ready for use

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. Describe how to check that the selected poultry meets the quality requirements
- K2. List the quality points to look for in chicken, duck, turkey
- K3. State the actions to take if there are problems with the quality of the poultry
- K4. List the correct tools and equipment to carry out the following preparations: checking and preparing the cavity, cut for sauté, trussing, trimming, portioning, dicing, coating, stuffing and seasoning
- K5. Explain how to carry out the following preparation methods correctly: checking and preparing the cavity, cut for sauté, trussing, trimming, portioning, dicing, coating, stuffing and seasoning
- K6. Explain why it is important to use the correct tools and equipment and techniques
- K7. Explain how to safely and hygienically store prepared poultry for use

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Poultry includes:

- · Chicken
- Duck
- Ostrich
- · Pigeon and other game birds

2. Preparation includes:

- Checking and preparing the cavity
- Trimming
- Cutting
- Portioning
- Dicing
- · Cut for sautes
- Coating
- Trussing

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Performance evidence should include:1. At least two from poultry.2. At least three from preparation that must include trussing.	The assessor must assess Performance Criteria 1-4 by direct observation. For other Performance Criteria the assessor may use questioning and/or witness statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Larder Chef/Chef	D1.HCC.CL2.09

FPS1.9. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE OFFAL FOR PRIMARY DISHES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for the preparing of various types of offal for primary dishes.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select offal and tools

- P1. Check the selected offal meets the quality requirements
- P2. Choose the correct tools and equipment for preparation

E2. Preparation and storage of prepared offal

- P3. Prepare the selected offal to meet the requirements of the dish
- P4. Store the prepared offal safely and hygienically for use

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. Describe how to check that the selected offal meets the quality requirements
- K2. List the quality points to look for in fresh offal: liver, kidney, and sweetbread
- K3. State the actions to take if there are problems with the type of offal
- K4. List the correct tools and equipment to carry out the following preparations: cutting, slicing, skinning, trimming, seasoning/coating in flour, blending and mincing
- K5. Explain how to carry out the following preparation methods correctly: cutting, slicing, skinning, trimming, seasoning/coating in flour, blending and mincing
- K6. Explain why it is important to use the correct tools and equipment and techniques
- K7. How to safely and hygienically store prepared offal for use

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Offal includes:

- · Liver
- Kidnev
- Sweetbread

2. Preparation includes:

- Cutting
- Slicing
- · Marinating and seasoning
- · Coating/dusting with flour
- Skinning
- Trimming
- Blending and mincing

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Performance evidence should include: 1. At least two from offal 2. At least four from preparation	The assessor must assess Performance Criteria 1-4 by direct observation. For other Performance Criteria the assessor may use questioning and/or witness statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Chef	D1.HCC.CL2.09

FPS1.10. UNIT TITLE: COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY FISH DISHES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for the cooking and finishing of primary fish dishes.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select fish and tools

- P1. Check the fish meets the dish requirements
- P2. Choose the correct tools and equipment to cook and finish the dish

E2. Prepare fish dishes

- P3. Combine the fish with the other ingredients for the named dish
- P4. Cook the fish to meet the requirements of the dish
- P5. Ensure the named dish has the correct flavour, colour, consistency, quantity and quality of appearance

E3. Present and store fish dishes

- P6. Garnish correctly as required and present for service
- P7. Ensure the dish is held at the correct temperature for serving and holding
- P8. Store any cooked fish safely and hygienically if not for immediate use

- K1. Explain how to check that the fish meets the dish requirements
- K2. List the quality points to look for in fish: white fish (round), white fish (flat) and oily fish
- K3. List the actions to take if there are problems with the dish ingredients
- K4. State the correct tools and equipment to carry out the following cooking methods: frying (deep/shallow), grilling, poaching, baking and steaming, stewing, braising
- K5. Explain how to carry out the following cooking methods: frying (deep/shallow), grilling, poaching, baking and steaming, stewing, braising

- K6. Describe why it is important to use the correct tools and equipment and techniques
- K7. State the correct temperatures for cooking fish: flat, round, oily; and why this is important
- K8. Describe why it is important to use the correct cooking methods for each type of fish
- K9. Explain how to ensure that the named dish has the right flavour, colour and consistency
- K10. Explain how to correctly finish and present the dish for service
- K11. State the correct temperatures for serving and holding the dishes
- K12. Explain how to safely and hygienically store cooked fish dishes not required for us

1. Fish Sea and Freshwater includes:

- · White fish round
- · White fish flat
- Oily fish

2. Examples of dishes (Western) includes:

- Grilled salmon
- · Pan fried trout
- Fish cakes
- · Fish pie
- Battered fish
- · Sole meuniere

3. Examples of dishes (Vietnamese) include:

- Stewed fish in clay pot
- Steamed snack head fish
- Deep fried red snapper
- Braised fish in galanga and sour rice paste

4. Cooking methods include:

- Frying deep/shallow
- Grilling
- Poaching
- Baking
- Steaming
- Stewing
- Braising

5. Finishing methods include:

- Garnishing
- Presentation

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Performance evidence should include: 1. At least two from fish. 2. At least three from cooking methods. 3. Both from finishing methods	The assessor must assess Performance Criteria 2-8 by direct observation. For other Performance Criteria the assessor may use questioning and/or witness statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Fish Chef/Chef	D1.HCC.CL2.10

FPS1.11. UNIT TITLE: COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY SHELLFISH DISHES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for the cooking and finishing of primary shellfish dishes.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select shellfish and tools

- P1. Check the shellfish meets the dish requirements
- P2. Choose the correct tools and equipment to cook and finish the dish

E2. Prepare shellfish dishes

- P3. Combine the shellfish with the other ingredients for the named dish
- P4. Cook the shellfish to meet the requirements of the dish
- P5. Ensure the named dish has the correct flavour, taste, colour, consistency, quantity and quality of appearance

E3. Present and store shellfish dishes

- P6. Garnish, sauce correctly as required and present for service
- P7. Ensure the dish is held at the correct temperature for serving and holding
- P8. Store any cooked shellfish safely and hygienically if not for immediate use

- K1. Explain how to check that the shellfish meets the dish requirements
- K2. List the quality points to look for in shellfish: prawns, shrimps, mussels, cockles, clams, lobsters, scallops, snails, oyster
- K3. List the actions to take if there are problems with the dish ingredients
- K4. State the correct tools and equipment to carry out the following cooking methods: frying (deep/shallow), grilling, poaching, baking and steaming, boiling, stir-frying
- K5. Explain how to carry out the following cooking methods according to dish requirement: frying (deep/shallow), grilling, poaching, baking and steaming, boiling, stir frying

- K6. Describe why it is important to use the correct tools and equipment and techniques
- K7. State the correct temperatures and time for cooking shellfish: prawns, shrimps, mussels, cockles, clams
- K8. Describe why it is important to use the correct cooking methods for each type of shellfish
- K9. Explain how to ensure that the named dish has the right flavour, colour and consistency
- K10. Explain how to correctly finish and present the dish for service
- K11. State the correct temperatures for serving and holding the dishes
- K12. Explain how to safely and hygienically store cooked shellfish not required for use

1. Shellfish include:

- Prawns
- Shrimps
- Mussels
- Cockles
- Clams
- Lobsters
- Scallops
- Snails
- Oyster
- Snout otter clam

2. Examples of dishes (Western)

- Prawn kebab (brochette)
- Prawn toast
- · Clam chowder
- · Deep fried scampi

3. Examples of dishes (Vietnamese)

- Steamed stuffing tube with meat and ginger leave
- Deep fried salty shrimp
- Sweet and sour clam soup
- · Grilled scallop with shallot and fat
- · Braised snails with green banana and tofu

4. Cooking methods

- Frying deep/shallow
- Grilling
- Boiling
- Steaming
- Braising
- Deeping
- · Stir frying

5. Finishing methods

- Saucing
- Garnishing
- Presentation

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Performance evidence should include: 1. At least two from shellfish.	The assessor must assess Performance Criteria 2-8 by direct observation.
2. At least three from cooking methods.3. All from finishing methods.	For other Performance Criteria the assessor may use questioning and/or witness statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Fish Chef/Chef	D1.HCC.CL2.10

FPS1.12. UNIT TITLE: COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY MEAT DISHES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for the cooking and finishing of primary meat dishes.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select meat and tools

- P1. Check that the (type/cut/quantity/quality) meets the dish requirements
- P2. Choose the correct tools and equipment to cook and finish the dish

E2. Prepare meat dishes

- P3. Combine the meat with the other ingredients for the named dish
- P4. Cook the meat to meet the requirements of the named dish
- P5. Ensure the named dish has the correct flavour, colour, consistency, quantity and quality of appearance

E3. Present and store meat dishes

- P6. Garnish/sauce correctly as required and present for service
- P7. Ensure the dish is held at the correct temperature for serving and holding
- P8. Store any cooked meat safely and hygienically if not for immediate use

- K1. Explain how to check that the meat is of the correct quality, type, cut and quantity meets the dish requirements
- K2. List the quality points to look for in prepared red/white meat
- K3. List the actions to take if there are problems with the dish ingredients
- K4. State the correct tools and equipment to carry out the following cooking methods: grilling (over/under-heat), griddling, frying (shallow/stir), boiling, braising, steaming, stewing, roasting, combining cooking methods
- K5. Explain how to correctly carry out the following cooking methods: grilling (over/under-heat), griddling, frying (shallow/stir), boiling, braising, steaming, stewing, roasting, combining cooking methods
- K6. State the most effective and appropriate cooking method to apply to various cuts of
- K7. Describe why it is important to "sear" meat and the benefits to the dish

- K8. Describe why it is important to use the correct tools and equipment and techniques
- K9. State the correct temperatures for cooking meats using the cooking methods stated
- K10. Describe why it is important to use the correct cooking methods for various types of meat/
- K11. Explain how to ensure that the named dish has the right flavour, colour and consistency
- K12. Explain how to correctly garnish, sauce, finish and present the dish for service
- K13. State the correct temperatures for serving and holding the dishes
- K14. Explain how to safely and hygienically store cooked meats not required for use

1. Meats include:

- Red meat beef/lamb
- White meat pork/veal

2. Example dishes (Western)

- Meat pies
- Navarin of lamb

3. Cooking methods

- Frying shallow/stir
- Grilling over/under heat
- Boiling
- Braising
- Steaming
- Stewing
- Roasting
- Baking
- Deep frying
- · Combined cooking methods.

4. Finishing methods

- Garnishing
- Presentation

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Performance evidence should include: 1. At least two from meat	The assessor must assess Performance Criteria 4-5 by direct observation.
 At least three from cooking methods. Both from finishing methods. 	For other Performance Criteria the assessor may use questioning and/or witness statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Rocust/Sauce Chef	D1.HCC.CL2.09

FPS1.13. UNIT TITLE: COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY POULTRY DISHES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for the cooking and finishing of primary poultry dishes.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select poultry and tools

- P1. Check the poultry type meets the dish requirements
- P2. Choose the correct tools and equipment to cook and finish the dish

E2. Prepare poultry dishes

- P3. Combine the poultry with the other ingredients for the named dish
- P4. Cook the poultry to meet the requirements of the dish
- P5. Ensure the named dish has the correct flavour, colour, consistency, quantity and quality of appearance

E3. Present and store poultry dishes

- P6. Garnish, sauce correctly as required and present for service
- P7. Ensure the dish is held at the correct temperature for serving and holding
- P8. Store any cooked poultry safely and hygienically if not for immediate use

- K1. Explain how to check that the poultry type meets the dish requirements
- K2. List the quality points to look for in poultry: chicken, duck, and turkey
- K3. List the actions to take if there are problems with the dish ingredients
- K4. State the correct tools and equipment to carry out the following cooking methods: grilling, roasting, poaching, frying (deep/shallow/stir), steaming, stewing, combined cooking methods
- K5. Explain how to correctly apply the following cooking methods according to dish requirements: grilling, roasting, poaching, frying (deep/shallow/stir), steaming, stewing, combined cooking methods
- K6. Describe why it is important to use the correct tools and equipment and techniques

- K7. State the correct temperatures for cooking poultry cuts, types
- K8. Describe why it is important to apply the most appropriate cooking methods for each type of poultry
- K9. Explain how to ensure that the named dish has the right flavour, colour and consistency
- K10. Explain how to correctly garnish, sauce, finish and present the dish for service
- K11. State the correct temperatures for serving and holding the dishes
- K12. Explain how to safely and hygienically store cooked poultry not required for use

1. Poultry includes:

- Chicken
- Duck
- Turkey
- Pigeon and game birds

2. Examples of dishes (Western)

- Sautéed chicken
- · Chicken Kiev
- Roast duck
- · Chicken Maryland

3. Examples of dishes (Vietnamese)

- Roasted pigeon with honey
- Grilled skewer chicken with leaves
- · Braised duck with pineapple
- Steamed chicken

4. Cooking methods

- Frying deep/shallow/stir
- Grilling
- Roasting
- Steaming
- Stewing
- Braising
- Boiling

5. Finishing methods

- Saucing
- Garnishing
- Presentation

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Performance evidence should include: 1. At least two from poultry.	The assessor must assess Performance Criteria 1-5 by direct observation.
 At least three from cooking methods. All from finishing methods 	For other Performance Criteria the assessor may use

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Sauce Chef/Chef	D1.HCC.CL2.09

FPS1.14. UNIT TITLE: COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY OFFAL DISHES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for the cooking and finishing of primary offal dishes.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select offal and tools

- P1. Check that the (type/cut/quantity/quality) meets the dish requirements
- P2. Choose the correct tools and equipment to cook and finish the dish

E2. Prepare and cook the named offal dish

- P3. Combine the offal with the other ingredients for the named dish
- P4. Cook the meat to meet the requirements of the named dish
- P5. Ensure the named dish has the correct flavour, colour, consistency, quantity and quality of appearance

E3. Presentation and Storage

- P6. Garnish/sauce correctly as required and present for service
- P7. Ensure the dish is held at the correct temperature for serving and holding
- P8. Store any cooked offal safely and hygienically if not for immediate use

- K1. Explain how to check that the offal is of the correct quality, type, cut and quantity meets the dish requirements
- K2. List the quality points to look for in prepared offal
- K3. List the actions to take if there are problems with the dish ingredients
- K4. State the correct tools and equipment to carry out the following cooking methods: grilling (over/under-heat), griddling, frying (shallow/ stir), braising, sautéing, roasting, and combining cooking methods
- K5. Explain how to correctly carry out the following cooking methods: grilling (over/under-heat), griddling, frying (shallow/stir), braising, sautéing, roasting, combining cooking methods
- K6. State the most effective and appropriate cooking method to apply to various types/cuts

- K7. Describe why it is important to "sear" offal and the benefits to the dish
- K8. Describe why it is important to use the correct tools and equipment and techniques
- K9. State the correct temperatures for cooking offal using the cooking methods stated
- K10. Describe why it is important to use the correct cooking methods for various types of offal types
- K11. Explain how to ensure that the named dish has the right flavour, colour and consistency
- K12. Explain how to correctly garnish, sauce, finish and present the dish for service
- K13. State the correct temperatures for serving and holding the dishes
- K14. Explain how to safely and hygienically store cooked offal not required for use

1. Offal dishes (Western):

- Devilled kidneys
- Braised tongue
- Grilled liver
- Braised sweetbreads

2. Cooking methods:

- Frying shallow/stir
- Grilling over/under heat
- Braising
- Roasting
- Combined cooking methods

3. Finishing methods:

- Garnishing
- Presentation

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Performance evidence should include: 1. At least three from offal	The assessor must assess Performance Criteria 4-5 by direct observation.
 At least three from cooking methods. Both from finishing methods. 	For other Performance Criteria the assessor may use questioning and/or witness statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Sauce/Grill Chef/Chef	D1.HCC.CL2.03

FPS1.15. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY RICE DISHES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for the preparing, cooking and finishing primary rice dishes.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select rice and tools

- P1. Check that the rice and other ingredients meet the dish requirements
- P2. Choose the correct tools and equipment to prepare and cook the dish

E2. Prepare and cook rice dishes

- P3. Correctly prepare the ingredients for the dish
- P4. Cook the required dish ensuring flavour, colour and texture standards are met
- P5. Correctly strain, mould the rice for the dish if specified

E3. Present and store rice dishes

- P6. Correctly present the dish for serving
- P7. Ensure the dish is held at the correct temperature for serving
- P8. Store rice dishes safely and hygienically if not for immediate use

- K1. Explain how to check the rice and other ingredients for the specified dish
- K2. List the quality points to look for in rice: long, short, round or brown
- K3. List the correct tools and equipment to carry out the following preparation and cooking methods: washing/soaking, boiling, frying, braising, steaming, stewing, baking, microwaving
- K4. Explain how to carry out the following cooking methods according to dish requirements: washing/soaking, boiling, frying, braising, steaming, stewing, baking, microwaving

- K5. Describe why it is important to use the correct tools, equipment and techniques
- K6. Explain how to identify when the rice dishes have the correct colour, flavour, texture
- K7. Explain how to present the dish and the correct amount(s) of rice to serve
- K8. State the correct temperature for holding and serving rice dishes
- K9. Explain how to safely and hygienically store cooked rice/rice dishes

1. Types of rice:

- · Long
- Short
- Round
- Brown
- Sticky rice
- Ordinary rice

2. Preparation and cooking techniques include:

- Washing/soaking
- · Boiling
- Frying
- Braising
- Steaming
- Stewing
- Baking
- Microwaving

3. Basic rice dishes (Western):

- Risotto
- · Pilaff/Pilau
- Kedgeree
- · Stir-fry
- · Fried rice
- · Rice pudding.

4. Basic rice dishes (Vietnamese):

- Steamed glutinous rice
- · Mixed fried rice
- · Steamed rice with chicken and lotus seeds
- · Chicken congee.

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

For the trainee to reach the required VTOS there should be evidence of performance gathered through:

- 1. At least three from rice dishes (Western)
- 2. At least two from rice dishes (Vietnamese)
- At least five from preparation and cooking methods

ASSESSMENT METHODS

The assessor must assess Performance Criteria 1, 2, 3, 5 and 6 by direct observation.

For other Performance Criteria, the assessor may assess through questioning and/or witness statements

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Chef	D1.HCC.CL2.18

FPS1.16. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY PASTA DISHES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for the preparing, cooking and finishing primary pasta dishes.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select pasta and tools

- P1. Check that the pasta and other ingredients meet the dish requirements
- P2. Choose the correct tools and equipment to prepare and cook the pasta dish

E2. Prepare and cook pasta dishes

- P3. Prepare and cook the pasta and other ingredients to meet the dish specifications
- P4. Ensure that the pasta has the correct texture, colour, flavour and quantity

E3. Present and store pasta dishes

- P5. Present the pasta dish with the correct garnish for the named dish
- P6. Ensure that the pasta is at the correct temperature for holding and serving
- P7. Store pasta safely and hygienically if not required for immediate use

- K1. Describe why it is important to know the ingredients in the pasta dish
- K2. Explain how to check the pasta and other ingredients meet the dish requirements
- K3. List the quality points to look for in pasta and other ingredients
- K4. What they should do if there are problems with the pasta or other ingredients
- K5. State the correct tools and equipment for the following preparation and cooking methods: blanching, straining, mixing, boiling, baking, combining cooking methods
- K6. Explain how to carry out the following preparation and cooking methods: blanching, straining, mixing, boiling, baking, combining cooking methods
- K7. Describe why it is important to use the correct tools, equipment and techniques
- K8. Explain how to identify when pasta dishes have the correct colour, flavour, texture, quality and quantity for service
- K9. State the correct temperatures for holding and serving pasta dishes
- K10. Explain how to safely and hygienically store cooked pasta not required for immediate use

1. Types of pasta covered:

- · Shaped pasta
- Flat pasta
- Dried pasta
- · Fresh pasta
- · Stuffed/filled pasta
- Lasagne

2. Preparation and cooking methods:

- Blanching
- Straining
- Mixing
- Boiling
- Baking
- · Combining of cooking methods

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Performance evidence should include:

- 1. At least three from pasta dishes
- 2. At least four from preparation and cooking.

Knowledge may be assessed through questioning or witness statements.

ASSESSMENT METHODS

The assessor must assess Performance Criteria 1-7 by direct observation.

For other Performance Criteria 1-10 the assessor may assess the trainee through questioning or witness statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Chef	D1.HCC.CL2.18

FPS1.17. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE AND COOK PRIMARY EGG DISHES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for the preparing, cooking and finishing of primary egg dishes.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select materials and tools

- P1. Check that the eggs and other ingredients meet the dish requirements
- P2. Choose the correct tools and equipment to prepare and cook the egg dish

E2. Preparation and cooking of egg dishes

- P3. Prepare and cook the egg(s) and other ingredients to meet the dish specifications
- P4. Ensure that the egg(s) have the correct texture, colour, flavour and quantity

E3. Presentation and storage of egg dishes

- P5. Present the egg dish with the correct garnish for the named dish
- P6. Ensure that the egg(s) are the correct temperature for holding and serving
- P7. Store materials safely and hygienically if not required for immediate use

- K1. Explain how to check the eggs and other ingredients to meet dish requirements
- K2. List the quality points to look for in eggs and other ingredients
- K3. What they should do if there are problems with the eggs or other ingredients
- K4. State the correct tools and equipment for the following preparation and cooking methods: boiling, frying, griddling, poaching, baking, scrambling, bain-marie
- K5. Explain how to carry out the following preparation and cooking methods: boiling, frying, griddling, poaching, baking, scrambling, bain-marie

- K6. Describe why it is important to use the correct tools, equipment and techniques
- K7. Explain how to identify when egg dishes have the correct colour, flavour, texture and quantity
- K8. Explain how to finish basic egg dishes
- K9. State the correct temperatures for holding and serving egg dishes
- K10. Explain how to safely and hygienically store cooked eggs not required for immediate use

This unit standard covers the following egg preparation and cooking methods for basic egg dishes such as:

1. Basic egg dishes (Western):

- Scrambled eggs
- Poached eggs
- · Omelettes
- Scotch eggs
- Baked eggs
- Sweet egg dishes

2. Basic egg dishes (Vietnamese):

- Fried eggs (Trứng tráng)
- · Boiled eggs
- · Omelettes (ốp lết)

3. Preparation and cooking methods:

- · Boiling
- Whisking
- Cracking/opening
- Frying
- Griddling
- Poaching
- Baking
- Scrambling
- · Bain-marie

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Performance evidence should include:	The assessor must assess Performance (
1. At least five from preparation and cooking	by direct observation.

methods

- 2. Trainees must also demonstrate through performance that they can make:
 - Omelettes
 - · Poached eggs.

Criteria 1-7 by direct observation.

For remaining Performance Criteria the assessor may assess the trainee through questioning or witness statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Chef	D1.HCC.CL2.19

FPS1.18. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH GRAIN DISHES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for the cooking and finishing of grain dishes.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select grains and tools

- P1. Check the grain type meets the dish requirements
- P2. Choose the correct tools and equipment to cook and finish the dish

E2. Prepare and cook grain dishes

- P3. Prepare and cook the grain type with the other ingredients for the named dish
- P4. Strain and mould the grain as required
- P5. Ensure the named dish has the correct flavour, colour, consistency, quantity and quality of appearance

E3. Present and store grain dishes

- P6. Garnish correctly as required and present for service
- P7. Ensure the dish is held at the correct temperature for serving and holding
- P8. Store any cooked grains safely and hygienically if not for immediate use

- K1. List other foods for which grains can be used as a substitute
- K2. Explain how to check that grains and other ingredients meet dish requirements.
- K3. List the quality points to look for in grain(s): barley (pearl and pot), buckwheat, corn/maize, polenta, oats, millet, wheat (bulgar), semolina, cous-cous, quinola
- K4. List the actions to take if there are problems with the dish ingredients
- K5. State the correct tools and equipment to carry out the following cooking methods: soaking, boiling, straining and moulding, leaving covered, baking
- K6. Explain how to carry out the following cooking methods: soaking, boiling, straining and moulding, leaving covered, baking

- K7. Describe why it is important to use the correct tools and equipment and techniques
- K8. Explain how to finish grain dishes according to dish requirements
- K9. Explain how to identify and ensure that the named dish has the right flavour, texture and quantity
- K10. Explain how to correctly finish and present the dish for service
- K11. State the correct temperatures for serving and holding the dishes
- K12. Explain how to safely and hygienically store cooked grain(s) not required for use

1. Types of grains:

- Barley
- Buckwheat
- Corn/maize
- Polenta
- Oats
- Millet
- Wheat
- Quinoa

2. Examples of dishes (Western):

- Buckwheat pancakes
- · Polenta dishes
- Bulgar Tabouleh
- Cous-cous side dishes
- Crumble toppings using oats
- · Quinoa salads, toppings, baked layers.

3. Examples of dishes (Vietnamese):

- · Glutinous steamed rice
- · Vietnamese pancake
- Steamed glutinous rice mixed with French heans

4. Preparation and cooking techniques:

- Soaking
- Boiling
- Leaving covered
- Baking
- Steaming
- Frying

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Performance evidence should include: 1. At least four from grain.	The assessor must assess Performance Criteria 2-8 by direct observation.
At least three from preparation cooking techniques.	For other Performance Criteria the assessor may use questioning and/or witness statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Chef	N/A

FPS1.19. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE VEGETABLES FOR PRIMARY DISHES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for the preparing of vegetables for primary dishes.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select vegetables and tools

- P1. Check the selected vegetables meet the quality requirements
- P2. Choose the correct tools and equipment for preparation

E2. Prepare and store vegetables

- P3. Prepare the selected vegetables to meet the requirements of the dish
- P4. Store prepared vegetables safely and hygienically for later use

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. Explain how to check that the selected vegetables meet the quality requirements
- K2. List the quality points to look for in fresh vegetables: roots, flowers heads, bulbs, pods, tubers, leaves, stems, vegetable fruits, fungi, and seaweed
- K3. List the actions to take if there are problems with the quality of the type of vegetable
- K4. State the correct tools and equipment to carry out the following preparations: washing, peeling, re-washing, traditional French cuts, slicing, trimming, and grating
- K5. Explain how to carry out the following preparation methods correctly: washing, peeling, re-washing, traditional French cuts, slicing, trimming, and grating
- K6. Describe why it is important to use the correct tools and equipment and techniques
- K7. Explain how to maintain the appearance and texture of vegetables during preparation
- K8. Explain how to safely and hygienically store prepared vegetables for use

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Vegetables include:

- Roots
- Bulbs
- Flower heads
- Fungi
- Pods
- Tubers
- Leaves
- Stems
- Vegetable fruits
- Seaweed

2. Preparation:

- Washing
- Peeling
- · Re-washing
- Chopping
- Traditional French cuts: Jardinière/Brunoise/ Macedoine/Mirepoix/Julienne/Paysanne
- Slicing
- Trimming

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Performance evidence should include: 1. At least eight from vegetables	The assessor must assess Performance Criteria 1-5 by direct observation.
At least six from preparation that must include all the traditional French cuts.	For other Performance Criteria the assessor may use questioning and/or witness statements

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Vegetable Chef/Chef	D1.HCC.CL2.18

FPS1.20. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE AND PRESENT HOT AND COLD SANDWICHES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for the preparing and presenting hot and cold sandwiches – including burgers.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select materials and tools

- P1. Check the bread and selected filling ingredients meet the quality requirements
- P2. Choose the correct tools and equipment for making the sandwiches

E2. Prepare and make sandwiches

P3. Prepare named sandwiches as required

E3. Present and store sandwiches

- P4. Present the sandwiches with appropriate garnish/decoration for service
- P5. Store any sandwiches safely and hygienically if not for immediate use

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. Explain how to check that bread and sandwich filling meet the requirements
- K2. List the action to take if quality of ingredients is not to standard
- K3. List the selection of tools and equipment to carry out the following actions: cutting, slicing, spreading, filling, toasting, grilling, seasoning and presenting
- K4. Explain how to correctly make a range of sandwiches using the following actions: cutting, slicing, spreading, filling, toasting, grilling, seasoning and presenting
- K5. Describe why it is important to use the correct tools and equipment
- K6. Explain how to present a range of sandwiches attractively
- K7. Describe why it is important to ensure no cross-contamination occurs
- K8. Correct temperature for serving/holding a range of sandwiches
- K9. Explain how to store sandwiches and sandwich fillings for future use

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Breads:

- Sliced bread
- Unsliced bread
- · Buns/rolls
- Baguettes
- Other types of bread

2. Fillings:

- Fats/pastes/spreads
- Cooked meats
- Cooked poultry
- Cooked/smoked fish
- Dairy products
- Salads/vegetables/fruit/pickle
- Sauces/dressing/relishes

3. Preparation:

- Slicing
- · Preparation of fillings
- Garnishing
- Heating/toasting
- Grilling

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Performance evidence should include: 1. At least three from breads. 2. At least five from fillings. 3. At least four from preparation.	The assessor must assess Performance Criteria 1-4 by direct observation. For other Performance Criteria the assessor may use questioning and/or witness statements

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Larder Chef/Chef	D1.HCC.CL2.08

FPS1.21. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE AND PRESENT FOOD FOR COLD PRESENTATION

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for the preparing and presenting of cold products, and holding such foods under hygienic conditions.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select materials and tools

- P1. Check the food product and garnish ingredients to make sure they meet the dish requirements
- P2. Choose the correct tools and equipment to prepare the cold product for presentation

E2. Prepare the cold products

- P3. Prepare the food products using the correct preparation methods
- P4. Ensure food products have the correct texture, colour, flavour and quantity

E3. Present and store cold products

- P5. Garnish and present the food products to the required standards
- P6. Store any prepared cold food products and garnish ingredients safely and hygienically if not required for immediate consumption or use

- K1. Explain how to ensure that the food product and garnish ingredients meet the requirements
- K2. List the quality and quantity points to look for in the presentation of cooked, cured and prepared foods.
- K3. Describe what you should do if there are problems with the cold food products and garnish ingredients?
- K4. State the correct tools and equipment for the following preparation methods: cutting, slicing, dressing, garnishing, portioning, whisking, combining ingredients
- K5. Describe why it is important to use the correct tools, equipment and techniques.
- K6. Explain how to prepare the food product and garnish ingredients for cold presentation

- K7. Explain how to produce basic vinaigrette and cold sauces
- K8. Explain how to finish and garnish food products for cold presentation
- K9. Explain how to identify when food products have the correct colour, flavour, texture and quantity
- K10. Describe why time and temperature are important when preparing cooked, cured and prepared products for cold presentation.
- K11. Describe why cooked, cured and prepared foods should be stored at the correct temperatures for holding and serving.
- K12. Explain how to safely and hygienically store cold food products not required for immediate use.

1. Food products (Western):

- Bread products
- Salads
- Pre-prepared pies
- · Pre prepared pates
- Pre-prepared terrines
- Cured meats
- Smoked items
- Fish
- Shellfish
- Poultry
- Cooked red/white meats
- Vinaigrettes
- Cold sauces

2. Food products (Vietnamese):

- Sweet and sour salad
- Fresh spring roll
- · Rare meat
- · Mix seafood
- · Green papaya salad
- Dipping sauce
- · Salad dressing

3. Garnish ingredients:

- Fruit
- Vegetables
- Herbs
- · Preparation methods
- Cutting
- Slicing
- Dressing
- Garnishing
- Portioning
- Whisking
- Combining ingredients

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Performance evidence should include: 1. At least six from food products	The assessor must assess Performance Criteria 2-6 by direct observation.
2. At least two from garnish ingredients3. At least four from preparation methods	For other Performance Criteria the assessor may use questioning and/or witness statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Larder Chef/Chef	D1.HCC.CL2.19

FPS1.22. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE AND FINISH SIMPLE SALAD AND FRUIT DISHES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for the preparing and finishing of simple salad and fruit dishes.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select materials and tools

- P1. Check the selected ingredients meet the quality requirements
- P2. Choose the correct tools and equipment for preparation

E2. Prepare, finish and store simple salads and fruit dishes

- P3. Prepare the ingredients correctly to meet the requirements of the dish/use
- P4. Store prepared salads and fruit safely and hygienically ready for later use

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. Explain how to store salad items and fruit before preparation
- K2. List the quality points to look for in salad items and fruit
- K3. List the actions to take if there are problems with the quality of the salad items and fruit
- K4. State the correct tools and equipment to carry out the following preparation methods: peeling, trimming, washing, soaking, cutting and mixing
- K5. Explain how to carry out the following preparation methods correctly: peeling, trimming, washing, soaking, cutting and mixing
- K6. Describe why it is important to use the correct tools and equipment and techniques
- K7. Describe why it is important to avoid cross-contamination with meat, poultry and fish products
- K8. Explain how to safely and hygienically store prepared salads and fruits for use

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Ingredients:

- · Fresh fruit
- · Fresh salad
- · Prepared fruit
- · Prepared salad

2. Preparation:

- Peeling
- Trimming
- Washing
- Soaking
- Cutting
- Mixing

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Performance evidence should include:

- 1. At least four from ingredients
- 2. At least two from preparation

The assessor must assess Performance Criteria 1-4 by direct observation.

For other Performance Criteria the assessor may use questioning and/or witness statements

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Commis Chef/Larder Chef/Chef	D1.HCC.CL2.07

FPS1.23. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY PASTRY DISHES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for the preparing, cooking and finishing primary pastry dishes.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Storage and Selection of materials and tools

- P1. Store dry/raw ingredients correctly
- P2. Check that the ingredients meet the dish requirements
- P3. Choose the correct tools and equipment to prepare and cook the pastry product

E2. Preparation and cooking of pastry dishes

- P4. Prepare and cook the pastry and other ingredients to meet the product specifications
- P5. Ensure that the pastry product has the correct texture, colour, flavour and quantity

E3. Presentation and storage of cooked pastry dishes

- P6. Present the pastry product with the correct decoration/finish for the named product
- P7. Ensure that the pastry product is at the correct temperature for holding and serving
- P8. Store and pastry products safely and hygienically if not required for immediate use

- K1. Explain how to check the ingredients meet the dish requirements
- K2. State what you should do if there are problems with the ingredients
- K3. Describe why it is important to follow a recipe when preparing pastry products
- K4. State the correct tools and equipment for the following preparation and cooking methods: weighing/measuring, sifting, rubbing-in, creaming, resting, piping, rolling, lining, lamination, folding, cutting, shaping, trimming, baking, combining cooking methods
- K5. Explain how to carry out the following preparation and cooking methods: weighing/measuring, sifting, rubbing-in, creaming, resting, piping, rolling, lining, lamination, folding, cutting, shaping, trimming, baking, combining cooking methods
- K6. Describe why it is important to use the correct tools, equipment and techniques
- K7. Explain how to identify when pastry products have the correct colour, flavour, texture and finish
- K8. State the correct temperatures for holding and serving pastry products
- K9. Explain how to store pastry products after preparation, cooking and finish

1. Types of pastry products (Western):

- · Chocolate éclairs
- Apple/fruit tarts/pies
- · Jam roly-poly
- · Savoury quiche
- Savoury pies
- · Apple/fruit turnover

2. Types of pastry products (Vietnamese):

- · Grapes aga-aga
- · Orange aga-aga
- · Black sweetened porridge
- · Pomelo sweetened porridge
- · Vietnamese traditional snack (bánh mật, etc)

3. Preparation and cooking methods:

- Weighing/measuring
- Sifting
- · Rubbing-in
- · Creaming
- Resting
- Piping
- · Rolling
- Lining
- · Laminating/folding
- Cutting
- Shaping
- Trimming
- Baking
- Steaming
- · Combined cooking methods

4. Types of Pastry:

- Short
- Sweet
- Suet
- · Choux
- Puff
- · Convenience/ready made

ASSESSMENT GUIDE **ASSESSMENT METHODS** Performance evidence should include: The assessor must assess Performance Criteria 1-7 1. At least three from types of pastry to include by direct observation. choux For other Performance Criteria the assessor may 2. At least six from preparation methods assess through questioning and/or witness 3. At least one from cooking methods statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Pastry Chef/Baker/Chef	D1.HPA.CL4.10

FPS1.24. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND PRESENT PRIMARY BREAD AND BUN DOUGH PRODUCTS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for the preparing, cooking and presentation of primary bun and bread dough products.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select materials and tools

- P1. Check that the ingredients meet the dish specifications/requirements
- P2. Choose the correct tools and equipment for the task

E2. Prepare and cook bread and dough products

- P3. Prepare and cook the ingredients to meet the product requirements
- P4. Ensure that the bread and dough product has the correct texture and finish

E3. Present and store bread and dough products

- P5. Present the bread and dough product to meet the standards requirements
- P6. Make sure the bread and dough product is at the correct temperature for holding and serving
- P7. Store any cooked bread and dough product safely and hygienically if not required for immediate use

- K1. Explain how to check the ingredients to meet the dish requirements
- K2. List the quality points in relation to the ingredients for the product
- K3. Explain what to do if there are any problems with the ingredients
- K4. List the selection of tools and equipment to carry out the following actions: Weighing/measuring, sieving, mixing/kneading, proving, knocking-back, shaping, baking, frying
- K5. Explain how to apply correctly the following cooking methods according to product: Weighing/measuring, sieving, mixing/kneading, proving, knocking-back, shaping, baking, frying

- K6. Describe why it is important to use the correct tools, equipment and techniques
- K7. Explain how to identify when the bred and dough products have the correct colour, texture and finish
- K8. Explain how to carry out the following finishing methods: glazing with egg-wash/syrup, icing, filling, decorating
- K9. State the correct temperatures for holding and serving bread and dough products
- K10. Explain how to store bread and dough products

1. Dough Western Products:

- · Bread dough
- Bun dough
- · Nan dough/Pitta dough
- · Pizza dough

2. Dough Vietnamese Products:

- · Dumpling dough (Bánh bao)
- Rolled rice pancake dough (bánh cuốn)
- · Pyramidal rice dumpling dough (bánh giò)
- · Pie dough (bánh nướng)
- · Floating cake dough (bánh trôi)

3. Preparation and cooking methods:

- Weighing/measuring
- Sieving
- · Mixing/kneading
- Proving
- Knocking-back
- Shaping
- Baking
- Frying
- Steaming
- Baking
- · Boiling

4. Finishing Methods:

- · Glazing with egg wash
- Glazing with sugar syrup
- · Icing, sesame, coconut thread
- · Filling/decorating

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Performance evidence should include:

- 1. At least two from bread and dough products (Western)
- 2. At least two from bread and dough products (Vietnamese)
- 3. At least seven from preparation and cooking methods
- 4. At least one from finishing methods

ASSESSMENT METHODS

The Assessor must assess Performance Criteria 1-5 by direct observation.

For Performance Criteria 6-7 the Assessor may assess through questioning and/or witness statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Pastry Chef/Baker	D1.HPA.CL4.09

FPS1.25. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY CAKES, SPONGES, BISCUITS AND SCONES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for the preparing, cooking and finishing primary cakes, sponges, biscuits and scones.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select materials and tools

- P1. Store raw/dry ingredients correctly
- P2. Check that the ingredients meet the baked product requirements
- P3. Choose the correct tools and equipment to prepare and cook the baked product

E2. Prepare and cook cakes, sponges, biscuits and scones

- P4. Prepare and cook the ingredients to meet the product specifications
- P5. Ensure that the baked product has the correct texture, colour, flavour and quantity

E3. Present and store cakes, sponges, biscuits and scones

- P6. Present the product to meet the baked product requirements
- P7. Ensure that the baked product is at the correct temperature for holding and serving
- P8. Store any baked product safely and hygienically if not required for immediate use

- K1. Explain how to store the raw/dry ingredients
- K2. Explain how to check the ingredients meet requirements
- K3. What they should do if there are problems with the ingredients
- K4. State the correct tools and equipment for the following preparation and cooking methods: weighing/measuring, using "ready-mix", creaming/beating, whisking, folding, rubbing-in, greasing, glazing, portioning, piping, shaping, filling, rolling, lining, trimming, spreading/smoothing, dusting, dredging/sprinkling, mixing baking, boiling, steaming, frying
- K5. Explain how to carry out the following preparation and cooking methods: weighing/measuring, using "ready-mix", creaming/beating, whisking, folding, rubbing-in, greasing, glazing, portioning, piping, shaping, filling, rolling, lining, trimming, spreading/smoothing, dusting, dredging/sprinkling, mixing baking, boiling, steaming, frying
- K6. Describe why it is important to use the correct tools, equipment and techniques
- K7. Explain how to identify when cakes, sponges, biscuits and scones have the correct colour, flavour, texture and quality
- K8. Explain how to finish baked products and "hold" for service
- K9. Explain how to safely and hygienically store unused cakes, sponges, biscuits and scones

1. Cake types (Western):

- Fruit cake
- Shortcake
- Rock cakes
- Victoria sandwich
- Sponge biscuits
- Swiss roll
- Scones sweet/savoury

2. Cake types (Vietnamese):

- "Gai" cake
- Deep fried sesames ball cake (Bánh rán vừng)
- Glutinous rice cake (Bánh trôi)
- · Banana cake (Bánh chuối rán)

3. Preparation and cooking methods:

- Using "ready-mix"
- · Weighing/measuring
- · Creaming/beating
- Whisking
- Folding
- · Rubbing-in
- Greasing
- Glazing
- Portioning
- · Piping
- · Rolling
- Shaping
- · Filling
- Trimming
- Spreading/smoothing
- Dusting/dredging/sprinkling
- Mixing
- Baking
- Frying
- · Boiling
- · Steaming

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Performance evidence should include: 1. At least three from types	The assessor must assess Performance Criteria 2-7 by direct observation.
At least twelve from preparation and cooking methods	Knowledge may be assessed through questioning and/or witness statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Pastry Chef/Baker	D1.HPA.CL4.08

FPS1.26. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH PRIMARY COLD AND HOT DESSERTS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for the preparing and cooking of primary cold and hot desserts.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select materials and tools

- P1. Check that the ingredients meet the dish requirements
- P2. Check the ingredients to ensure they are of an acceptable quality
- P3. Respond correctly if the ingredients are not acceptable/know what to do
- P4. Choose and use the correct techniques, tools and equipment

E2. Prepare and cook cold and hot desserts

- P5. Prepare the ingredients using the correct preparation methods
- P6. Cook ingredients using the correct cooking methods
- P7. Make sure the dessert has the correct colour texture and finish

E3. Finish Present and store cold and hot desserts

- P8. Finish the dessert to meet required standard
- P9. Present the dessert and ensure that it is at the correct temperature for holding and serving
- P10. Safely and hygienically store any prepared desserts not required for immediate use

- K1. Explain how to store raw ingredients prior to preparation
- K2. Explain how to check the ingredients meet the dish requirements
- K3. Explain what to do if there are problems with any of the ingredients
- K4. Describe why time and temperature are important when preparing, cooking and finishing hot desserts
- K5. List the quality aspects to consider when preparing hot/cold desserts
- K6. State correct tools and equipment to carry out the following preparation methods: slicing, creaming, folding, moulding, mixing, aeration, addition of flavours/colours, pureeing, combining flavours, whipping, portioning, chilling

- K7. List the correct tools and equipment to carry out the following cooking methods: poaching/boiling, stewing, baking, combination cooking, steaming, frying, bain-marie
- K8. Describe why it is important to use the correct tools, equipment and techniques
- K9. Explain how to carry out the follow finishing methods: filling, glazing, piping, decorating/garnishing
- K10. Explain how to identify when cold and hot desserts have the correct colour, texture, finish and quantity
- K11. List the type of problems may occur when preparing and cooking hot and cold desserts and how to correct them
- K12. Explain how to present hot and cold desserts and how to "Hold" them at the correct temperature for serving
- K13. Explain how to safely and hygienically store hot and cold desserts not required for immediate use

1. Desserts (Western):

- Ice-cream
- Mousse/bavaroise
- Egg based
- Batter based
- Sponge based
- Fruit based

2. Desserts (Vietnamese):

- Green bean compote
- Flan cake
- Dumpling
- · Fried banana cake

3. Preparation methods:

- Slicing
- Creaming
- Folding
- Moulding
- Mixing
- Aeration
- · Addition of flavours/colours
- Pureeing
- Combining
- Portioning
- · Chilling

4. Cooking methods:

- Poaching/boiling
- Stewing
- Baking
- Combination cooking
- Steaming
- Braising
- · Bain-marie
- Frying

5. Finishing methods

- Filling
- Glazing
- Piping
- Decorating

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS

Performance evidence should include:

- 1. At least three from dessert
- 2. At least five from preparation methods
- 3. At least two from cooking methods
- 4. At least one from finishing methods

The assessor must assess Performance Criteria 2-10 by direct observation.

For Performance Criteria 1 the assessor may assess through questioning and/or witness statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Pastry Chef/Baker	D1. HPA.Cl4.04

FPS2.1. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH A RANGE OF HOT SAUCES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for preparing, cooking and finishing hot sauces.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select materials and tools

- P1. Select the type and quantity of ingredients needed for the sauce
- P2. Check the ingredients to make sure they meet the quality standard required for the named sauce
- P3. Choose the correct tools and equipment and use correctly

E2. Prepare, cook and finish hot sauces

- P4. Prepare cook and finish the sauce to meet the correct requirements
- P5. Make sure the sauce has the correct flavour, colour, consistency
- P6. Ensure the sauce is of the correct quantity

E3. Present and store hot sauces

- P7. Present the sauce to meet requirements
- P8. Ensure the sauce is at the correct temperature for holding and serving
- P9. Safely store and cooked sauce not for immediate use

- K1. Explain how to select the correct quality, quantity of ingredients to meet the sauce requirements
- K2. List the quality points to look for in sauce ingredients
- K3. Explain what to do if there are problems with any of the ingredients
- K4. Describe the correct techniques, tools and equipment and the reasons for using them when carrying-out the following preparation, cooking and finishing methods: weighing/measuring, chopping, simmering, boiling, 'making a roux', passing/straining/blending, skimming, reducing, emulsifying, whisking, adding cream
- K5. Explain how to carry out the following methods according to sauce requirements: weighing/measuring, chopping, simmering, boiling, 'make roux', passing/straining/blending, reducing, emulsifying, skimming, whisking, adding cream

- K6. Describe why it is important to use the correct tools, equipment and techniques
- K7. State the correct temperatures for cooking sauces
- K8. Explain how to identify when sauces have the correct colour, flavour consistency and will produce the correct quantity
- K9. Explain how to balance the flavour, texture, colour, consistency and quantity of sauces
- K10. Explain how to adjust the taste and flavour of sauces, gravies
- K11. Explain how to present cooked sauces
- K12. State correct temperatures for holding and storing sauces

1. Preparation methods/techniques:

- · Weighing/measuring
- Chopping
- Simmering
- Boiling
- · Making a "Roux"
- · Passing/straining/blending
- Skimming
- Whisking
- Emulsifying
- Adding cream
- Holding/storage

2. Types of sauces:

- "Roux" based derivatives of béchamel/veloute/ demi-glace
- Emulsified Hollandaise and derivatives
- Butter thickened beurre blanc/monte au beurre
- · Deeping sauce Sweet and sour sauce

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Performance evidence should include:

- 1. At least six from preparation, cooking and finishing methods
- 2. At least four of the following sauces:
 - · White sauce (Béchamel) one derivative
 - Brown sauce (Espagnole) to demi-glace and one derivative
 - Veloute sauce
 - · Hollandaise sauce one derivative

Knowledge should be assessed through written or oral questioning or witness statements.

ASSESSMENT METHODS

The assessor must assess performance by directly observing the learners work.

Where there is no naturally occurring evidence the assessor may assess the learner through questioning and/or witness statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Sauce Chef/Chef	D1.HCC.CL2.17

FPS2.2. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE. COOK AND FINISH A RANGE OF SOUPS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for preparing, cooking and finishing a range of soups.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select materials and tools

- P1. Select the type and quantity of ingredients needed for the required soup
- P2. Check the ingredients to make sure they meet the quality standard required for the named soup
- P3. Choose the correct tools and equipment and use correctly

E2. Prepare, cook and finish soups

- P4. Prepare cook and finish the soup to meet the correct requirements
- P5. Make sure the soup has the correct flavour, colour, consistency
- P6. Ensure the sauce is of the correct quantity

E3. Present and Store soups

- P7. Present the soup to meet requirements
- P8. Ensure the sauce is at the correct temperature for holding and serving
- P9. Safely and hygienically store any cooked sauce not for immediate use

- K1. Explain how to select the correct quality, quantity of ingredients to meet the soup requirements
- K2. List the quality points to look for in soup ingredients
- K3. State what to do if there are problems with any of the ingredients
- K4. Describe the correct techniques, tools and equipment and the reasons for using them when carrying-out the following preparation, cooking and finishing methods: weighing/ measuring, chopping, simmering, boiling, 'making a roux', passing/straining/blending, skimming, reducing, clarifying, whisking, adding cream, adding liaison, chilling
- K5. Explain how to carry out the following methods for cooking and finishing according to soup requirements: weighing/measuring, chopping, simmering, boiling, 'making a roux', passing/ straining/blending, skimming, reducing, clarifying, whisking, adding cream, adding liaison, chilling

- K6. Describe why it is important to use the correct tools, equipment and techniques
- K7. State the correct temperatures for cooking soups
- K8. Explain how to identify when soups have the correct colour, flavour consistency and will produce the correct quantity
- K9. Explain how to balance the flavour, texture, colour, consistency and quantity of soups
- K10. Explain how to adjust the taste and flavour of soups
- K11. Explain how to present cooked and finished soups
- K12. State the correct temperatures for holding and storing soup
- K13. Explain how to safely and hygienically store finished soups

1. Preparation methods/techniques:

- Weighing/measuring
- · Chopping
- Simmering
- · Boiling
- · Making a "Roux"
- · Passing/straining/blending
- Skimming
- Whisking
- Clarifying
- Adding liaison
- · Adding cream
- Chilling
- Holding/storage

2. Types of soups:

- · Consommé
- Bisque
- Veloute
- Chowder
- Cold soups

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Performance evidence should include:

- 1. At least seven from preparation, cooking and finishing methods
- 2. At least two of the following soup types:
 - Consomme
 - Veloute
 - Bisque
 - Cold

Knowledge should be assessed through written or oral questioning or witness statements.

ASSESSMENT METHODS

The assessor must assess performance by directly observing the learners work.

Where there is no naturally occurring evidence the assessor may assess the learner through questioning and/or witness statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Soup Chef/Chef	D1.HCC.Cl2.16

FPS2.3. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE FISH FOR A RANGE OF DISHES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for preparing of fish for a range of dishes

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select fish and tools

- P1. Select the type and quantity of fish to meet the dish requirements
- P2. Check the quality points of the fish to ensure it meets the accepted standard
- P3. Choose the correct tools and equipment for preparation method required

E2. Prepare fish and store

- P4. Correctly use the tools and equipment for each task
- P5. Prepare the fish to meet the requirements of the dish
- P6. Store the prepared fish safely and hygienically for later use

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. State the approximate yields of prepared fish
- K2. Explain how to control portions to minimise waste
- K3. List the suitable cuts for each type of fish
- K4. State the nutritional values of each type of fish
- K5. Explain the preparation methods for a range of fish dishes
- K6. Explain how to select the correct type, quality, quantity of fish to meet dish requirements
- K7. List the quality points to look for in fresh fish: flat, round, oily, exotic

- K8. Explain what to do if there are problems with the fish or other ingredients
- K9. Describe the correct tools and equipment are and the reasons for using them when carrying out the following preparation methods: gutting, filleting, cutting (darne, troncon, goujons, plait, supreme, paupiette, delice), cold smoking, trimming, skinning, portioning, marinating, coating, topping, covering and en papillote
- K10. Explain how to carry out the following preparation methods correctly: gutting, filleting, cutting (darne, troncon, goujons, plait, supreme, paupiette, delice), cold smoking, trimming, skinning, portioning, marinating, coating, topping, covering and en papillote
- K11. Explain how to safely and hygienically store prepared fish for use

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Types of fish (Sea/Freshwater):

- · White fish round
- · White fish flat
- · Oily fish

- Gutting
- Filleting (removing of pin bones/rib bones/ spine)
- Cutting darne/troncon/supreme/paupiette/ delice/plait/goujons
- · Cold smoking
- Trimming
- Skinning
- Portioning
- Marinating
- Coating
- Topping (e. g. herb crust)
- Covering (e. g. en croute)
- · En Papillote

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Performance evidence should include:

- 1. At least three from types of fish
- 2. At least seven from preparation methods that must include cutting

The assessor must assess performance by directly observing the learners work.

Where there is no naturally occurring evidence the assessor may assess the learner through questioning and/or witness statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Fish Cook/Chef	D1.HCC.CL2.10

FPS2.4. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE SHELLFISH FOR A RANGE OF DISHES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for preparing of shellfish for a range of dishes

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select shellfish and tools

- P1. Select the type and quantity of shellfish to meet the dish requirements
- P2. Check the quality points of the shellfish to ensure it meets the accepted standard
- P3. Choose the correct tools and equipment for preparation method required

E2. Prepare and store shellfish

- P4. Use the tools and equipment for each task correctly and safely
- P5. Prepare the shellfish to meet the requirements of the dish
- P6. Store the prepared shellfish safely and hygienically for later use

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. State the approximate yields of prepared shellfish
- K2. Explain how to control portions to minimise waste
- K3. Explain how to select the correct type, quality, quantity of shellfish to meet dish requirements
- K4. List the quality points to look for in fresh shellfish: oysters, crabs, prawns, shrimps, langoustines, lobster, crawfish, scampi, mussels, scallops, clams, cockles
- K5. Explain how to detect live shellfish
- K6. Describe what to do if there are problems with the shellfish or other ingredients
- K7. Describe the correct tools and equipment are and the reasons for using them when carrying out the following preparation methods: trimming, shelling, opening, cleaning, splitting, coating, washing, marinating, skewering, cutting and storage
- K8. Explain how to carry out the following preparation methods correctly: trimming, shelling, opening, cleaning, splitting, coating, washing, marinating, skewering, cutting and storage
- K9. Describe the most suitable methods of preparation and cooking for each type of shellfish
- K10. Explain how to safely and hygienically store prepared shellfish for use

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Types of shellfish:

- Oysters
- · Crabs/river crab
- Prawns/shrimps
- Langoustines
- Lobsters
- Cravfish
- Scampi/Dublin bay prawns
- Mussels
- Scallops
- · Cockles/clams
- Snail

- Trimming
- Shelling
- · Opening
- Cleaning
- Splitting
- CoatingWashing
- Marinating
- Skewering
- Cutting
- Slicing

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Performance evidence should include: 1. At least six from types of shellfish 2. At least seven from preparation methods	The assessor must assess performance by directly observing the learners work. Where there is no naturally occurring evidence the assessor may assess the learner through questioning and/or witness statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Fish Cook/Chef	D1.HCC.CL2.10

FPS2.5. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE MEAT FOR A RANGE OF DISHES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for preparing of meat for a range of dishes

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select meat and tools

- P1. Select the type cut and quantity of meat to meet the dish requirements
- P2. Check the quality points of the meat to ensure it meets the accepted standard
- P3. Choose the correct tools and equipment for preparation method required

E2. Prepare meat and store

- P4. Use the tools and equipment correctly for each task
- P5. Prepare the meat to meet the requirements of the dish
- P6. Store the prepared meat safely and hygienically for later use

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. State the approximate yields of prepared meat and how to make use of by-products
- K2. Explain how to control portions to minimise waste
- K3. State the nutritional value of meat
- K4. Describe the main characteristics of the main types of meat dishes
- K5. Explain how to select the correct type, cut, quality, quantity of meat to meet dish requirements
- K6. List the quality points to look for in fresh meat: red/white meat
- K7. Explain what to do if there are problems with the meat or other ingredients
- K8. Describe the correct tools and equipment are and the reasons for using them when carrying out the following preparation methods: boning, trimming, rolling, tenderising, chining, tying, larding/barding, portioning by weight, portioning for dish, slicing, mincing, seasoning/marinading
- K9. Explain how to carry out the following preparation methods correctly: boning, trimming, rolling, tenderising, chining, tying, larding/barding, portioning by weight, portioning for dish, slicing, mincing, seasoning/ marinading
- K10. State the most suitable methods of preparation and cooking for various types of meat
- K11. Explain how to safely and hygienically store prepared meat for use

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Types of meats:

- · Red meat beef/lamb
- White meat pork/veal

- Boning
- · Trimming
- Rolling
- Tenderising
- · Chining
- Tying
- · Larding/barding
- Portioning by weight
- Portioning for dish
- Slicing
- Mincing
- Seasoning/marinating

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Performance evidence should include: 1. At least two from types of meat 2. At least six from preparation methods	The assessor must assess performance by directly observing the learners work. Where there is no naturally occurring evidence the assessor may assess the learner through questioning and/or witness statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Commis Chef/Butcher/Chef	D1.HCC.CL2.03

FPS2.6. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE POULTRY FOR A RANGE OF DISHES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for preparing of poultry for a range of dishes

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select poultry and tools

- P1. Select the type and quantity of poultry to meet the dish requirements
- P2. Check the quality points of the poultry to ensure it meets the accepted standard
- P3. Choose the correct tools and equipment for preparation method required

E2. Prepare and store

- P4. Use the tools and equipment for each task correctly
- P5. Prepare the poultry to meet the requirements of the dish
- P6. Store the prepared poultry safely and hygienically for later use

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. State the approximate yields of prepared poultry and how to make use of by-products
- K2. Explain how to control portions to minimise waste
- K3. Describe the nutritional value of poultry
- K4. Identify the main characteristics of the main types of poultry dishes
- K5. Explain how to select the correct type, quality, quantity of poultry to meet dish requirements
- K6. List the quality points to look for in fresh poultry: duck, goose, chicken, turkey
- K7. Describe what to do if there are problems with the poultry or other ingredients
- K8. List the correct tools and equipment are and the reasons for using them when carrying out the following preparation methods: checking and preparing the cavity, boning, dissecting, cutting for sauté, raising the supreme's, skinning, trimming, blending, sieving, stuffing and filling, tying/trussing, seasoning/marinating
- K9. Explain how to carry out the following preparation methods correctly: checking and preparing the cavity, boning, dissecting, cutting for sauté, raising the supreme's, skinning, trimming, blending, sieving, stuffing and filling, tying/trussing, seasoning/marinating
- K10. State the most suitable methods of preparation and cooking for various types of poultry
- K11. Explain how to safely and hygienically store prepared poultry for use

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Types of poultry:

- Duck
- Goose
- · Chicken
- Turkey

- Checking/preparing the cavity
- Boning
- Dissecting
- · Cutting for sauté
- · Raising the supreme's
- Skinning
- Trimming
- Blending
- Sieving
- Stuffing/filling
- Tying/trussing
- Seasoning/marinating

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Performance evidence should include: 1. At least three from types of poultry 2. At least seven from preparation methods	The assessor must assess performance by directly observing the learners work. Where there is no naturally occurring evidence the assessor may assess the learner through questioning and/or witness statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Butcher/Chef	D1.HCC.CL2.09

FPS2.7. UNIT TITLE: COOK AND FINISH A RANGE FISH DISHES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for cooking and finishing of a range fish dishes.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select fish and tools

- P1. Select the type and quantity of fish need for the dish
- P2. Check the fish to make sure meets the dish requirements
- P3. Choose the correct tools and equipment to cook and finish the dish

E2. Prepare and cook fish dishes

- P4. Combine the fish with the other ingredients for the named dish
- P5. Cook the fish to meet the requirements of the dish
- P6. Ensure the named dish has the correct flavour, colour, consistency, quantity and quality of appearance

E3. Present and store fish dishes

- P7. Garnish and sauce correctly as required and present for service
- P8. Ensure the dish is held at the correct temperature for serving and holding
- P9. Store any cooked fish safely and hygienically if not for immediate use

- K1. Explain how to check that the fish meets the dish requirements
- K2. List the quality points to look for in fish: white fish (round), white fish (flat), oily and exotic fish
- K3. Describe what actions to take if there are problems with the fish or dish ingredients
- K4. Describe the correct tools, equipment, and explain reasons for using them to carry out the following cooking methods: frying (deep/shallow/dry), grilling, poaching (deep/shallow), baking, steaming, en papillote, en croute and combining cooking methods
- K5. Explain how to combine fish with other ingredients to create balanced fish dishes
- K6. Explain how to carry out the following cooking methods according to dish requirements: frying (deep/shallow/dry), grilling, poaching (deep/shallow), baking, steaming, en papillote encroute and combining cooking methods

- K7. State the correct temperatures for cooking fish: flat, round, oily; and why this is important
- K8. Identify the appropriate garnishes, dressings, sauces and glazes for a range of fish dishes
- K9. Explain how to minimise and correct common faults in cooking fish dishes
- K10. Explain how to adjust the flavour, colour and consistency in fish dishes
- K11. Explain how to correctly garnish, finish and present the dish for service
- K12. State the correct temperatures for serving and holding the dishes
- K13. Explain how to safely and hygienically store cooked fish dishes not required for use

1. Types of fish:

- · White fish round
- · White fish flat
- Oily fish
- Exotic

2. Examples of dishes (Western):

- · Fish en croute
- Dressed salmon
- · Salmon roulade
- Mousseline
- · Sole Bonne Femme

3. Examples of dishes (Vietnamese):

- Vietnamese sour fish soup
- Fish roll in sweet and sour sauce
- Stewed fish in clay pot
- · Grilled fish fillet "Chả cá" style

4. Cooking methods:

- Frying (deep/shallow/dry)
- Grilling
- En papillote
- Steaming
- En croute
- Poaching (deep/shallow)
- Baking
- Combining cooking methods
- · Boiling
- Stewing
- Frying

5. Finishing methods:

- Garnishing
- Saucing
- Presentation

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Performance evidence should include: 1. At least three from fish	The assessor must assess performance by directly observing the learners work.
2. At least five from cooking methods3. All from finishing methods	Where there is no naturally occurring evidence the assessor may assess the learner through questioning and/or witness statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Butcher/Chef	D1.HCC.CL2.10

FPS2.8. UNIT TITLE: COOK AND FINISH A RANGE SHELLFISH DISHES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for cooking and finishing of a range shellfish dishes.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select shellfish and tools

- P1. Select the type and quantity of shellfish need for the dish
- P2. Check the shellfish to make sure meets the dish requirements
- P3. Choose the correct tools and equipment to cook and finish the dish

E2. Prepare and cook shellfish dishes

- P4. Combine the shellfish with the other ingredients for the named dish
- P5. Cook the shellfish to meet the requirements of the dish
- P6. Ensure the named dish has the correct flavour, colour, consistency, quantity and quality of appearance

E3. Present and store shellfish dishes

- P7. Garnish, dress and sauce correctly as required and present for service
- P8. Ensure the dish is held at the correct temperature for serving and holding
- P9. Store any cooked shellfish safely and hygienically if not for immediate use

- K1. Explain how to check that the shellfish meets the dish requirements
- K2. List the quality points to look for in shellfish: oysters, crabs, prawn/shrimps, langoustines, lobster/crawfish, crayfish, scampi/Dublin bay prawns, mussels, scallops, cockles/clams
- K3. List the actions to take if there are problems with the shellfish or dish ingredients
- K4. Describe the correct tools, equipment, and explain the reasons for using them to carry out the following cooking methods: frying (deep/shallow), grilling, boiling, steaming, sautéing, en papillote, combined cooking methods
- K5. Explain how to combine shellfish with other ingredients to create balanced shellfish dishes
- K6. Explain how to carry out the following cooking methods according to dish requirements: frying (deep/shallow), grilling, boiling, steaming, sautéing, en papillote, combined cooking methods

- K7. State the correct temperatures for cooking shellfish: oysters, crabs, prawn/shrimps, langoustines, lobster/crawfish, crayfish, scampi/ Dublin bay prawns, mussels, scallops, cockles/ clams, and why this is important
- K8. Identify the appropriate garnishes, dressings, sauces and glazes for a range of shellfish dishes
- K9. Explain how to minimise and correct common faults in cooking shellfish dishes
- K10. Explain how to adjust the flavour, colour and consistency in shellfish dishes
- K11. Explain how to correctly garnish, finish and present the dish for service
- K12. State the correct temperatures for serving and holding the dishes
- K13. Explain how to safely and hygienically store cooked shellfish dishes not required for use

1. Types of shellfish:

- Oysters
- Crabs
- · Prawns/shrimps
- Langoustines
- Lobster/crawfish
- Crayfish
- Scampi/Dublin Bay prawns
- Mussels
- Scallops
- · Cockles/Clams

2. Examples of dishes (Western):

- Dressed crab
- · Lobster Thermidor
- · Shellfish soufflé
- · Deep-fried scampi

3. Examples of dishes (Vietnamese):

- Deep fried shrimp
- Shrimp ball
- · Crab in garlic and pepper
- Crispy soft shell crabs
- · Chilli lobster with lemon grass

4. Cooking methods:

- Frying (deep/shallow/dry)
- Grilling
- Steaming
- Sautéing
- Baking
- En papillote
- Stewing
- · Combining cooking methods

5. Finishing methods:

- Dressing
- Garnishing
- Saucing
- Presentation

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Performance evidence should include: 1. At least five from shellfish	The assessor must assess performance criteria 3-9 by direct observation.
2. At least five from cooking methods3. All from finishing methods	For other performance criteria the assessor may use questioning and/or witness statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Fish Chef/Chef	D1.HCC.CL2.10

FPS2.9. UNIT TITLE: COOK AND FINISH A RANGE OF MEAT DISHES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for cooking and finishing of a range meat dishes.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select meat and tools

- P1. Select the type, cut and quantity of meat needed for the dish
- P2. Check the meat to make sure it meets the dish requirements
- P3. Choose the correct tools and equipment to cook and finish the dish

E2. Prepare and cook meat dishes

- P4. Combine the meat with the other ingredients for the named dish
- P5. Cook the meat to meet the requirements of the dish
- P6. Ensure the named dish has the correct flavour, colour, consistency, quantity and quality of appearance

E3. Present and store meat dishes

- P7. Garnish and sauce correctly as required and present for service
- P8. Ensure the dish is held at the correct temperature for serving and holding
- P9. Store any cooked meat safely and hygienically if not for immediate use

- K1. Explain how to select the correct type, quality and quantity for the dish requirements
- K2. List the quality points to look for in meat: Red/ White meats
- K3. List the actions to take if there are problems with the meat or dish ingredients
- K4. Describe the correct tools, equipment, and explain the reasons for using them to carry out the following cooking methods: grilling (over/under heat), frying (deep/shallow/stir), boiling, braising, steaming, stewing, roasting, pot-roasting (poele), and combining cooking methods
- K5. State the correct temperatures for red/white meat using all the cooking methods listed
- K6. Explain how to check that the meat is cooked correctly

- K7. Explain how to carry out the following cooking methods according to dish requirements: grilling (over/under heat), frying (deep/ shallow/stir), boiling, braising, steaming, stewing, roasting, pot-roasting (poele), and combining cooking methods
- K8. Describe the appropriate garnishes, dressings, sauces and glazes for a range of meat dishes
- K9. Explain how to minimise and correct common faults in cooking meat dishes
- K10. Explain how to adjust the flavour, colour and consistency in meat dishes
- K11. Explain how to correctly garnish, sauce, finish and present the dish for service
- K12. State the correct temperatures for serving and holding the dishes
- K13. Explain how to safely and hygienically store cooked meat dishes not required for use

1. Types of meats:

- Red meats beef/lamb
- · White meats pork/veal

2. Examples of dishes (Western):

- · Braised lamb shank
- Beef/lamb stew
- · Osso bucco
- · Roast rib of beef

3. Examples of dishes (Vietnamese):

- · Braised beef in black pepper sauce
- Stewed beef in curry sauce
- Stewed chicken in curry sauce
- Veal salad with lemon
- Grilled pork in lemongrass
- · Roast pork leg

4. Cooking methods:

- Frying (deep/shallow/stir)
- Grilling
- Steaming
- En croute
- Braising
- Roasting
- Pot roasting (poele)
- Boiling
- Stewing
- Mixing
- Combining cooking methods

5. Finishing methods:

- Garnishing
- Saucing
- Presentation

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Performance evidence should include: 1. At least two from meat 2. At least five from cooking methods 3. All from finishing methods	The assessor must assess performance criteria by direct observation. For knowledge, the assessor may use questioning and/or witness statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Roast/Grill/Sauce Chef/Chef	D1.HCC.CL2.09

FPS2.10. UNIT TITLE: COOK AND FINISH A RANGE OF POULTRY DISHES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for cooking and finishing a range of poultry dishes.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select poultry and tools

- P1. Select the type and quantity of poultry needed for the dish.
- P2. Check the poultry for quality and to make sure it meets the dish requirements.
- P3. Choose the correct tools and equipment to cook and finish the dish.

E2. Prepare and cook poultry dishes

- P4. Combine the poultry with the other ingredients for the named dish.
- P5. Cook the poultry to meet the requirements of the dish.
- P6. Ensure the named dish has the correct flavour, colour, consistency, quantity and quality of appearance.

E3. Present and store poultry dishes

- P7. Garnish and sauce correctly as required and present for service
- P8. Ensure the dish is held at the correct temperature for serving and holding.
- P9. Store any cooked poultry safely and hygienically if not for immediate use.

- K1. Explain how to select the correct type, quality and quantity for the dish requirements
- K2. List the quality points to look for in poultry: duck, goose, chicken, turkey
- K3. List the actions to take if there are problems with the poultry or dish ingredients
- K4. Describe the correct tools, equipment, and explain the reasons for using them to carry out the following cooking methods: grilling (over/ under heat), frying (deep/shallow/stir), boiling, poaching, en papillote, braising, steaming, stewing, roasting, pot-roasting (poele), and combining cooking methods
- K5. State the correct temperatures for poultry using all the cooking methods listed
- K6. Explain how to check that the poultry is cooked correctly

- K7. Explain how to carry out the following cooking methods according to dish requirements: grilling (over/under heat), frying (deep/shallow/ stir), boiling, braising, steaming, poaching, en papilllote, stewing, roasting, pot-roasting (poele), and combining cooking methods
- K8. List the appropriate garnishes, dressings, sauces and glazes for a range of poultry dishes
- K9. Explain how to minimise and correct common faults in cooking poultry dishes
- K10. Explain how to adjust the flavour, colour and consistency in poultry dishes
- K11. Explain how to correctly garnish, sauce, finishes and presents the dish for service
- K12. State the correct temperatures for serving and holding the dishes
- K13. Explain how to safely and hygienically store cooked dishes not required for use

1. Types of Poultry:

- Duck
- Goose
- Chicken
- Turkey
- · Quail

2. Examples of dishes (Western):

- Ballotine
- Poeled chicken
- Supeme of chicken (various garnishes)
- Saute of chicken
- Chicken spatchcock

3. Examples of dishes (Vietnamese):

- Roast whole duck
- · Roasted quail
- Grilled chicken leg with chilli and lemon
- Fried chicken wings

4. Cooking methods:

- Frying (deep/shallow/stir)
- Sautéing
- Grilling
- Steaming
- Roasting
- · Pot roasting (poele)
- Boiling
- Poaching
- Frying
- En papillote
- · Combining cooking methods

5. Finishing methods:

- Garnishing
- Saucing
- Presentation

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Performance evidence should include: 1. At least three from poultry	The assessor must assess all performance criteria by direct observation.
2. At least five from cooking methods3. All from finishing methods	For knowledge assessment, the assessor may use questioning and/or witness statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Chef	D1.HCC.CL2.09

FPS2.11. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH A RANGE OF FRESH PASTA DISHES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for preparing, cooking and finishing a range of fresh pasta dishes.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select materials and tools

- P1. Select the type and quantity of pasta ingredients needed for the required dish
- P2. Check the ingredients to make sure they meet the quality standard required for the named pasta dish
- P3. Choose the correct tools and equipment and use correctly

E2. Prepare, cook and finish

- P4. Prepare the fresh pasta ingredients to meet the dish requirements
- P5. Cook and finish the pasta dish to meet the correct requirements
- P6. Make sure the pasta dish has the correct flavour, colour, consistency
- P7. Ensure the pasta is of the correct quantity

E3. Present and Store fresh pasta dishes

- P8. Present the pasta dish for service to meet requirements
- P9. Ensure the pasta dish is at the correct temperature for holding and serving
- P10. Store any cooked pasta safely and hygienically if not for immediate use

- K1. Explain how to select the correct quality, quantity of ingredients for the named pasta dish
- K2. List the quality points to look for in pasta ingredients
- K3. What to do if there are problems with any of the ingredients
- K4. Describe the correct techniques, tools and equipment and explain the reasons for using them when carrying-out the following preparation, cooking and finishing methods: weighing/measuring, sieving, mixing, pulling/kneading, resting, rolling, shaping, portioning, boiling, refreshing, re-heating, combining cooking methods
- K5. Explain how to carry out the following methods for cooking and finishing according to soup requirements: weighing/measuring, sieving, mixing, pulling/kneading, resting, rolling, shaping, portioning, boiling, refreshing, re-heating, combining cooking methods

- K6. Describe why it is important to use the correct tools, equipment and techniques
- K7. Explain how to identify when freshly made pasta has the correct qualities
- K8. Explain how to combine pasta and other ingredients to make specific dishes
- K9. Explain how to identify when pasta has the correct colour, flavour consistency and will produce the correct quantity
- K10. Explain how to balance the flavour, taste, texture, colour, consistency and quantity of pasta dishes
- K11. Explain how to present cooked and finished pasta
- K12. State the correct temperatures for holding and serving pasta dishes
- K13. Explain how to safely and hygienically store cooked pasta not required for immediate use

1. Preparation methods/techniques:

- Weighing/measuring
- Sieving
- Mixing
- · Pulling/kneading
- Resting
- Rolling
- Shaping
- Portioning
- Boiling
- · Re-heating
- Combining cooking methods
- Holding
- Storage

2. Types of pasta:

- Fresh
- · Dry
- · Filled

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Performance evidence should include:

- 1. At least seven from preparation, cooking methods.
- 2. At least three of the following pasta types:
 - Fresh tagliatelle/noodles
 - Filled ravioli/tortellini

ASSESSMENT METHODS

The assessor must assess performance criteria 1-8 by directly observing the learners work.

For other performance criteria where there is no naturally occurring evidence the assessor may assess the learner through questioning of witness statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Chef	D1.HCC CL2.18

FPS2.12. UNIT TITLE: COOK AND FINISH A RANGE OF VEGETABLE DISHES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for cooking and finishing of a range of vegetable dishes.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select vegetables and tools

- P1. Select the type and quantity of vegetables needed for the dish
- P2. Check the selected vegetables to make sure they meet the dish requirements
- P3. Choose the correct tools and equipment to cook and finish the dish

E2. Cook and finish vegetable dishes

- P4. Combine the vegetables with the other ingredients for the named dish
- P5. Cook the vegetables and other ingredients to meet the requirements of the dish
- P6. Ensure the named dish has the correct flavour, colour, consistency, quantity and quality of appearance

E3. Present and Store vegetable dishes

- P7. Garnish and finish correctly as required and present for service
- P8. Ensure the dish is held at the correct temperature for serving and holding
- P9. Store any cooked vegetables safely and hygienically if not for immediate use

- K1. Explain how to select the correct vegetable type, quality and quantity for the dish requirements
- K2. List the quality points to look for in vegetables: roots, bulbs, flower heads, exotic fungi, pods, leaves, tubers, stems, vegetable fruits, exotic vegetables (truffles/Okra)
- K3. List the actions to take if there are problems with the vegetable or dish ingredients
- K4. Describe the correct tools, equipment, and explain the reasons for using them to carry out the following cooking methods: blanching, boiling, roasting, baking, grilling, braising, stewing, steaming, frying (deep/shallow/stir) and combined cooking methods
- K5. Explain how to combine vegetables and other ingredients to create balanced vegetable dishes

- K6. State the correct temperatures for cooking different varieties of vegetables
- K7. Explain how to carry out the following cooking methods according to dish requirements: blanching, boiling, roasting, baking, grilling, braising, stewing, steaming, frying (deep/shallow/stir) and combined cooking methods
- K8. Explain how to minimise and correct common faults in cooking vegetable dishes
- K9. Explain how to adjust the flavour, colour and consistency in vegetable dishes
- K10. Explain how to correctly garnish, sauce, finish and present the dish for service
- K11. State the correct temperatures for serving and holding the dishes
- K12. Explain how to safely and hygienically store cooked vegetable dishes not required for use

1. Vegetables:

- Roots
- Bulbs
- Flower heads
- Seeds
- Pods
- Tubers
- Leaves
- Stems
- Vegetable fruits
- Exotic vegetables

2. Examples of dishes (Western):

- Ratatouille
- Rosti/gallette potatoes
- Vegetable terrine
- · Cabbage farcie

3. Examples of dishes (Vietnamese):

- Stuffed tomato tofu
- Steamed Vietnamese dumpling with vegetables
- · Mixed vegetables with oyster sauce
- · Braised mix vegetables
- · Vegetables curry

4. Cooking methods:

- Frying (deep/shallow/stir)
- Blanching
- Boiling
- Steaming
- Stewing
- Baking
- Roasting
- Braising
- Grilling
- Combining cooking methods

5. Finishing methods:

- Garnishing
- Saucing
- Presentation

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Performance evidence should include: 1. At least eight from vegetables	The assessor must assess performance criteria by direct observation.
2. At least seven from cooking methods3. All from finishing methods	Knowledge can be assessed using questioning and/ or witness statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Vegetable Chef/Chef	D1.HCC.CL2.18

FPS2.13. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE. COOK AND FINISH DRESSINGS AND COLD SAUCES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for preparing, cooking and finishing a range of dressings and cold sauces.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select materials and tools

- P1. Select the type and quantity of ingredients needed for the required sauce
- P2. Check the ingredients to make sure they meet the quality standard required for the named sauce
- P3. Choose the correct tools and equipment and use correctly

E2. Prepare, cook and finish dressings and cold sauces

- P4. Prepare cook and finish the sauce/dressing to meet the correct requirements
- P5. Ensure the sauce/dressing is of the correct flavour, colour and consistency
- P6. Ensure the sauce is of the correct quantity

E3. Present and store dressings and cold sauces

- P7. Present the sauce to meet requirements
- P8. Ensure the sauce/dressing is at the correct temperature for holding and serving
- P9. Store any prepared dressing/sauce safely and hygienically if not for immediate use

- K1. Explain how to select the correct quality, quantity of ingredients to meet the sauce/ dressing requirements
- K2. List the quality points to look for in sauce/ dressing ingredients
- K3. Explain to do if there are problems with any of the ingredients
- K4. Describe the correct techniques, tools and equipment and the reasons for using them when carrying-out the following preparation, cooking and finishing methods: weighing/measuring, chopping, simmering, boiling, 'making a roux', passing/straining/ blending, skimming, reducing, clarifying, whisking, adding cream, chilling
- K5. Explain how to carry out the following methods for cooking and finishing according to soup requirements: weighing/measuring, chopping, simmering, boiling, 'making a roux', passing/ straining/blending, skimming, reducing, clarifying, whisking, adding cream, chilling

- K6. Describe why it is important to use the correct tools, equipment and techniques
- K7. State the correct temperatures for cooking sauces/dressing
- K8. Explain how to identify when sauces/dressings have the correct colour, flavour consistency and will produce the correct quantity
- K9. Explain how to balance the flavour, texture, colour, consistency and quantity of sauces/ dressings
- K10. Explain how to adjust the taste and flavour of cold sauces/dressings
- K11. Explain how to present prepared cooked and finished cold sauces/dressings
- K12. State the correct temperatures for holding and storing dressings and cold
- K13. Explain how to safely and hygienically store finished dressings and cold sauces

1. Preparation and cooking methods:

- Weighing/measuring
- · Chopping
- Simmering
- Boiling
- · Making a "Roux"
- · Passing/straining/blending
- Skimming
- Whisking
- Clarifying
- Blanching
- Emulsifying
- · Processing -liquidising/blending
- Adding cream
- Chilling
- · Holding/storage

2. Types of sauces (Western):

- Mayonnaise derivatives tartare/marie-rose
- · Cumberland
- · Oil based dressing
- Coulis
- English horseradish
- Fruit sauces
- · Sour cream/yoghurt based

3. Types of sauces (Vietnamese):

- Fish sauce Deeping sauce
- · Sweet and sour dressing
- · Garlic ginger sauce
- · Ginger bean sauce
- · Peanut sauce Nước lèo

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Performance evidence should include:

- 1. At least seven from preparation, cooking and finishing methods.
- 2. At least five from the following sauces/ dressings types
 - · Derivatives of mayonnaise
 - Coulis
 - · Oil based dressing
 - · Sour cream/yoghurt based

ASSESSMENT METHODS

The assessor must assess performance criteria 1-5 by directly observing the learners work.

For other performance criteria where there is no naturally occurring evidence the assessor may assess the learner through questioning of witness statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Larder Chef/Chef	D1.HCC.CL.14

FPS2.14. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH HEALTHIER DISHES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for preparing, cooking and finishing which use healthier ingredients, cooking and finishing techniques.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select materials and tools

- P1. Select the type and quantity of ingredients needed for the required healthier dishes
- P2. Check that the ingredients meet the dish requirements
- P3. Choose the correct tools and equipment and use correctly for healthier dishes

E2. Prepare and cook healthier dishes

- P4. Prepare the ingredients in a way that minimises fat, salt and sugar content and maximises fibre content
- P5. Cook the dish in a way that maximises its nutritional value
- P6. Minimise the use of salt or sugar in flavourings

E3. Present healthier dishes

- P7. Present the dish in a way that will be attractive to the customer
- P8. Allow the customer to choose what sauces, dressings, toppings or condiments to accompany the dish

- K1. Explain the concept of a balanced diet and why this is important to good health
- K2. List the types and combinations of ingredients that make up a healthy dish
- K3. Describe the nutritional benefits of minimising the salt, fat and sugar content of dishes
- K4. Describe the nutritional benefits of starchy foods, fruit, vegetables and pulses
- K5. Explain how to read and interpret food labelling
- K6. Identify the techniques that can be used to prepare ingredients in a healthier way

- K7. Identify the techniques you can use to cook dishes in a way that maximises its nutritional value.
- K8. Identify healthier flavourings that can be used as alternatives to salt and sugar
- K9. Describe why it is important to provide the customer with their choice of sauces, dressings, toppings and condiments
- K10. Identify healthier types of sauces, dressings, toppings and condiments that the customer may use as an alternative

1. Types of food:

- Fish
- Meat/poultry
- Vegetables/fruit
- Eggs
- · Pasta/rice/grain
- Soups/sauces
- Pastry
- Bread/dough
- Sponges/cakes/biscuits/scones
- Lasagne

2. Cooking methods:

- Blanching
- · Boiling
- Steaming
- Stewing
- Baking
- Roasting
- Braising
- Grilling
- · Combining cooking methods

3. Finishing methods

- Garnishing
- Saucing
- Presentation

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Performance evidence should include: 1. At least four from the types of food	The assessor must assess performance criteria 1- 6 by direct observation.
2. At least seven from cooking methods.3. All from finishing methods.	For performance criteria 7 - 8 the assessor may assess through questioning and/or witness statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Chef	N/A

FPS2.15. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH PASTRY PRODUCTS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for preparing, cooking and finishing a range of pastry products.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select materials and tools

- P1. Select the type and quantity ingredients needed for the required product
- P2. Check the ingredients to make sure they meet the quality standards
- P3. Choose the correct tools and equipment and use correctly

E2. Prepare, cook and finish

- P4. Prepare and cook the ingredients to meet the product requirements
- P5. Ensure the product has the correct flavour, colour, texture and finish

E3. Present and store pastry products

- P6. Present the pastry product for service to meet requirements
- P7. Ensure the pastry product is at the correct temperature for holding and serving
- P8. Store any cooked pastry product safely and hygienically if not for immediate use

- K1. Explain how to correctly store raw ingredients before preparation and cooking
- K2. Explain how to select the correct quality, quantity of ingredients for the named product
- K3. Describe what to do if there are problems with any of the ingredients
- K4. Describe the correct techniques, tools and equipment and the reasons for using them when carrying-out the necessary preparation and cooking methods
- K5. Explain how to carry out the following methods for cooking and finishing according to product recipe requirements
- K6. Describe why it is important to use the correct tools, equipment and techniques

- K7. State the correct temperature for cooking each type of product required
- K8. Explain how to identify when the pastry products have the correct colour, flavour, texture and quality required
- K9. Explain how to minimise and correct common faults with pastry products
- K10. Explain how the use of different ingredients can affect the flavour of pastry
- K11. Explain how to control and minimise waste
- K12. State the ideal holding/storage requirements for pastry products for service
- K13. Explain how to safely and hygienically store pastry products not required for immediate use

1. Types of paste:

- Short
- · Sweet
- Suet
- · Choux
- Strudel
- Puff
- Hot-water

2. Preparation finishing methods/techniques:

- · Weighing/measuring
- · Sieving/sifting
- · Creaming/beating
- · Rubbing-in
- Kneading
- Resting
- Chilling
- Piping
- Laminating
- Aerating
- Rolling
- Folding
- · Cutting/trimming
- · Lining/moulding
- Baking
- Steaming
- Glazing
- Coating
- · Spreading/smoothing
- Dusting/dredging/sprinkling
- Slicing
- Filling
- Portioning
- Combining cooking methods

3. Types of pastry products (Western):

- · Apple strudel
- Fruit tarts
- Barquettes
- · Shortbread
- · Paris brest
- Custard tarts
- · Mille-feuille

4. Types of pastry products (Vietnamese):

- · Green rice flake cake (bánh cốm)
- Yellow-coloured wedding pastry (bánh xu xê)
- Sticky rice cake (bánh dẻo)

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Performance evidence should include:

- 1. At least four from pastry type
- 2. At least twelve from preparation, cooking/ finishing methods

ASSESSMENT METHODS

The assessor must assess performance criteria 1-5 by directly observing the learners work.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Pastry Chef/Chef	D1.HPA.CL4.08

FPS2.16. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH A RANGE OF BREAD AND DOUGH PRODUCTS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for preparing, cooking and finishing a range of bread and dough products.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select materials and tools

- P1. Select the type and quantity ingredients needed for the required dish
- P2. Check the ingredients to make sure they meet the quality standards
- P3. Choose the correct tools and equipment and use correctly

E2. Prepare, cook and finish bread and dough products.

- P4. Prepare and cook the ingredients to meet the product requirements
- P5. Ensure the bread and dough product has the correct colour, texture and finish

E3. Present and store products

- P6. Present the bread and dough product for service to meet requirements
- P7. Ensure the bread and dough product is at the correct temperature for holding and serving
- P8. Store any cooked bread and dough safely and hygienically if not for immediate use

- K1. Explain how to select the correct quality, quantity of ingredients for the named bread/dough product
- K2. Explain what to do if there are problems with any of the ingredients
- K3. Describe the correct techniques, tools and equipment and the reasons for using them when carrying-out the following preparation, cooking and finishing methods: weighing/measuring, sieving, mixing, pulling/kneading, resting, rolling, proving, knocking-back, portioning, shaping, folding, laminating, baking, glazing
- K4. Explain how to carry out the following methods for cooking and finishing according to product requirements: weighing/measuring, sieving, mixing, pulling/kneading, resting, rolling, proving, knocking-back, portioning, shaping, folding, laminating, baking, glazing
- K5. Describe why it is important to use the correct tools, equipment and techniques

- K6. State the quality points relating to fermented dough products
- K7. Explain how to control portions and minimise waste
- K8. Describe the effects of various temperatures and humidity on the ingredients used
- K9. State the holding/storage requirements and ideal conditions for processed dough products
- K10. List the processing methods appropriate to each type of fermented dough product
- K11. State the quality points relating to finished bread and dough products
- K12. State the correct temperatures for holding and serving bread and dough products
- K13. Explain how to safely and hygienically store bread/dough not required for immediate use

1. Preparation methods/techniques:

- · Weighing/measuring
- Sieving
- Mixing
- Proving
- Knocking-back
- · Pulling/kneading
- Resting
- Laminating
- Rolling
- Shaping
- Portioning
- Baking
- Glazing
- · Combining cooking methods
- Holding/storage

2. Types of bread/dough products (Western):

- · Ciabatta
- Croissants
- · Pain aux chocolat
- · Danish pastries
- Focaccia

3. Types of bread/dough products (Vietnamese):

- Grid pie (Bánh nướng)
- · Deep fried crepe cake (Bánh gối)
- · Round sticky rice cake (Bánh dày)
- · Glutin rice doughnut (Bánh rán)
- Pyramidal rice dumpling (Bánh giò)

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Performance evidence should include:

- 1. At least nine from preparation, cooking methods
- 2. At least three dough products and two bread products:
 - Fresh tagliatelle/noodles
 - · Filled ravioli/tortellini

ASSESSMENT METHODS

The assessor must assess all performance criteria by directly observing the learners work.

Knowledge should be assessed through questioning of witness statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Pastry Chef/Baker/Chef	N/A

FPS2.17. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH CAKES, SPONGES, AND BISCUITS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for preparing, cooking and finishing a range of cakes, sponge's biscuits and scones.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select materials and tools

- P1. Select the type and quantity ingredients needed for the required product
- P2. Check the ingredients to make sure they meet the quality standards
- P3. Choose the correct tools and equipment and use correctly

E2. Prepare, cook and finish

- P4. Prepare and cook the ingredients to meet the product requirements
- P5. Ensure the product has the correct flavour, colour, texture and finish

E3. Present and store a range of cakes, sponges and biscuits

- P6. Present the product for service to meet requirements
- P7. Ensure the product is at the correct temperature for holding and serving
- P8. Store any cooked product safely and hygienically if not for immediate use

- K1. Explain how to select the correct quality, quantity of ingredients for the named product
- K2. Explain what to do if there are problems with any of the ingredients
- K3. Describe the correct techniques, tools and equipment and the reasons for using them when carrying-out the following preparation, cooking and finishing methods: weighing/measuring, sieving, mixing, whisking, folding-in, piping, flouring/greasing/sugaring, baking, soaking, coating, glazing
- K4. Explain how to carry out the following methods for cooking and finishing according to product requirements: weighing/measuring, sieving, mixing, whisking, creaming/beating, folding-in, piping, rubbing-in, flouring/greasing/sugaring, baking, soaking, coating, glazing
- K5. Describe why it is important to use the correct tools, equipment and techniques

- K6. Identify the effects of various preparations and aeration methods on various cake, sponge and biscuit products
- K7. List the preparation and cooking methods that are most appropriate for each type of product required
- K8. State the correct temperature for cooking each type of product required
- K9. Explain how to identify when the cake, sponge and biscuit product have the correct colour, flavour, texture and quality required
- K10. Explain how to minimise and correct common faults with cake, sponge and biscuit products
- K11. Explain how to control and minimise waste
- K12. State the ideal holding/storage requirements for cake, sponge and biscuit products
- K13. Explain how to safely and hygienically store cake, sponge and biscuit products not required for immediate use

1. Preparation finishing methods/techniques:

- · Weighing/measuring
- Sieving
- · Creaming/beating
- Whisking
- · Rubbing-in
- Flouring/greasing/sugaring
- Lining
- Baking
- Glazing
- Coating
- Spreading/smoothing
- Dusting/dredging/sprinkling
- Slicing
- Filling
- Portioning
- Combining cooking methods
- · Holding/storage

2. Types of bread/dough products (Western):

- Fruit cake
- Sable biscuits
- Chocolate torte
- Black Forest gateau
- Tuiles biscuits

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Performance evidence should include:

 At least twelve from preparation and finishing methods.

ASSESSMENT METHODS

The assessor must assess performance criteria 1-6 by directly observing the learners work.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Pastry Chef/Chef	D1.HPA.CL4.07

FPS2.18. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND PRODUCE SAUCES, FILLINGS AND COATINGS FOR A RANGE OF DESSERTS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for producing a range of sauces, fillings and coatings for a range of desserts.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select materials and tools

- P1. Select the type and quantity ingredients needed for the named sauces, fillings and coatings
- P2. Check the ingredients to make sure they meet the quality standards
- P3. Choose the correct tools and equipment and use correctly

E2. Prepare, cook and finish products

- P4. Prepare and process the ingredients to meet the requirements
- P5. Ensure the sauce, filling and coating has the correct flavour, colour, texture and finish
- P6. Finish the sauce, filling and coating to meet the requirements/specifications

E3. Present and store a range of sauces, fillings and coating

- P7. Ensure the sauce, filling or coating is at the correct temperature for holding and use
- P8. Store any sauce, filling or coating safely and hygienically if not for immediate use

- K1. Describe the quality points are relating to finished sauces, fillings and coatings
- K2. Explain how to select the correct quality, quantity of ingredients for the required sauce, filling or coating
- K3. Explain what to do if there are problems with any of the ingredients
- K4. Describe the correct techniques, tools and equipment and the reasons for using them when carrying-out the necessary preparations for sauces, fillings and coating for hot/cold desserts
- K5. Explain how to carry out the methods for preparation, cooking and finishing according to product recipe requirements

- K6. Describe why it is important to use the correct tools, equipment and techniques
- K7. State the correct temperature for cooking each type of product required
- K8. Explain how to identify when sauces, fillings or coatings have the correct colour, flavour, texture, consistency and quality required
- K9. Explain how to minimise and correct common faults when preparing, cooking and finishing sauces, fillings and coatings for cold/hot desserts
- K10. Explain how to control and minimise waste
- K11. State the ideal holding/storage requirements for sauces, fillings and coatings prior to use
- K12. Explain how to safely and hygienically store sauces, fillings and coatings not required for immediate use

1. Sauces fillings and coatings:

- Crème anglaise
- Sabayon
- Fruit coulis
- Ganache
- · Crème Chantilly
- Fruit glazes
- · Crème patisserie
- Syrups
- Butter cream
- Icing
- Fondant
- · Jams
- Preserves

2. Preparation and processing methods/ techniques:

- Mixing
- Whisking
- · Boiling
- Separating
- Creaming
- Reducing
- Liquidising
- Blending
- · Addition of colour/flavour
- · Emulsifying

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Performance evidence should include:

- 1. At least eight from preparation and processing methods.
- 2. At least ten from sauces, fillings and coatings.

ASSESSMENT METHODS

The assessor must assess performance criteria 2-6 by directly observing the learners work.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Pastry Chef/Chef	D1.HPA.CL4.06

FPS2.19. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH COLD DESSERTS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for preparing, cooking and finishing a range of cold desserts.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select materials and tools

- P1. Select the type and quantity ingredients needed for the named dessert
- P2. Check the ingredients to make sure they meet the quality standards
- P3. Choose the correct tools and equipment and use correctly

E2. Prepare, cook and finish cold desserts

- P4. Prepare and cook the ingredients to meet the requirements of the cold dessert
- P5. Ensure the product has the correct flavour, colour, texture and finish
- P6. Finish the cold dessert to meet the dish specifications

E3. Present and Store cold desserts

- P7. Present the cold dessert for service to meet requirements
- P8. Ensure the cold dessert is at the correct temperature for holding and serving
- P9. Store any cold dessert safely and hygienically if not for immediate use

- K1. Explain how to correctly store raw ingredients before preparation and cooking
- K2. Explain how to select the correct quality, quantity of ingredients for the named dessert
- K3. Explain what to do if there are problems with any of the ingredients
- K4. Describe the correct techniques, tools and equipment and the reasons for using them when carrying-out the necessary preparation and cooking methods
- K5. Explain how to carry out the methods for preparation, cooking and finishing according to product recipe requirements
- K6. Describe why it is important to use the correct tools, equipment and techniques

- K7. State the correct temperature for cooking each type of product required
- K8. Explain how to identify when cold desserts have the correct colour, flavour, texture and quality required
- K9. Explain how to minimise and correct common faults when preparing, cooking and finishing cold desserts
- K10. Explain how to control and minimise waste
- K11. State the ideal holding/storage requirements for cold dessert for service
- K12. Explain how to safely and hygienically store cold desserts not required for immediate use

1. Preparation finishing methods/techniques:

- Weighing/measuring
- · Creaming/beating
- Pureeing
- · Chilling
- Freezing
- Refrigeration
- Piping
- · Aerating
- Folding
- · Cutting/trimming
- Lining/moulding
- · De-moulding
- Soaking
- Straining
- Glazing
- Coating
- Spreading/smoothing
- · Dusting/dredging/sprinkling
- Slicing
- Filling
- · Portioning

2. Cooking methods:

- Poaching
- Baking
- · Boiling
- Steaming

3. Types of products (Western):

- Bavaroise
- Mousse
- Sorbet
- · Ice-cream
- · Cheesecake
- · Fruit conde

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Performance evidence should include:

- 1. At least four from product type
- 2. At least twelve from preparation, cooking/ finishing methods

ASSESSMENT METHODS

The assessor must assess performance criteria 1-5 by directly observing the learners work.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Pastry Chef/Chef	HCC.CL2.14

FPS2.20. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND FINISH A RANGE OF HOT DESSERTS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for preparing, cooking and finishing a range of hot desserts.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select materials and tools

- P1. Select the type and quantity ingredients needed for the required desserts
- P2. Check the ingredients to make sure they meet the quality standards
- P3. Choose the correct tools and equipment and use correctly

E2. Prepare, cook and finish a range of hot desserts

- P4. Prepare and cook the ingredients to meet the named dessert requirements
- P5. Ensure the dessert has the correct flavour, colour, texture and finish

E3. Present and Store a range of hot desserts

- P6. Present the dessert for service to meet requirements
- P7. Ensure the dessert is at the correct temperature for holding and serving
- P8. Store any dessert safely and hygienically if not for immediate use

- K1. Explain how to select the correct quality, quantity of ingredients for the named dessert
- K2. Describe what to do if there are problems with any of the ingredients
- K3. Identify the correct techniques, tools and equipment and the reasons for using them for the required recipes
- K4. List the most appropriate preparation and cooking methods for range hot desserts
- K5. Explain how various temperatures and humidity can affect the ingredients to be used
- K6. Describe why it is important to use the correct tools, equipment and techniques
- K7. Describe the types of problems that may occur when preparing and cooking hot desserts and how to deal with them correctly

- K8. State the correct temperature and time for cooking each type of product required
- K9. Explain how to identify when the hot dessert(s) have the correct colour, flavour, texture and quality required
- K10. Explain how to minimise and correct common faults in the preparation and cooking of hot desserts
- K11. Explain how to control and minimise waste
- K12. State the ideal holding/storage requirements for range hot desserts
- K13. Explain how to safely and hygienically store any left-over hot dessert(s)

1. Preparation methods:

- · Weighing/measuring
- Creaming
- Folding
- · Aeration
- · Use of moulds
- Separating/combining colours, flavours and ingredients
- Incorporating fat
- Greasing
- Covering
- Whisking

2. Types of cooking methods:

- Steaming
- Frying (deep/shallow)
- · Bain-marie
- Baking
- Microwaving
- · Grilling

3. Finishing methods:

- · Au Gratin
- · Cooling
- · Piping
- · De-moulding
- Glazing
- Portioning
- Dusting

4. Types of hot desserts (Western):

- · Chocolate pudding
- · Soufflé pudding
- Baked Alaska
- · Crème Brulee

5. Types of hot dessert (Vietnamese):

- Violet glutinous rice compote with coconut milk (Chè nép cẩm nước dừa)
- · Black bean compote (Chè đậu thập cẩm)
- Taro and pearl compote (Chè khoai môn trân châu)
- Floating cake (Bánh trôi)
- · Grilled banana in rice crust.

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Performance evidence should include:

- 1. At least twelve from preparation, cooking/ finishing methods
- 2. At least four named desserts.

ASSESSMENT METHODS

The assessor must assess performance criteria 1-6 by directly observing the learners work.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Pastry Chef/Chef	D1.HPA.CL4.06

FPS3.1. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, FINISH AND PRESENT ADVANCED CANAPÉS AND COCKTAIL PRODUCTS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for preparing, finishing and presenting advanced canapés and cocktail products, for example: bouchees, canapés, cocktail brochettes, gourmands.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select materials and tools

- P1. Select the type and quantity ingredients needed for the required product
- P2. Check the ingredients to make sure they meet the quality standards
- P3. Choose the correct tools and equipment and use correctly

E2. Prepare, cook and finish

- P4. Prepare, cook and finish the ingredients to meet requirements
- P5. Ensure that the canapés and cocktail products have the correct flavour, colour, texture and finish
- P6. Decorate/garnish and finish the canapés and cocktail products as appropriate/required

E3. Present and store

- P7. Present the canapés/cocktail products for service/display to meet requirements
- P8. Ensure the canapés/cocktail products are at the correct temperature for holding and serving
- P9. Store any prepared canapés/cocktail products safely and hygienically if not for immediate use

- K1. Explain how to select the correct type, quality and quantity of ingredients to produce required advanced cold preparation
- K2. Explain what to do if there are problems with any of the ingredients
- K3. Describe the tools and equipment and the reasons for using them when carrying-out the following preparation and finishing techniques: slicing, filling, mixing, chilling, cutting, piping, spreading, skewering, aspicing/glazing, garnishing/decorating, dressing/plating and cooking methods
- K4. Explain how to carry out the processing and preparation methods: slicing, filling, mixing, chilling, cutting, piping, spreading, skewering, aspicing/glazing, garnishing/decorating, dressing/plating and cooking methods

- K5. Explain how to identify when canapés and cocktail preparations have the correct colour, flavour, texture and quality
- K6. Identify the common faults found in canapé/ cocktail preparations/products
- K7. Explain how to correct the product in order to achieve required outcome
- K8. What items can be used to garnish/decorate cold dishes
- K9. Explain how to skilfully decorate/garnish a range of canapés and cocktail preparations
- K10. Explain how to safely and hygienically store prepared/finished cold preparations not required for immediate use

1. Types:

- Gourmandes
- Bouchees
- Cocktail éclairs
- Hot canapés
- Cold canapés
- Filled short paste tarts

2. Preparation, cooking and finishing techniques:

- Slicing
- Filling
- Mixing
- · Chilling
- Cutting
- Piping
- Spreading
- Skewering
- Aspicing/glazing
- Dressing/plating
- · Cooking methods

· Garnishing/decorating

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Performance evidence should include:

- 1. At least ten from canapé/cocktail items type.
- 2. At least ten from preparation, cooking and finishing methods.

ASSESSMENT METHODS

The assessor must assess performance criteria 1-5 by directly observing the learners work. For other performance criteria where there is no naturally occurring evidence the assessor may assess the learner through questioning of witness statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Commis Chef/Larder Chef/Chef.	N/A

FPS3.2. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, COOK AND PRESENT ADVANCED/COMPLEX COLD PREPARATIONS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for preparing, cooking and presenting more advanced cold preparations for buffets/competitions for example: Cooked red/white meats, cooked poultry/fish.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select materials and tools

- P1. Select the type and quantity ingredients needed for the required product
- P2. Check the ingredients to make sure they meet the quality standards
- P3. Choose the correct tools and equipment and use correctly

E2. Prepare, cook and finish

- P4. Prepare, cook and finish the ingredients to meet requirements
- P5. Ensure that the advanced cold preparations have the correct flavour, colour, texture and finish
- P6. Decorate/garnish and finish the advanced cold preparations as appropriate/required

E3. Present and store

- P7. Present the advanced cold preparations for service/display to meet requirements
- P8. Ensure the cold preparations are at the correct temperature for holding and serving
- P9. Store any cooked and prepared cold preparations safely and hygienically if not for immediate use

- K1. Explain how to select the correct type, quality and quantity of ingredients to produce required advanced cold preparation
- K2. Explain what to do if there are problems with any of the ingredients
- K3. Describe the tools and equipment and the reasons for using them when carrying-out the following preparation and processing methods: trussing/tying, boiling, roasting, combination cooking methods, baking, steaming, poaching, pressing/reforming, shaping/moulding, filleting, de-boning, skinning/trimming, blending/liquidising, rolling, aspicing/glazing, carving, mincing/processing, sieving, straining
- K4. Explain how to carry out the processing and preparation methods: trussing/tying, boiling, roasting, combination cooking methods, baking, steaming, poaching, pressing/reforming, shaping/moulding, filleting, de-boning, Skinning/trimming, blending/liquidising, rolling, aspicing/glazing, carving, mincing/processing, sieving, straining

- K5. Explain how to identify when complex/ advanced cold preparations have the correct colour, flavour, texture and quality
- K6. Identify the common faults found in cold complex/advanced preparations
- K7. Explain how to correct the product in order to achieve required outcome
- K8. State what items can be used to garnish/ decorate cold dishes
- K9. Explain how to skilfully decorate/garnish a range of cold preparations
- K10. Explain how to safely and hygienically store prepared/finished cold preparations not required for immediate use

1. Types of advanced/complex cold items:

- · Cooked: meats (red/white), poultry, fish
- Salads
- Vegetables and fruit
- Eggs
- Whole fish
- Pates
- Terrines
- · Smoked/cured fish and meats
- Mousses

2. Preparation, cooking and finishing techniques:

- Boiling
- Roasting
- Poaching (deep/shallow)
- Baking
- Frying (deep/shallow)
- · Combination cooking
- · Trussing/tying
- Pressing/reforming
- Blending/liquidising
- Rolling
- Filleting
- Carving
- · De-boning
- Sieving
- · Aspicing/glazing
- Decorating/garnishing

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Performance evidence should include:

- 1. At least six from cold items type
- 2. At least ten from preparation, cooking and finishing methods

ASSESSMENT METHODS

The assessor must assess performance criteria 1-6 by directly observing the learners work.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Commis Chef/Larder Chef/Chef.	D1.HCC.CL2.19

FPS3.3. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, PROCESS AND FINISH MARZIPAN, PASTILLAGE AND SUGAR PRODUCTS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for preparing, processing and finishing marzipan, pastillage and sugar products, for example cake decoration, nougatine/croquants, Italian meringue, fudge.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select materials and tools

- P1. Select the type and quantity ingredients needed for the required product
- P2. Check the ingredients to make sure they meet the quality standards
- P3. Choose the correct tools and equipment and use correctly

E2. Prepare, process and finish

- P4. Prepare and process the ingredients to meet requirements
- P5. Ensure the pastillage and sugar products have the correct flavour, colour, texture and finish
- P6. Decorate and finish the sugar and pastillage products as appropriate/required

E3. Present and store

- P7. Present the pastillage and sugar products for service/display to meet requirements
- P8. Ensure the pastillage and sugar products are at the correct temperature for holding and serving
- P9. Store any processed sugar and pastillage products safely and hygienically if not for immediate use

- K1. Explain how to select the correct type, quality and quantity of ingredients to produce required pastillage and sugar product
- K2. Explain what to do if there are problems with any of the ingredients
- K3. Describe the tools and equipment and the reasons for using them when carrying-out the following preparation and processing methods: boiling, dipping, moulding, pouring, mixing, conditioning, piping, pulling, manipulating, blending (colour/flavour) cutting, spreading, spinning
- K4. Explain how to carry out the processing and preparation methods: boiling, dipping, moulding, pouring, mixing, conditioning, piping, pulling, manipulating, blending (colour/flavour) cutting, spreading, spinning

- K5. Explain how to identify when pastillage and sugar products have the correct colour, flavour, texture and quality
- K6. Identify the common faults with sugar and pastillage products
- K7. Explain how to correct the product in order to achieve required outcome
- K8. List the items that can be used to decorate product
- K9. Explain how to decorate sugar and pastillage products
- K10. State current trends in relation sugar and pastillage products
- K11. Explain how to safely and hygienically store chocolate products not required for immediate use

1. Types of materials:

- Sugar/cover paste
- Marzipan
- Pastillage
- Royal icing
- · Pulled/blown sugar
- Poured sugar
- · Spun sugar
- · Rock sugar
- · Dipped fruit
- · Italian meringue
- Fudge

2. Preparation, processing and finishing techniques:

- · Boiling
- · Dipping
- Moulding
- Pouring
- · Rolling
- Mixing
- Drying
- Piping
- Pulling
- Manipulating
- · Blending (colour/flavour)
- Cutting
- Spreading
- Spinning

3. Types of marzipan pastillage products (Western):

- · Cake decoration
- · Italian meringue
- Nougatine/croquante
- Fudge

4. Types of sugar products (Vietnamese):

- Snow-flaked cake (bánh in)
- Sesame candy (keo mè xửng)
- · Peanut candy (keo lac)

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Performance evidence should include:

- 1. At least three from sugar type
- 2. At least ten from preparation, processing and finishing methods

ASSESSMENT METHODS

The assessor must assess performance criteria 1-5 by directly observing the learners work.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Commis Chef/Pastry Chef/Chef.	D1.HPA.CL4.04

FPS3.4. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, PROCESS AND FINISH CHOCOLATE PRODUCTS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for preparing, processing and finishing chocolate products.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select materials and tools

- P1. Select the type and quantity ingredients needed for the required product
- P2. Check the ingredients to make sure they meet the quality standards
- P3. Choose the correct tools and equipment and use correctly

E2. Prepare, process and finish chocolate products

- P4. Prepare and process the ingredients to meet requirements
- P5. Ensure the chocolate product has the correct flavour, colour, texture and finish
- P6. Decorate the chocolate product as appropriate/required

E3. Present and store chocolate products

- P7. Present the chocolate product for service/ display to meet requirements
- P8. Ensure the chocolate product is at the correct temperature for holding and serving
- P9. Store any processed chocolate product safely and hygienically if not for immediate use

- K1. Explain how to select the correct type, quality and quantity of ingredients to produce required chocolate product
- K2. Explain what to do if there are problems with any of the ingredients
- K3. Describe the tools and equipment and the reasons for using them when carrying-out the following preparation and processing methods: rolling, mixing, drying, manipulating, blending, colour and flavouring, cutting, spreading, melting, tempering, modelling filling, caving
- K4. Explain how to carry out the processing and preparation methods: rolling, mixing, drying, manipulating, blending, colour and flavouring, cutting, spreading, melting, tempering, modelling, filling, caving.

- K5. Explain how to identify when chocolate products have the correct colour, flavour, texture and quality
- K6. Explain when couverture can be used and how it can be tempered
- K7. List the common faults with chocolate products
- K8. Explain how to correct the product in order to achieve required outcome
- K9. Identify the items that can be used to decorate chocolate products
- K10. Explain how to decorate chocolate products
- K11. State the current trends in relation to chocolate products
- K12. Explain how to safely and hygienically store chocolate products not required for immediate use

1. Types of chocolate:

- · Plain chocolate
- · White chocolate
- Milk chocolate

2. Preparation, processing and finishing techniques:

- Rolling
- Mixing
- Drying
- Manipulating
- · Blending, colour and flavour
- Cutting
- Spreading
- Melting
- Tempering
- Modelling
- Coating
- Setting
- Cooling
- Filling
- Caving

3. Types of chocolate products (Western):

- Truffles
- Assorted chocolates
- Easter eggs
- Centre piece decorations

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Performance evidence should include:

- 1. At least three from chocolate type
- 2. At least twelve from preparation, processing and finishing methods

ASSESSMENT METHODS

The assessor must assess performance criteria 1-7 by directly observing the learners work.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Assistant/Commis Chef/Pastry Chef/Chef.	D1.HPA.CL4.05

FPS3.5. UNIT TITLE: MAINTAIN KITCHEN FOOD PRODUCTION OPERATIONS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for supporting and maintaining kitchen food production operations.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Maintain Food Production in the Kitchen

- P1. Ensure that food production follows organisational policies
- P2. Provide colleagues with clear instructions and appropriate resources
- P3. Encourage colleagues to ask questions if they are unclear about any instructions
- P4. Take appropriate action to ensure effective food production

E2. Maintain the safety and quality of food

- P5. Implement procedures to meet organisational control point policy
- P6. Ensure colleagues understand the importance of control points and procedures
- P7. Carry out recorded checks to ensure control point procedures are being followed
- P8. Deal with any situations where control points are not being followed

E3. Identify problems and maintain safety and quality records

- P9. Encourage colleagues to report any problems (actual/possible) with the control points
- P10. Collect feedback from customers that may help identify possible problems with procedures
- P11. Keep accurate and up-to-date records

- K1. Identify principles and procedures involved in safety systems such as Hazard Analysis Critical Control Points, (HACCP).
- K2. Identify relevant legislation in relation to food production/industry practices.
- K3. Explain the importance of quality in the success of food production operations and how to assess this
- K4. Describe the different roles and responsibilities of people within the organisation relevant to food production
- K5. Explain how to organise and motivate your team and manage their time efficiently
- K6. State what the food production timescales are.
- K7. List the skills are required to support the organisations food production and how to identify these skills within the workforce available for deployment?
- K8. Describe the format for storing and presenting information with the kitchen organisation
- K9. Explain the importance of confidentiality and how to ensure information is kept secure.
- K10. List the measure to take to ensure prevention reaction to allergens
- K11. Identify when to use spoken/written instructions, and/or diagrams and demonstration
- K12. Explain how to identify the human resource(s) needed for food production operations.

- K13. Explain how to obtain additional resources if required
- K14. Explain how to make the most of available resources
- K15. Explain how to monitor the effectiveness of resources against procedures, performance, standards and targets
- K16. List the action to take when performance does not meet standards/targets.
- K17. Explain how and when to provide information to management
- K18. Identify the potential hazards related to food production.
- K19. Explain the importance of Control Points in maintaining the quality and safety of the food production process
- K20. Describe the staff responsibilities in relation to developing and maintaining systems to support Control Points.
- K21. Explain how to develop and implement organisational systems to affect Control Points
- K22. Describe the most appropriate methods for obtaining feedback from colleagues and customers to ensure Control Point methods are effective and working.
- K23. Explain how to make value judgements on feedback received and how to present this to management for change consideration

1. Maintaining Food Production:

- · Normal Food Production activities
- Special Food Production activities
- Urgent Food Production activities

2. Control Point Stages of Food Production:

- · Receiving commodities/supplies
- Storage of commodities/supplies
- Food preparation
- Cooking
- Hot holding of cooked food
- · Cold holding of cooked food
- · Refrigeration of cooked food
- Freezing and de-frosting of food
- · Blast chilling/freezing
- Food regeneration
- Presentation and portion control
- Distribution
- Disposal of waste food

3. Staff/Resources for Food Production:

- Relevant equipment
- Commodities and supplies.
- Power (Gas/electricity)
- Time
- · Appropriate range of skills

4. Problem solving for Food Production:

- · Equipment failure
- · Power failure
- Staff availability
- · Commodities and supplies
- Staff relationships
- · Unexpected changes in demand

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. This Unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence or report on safety and quality control in food preparation operations.

Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Evidence must include:

- Two examples of corporate food production policies
- 2. Two examples of procedures prepared to meet organisational control point policy
- 3. Two documented examples of briefing given to colleagues on quality and safety issues
- 4. Two documented records of checks to ensure control point procedures are being followed
- 5. Two examples of feedback collected from customers on possible problems with procedures
- Fully completing the knowledge assessment as set out in the unit either by recorded oral questioning or answers to written questions

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Suitable methods will include:

- · Portfolio of workplace evidence
- Personal statements
- Witness testimony
- · Professional discussion

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

A portfolio or written report should be supplemented by oral questions to ensure all aspects of the Evidence requirements are fully met.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS

ACCSTP REF

Chef de Partie/Sous Chef/Head Chef/Kitchen Supervisor

D1.HGE.CL7.01 - 13

FPS3.6. UNIT TITLE: SUPERVISE A CATERING FUNCTION

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required for supervising a catering function.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Supervise the preparation of the function

- P1. Gather information about the function, customer requirements and responsibilities
- P2. Brief colleagues and staff about the function and their responsibilities

E2. Supervise the running of the function

- P3. Liaise with colleagues, staff and customers throughout the function
- P4. Ensure that the arrangements meet all organisational and legal requirements
- P5. Take appropriate action(s) to deal with any problems that may arise during the function

E3. Supervise closing of the function

- P6. Oversee closing down and clearing up after the function finishes
- P7. De-brief colleagues and staff after the function
- P8. Receive and collate feedback from all those involved in the function
- P9. Complete all necessary records and forms relating to the function

- K1. Describe the organisation customer care policies are and how these relate to functions
- K2. List the organisation record keeping policies in relation to functions
- K3. Explain how to obtain the customer specific requirements for the function, e. g. food, drink, special diets, table plan, entertainment
- K4. Describe the food and drinks available to support the function
- K5. State who is responsible for ordering/ organising the deliveries
- K6. List the equipment, facilities and capacity the venue to support the function
- K7. State who is responsible for allocation of staff and tasks
- K8. State who is responsible for briefing staff in relation to their responsibilities
- K9. Describe the Health & Safety/legal requirements that will affect the function and how this is to be communicated to all
- K10. Explain why it is important for clear and transparent communication channels in relation to the function

- K11. Explain the importance of anticipated any problems/challenges that may occur, prior, during and after the function
- K12. Explain how to inspect the venue prior and during the preparations to ensure that all is in order in relation to customer/organisation requirements
- K13. Explain how to effectively monitor the function at critical points
- K14. Explain how to liaise with key individuals effectively during the function
- K15. Describe the techniques to be adopted to clear function venues effectively
- K16. Explain how to carry-out post function inspection(s) on equipment and facilities
- K17. State who is responsible for reporting damage/ loss and the storage of equipment after the function
- K18. Describe the organisational/legal requirements are for clearing the venue after the function

1. Type of functions:

- Single functions
- Multi functions occurring at the same time.
- · Outdoor functions

2. People involved include:

- · Staff and colleagues
- Managers
- Customers
- · Internal departments
- · Other organisations

3. Problem solving for Functions could include:

- · Equipment failure
- · Power failure
- · Staff availability
- · Commodities and supplies
- Customer problems
- · Unexpected changes in demand

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Performance evidence should include:

- 1. At least two documented records of preparation and planning of functions
- 2. At least two functions successfully delivered
- 3. At least two problems resolved during a function(s)
- 4. At least two functions evaluated and reviewed with full documentation and feedback forms

ASSESSMENT METHODS

A variety of assessment methods can be used including:

- · Portfolio of workplace evidence
- · Personal statements
- Witness testimony
- · Professional discussion

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

A portfolio or written report should be supplemented by oral questions to ensure all aspects of the Evidence requirements are fully met.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Head Chef/Kitchen Supervisor	Cluster 6/10

HRS3. UNIT TITLE: CONDUCT A STAFF PERFORMANCE REVIEW

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to monitor staff performance within the framework of established performance management systems. It requires the ability to monitor the day-to-day effectiveness of staff and to conduct structured performance reviews and formal counselling sessions.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Monitor staff performance

- P1. Consult with and inform staff about expected standards of performance using appropriate communication mechanisms
- P2. Monitor on-going performance by maintaining close contact with the workplace and staff members

E2. Provide guidance, support & recognition

- P3. Regularly provide confirming and corrective feedback to staff
- P4. Provide staff with guidance and support
- P5. Provide recognition and reward for achievements and outstanding performance

E3. Identify needs and provide solutions

- P6. Identify the need for further coaching or training and organise according to organisational policies
- P7. Recognise and resolve performance problems
- P8. Identify and investigate performance problems
- P9. Use feedback and coaching to address performance problems
- P10. Discuss and agree upon possible solutions with the staff

E4. Conduct performance reviews

- P11. Follow-up outcomes of informal counselling through review in the workplace
- P12. Organise and conduct a formal counselling session when needed according to required procedures
- P13. Conduct individual performance evaluations openly and fairly
- P14. Complete and file performance management records
- P15. Agree on courses of action with staff and follow up in the workplace

- K1. Describe the role and importance of monitoring staff performance and providing feedback and coaching
- K2. Describe the performance review practices, including:
 - Reasons for performance review
 - The format for and inclusions of performance review documents

- K3. Describe the methods of reviewing performance in your organisation
- K4. Explain the procedures for performance review interviews
- K5. Explain the procedures for formal counselling sessions
- K6. Explain grievance procedures

The variables relate to the unit of competency as a whole. It allows for different work environments and situations that may affect performance.

Expected standards of performance and performance problems may relate to:

- · Adherence to procedures
- · Cost minimisation
- · Customer service standards
- · Level of accuracy in work
- Personal presentation
- Productivity
- Punctuality
- · Response times
- · Team interaction
- · Waste minimisation
- · Attitude and behaviours
- Responsibility
- Liability
- · Others

2. Guidance and support may include:

- Advice on training and development opportunities
- Confirmation of organisational objectives and key performance requirements
- · Ensuring adequate resources are applied
- · Opportunity to discuss work challenges
- Representing staff interests in other forums
- Support with difficult interpersonal situations

3. Recognition and reward may include:

- Acknowledgment of individual good performance to the whole team
- · Informal acknowledgment
- · Presentation of awards
- · Written reports to management

4. Possible solutions to performance may include:

- Additional training and coaching
- · Adjustment of workload
- Agreement on short term goals for improvement
- Assistance with problems outside of the workplace
- Reorganisation of work practices

5. Required procedures for a formal counselling session may include:

- · Preparation:
 - Formal notification to staff member and management
 - Invited participation of appropriate people
 - Organisation of appropriate location for counselling session
- · Conducting the performance review:
 - · Start and introduce the objectives
 - Discussions on achievements, improvement requirement
 - · Set goals
 - · Conclusions made
- Complete documentation

6. Performance management systems may include:

- Methods of collecting performance data
- Methods of interpreting performance data
- Processes for performance appraisal interviews

Important behaviours for supervisors/ managers include:

- Communication skills to provide effective feedback, coaching and counselling to team members
- 2. Critical thinking skills to evaluate the reasons contributing to poor staff performance
- Initiative and enterprise skills to proactively provide colleagues with appropriate guidance and support to enhance their work performance
- 4. Literacy skills to:
 - a. Read and interpret staff records and performance management documents
 - b. Write potentially complex and sensitive information about staff performance
- 5. Planning and organising skills to coordinate regular performance appraisals and coordinate and operate formal counselling sessions
- 6. Problem-solving skills to identify and respond to staff performance issues
- 7. Self-management skills to take responsibility for monitoring staff performance
- 8. Teamwork skills to monitor the performance of individuals, their effect on the team and take corrective action to enhance the whole of team performance

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc. This unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence or report on aspects of managing performance in a hospitality or tourism environment. Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Note that all evidence should remove names of personnel to protect the privacy of individuals and the organisation.

Evidence must include:

- 1. Two documented examples or cases when the manager monitored staff performance and provided guidance, support and recognition and reward for achievements and outstanding performance
- Two documented examples or cases when the manager identified needs and provided solutions to individuals in their team
- 3. One documented example of a successfully conducted performance review
- 4. Fully completing the knowledge assessment as set out in the unit either by recorded oral questioning or answers to written questions

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Suitable methods will include:

- Portfolio of workplace evidence to include notes of meetings, notes of discussion with individuals and colleagues, details of support and advice provided to individuals, record of performance review meetings, etc (without named individuals)
- · Personal statements
- Witness testimony
- · Professional discussion

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

A portfolio or written report should be supplemented by oral questions to ensure all aspects of the evidence requirements are fully met.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All staff with supervisory or management responsibility in tourism occupations	D1.HHR.CL8.01-04

HRS7. UNIT TITLE: PROVIDE ON-THE-JOB COACHING

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to helping individuals – either in your own team or from another work group – to develop and maintain their performance through coaching.

Coaching involves helping individuals improve their performance by:

- · Identifying their strengths and how they can use these most effectively
- Analysing areas of their work where they are less than fully effective and developing a coaching plan to address weaknesses and gaps
- Coaching individuals in technical, practical skills, customer service, interpersonal/communication skills or other areas of the business operation

This standard is relevant to supervisors and managers who have a specific responsibility for coaching individuals.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Identify coaching requirements

- P1. Work with individuals to identify and prioritise their needs for coaching
- P2. Ensure that individuals' coaching requirements are in line with your organisation's objectives
- P3. Establish with individuals what they expect from the coaching
- P4. Confirm with individuals what coaching that will be provided
- P5. Explore with individuals the knowledge and skills they need to develop, and the behaviours they need to change, in order to meet the desired standard of performance
- P6. Explore with individuals obstacles which could hinder their progress and how to remove these obstacles

E2. Prepare and deliver the coaching sessions

- P7. Plan with individuals how they can develop new skills and behaviours in a logical step-by-step sequence
- P8. Prepare the coaching sessions and confirm the content and desired outcomes
- P9. Deliver technical, practical or other coaching sessions to help individual develop new skills and behaviours or enhance existing skills and behaviours

E3. Monitor progress & provide feedback

- P10. Monitor the individuals' progress in a systematic way
- P11. Provide specific feedback designed to improve individuals' skills, reinforce effective behaviours and enhance their motivation to achieve the desired standard of performance
- P12. Agree with individuals when they have achieved the desired standard of performance, or when they no longer require coaching
- P13. Encourage and empower individuals to take responsibility for their continuing professional development

- K1. Describe relevant coaching models, tools and techniques, and how to apply these
- K2. Define the skills effective coaches require, and how to apply these skills
- K3. Review how to establish a coaching contract with individuals and what the contract should cover
- K4. Describe how to help individuals identify the skills they need to develop and the behaviours they need to change
- K5. Explain how to help individuals identify and remove obstacles that could hinder their progress
- K6. Explain how to help individuals prepare a plan to develop their skills and/or adapt their behaviours
- K7. Describe how to help individuals try out new skills and behaviours and how to reflect on their progress

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K8. Explain the importance of monitoring individuals' progress in developing new skills and behaviours and how to do this
- K9. Discuss how to give individuals specific feedback designed to improve their skills, reinforce effective behaviours and enhance their motivation
- K10. Explain how to empower individuals to take responsibility for their own development
- K11. Review industry requirements for supporting individuals to improve their performance
- K12. Identify sources of information, resources and advice in your organisation
- K13. Describe your organisation's policies and practices in relation to on-the-job coaching

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Identifying coaching requirements includes:

- Establishing the specific area(s) in which they want to develop their performance
- Establishing their current standard of performance
- Establishing the standard of performance they wish to achieve
- Establishing why they want to develop their performance
- Clarifying the support they can expect from you, and the commitment you expect from them
- · Confirming the coaching you will provide
- Confirming the timescale
- Confirming the location, frequency and duration of coaching sessions
- Confirming points at which progress will be reviewed
- Confirming how progress will be measured and assessed

2. Obstacles which could hinder staff progress could include:

- Work pressures
- · Shift patterns
- Resistance to change
- · Lack of facilities, equipment or resources
- · Lack of support from colleagues or others
- Lack of proper training

3. Skill deficiencies that could be addressed by coaching should include:

- Skills which do not require formal or extended training sessions for example:
 - Customer service or interpersonal/ communication skills
 - Technical or practical skills such as operating equipment
 - Selling or promoting products and servicing

4. Suitable time and place may include:

- · On-the-job during work hours
- · Before or after work
- In a simulated location away from the actual workplace

5. Specific job skills may relate to:

- Skills required to support introduction of new equipment
- Skills required to support introduction of new processes
- Skills required to support introduction of new procedures
- Skills required to complete a job or task effectively and efficiently

Important behaviours of coaches (supervisors/managers) include:

- 1. Seek opportunities to improve performance
- 2. Find practical ways to overcome obstacles
- 3. Listen actively, ask questions, clarify points and restate or rephrase statements to check mutual understanding
- 4. Show empathy with others' needs, feelings and motivations and take an active interest in their concerns
- 5. Support others to make effective use of their abilities
- 6. Give feedback to others to help them maintain and improve their performance
- 7. Recognise the achievements and success of others
- 8. Inspire others with the desire to learn
- 9. Address performance issues promptly and resolve them directly with the people involved
- 10. Check individuals' commitment to their roles and responsibilities
- 11. Communicate clearly the value and benefits of a proposed course of action
- 12. Model behaviour that shows, and inspires others to show, respect, helpfulness and cooperation

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc. This unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence or report on coaching activities for staff in a hospitality or tourism environment. Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Note that all evidence should remove names of personnel to protect the privacy of individuals and the organisation.

Evidence must include:

- Two examples of work records to show your work with individuals to identify and prioritise their needs for coaching and to confirm the coaching that will be provided, the skills or behaviours they need to change and any obstacles that might hinder their progress
- 2. Two examples or cases of the outlines or content of the coaching sessions and the delivery of the technical, practical or other coaching sessions to help individual develop new skills and behaviours or enhance existing skills and behaviours
- Two examples or cases of the outcomes of coaching, the progress of individual staff and how they reached the desired standard of performance
- Fully completing the knowledge assessment as set out in the unit either by recorded oral questioning or answers to written questions

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Suitable methods will include:

- Portfolio of workplace evidence
- Personal statements
- · Witness testimony
- · Professional discussion

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

A portfolio or written report should be supplemented by oral questions to ensure all aspects of the Evidence requirements are fully met.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All staff with supervisory or management responsibility in tourism occupations	D1.HHR.CL8.06

HRS8. UNIT TITLE: DELIVER A GROUP TRAINING SESSION

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to devise and implement training for your team members, balancing the developmental needs of the individual with the skills and knowledge needed by them to fulfil their role within the organisation.

Within many hospitality organisations, particularly those that are small, there may be little human resources support, therefore as a team manager you may identify and/or provide relevant training for staff yourself.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Establish training and development requirements

- P1. Identify current competencies of trainees/staff
- P2. Identify required competencies for trainees/
- P3. Confirm the identified training gap with relevant personnel
- P4. Determine support available for training provision

E2. Prepare training

- P5. Plan training requirements
- P6. Develop training content
- P7. Develop training resources and materials

E3. Facilitate training session

- P8. Prepare the training venue
- P9. Introduce training and assessment activities
- P10. Conduct training session
- P11. Provide opportunities for trainees/staff to practice skills
- P12. Provide feedback to trainees/staff

E4. Evaluate and follow up training session

- P13. Complete evaluation with trainees/staff
- P14. Ensure further training sessions incorporate feedback

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. Explain how the training needs of individuals and teams fit in with the needs of the organisation
- K2. Explain how to carry out training needs analysis
- K3. Explain how to identify appropriate training, and what learning outcomes are achieved via different types of training
- K4. Describe how to ensure training outcomes meet identified training needs
- K5. Explain what sort of feedback is required from the individual on the training, and how to evaluate the effectiveness of the training
- K6. Explain why it is important to look at long-term goals as well as the short-term benefits

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

The range statement relates to the unit of competency as a whole. It allows for different work environments and situations that may affect performance.

1. Identify current competencies may be related to:

- Observing workers' practices
- Reviewing data contained in workplace staff performance systems/databases
- Seeking input from managers, supervisors and co-workers
- Obtaining feedback from customers
- Checking currency of qualifications, certificates and licenses
- Identifying individual trainees/staff preferences for training delivery

2. Identify required competencies may include:

- Reviewing relevant training programs
- · Verifying plans for the business
- Reviewing relevant policies and procedures
- Reviewing existing job analysis sheets
- Specifying product and service criteria
- Describing the workplace context, including the conditions under which tasks are to be completed

3. Describe the training gap may include:

- Specifying the difference between organisational expectations of staff/trainees' performance
- Actual level of workplace performance for each staff/trainees
- Confirming identified training gaps with individual staff/trainees

4. Support available for training provision may include:

- Time
- Physical resources
- Human resources
- Financial resources
- Training venues
- · Training resources and materials
- Management support for the initiative
- Established internal career paths based on internal training delivery

5. Develop training content may include:

- Ensuring accuracy and comprehensiveness of proposed content
- Identifying topics and sub-topics for training delivery
- Identifying the underpinning attitudes, skills and knowledge for each area of proposed content
- Mapping training content against identified competencies required by staff/trainees
- Emphasising workplace safety at all stages of training delivery and in all training content

6. Develop training resources and materials may include:

- Matching training resources and materials against identified workplace need
- Identifying specific materials and resources, including manuals, texts, work books, workshop guides, hand-outs, standard operating procedures, posters, videos, sample items etc
- Preparing establishment-specific training materials and resources to address identified workplace need

7. Facilitate training session may include:

- Adhering to the prepared training/delivery plan, including coverage of content/objectives, and implementation of activities
- Adjusting the prepared delivery plan to effectively accommodate issues arising during the training session
- Applying appropriate interpersonal skills to facilitate the training
- Using effective verbal communication skills to deliver training, provide supplementary information, and monitor the training session
- Using suitable types of training: job talk or job demonstration

8. Provide feedback to staff/trainees may include:

- Ensuring feedback is provided sensitively
- Using positive feedback to motivate and encourage staff/trainees
- Recognising effort and not just success
- Being sincere in the giving of feedback
- Being open as a trainer to feedback from staff/ trainees
- Using verbal and non-verbal techniques to provide feedback

9. Complete evaluation with learners could include:

- Providing evaluation forms that ensure objective evaluation of training content, training delivery, training facilities and learning outcomes are met
- Ensuring further training sessions incorporate feedback from the training session

Important behaviours for supervisors/ managers include:

- 1. Seek opportunities to improve performance
- 2. Find practical ways to overcome obstacles
- 3. Listen actively, ask questions, clarify points and restate or rephrase statements to check mutual understanding
- 4. Show empathy with others' needs, feelings and motivations and take an active interest in their concerns
- 5. Support others to make effective use of their abilities
- 6. Give feedback to others to help them maintain and improve their performance
- 7. Recognise the achievements and success of others
- 8. Inspire others with the desire to learn
- 9. Address performance issues promptly and resolve them directly with the people involved
- 10. Check individuals' commitment to their roles and responsibilities
- 11. Communicate clearly the value and benefits of a proposed course of action
- Model behaviour that shows, and inspires others to show, respect, helpfulness and cooperation

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc.

This Unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence or report on a training session for staff in a hospitality or tourism environment. Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Note that all evidence should remove names of personnel to protect the privacy of individuals and the organisation.

Evidence must include:

- 1. Two examples of training needs analysis that identifies the skills or behaviours required by staff in order to plan a training session
- 2. Two examples of the outlines, training plan and content of the training sessions which demonstrates how individuals developed new skills and behaviours or enhanced existing skills and behaviours
- 3. Two examples of the outcomes of the training session, the progress of individual staff and how they reached the desired standard of performance (based on evaluation of the training courses)
- 4. Fully completing the knowledge assessment as set out in the unit either by recorded oral questioning or answers to written questions

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Suitable methods will include:

- · Portfolio of workplace evidence
- Observation
- Personal statements
- Witness testimony
- · Professional discussion

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

A portfolio or written report should be supplemented by oral questions to ensure all aspects of the evidence requirements are fully met.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All staff with supervisory or management responsibility in tourism occupations	D1.HHR.CL8.07-09

HRS9. UNIT TITLE: QUALITY ASSURE WORK IN YOUR TEAM

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to check the progress and quality of the work of team members to ensure that the required standard of performance is being met.

This standard is relevant to managers, supervisors and team leaders who monitor progress of work in their team and check the quality of the output.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Monitor progress and quality of work

- P1. Check regularly the progress and quality of the work of team members against the standard performance expected
- P2. Provide team members with prompt, specific feedback designed to maintain and improve their performance

E2. Provide support to team members

- P3. Support team members in identifying and dealing with problems and unforeseen events
- P4. Motivate team members to complete the work they have been allocated on time and to the standard required
- P5. Provide any additional support and/or resources team members require to complete their work on time and to the standard required

E3. Deal with any performance problems

- P6. Identify any unsatisfactory performance, discuss the causes and agree ways of improving performance with team members
- P7. Recognise successful completion of significant pieces of work by team members
- P8. Motivate team members to maintain and continuously improve their performance over time
- P9. Use information collected on the performance of team members in any formal appraisal of performance, where appropriate

- K1. Summarise the most effective ways of regularly and fairly checking the progress and quality of the work of team members
- K2. Describe how to provide prompt and constructive feedback to team members
- K3. Explain how to select and apply different methods for motivating, supporting and encouraging team members to complete the work they have been allocated and continuously improve their performance
- K4. Explain how to select and apply different methods for recognising team members' achievements
- K5. Describe the additional support and/or resources which team members might require helping them complete their work on time and to the standard required and how to assist in providing this

- K6. Explain how you review your team's plan for undertaking the required work
- K7. Describe your organisation's policy and procedures in terms of personal and professional development
- K8. Explain the reporting lines in your organisation and the limits of your authority
- K9. Summarise your organisation's standards or levels of expected performance
- K10. Explain your organisation's policies and procedures for dealing with poor performance

1. Efficiency and service levels may relate to:

- Monitoring and measuring performance
- Monitoring customer service satisfaction
- Monitoring costs

2. Quality assurance initiatives may include:

- Quality systems
- Quality standards

3. Quality problems may include:

- Difficult customer service situations
- Equipment breakdown/technical failure
- Failure to deliver promised service to customers
- · Procedural inadequacies or failure
- Poor rosters giving rise to inadequate/ inappropriate staffing levels
- Inadequate financial resources
- · Delays and time difficulties
- · Others

4. Procedures and systems may be related to:

- · Customer service
- Bar and restaurant operations
- Kitchens
- · Office administration
- Reservation procedures
- Housekeeping systems
- Stock control
- Security
- Safe work practices
- · Record keeping
- Financial procedures
- · Others

5. Supportive feedback and coaching may relate to:

- · Performance reviews
- Advice
- · Guest comments

6. Workplace records may include:

- Staff record
- · Performance reports
- Time and wages records
- Financial records
- Cash takings
- Front office transactions, vouchers and documentation
- · Customer records
- Audit records
- Stock records
- · Others

7. Workplace problems may relate to:

- Industrial
- Customer
- Supplier
- Equipment
- · Compliance
- Administrative
- · Organisational
- · Employee
- · Others

8. Corrective action may include:

- New procedures and/or processes
- Changes to workplace procedures and/or processes
- Others

Important behaviours for supervisors/ managers include:

- 1. Seek opportunities to improve performance
- 2. Find practical ways to overcome obstacles
- 3. Identify people's preferred ways of communicating
- 4. Use communication media and styles appropriate to different people and situations
- 5. Make time available to support others
- 6. Give feedback to others to help them maintain and improve their performance
- 7. Recognise the achievements and success of others
- 8. Show integrity, fairness and consistency in decision-making
- 9. Monitor the quality of work and progress against plans and take appropriate corrective action, where necessary
- 10. Take pride in delivering high quality, accurate
- 11. Seek to understand people's needs and motivations

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc.

This unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence or report on quality assuring the work of a team in a hospitality or tourism environment. Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Note that all evidence should remove names of personnel to protect the privacy of individuals and the organisation.

Evidence must include:

- Two examples or cases of how you monitored and checked the progress and quality of the work of team members against the standard performance expected, and the support you provided to team members to maintain and improve their performance
- 2. Two examples of how you identified and dealt with team problems and unforeseen events and how you motivated team members to complete the work they have been allocated on time and to the standard required
- 3. Two examples of how you identified unsatisfactory performance, how you discussed the causes and agreed ways of improving performance with team members
- 4. Two examples of how you recognised successful completion of significant pieces of work by team members and motivated team members to maintain and continuously improve their performance over time
- 5. Fully completing the knowledge assessment as set out in the unit either by recorded oral questioning or answers to written questions

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Suitable methods will include:

- Portfolio of workplace evidence
- Observation
- Personal statements
- Witness testimony
- Professional discussion

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

A portfolio or written report should be supplemented by oral questions to ensure all aspects of the evidence requirements are fully met.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All staff with supervisory or management responsibility in tourism occupations	D1.HRM.CL9.04

HRS10. UNIT TITLE: PLAN. ALLOCATE AND MONITOR WORK OF A TEAM

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to ensure that the work required of your team is effectively and fairly allocated and involves monitoring the progress and quality of the work of team members to ensure that the required level or standard or performance is being met.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Plan the work for your team

- P1. Confirm the work required of the team with your manager and seek clarification, where necessary, on any outstanding points and issues
- P2. Plan how the team will undertake its work, identifying any priorities or critical activities and making best use of the available resources

E2. Allocate work to team members

- P3. Allocate work to team members on a fair basis taking account of their skills, knowledge and understanding, experience and workloads and the opportunity for development
- P4. Brief team members on the work they have been allocated and the standard or level of expected performance
- P5. Encourage team members to ask questions, make suggestions and seek clarification in relation to the work they have been allocated

E3. Supervise progress and quality of work of team members

- P6. Check the progress and quality of the work of team members on a regular and fair basis against the standard or level of expected performance
- P7. Provide prompt and constructive feedback
- P8. Support team members in identifying and dealing with problems and unforeseen events
- P9. Motivate team members to complete the work they have been allocated and provide any additional support and/or resources to help completion
- P10. Monitor the team for conflict, identify the cause(s) when it occurs and deal with it promptly and effectively

E4. Review performance of team members

- P11. Identify unacceptable or poor performance, discuss the cause(s) and agree ways of improving performance with team members
- P12. Recognise successful completion of significant pieces of work or work activities by team members and the overall team and advise your manager
- P13. Use information collected on the performance of team members in any formal appraisal of performance

- K1. Describe different ways of communicating effectively with members of a team
- K2. Explain the importance of confirming/clarifying the work required of the team with your manager and how to do this effectively
- K3. Discuss how to plan the work of a team, including how to identify any priorities or critical activities and the available resources
- K4. Explain how to identify and take due account of health and safety issues in the planning, allocation and checking of work
- K5. Explain why it is important to allocate work across the team on a fair basis and how to do
- K6. Explain why it is important to brief team members on the work they have been allocated and the standard or level of expected performance and how to do so

- K7. Summarize the ways of encouraging team members to ask questions and/or seek clarification and make suggestions in relation to the work which they have been allocated
- K8. List the most effective ways of regularly and fairly checking the progress and quality of the work of team members
- K9. Explain how to provide prompt and constructive feedback to team members
- K10. Explain how to select and apply a limited range of different methods for motivating, supporting and encouraging team members to complete the work they have been allocated, improve their performance and for recognising their achievements

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K11. List the additional support and/or resources which team members might require to help them complete their work and how to assist in providing this
- K12. Explain why it is important to monitor the team for conflict and how to identify the cause(s) of conflict when it occurs and deal with it promptly and effectively
- K13. Explain why it is important to identify unacceptable or poor performance by members of the team and how to discuss the cause(s) and agree ways of improving performance with team members
- K14. List the type of problems and unforeseen events that may occur and how to support team members in dealing with them
- K15. Describe how to log information on the on-going performance of team members and use this information for performance appraisal purposes.

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Performance management may be defined as:

 A process or set of processes for establishing a shared understanding of what an individual or group is to achieve, and managing individuals in a way which increases the probability it will be achieved in both the short and longer terms

2. Performance standards may include:

- Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) used to measure actual performance against set targets
- Performance standards, defining the level of performance sought from an individual or group that are expressed quantitatively or qualitatively, and which may relate to:
 - Productivity
 - Punctuality
 - Personal presentation
 - · Levels of accuracy in work
 - · Adherence to procedures
 - Customer service standards
 - Team interaction
 - · Response times
 - Waste minimization
 - Cost minimization
 - Others

3. Systems to ensure staff performance is monitored may include:

- Any regularly applied and formalized system where all staff have their actual workplace practice evaluated and assessed against predetermined goals/targets with a view to determining their individual level of performance or achievement
- · Evaluation based on factual evidence
- Feedback on the identified performance
- Support for the individual to continue acceptable performance and redress unacceptable performance
- Counselling and disciplinary action for staff unable or unprepared to bring their performance in line with expectations and standards

4. Appraise staff should include:

- Conducting appraisals at regular, pre-determined intervals
- Application of appraisals across all staff, including management, full-time staff, part-time staff and casual staff
- Establishing initial targets for performance and notifying individual staff of these
- Gathering evidence of actual staff performance which should include consideration of:
 - Type of assessment/appraisal which may include peer assessment, self-assessment
 - Team assessment, use of productivity indicators including feedback from patrons
 - Methods of collecting performance data to ensure data is reliable, indicative and relevant
 - Methods of interpreting performance data, including prioritizing results and understanding
 - The data within individual contexts

5. Advise staff of the result should include:

- Providing evidence-based feedback of staff performance
- Agreeing on the level of concurrence between actual and required workplace performance
- Determining revised action, timelines and targets for the next phase/cycle of the appraisal process

6. Action to take to underpin attainment of the revised targets may include:

- Proving necessary support, such as mentoring, coaching, training, resources, information
- Providing support for out-of-work problems encountered by staff
- Re-allocation of duties and adjustment of workload
- Re-organisation of work practices
- Agreement on short-term goals for improvement
- Revisions to required workloads and/or standards
- Counselling

7. Supporting and motivating team members may include:

- Informal but structured discussions between management and staff
- Timely delivery of support to minimize the negative impact of delays and enable linking of discussion and outcomes to recent and identified performance
- Application of suitable strategies to meet individual and company needs
- Providing the appropriate level of support during the counselling commensurate with the issues being dealt with
- Referring the staff member to external professional services, where appropriate

Important behaviours for supervisors/ managers include:

- 1. Make time available to support others
- 2. Clearly agree what is expected of others and hold them to account
- 3. Prioritise objectives and plan work to make best use of time and resources
- 4. State your own position and views clearly and confidently in conflict situations
- 5. Integrity, fairness and consistency in decision-making
- 6. Seek to understand people's needs and motivations
- 7. Take pride in delivering high quality work
- 8. Take personal responsibility for making things happen
- 9. Encourage and support others to make the best use of their abilities
- 10. Be vigilant for possible risks and hazards

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc.

This unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence or report on allocating and monitoring the work of a team in a hospitality or tourism environment. Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Note that all evidence should remove names of personnel to protect the privacy of individuals and the organisation.

Evidence must include:

- Two examples or cases of how you planned how your team will undertake its work, including detailed work schedules, timetables and other plans for individual and team work activities, tasks, production targets
- 2. Two examples of how you allocated work to team members on a fair basis taking account of their skills, knowledge and understanding, experience and workloads and the opportunity for development
- 3. Two examples of how you checked the progress and quality of the work of team members and provided prompt and constructive feedback
- 4. Two examples of how you identified unsatisfactory performance, how you discussed the causes and agreed ways of improving performance with team members
- 5. Fully completing the knowledge assessment as set out in the unit either by recorded oral questioning or answers to written questions

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Suitable evidence could include:

- Detailed work schedules, timetables and other plans for individual and team work activities
- Notes of team briefings to allocate individual and team work activities, tasks, targets, etc
- Personal statements (reflections on the process and reasoning behind work allocation)
- Witness statements (comments on the process of work allocation and perceptions of its fairness)
- Records of individual and team work output or production records, production/operational reports
- Notes, reports, recommendations to managers or other records of problems or critical incidents
- Health, safety or security; customers; or team members' work performance
- Notes, emails, memos or other records of formal or informal feedback or performance appraisal
- Personal statement (reflections on your own role in dealing with problems or critical incidents)
- Witness statements (comments on your own role in dealing with problems or critical incidents)

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

A portfolio or written report should be supplemented by oral questions to ensure all aspects of the evidence requirements are fully met.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All staff with supervisory or management responsibility in tourism occupations	D1.HRM.CL9.03

GASS. UNIT TITLE: PLAN, MANAGE AND CONDUCT MEETINGS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to plan, manage and conduct meetings in order to achieve their objectives, which may be to solve problems, take decisions, and consult with people or to exchange information and knowledge.

This standard is relevant to managers and supervisors who are required to lead meetings to achieve objectives.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Plan and prepare for the meeting

- P1. Establish the purpose and objectives of the meeting
- P2. Confirm that a meeting is the best way to achieve the objectives
- P3. Prepare carefully how you will lead the meeting and identify who needs to participate
- P4. Invite participants, giving them sufficient notice to enable them for attendance stating the importance of the meeting, the role they will be expected to play, and the preparation they need to do
- P5. Circulate relevant information in advance and, if required, brief participants individually on the content and purpose of the meeting and their roles
- P6. Set a fixed time for the meeting to begin and end and allocate time appropriately for each agenda item

E2. Conduct the meeting

- P7. State the purpose of the meeting at the start and check that all participants understand why they are present and what is expected of them
- P8. Clarify specific objectives at the beginning of each agenda item
- P9. Encourage all participants to make clear, concise and constructive contributions from their perspectives, whilst acknowledging and building on the contributions of other participants
- P10. Discourage unhelpful comments and digressions, refocusing attention on the objectives of the meeting
- P11. Manage time flexibly; giving more time to particular agenda items, if necessary, whilst ensuring key objectives are met and participants are kept informed of changes in the agenda
- P12. Summarise the discussion at appropriate times and allocate action points to participants at the end of each agenda item
- P13. Take decisions within the meeting's authority, remit or terms of reference

E3. Follow up the meeting

- P14. Check that decisions and action points are accurately recorded and promptly communicated to those who need to know
- P15. Evaluate whether the purpose and objectives of the meeting have been achieved
- P16. Identify how future meetings could be

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. Explain the importance of establishing the purpose and objectives of the meeting and how to do so
- K2. Explain the purpose of informing participants of the role they will be expected to play, the preparation they need to do and the importance of the meeting
- K3. Explain how to run the meeting to ensure the meeting meets specific objectives at the beginning of each agenda item
- K4. Explain how to encourage all participants to make clear, concise and constructive contributions from their perspectives, whilst acknowledging and building on the contributions of other participants, and how to do so

- K5. Explain how you will discourage unhelpful comments and digressions and refocus attention on the objectives of the meeting
- K6. Explain the importance of summarising the discussion at appropriate times and allocating action points to participants at the end of each agenda item and how to do so
- K7. Explain how to evaluate whether the purpose and objectives of the meeting have been achieved and how future meetings could be made more effective

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Meetings may relate to:

- · One-off meetings
- · Regular meetings
- Group dynamics
- · Teleconferences
- · Video conferences
- · Committee meetings
- · Board meetings
- Staff meetings
- Client meetings
- Others

2. Style of the meeting may be:

- Formal
- Informal

3. Arrangements for the meeting may include organising:

- Venue
- Refreshments
- Travel arrangements for participants
- · Audio-visual hire
- Supporting information and other agenda items to be discussed such as letters, submissions and reports
- Others

4. Meeting papers may relate to:

- Agendas
- Minutes
- Written submissions
- Documents relating to the purpose of the meeting

Important behaviours for supervisors/ managers include:

- 1. Address multiple demands without losing focus or energy
- 2. Listen actively, ask questions, clarify points and restate or rephrase statements to check mutual understanding
- 3. Present information clearly, concisely, accurately and in ways that promote understanding
- 4. Show respect for the views and actions of others
- 5. Comply with, and ensure others comply with, legal requirements, industry regulations, organisational policies and professional codes
- 6. Show integrity, fairness and consistency in decision-making
- 7. Prioritise objectives and plan work to make the effective use of time and resources
- 8. Clearly agree what is expected of others and hold them to account
- 9. Make effective use of existing sources of information
- 10. Check the accuracy and validity of information
- 11. Model behaviour that shows, and inspires others to show, respect, helpfulness and cooperation
- 12. Recognise when there are conflicts, acknowledge the feelings and views of all parties, and redirect people's energy towards a common goal
- 13. Specify the assumptions made and risks involved in understanding a situation
- 14. Take timely decisions that are realistic for the situation

Evidence of the following is essential:

- 1. Planning and preparation for at least 3 meetings including examples of agendas and supporting documentation
- 2. Minutes of at least 3 meetings showing meeting decisions, follow-up action etc.

ASSESSMENT METHODS

A range of assessment methods should be used to assess practical skills and knowledge. The following methods are appropriate for this unit:

- Direct questioning combined with review of portfolios of evidence and third party workplace reports of on-the-job performance by the candidate
- Review of final printed documents
- · Demonstration of techniques
- Oral or written questioning to assess knowledge of planning and conducting meetings

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All staff with supervisory or management responsibility in tourism occupations	D1.HGA.CL6.05

SCS2. UNIT TITLE: MANAGE INCIDENTS AND EMERGENCIES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to ensure safety and security in hotels by managing incidents and emergencies professionally. Incidents and emergencies could include fire, flood or other environmental incidents, scenes of crime, accidents and medical emergencies, health and safety and security incidents.

It is important that procedures are in place to deal with incidents and emergencies and that these are communicated to those who need to know, including what to do; how to use appropriate emergency equipment; how to contact emergency services and other relevant sources of assistance; and how to record and report details of incidents and emergencies.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Ensure procedures are developed and communicated

- P1. Ensure procedures are in place to deal with incidents and emergencies
- P2. Ensure that procedures are communicated to those that need to be informed

E2. Respond to incidents or emergencies

- P3. Take responsibility in the event of an incident or emergency and respond quickly with a proposed course of action
- P4. Seek and clarify information about the incident or emergency
- P5. Where necessary summon the help of the appropriate emergency services or other relevant sources of assistance, giving full and accurate details of the incident or emergency

E3. Ensure the safety of guests and personnel

- P6. Ensure everyone involved or affected by the incident and emergency is given relevant information including any information on potential risks
- P7. Provide support and direction to others involved in the incident or emergency
- P8. Ensure that the integrity of evidence is preserved where this could be required by the emergency services or other parties e.g. insurance company
- P9. Maintain your own safety while dealing with incidents or emergencies

E4. Evaluate and report on the incident or emergency

- P10. Collect information about the incident or emergency that might help to establish the cause and prevent reoccurrence
- P11. Ensure the procedure for recording and reporting incidents and emergencies is followed and the required documentation is completed in line with procedures and timescales

- K1. Describe the procedures and specific instructions for dealing with incidents and emergencies, including evacuation procedures and contingency plans
- K2. Describe appropriate ways to communicate procedures and instructions to those that need to be informed
- K3. Explain the importance of responding quickly to an incident or emergency and providing direction
- K4. Explain the importance of clarifying information about the incident or emergency to inform course of action
- K5. Identify the procedures for contacting emergency services or other relevant sources of assistance and the information to give them

- K6. Explain the importance of keeping those involved or affected by the incident or emergency informed of the situation and any potential risks
- K7. Explain the importance of preserving the integrity of evidence
- K8. Describe the safe practices which should be used when dealing with emergencies
- K9. Explain the importance of investigating the cause of incidents and emergencies
- K10. Identify the legislative requirements for recording and reporting incidents and emergencies and procedures for the completion of documentation

1. Procedures could include:

- · Handling fire alarms
- Dealing with fires
- · Property damage
- Gas leak or explosion
- Medical situation, such as injury, collapse, assault victim
- Contacting police, including contracted security services
- Contacting medical assistance, including ambulance, in-house doctors, hospitals
- Contacting fire service

2. Respond to incidents or emergencies could include:

- Identifying cause and seriousness of incident or emergency
- · Making announcements to staff and guests
- Evacuating premises
- Calling emergency services
- · Ensuring safety of staff, guests and self

3. Ensure the safety of guests and personnel could include:

- Providing relevant information including any information on potential risks
- Providing support and direction to others involved in the incident or emergency
- Ensuring that the integrity of evidence is preserved for follow up
- Maintaining your own safety while dealing with incidents or emergencies

4. Evaluate and report on the incident or emergency could include:

- Collecting information about the incident or emergency that might help to establish the cause and prevent reoccurrence
- Ensuring the procedure for recording and reporting incidents and emergencies is followed
- Ensuring the required documentation is completed in line with procedures

Important behaviours for supervisors/ managers include:

- 1. Seek opportunities to improve performance
- Present information clearly, concisely, accurately and in ways that promote understanding
- 3. Keep people informed of plans and developments in a timely way
- 4. Comply with, and ensure others comply with, legal requirements, industry regulations, organisational policies and professional codes
- 5. Refer issues outside the limits of your authority to appropriate people
- 6. Watch out for potential risks and hazards
- 7. Make appropriate information and knowledge available promptly to those who need it and have a right to it
- 8. Make effective use of available resources
- 9. Identify the range of elements in a situation and how they relate to each other
- 10. Specify the assumptions made and risks involved in understanding a situation
- 11. Take timely decisions that are realistic for the situation
- 12. Take decisions in uncertain situations or based on incomplete information when necessary

This unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence or report on aspects of managing discipline in a hospitality or tourism environment. Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Note that all evidence should remove names of personnel to protect the privacy of individuals and the organisation.

Assessment evidence should include:

- 1. At least 3 procedures developed to deal with incidents and emergencies, with evidence of communication to others in the hotel
- 2. At least two examples or cases of incidents or emergencies that were responded to, and the course of action taken to address them
- At least two reports provided that show how you evaluated and reported on the incident or emergency, what information you collected to help to establish the cause and prevent reoccurrence
- 4. Fully completing the knowledge assessment satisfactorily

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc.

Suitable methods will include:

- Portfolio of workplace evidence to include notes of meetings, notes of discussion with individuals and colleagues, details of support and advice provided to individuals, record of feedback etc (without named individuals)
- Observation
- · Personal statements
- Witness testimony
- · Professional discussion

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

A portfolio or written report should be supplemented by oral questions to ensure all aspects of the evidence requirements are fully met.

Assessing knowledge and understanding:

Knowledge and understanding are key components of competent performance. Where knowledge and understanding (and the handling of contingency situations) is not apparent from performance evidence, it must be assessed by other means and be supported by suitable evidence such as:

- · Documented answers to oral questioning
- Written examination

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All supervisory or management staff with responsibility for security.	D1.HSS.CL4.01 and D1.HSS.CL4.04

FPS4.1. UNIT TITLE: PLAN, DEVELOP AND ENGINEER MENUS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for the development, design, engineering and writing/compilation of food menus

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Plan menus

- P1. Gather information about customer requirements from a variety of sources
- P2. Take account of the skills, experience and training needs of staff
- P3. Plan menus according to the equipment and facilities available
- P4. Plan future menu development according to the organisation's business plans
- P5. Consult with relevant people within the organisation
- P6. Devise a menu which is logistically viable in terms of preparation times and kitchen protocols
- P7. Ensure the sources of produce and ensure supply is consistent with the menu plan

E2. Develop menus

- P8. Take account of customer base, dietary requirements and financial needs
- P9. Obtain the produce required from guaranteed sources that meet the organisation's quality standards and at a price that allows optimum profit margins
- P10. Use local seasonal produce where possible and appropriate
- P11. Include combinations of recipes that conform to the organisation's style of service and produce a balanced menu, ensuring they are creative and imaginative
- P12. Ensure menu descriptions are consistent with legal requirements
- P13. Develop dishes and menus suitable for different functions
- P14. Produce the right menu for the quantities of food to be produced and review and update the menu regularly

E3. Engineer and cost menus

- P15. Consider the restrictions of seasonality and the impact on costs in menu calculations
- P16. Calculate the proportions of the main component to accompaniments in dishes and the cost when multiplied by varying numbers according to service
- P17. Calculate the sales mix and the balance of price and offers
- P18. Gather information on the main sources of revenue for the menu
- P19. Cost the use of energy and sustainable food production
- P20. Calculate cost to profit margin ratios in line with organisational policy
- P21. Cost produce to accurately price dishes

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. Explain the principles of the development, trial and testing of new recipes
- K2. Describe the organisation's policy on costs and menu style
- K3. Identify current legislation, dietary consideration and health, safety and hygiene requirements
- K4. Explain how to gather information relevant to menu planning e.g. customer data, revenue figures
- K5. Explain how to assess that menus conform to organisational policy and legislation
- K6. Identify the target market of the organisation and their requirements
- K7. Explain how to choose different dishes and menus suitable for different formats of service

- K8. Describe how to balance menus and how to use resources effectively
- K9. Explain how to resource new ideas and to analyse the nutritional make up of menus
- K10. Describe the organisation's buying procedures for produce
- K11. Explain how to cost dishes and menus
- K12. Describe how to deal with and manage suppliers
- K13. Explain the principles of menu "engineering" (maximize a firm's profitability by subconsciously encouraging customers to buy what you want them to buy, and discouraging purchase of items you don't want them to buy)

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Dietary requirements:

- · Nutritional balance
- Medical
- Allergens
- · Religious
- · Vegan/vegetarian
- Cultural

2. Resources:

- Staff
- · Equipment
- Supplies
- Facilities
- Time
- Money
- · Waste management

3. Functions:

- Conferences
- Weddings
- · Fine dining events
- Banquets

4. Menus:

- Breakfast
- Lunch
- Dinner
- · Afternoon tea
- Snack
- Functions/banquets/special event menus

5. Cost information:

- · Cost-to-profit ratios
- · Revenue figures
- · Energy costs
- · Staffing costs

6. Menu engineering:

- · Popularity of menus items.
- · Profitability of menu dishes.
- Using the growth-share matrix (the product portfolio)

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. This Unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence or report with full details of menu planning, development and cost engineering,

Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Evidence must include:

- 1. At least two menus planned and developed for Table d'hôte/a'la carte
- 2. At least two menus planned and developed for banquet or special event
- 3. At least one example of a menu set against set menu outcomes (Engineering) which shows how you calculated cost to profit margin ratios in line with organisational policy

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Suitable methods will include:

- Portfolio of workplace evidence
- Personal statements
- · Witness testimony
- · Professional discussion

A portfolio or written report should be supplemented by oral questions to ensure all aspects of the Evidence requirements are fully met.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Executive Chef/Head Chef	D1.HCC.CL2.06

FPS4.2 UNIT TITLE: MONITOR FOOD PRODUCTION REVENUE AND COSTS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required to enable executive chefs, head cooks or other senior manager to monitor food production revenue and costs and by tracking the performance of a food operation within a food department, restaurant or other food outlet

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Use financial record keeping technology

- P1. Use control systems to manage food purchasing, ordering and financial controls
- P2. Enter food production financial data into control system
- P3. Manipulate catering financial data into established control systems

E2. Record and track financial performance

- P4. Develop, or confirm an existing, effective financial control system to record and track the performance of the food production department
- P5. Input financial data into the food production department computerized control system

E3. Respond to the results produced by the established control systems

- P6. Take action to address expenditure figures that are deemed unacceptable
- P7. Take action to address revenue figures that are deemed unacceptable
- P8. Negotiate with management to obtain revised budget figures

- K1. Describe the functions of the department financial record keeping technology
- K2. Describe the department's policies and procedures in regard to ordering, storing, securing and using stock
- K3. Describe the department's policies and procedures in regard to document completion and management,
- K4. Explain the control systems used in your department to manage food purchasing, ordering and financial controls
- K5. Explain how the financial control system is used to record and track the performance of the food production department

- K6. State the financial data required to enter into the food production department computerized control system
- K7. Explain the procedures used to respond to the results produced by the control systems
- K8. Describe the actions you take to address expenditure figures that are deemed unacceptable
- K9. Describe the actions you take to address revenue figures that are deemed unacceptable
- K10. Explain how you will negotiate with management to obtain revised budget figures and the issues you might face

Identify and use, where appropriate, computer systems - will only relate to enterprises and/or departments where such facilities do not already exist

1. Software may include:

- · Specialist accounting software and packages
- · Relevant database programs
- System-specific software recommended by system manufacturers

2. Manipulate catering financial data refers to:

- Updating budgets and producing regular updated budgets to reflect current actual versus
- Projected figures and performance
- Generating performance reports, including income statements, labour reports, cost of goods
- Reducing wastage, which may include improving storage and security, enhancing staff training,
- · Revising ordering protocols

3. Taking action to address revenue figures may relate to:

- Verifying that all catering department sales are being allocated to the catering department
- Budgets
- Increasing selling prices
- Ensuring all legitimate revenue is being secured, including from internal and external sources
- Reducing and/or eliminating discounts, special deals and complimentary items that are being offered
- Enhancing or altering promotional activities

4. Negotiating with management may involve:

- Presenting and explaining evidence of trade, operations and performance
- Identifying and explaining circumstances that have caused variances
- Negotiating for revised revenue and expenditure performance targets

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Assessment must ensure actual or simulated workplace application of a newly established or existing system to accurately and effectively monitor the financial performance of the food production department so that immediate remedial action can be taken, where necessary, to bring performance back in-line with budgeted/target indicators.

Training and assessment must include the use of an actual computerized system and software, together with real or simulated targets, budgets, and trading and operational figures; and access to workplace standards, procedures, policies, guidelines, tools and equipment.

Performance evidence should include:

- At least two documented examples of using control systems to manage food purchasing, ordering and tracking performance of the department
- A least two examples of how you addressed expenditure figures that are deemed unacceptable
- 3. A least two examples of how you took action to address revenue figures that are deemed unacceptable
- 4. A least one documented example of how you negotiated with management to obtain revised budget figures

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Suitable methods will include:

- Portfolio of workplace evidence
- · Personal statements
- · Witness testimony
- · Professional discussion

A portfolio or written report should be supplemented by oral questions to ensure all aspects of the Evidence requirements are fully met.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Executive Chef/Head Chef	D1.HCC.CL2.06

HRS1. UNIT TITLE: IDENTIFY STAFF DEVELOPMENT NEEDS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to help staff identify the knowledge, skills and competence they need to develop in order to meet the demands of their current and future work roles and to fulfil their personal aspirations.

This standard is relevant to managers and supervisors who have people reporting to them.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Agree individual staff development needs

- P1. Agree with individuals the knowledge, skills and competence required to meet the demands of their current and potential future work roles
- P2. Encourage individuals to seek feedback on their performance from those who are able to provide objective, specific and valid feedback
- P3. Provide opportunities for individuals to make an accurate assessment of their current levels of knowledge, skills and competence and of their potential
- P4. Evaluate with individuals any additional, or higher levels of, knowledge, skills and competence they need for their current work roles, potential future work roles and their personal aspirations
- P5. Identify and evaluate any learning difficulties or particular needs individuals may have

E2. Support staff in setting their own learning objectives

- P6. Support individuals in prioritising their needs and specifying their learning objectives
- P7. Encourage individuals to focus on their prioritised learning needs and to take account of their learning styles when selecting learning activities and planning their development
- P8. Seek advice and support from HR training and development specialists, when required

- K1. Explain the differences between knowledge, skills and competence
- K2. Explain the importance of objective, specific and valid feedback in identifying learning needs
- K3. Describe how to analyse the gaps between current levels of knowledge, skills and competence and the levels required
- K4. Describe how to prioritise learning needs
- K5. Explain how to establish SMART (Specific, Measurable, Agreed, Realistic, Time-bound) learning objectives
- K6. Describe learning styles and how to identify individuals' preferred learning styles
- K7. Describe the tools used in your organisation to identify individual learning needs and styles

- K8. List the types of learning activities appropriate for different learning styles
- K9. Explain how to develop learning and development plans based on a sound analysis of learning needs and styles
- K10. Describe the knowledge, skills and competence requirements for different roles within your area of responsibility
- K11. Describe your organisation's personal and professional development policy and practices
- K12. Describe the learning opportunities available in your organisation
- K13. List the sources of specialist advice and support in your organisation

Knowledge, skills and competence required to meet the demands of current and potential future work roles could include:

- Job-related knowledge, including technical or industry knowledge
- Skills development, including technical skills
- Supervisory or management development

2. Those who are able to provide objective, specific and valid feedback on their performance feedback could include:

- Managers
- Colleagues
- HR Department
- Guests

3. Learning difficulties or particular individual needs may include:

- Availability for training and development due to job demands
- Language level, relevant experience or technical limitations

4. Learning styles would include:

- Activist learner prefers to take part in practical learning followed by learning the theory
- Reflective learner prefers to take part in learning and reflecting on the experience
- Theorist learner prefers to study and understand the learning before putting into practice
- Pragmatist learner prefers learning and putting learning into practice

Important behaviours for supervisors/ managers include:

- 1. Seize opportunities presented by the diversity of people
- Show empathy with others' needs, feelings and motivations and take an active interest in their concerns
- 3. Support others to make effective use of their abilities
- 4. Support others to realise their potential and achieve their personal aspirations
- 5. Develop knowledge, understanding, skills and performance in a systematic way
- 6. Inspire others with the desire to learn
- 7. Check the accuracy and validity of information
- 8. Identify the implications or consequences of a situation

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc. This unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence or report on aspects of identifying staff development needs in a hospitality or tourism environment. Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Note that all evidence should remove names of personnel to protect the privacy of individuals and the organisation.

This unit should be assessed by portfolio evidence of performance and oral or written questioning.

Evidence must include:

- Two documented examples or cases when the manager helped identify staff development needs
- 2. Two documented examples or cases when the manager provided opportunities for individuals to take further learning, training or development opportunities to gain knowledge, skills or competence to enhance their job performance
- 3. Fully completing the knowledge assessment as set out in the unit either by recorded oral questioning or answers to written questions

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc.

Suitable methods will include:

- Portfolio of workplace evidence to include notes of meetings, notes of discussion with individuals and colleagues, details of support and advice provided to individuals, record of feedback etc (without named individuals)
- Personal statements
- Witness testimony
- Professional discussion

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

A portfolio or written report should be supplemented by oral questions to ensure all aspects of the evidence requirements are fully met.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All staff with supervisory or management responsibility in tourism occupations	D1.HHR.CL8.05

HRS4. UNIT TITLE: INITIATE AND FOLLOW DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to help members of your team address problems affecting their performance. These may be work-related problems or problems arising from their personal circumstances.

The unit involves identifying problems affecting people's performance and discussing these in a timely way with the team members concerned to help them find a suitable solution to their problem. Sometimes you may need to refer the team member to HR Department or senior manager for further action.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Communicate with subordinates and colleagues

- P1. Keep individuals fully informed about the standards of conduct and performance expected of them and your organisation's current procedure for dealing with misconduct or unsatisfactory performance
- P2. Seek support from colleagues or human resources specialists on any aspects of implementing disciplinary procedures about which you are unsure

E2. Carry out investigations and take preventative measures

- P3. Carry out necessary investigations promptly to establish the facts relating to any misconduct or unsatisfactory performance
- P4. Take preventative measures to resolve issues and deal with cases of minor misconduct or unsatisfactory performance informally, where you consider that an informal approach is likely to resolve the situation effectively

E3. Follow disciplinary procedures and maintain records

- P5. Follow your organisation's formal disciplinary procedure in serious cases of misconduct or unsatisfactory performance
- P6. Keep full and accurate records throughout the disciplinary process and store these confidentially as long as, but no longer as, necessary

- K1. Explain the importance of fully informing individuals about the standards of conduct and performance expected of them and your organisation's current procedure for dealing with misconduct or unsatisfactory performance
- K2. Describe how to carry out investigations to establish facts relating to any misconduct or unsatisfactory performance
- K3. Discuss informal approaches to dealing with cases of minor misconduct or unsatisfactory performance, and when this type of approach is likely to resolve the situation effectively
- K4. Compare the differences between misconduct, gross misconduct and unsatisfactory performance, and how each should be handled

- K5. Discuss the importance of following your organisation's formal disciplinary procedure in serious cases of misconduct or unsatisfactory performance
- K6. Illustrate the importance of communicating clearly, concisely and objectively, and how to do so
- K7. Describe how to keep full and accurate records throughout the disciplinary process and store these confidentially as long as, but no longer than, necessary
- K8. Summarise your organisation's procedures for dealing with misconduct or unsatisfactory performance
- K9. Identify the standards of conduct and performance expected of individuals
- K10. List the sources of advice, guidance and support from colleagues, human resources or others

Communication with subordinates and colleagues could be by:

• Email, telephone, SMS, face-to-face, instant messaging or other means

2. Support from colleagues or HR specialists could include:

- · Advice on legal procedures
- Advice on organisational procedures
- Support in planning coaching sessions
- Help with resources for coaching sessions

3. Investigations measures could include:

 Investigations with HRD, senior managers or others to establish the facts relating to any misconduct or unsatisfactory performance

4. Preventative measures to resolve issues and deal with cases of minor misconduct or unsatisfactory performance could include:

- · Informal discussion with staff
- Appraisal or performance review
- Warning letter if the issue has occurred frequently
- · Referral to HR department

5. Disciplinary procedures could include:

- Verbal warning
- · Written warning
- · Internal transfer
- · Suspension from the workplace

6. Confidential records could include:

- · Minutes of meetings
- Appraisal forms
- · Incident report forms
- · Letters and emails
- · Other documents

Important behaviours for supervisors/ managers include:

- Listen actively, ask questions, clarify points and restate or rephrase statements to check mutual understanding
- Present information clearly, concisely, accurately and in ways that promote understanding
- 3. Keep people informed of plans and developments in a timely way
- 4. Give feedback to others to help them maintain and improve their performance
- 5. Comply with, and ensure others comply with, legal requirements, industry regulations, organisational policies and professional codes
- 6. Act within the limits of your authority
- 7. Refer issues outside the limits of your authority to appropriate people
- 8. Show integrity, fairness and consistency in decision making
- 9. Say no to unreasonable requests
- 10. Address performance issues promptly and resolve them directly with the people involved
- 11. Protect the confidentiality and security of information
- 12. Take and implement difficult and/or unpopular decisions, if necessary

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc. This unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence or report on aspects of managing disciplinary procedures in a hospitality or tourism environment. Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Note that all evidence should remove names of personnel to protect the privacy of individuals and the organisation.

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Suitable methods will include:

- Portfolio of workplace evidence to include notes of meetings, notes of discussion with individuals and colleagues, details of support and advice provided to individuals, record of performance review meetings etc (without named individuals)
- · Personal statements
- · Witness testimony
- Professional discussion

Evidence must include:

- 1. Two documented examples or cases of communications to staff and colleagues about disciplinary conduct
- 2. Two documented examples of carrying out investigations to establish facts about misconduct or unsatisfactory performance
- 3. One documented example of a preventative measures taken to resolve issues and deal with cases of minor misconduct or unsatisfactory performance
- 4. One documented example of a formal disciplinary procedure in a serious cases of misconduct or unsatisfactory performance
- 5. Fully completing the knowledge assessment as set out in the unit either by recorded oral questioning or answers to written questions

Possible examples of evidence

Records of your involvement in disciplinary procedures:

- Notes of briefings and meetings; e-mails and memos; handbooks, procedure manuals and other guidance which you have prepared for team members on disciplinary procedures and systems
- Notes of meetings with individuals such as performance reviews, supervision meetings, notes of disciplinary investigations
- Memos, e-mails from specialists on conduct of disciplinary procedures
- Letters, memos, e-mails from, and notes of conversations with colleagues or managers regarding an individual's performance and behaviour
- Notes, records of disciplinary procedures in which you have been involved
- Personal statement (your reflections on your role in initiating and following disciplinary procedures)

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

A portfolio or written report should be supplemented by oral questions to ensure all aspects of the evidence requirements are fully met.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All staff with supervisory or management responsibility in tourism occupations	D1.HRM.CL9.04

HRS5. UNIT TITLE: RECRUIT, SELECT AND RETAIN STAFF

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to recruit and select people to undertake identified activities or work roles within your area of responsibility.

This standard is not intended for human resources specialists. It is relevant to managers and supervisors who are responsible for recruiting and selecting people for their organisation or their particular area of responsibility.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Plan recruitment of appropriate people

- P1. Review, on a regular basis, the work required in your area of responsibility, identifying any shortfall in the number of people or their knowledge, skills and competence
- P2. Identify and evaluate the options for addressing any identified shortfalls and decide on the best options to follow
- P3. Engage appropriate HR professionals within your organisation in recruiting and selecting people
- P4. Ensure you comply with your organisation's recruitment and selection policies and procedures

E2. Prepare for recruitment and selection

- P5. Ensure the availability of up-to-date job descriptions and person specifications where there is a need to recruit
- P6. Establish the stages in the recruitment and selection process for identified vacancies, the methods that will be used, the associated timings and who is going to be involved
- P7. Ensure that any information on vacancies is fair, clear and accurate before it goes to potential applicants
- P8. Draw up fair, clear and appropriate criteria for assessing and selecting applicants, taking into account their knowledge, skills and competence and their potential to work effectively with colleagues
- P9. Ensure the recruitment and selection process is carried out fairly, consistently and effectively

E3. Manage the selection process

- P10. Keep applicants fully informed about the progress of their applications, in line with organisational policy
- P11. Offer positions to applicants who best meet the selection criteria
- P12. Provide clear, accurate and constructive feedback to unsuccessful applicants, in line with organisational policy
- P13. Evaluate whether the recruitment and selection process has been successful and identify any areas for improvements

E4. Optimise staff retention activities

- P14. Seek to provide work opportunities that challenge individuals to make effective use of their knowledge, skills and competences and develop their potential
- P15. Review individuals' performance and development systematically and provide feedback designed to improve their performance
- P16. Recognise individuals' performance and recognise their achievements in line with your organisation's policy
- P17. Identify when individuals are dissatisfied with their work or development and seek with them solutions that meet both the individual's and organisation's needs
- P18. Recognise when individuals' values, motivations and aspirations are incompatible with your organisation's vision, objectives and values and seek alternative solutions with the individuals concerned.
- P19. Discuss their reasons with individuals planning to leave your organisation and seek to resolve any issues or misunderstandings

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. Discuss how to engage employees and other stakeholders in recruitment, selection and retention activities
- K2. Describe how to review the workload in your area in order to identify shortfalls in the number of colleagues and the pool of knowledge, skills and competence
- K3. Explain what job descriptions and person specifications should cover and why it is important to consult with others in producing or updating them
- K5. Evaluate the different recruitment and selection methods and their associated advantages and disadvantages
- K6. Explain why it is important to give fair, clear and accurate information on vacancies to potential applicants
- K4. Discuss the different stages in the recruitment and selection process and why it is important to consult with others on the stages, recruitment and selection methods to be used, associated timings and who is going to be involved

- K7. Discuss how to measure applicants' competence and capability and assess whether they meet the stated requirements of the vacancy
- K8. How to take account of equality, diversity and inclusion issues, including legislation and any relevant codes of practice, when recruiting and selecting people and keeping colleagues
- K9. Explain the importance of keeping applicants informed about progress and how to do so
- K10. Discuss the importance of providing opportunities for individuals to discuss issues with you alternative solutions that may be deployed when individuals' values, motivations and aspirations are incompatible with their work or your organisation's vision, objectives and values
- K11. Discuss the importance of understanding the reasons why individuals are leaving an organisation
- K12. Describe the specialist resources available to support recruitment, selection and retention, and how to make use of them

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

Policies and procedures in relation to the recruitment and selection process may include:

- Details of information that may and may not be used in a job advertisement
- Staff promotion policies, especially internal promotions
- · Staff training
- · Remuneration
- Probationary periods
- · Terms and conditions of employment
- Benefits
- Individual staff policy, such as uniform, personal presentation, smoking, tact and diplomacy, sickness, attendance and punctuality, use of company property
- Composition of interview and selection panels

2. Job specification refers to:

 All the information about the type of employee needed to do a particular job effectively

3. The job description refers to:

All the information about the job tasks

4. Key selection criteria may relate to:

- Experience
- Competencies
- Qualifications
- Compatibility
- · References
- Attitudes

5. Sources of staff recruitment may include:

- Media advertisements
- Job and recruitment agencies
- · Online recruitment
- Internal advertising including internal promotions
- · Schools and trade colleges
- Industry network contacts
- · Other employers

6. Selection interview may include:

- · One-on-one and face-to-face interviews
- Panel interviews
- · Group interviews
- · Over-the-phone interviews
- · First, second and/or third interviews
- Applying appropriate questioning and listening techniques
- · Recording answers supplied by applicants
- Responding to applicant questions
- · Equity and compliance issues
- Devising questions to be asked of all applicants

7. Selection may relate to:

- · Rating applicants against selection criteria
- Obtaining feedback and consensus from all interviewers
- · Considering test results
- · Ranking interviewees

8. Follow up successful applicants may relate to:

- Obtaining original copies of documents presented at interviews
- Explaining details of the job offer, contract or employment instrument
- Confirming acceptance of the job offer
- Offering the job to another applicant if the first choice refuses the offer

9. Retention policies can include:

- Provision of work opportunities that challenge individuals to make effective use of their knowledge, skills and competences and develop their potential
- Review of individuals' performance and development systematically
- Methods of feedback designed to improve staff performance
- Recognition of individuals' performance and achievements in line with your organisation's policy
- Identification of work roles that meet both the individual's and organisation's needs
- Recognition of incompatibility of staff with work roles
- · Staff exit policies

Important behaviours for supervisors/ managers include:

- 1. Identify people's information needs
- 2. Present information clearly, concisely, accurately and in ways that promote understanding
- 3. Keep people informed of plans and developments in a timely way
- 4. Give feedback to others to help them maintain and improve their performance
- 5. Comply with, and ensure others comply with, legal requirements, industry regulations, organisational policies and professional codes
- 6. Act within the limits of your authority
- 7. Show integrity, fairness and consistency in decision-making
- 8. Protect the confidentiality and security of information
- 9. Check the accuracy and validity of information
- 10. Take and implement difficult and/or unpopular decisions, where necessary

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc.

This unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence or report on aspects of managing recruitment, selection and retention of staff in a hospitality or tourism environment. Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Note that all evidence should remove names of personnel to protect the privacy of individuals and the organisation.

Evidence must include:

- 1. Two documented examples or cases of recruitment and selection of staff to meet organisational staffing needs
- 2. Two documented examples or cases of retention activities
- 3. One documented example of an exit interview to establish reasons for staff leaving a job
- 4. Fully completing the knowledge assessment as set out in the unit either by recorded oral questioning or answers to written questions

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Suitable methods will include:

- Portfolio of workplace evidence
- · Personal statements
- · Witness testimony
- · Professional discussion

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

A portfolio or written report should be supplemented by oral questions to ensure all aspects of the evidence requirements are fully met.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All staff with supervisory or management responsibility in tourism occupations	D1.HRM.CL9.10

HRS6. UNIT TITLE: HANDLE STAFF GRIEVANCES AND RESOLVE PROBLEMS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to initiate and follow your organisation's grievance procedure in response to a concern, problem or complaint raised by a member of your team.

This unit describes the minimum standard of performance expected of managers when they are implementing grievance procedures in line with legal and organisational requirements. To meet this standard, managers need both sound technical knowledge of the procedures and well-developed cognitive and interpersonal skills.

The unit is for line managers who have to deal with potential or actual grievances raised by members of their team. It is not designed for human resources specialists.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Inform staff about grievance procedures

- P1. Keep individuals fully informed about your organisation's current procedure for raising grievances
- P2. Seek support from colleagues or human resources or legal specialists on any aspects of implementing grievance procedures about which you are unsure

E2. Implement grievance procedures

- P3. Identify potential grievances and take preventative measures to resolve issues where possible
- P4. Respond to concerns, problems or complaints from individuals and seek to resolve the situation informally if possible
- P5. Follow your organisation's formal grievance procedure, if an individual raises a grievance with you in writing

E3. Maintain accurate records

P6. Keep full and accurate records throughout the grievance process and store these confidentially as long as, but no longer than, necessary

- K1. Explain the importance of fully informing individuals about your organisation's current procedure for raising grievances
- K2. Explain informal approaches to dealing with concerns, problems or complaints raised with you, and when this type of approach is likely to resolve the situation effectively
- K3. Explain the importance of following your organisation's formal grievance procedure, and when to do so
- K4. Describe how to conduct a meeting with an individual to discuss their grievance

- K5. Describe how to investigate the grievance fully
- K6. Explain the importance of communicating clearly, concisely and objectively, and how to do so
- K7. Describe how to keep full and accurate records throughout the grievance process and store these confidentially as long required
- K8. Summarise your organisation's procedure for dealing with grievances
- K9. Identify sources of advice, guidance and support from colleagues, human resources or legal specialist

1. Informing staff about grievance procedures involves:

- Keeping individuals fully informed about current procedure for raising grievances
- Seeking support from colleagues or human resources or legal specialists

2. Implementing grievance procedures includes:

- Identifying potential grievances before they become an issue
- Taking preventative measures to resolve issues where possible
- Responding to concerns, problems or complaints informally to resolve the situation if possible
- Considering whether an informal approach is likely to resolve the situation effectively
- Following your organisation's formal grievance procedure, if an individual raises a grievance with you in writing

3. Keeping full and accurate records includes:

- Ensuring that full records are kept throughout the grievance process
- Ensuring records are stored confidentially for as long as required

Important behaviours for supervisors/ managers include:

- Listen actively, ask questions, clarify points and restate or rephrase statements to check mutual understanding
- Present information clearly, concisely, accurately and in ways that promote understanding
- 3. Keep people informed of plans and developments in a timely way
- 4. Give feedback to others to help them maintain and improve their performance
- 5. Comply with, and ensure others comply with, legal requirements, industry regulations, organisational policies and professional codes
- 6. Act within the limits of your authority
- 7. Refer issues outside the limits of your authority to appropriate people
- 8. Show integrity, fairness and consistency in decision making
- 9. Say no to unreasonable requests
- 10. Address performance issues promptly and resolve them directly with the people involved
- 11. Protect the confidentiality and security of information
- 12. Take and implement difficult and/or unpopular decisions, if necessary

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc.

This Unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence or report on initiating and following grievance procedures of staff in a hospitality or tourism environment. Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Note that all evidence should remove names of personnel to protect the privacy of individuals and the organisation.

Evidence must include:

- 1. One documented example of handling an informal grievance procedure
- 2. One documented examples or cases handling a formal grievance procedure
- 3. Fully completing the knowledge assessment as set out in the unit either by recorded oral questioning or answers to written questions

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Suitable methods will include:

- Portfolio of workplace evidence
- · Personal statements
- · Witness testimony
- Professional discussion

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

A portfolio or written report should be supplemented by oral questions to ensure all aspects of the Evidence requirements are fully met.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All staff with supervisory or management responsibility in tourism occupations	N/A

HRS11. UNIT TITLE: IMPLEMENT OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY PRACTICES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to manage the overall health and safety process in your area of responsibility. It is intended to go beyond meeting health and safety legislation and move towards a situation where health and safety considerations are firmly embedded in the planning and decision-making processes and the 'culture' of your area of responsibility. The 'area of responsibility' may be, for example, a department or functional area or an operating site such as a hotel or tour company office.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Implement health and safety policy

- P1. Identify your personal responsibilities and liabilities under health and safety legislation
- P2. Ensure that the organisation's written health and safety policy statement is clearly communicated to all people in your area of responsibility and other relevant parties
- P3. Ensure that the health and safety policy statement is put into practice in your area of responsibility and is subject to review as situations change and at regular intervals and the findings passed to the appropriate people for consideration

E2. Ensure consultation with health & safety personnel

- P4. Ensure regular consultation with people in your area of responsibility or their representatives on health and safety issues
- P5. Seek and make use of specialist expertise in relation to health and safety issues

E3. Ensure systems are in place for identifying and monitoring risk

- P6. Ensure that a system is in place for identifying hazards and assessing risks in your area of responsibility and that prompt and effective action is taken to eliminate or control identified hazards and risks
- P7. Ensure that systems are in place for effective monitoring, measuring and reporting of health and safety performance in your area of responsibility

E4. Develop & improve health and safety performance

- P8. Show continuous improvement in your area of responsibility in relation to health and safety performance
- P9. Make health and safety a priority area in terms of informing planning and decision-making in your area of responsibility
- P10. Demonstrate that your own actions reinforce the messages in the organisation's health and safety policy statement
- P11. Ensure that sufficient resources are allocated across your area of responsibility to deal with health and safety issues
- P12. Develop a culture within your area of responsibility which puts 'health and safety' first

- K1. Explain why health and safety in the workplace is important
- K2. Describe how and where to identify your personal responsibilities and liabilities under health and safety legislation
- K3. Explain how to keep up with legislative and other developments relating to health and safety
- K4. Summarise the requirement for organisations to have a written health and safety policy statement
- K5. Explain how to communicate the written health and safety policy statement to people who work in your area of responsibility and other relevant parties
- K6. Describe how and when to review the application of the written Health and safety policy statement in your area of responsibility and produce/provide findings to inform development
- K7. Explain how and when to consult with people in your area of responsibility or their representatives on health and safety issues
- K8. Identify sources of specialist expertise in relation to health and safety
- K9. List ways of developing a culture in your area of responsibility which puts 'health and safety' first

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K10. Describe the type of hazards and risks that may arise in relation to health and safety how to establish and use systems for identifying hazards and assessing risks and the type of actions that should be taken to control or eliminate them
- K11. Explain how to establish systems for monitoring, measuring and reporting on health and safety performance in your area of responsibility
- K12. Explain why and how health and safety should inform planning and decision-making
- K13. Explain the importance of setting a good example to others in relation to health and safety
- K14. Define the type of resources required to deal with health and safety issues

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Relevant health and safety information may include:

- · Roles and responsibilities of personnel
- · Legal obligations
- Participative arrangements for health and safety
- Location of relevant health and safety information, procedures and policies
- Specific risks and necessary control measures
- · Codes of practice

2. Hazards and risks may include:

- · Fire and emergency
- Crowd related risks
- · Bomb scares
- Theft and armed robbery
- Equipment failure
- Pests
- Equipment related hazards
- Manual handling
- · Slips, trips and falls
- · Drugs and alcohol in the workplace
- Violence in the workplace
- Hazardous substances
- Others

3. Records may include:

- · Health and safety injury register
- · Number of near-misses
- Health and safety improvement ideas submitted by team members
- Medical records
- Health and safety training records
- · Team member hazards reports
- Others

4. Developing and improving health and safety performance may include:

- Workshops
- Information sessions
- · Fact sheets and other literature
- Mentoring
- Lectures
- Practical demonstrations
- · Health and safety team meetings

Important behaviours for supervisors/ managers include:

Behaviours which underpin effective performance:

- 1. Respond quickly to crises and problems with a proposed course of action
- 2. Identify people's information needs
- 3. Comply with, and ensure others comply with, legal requirements, industry regulations, organisational policies and professional codes
- 4. Be vigilant for possible risks and hazards
- 5. Take personal responsibility for making things happen
- 6. Identify the implications or consequences of a situation
- 7. Act within the limits of your authority
- 8. Constantly seek to improve performance
- 9. Treat individuals with respect and act to uphold their rights

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc.

This unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence or report on implementing occupational health and safety in a hospitality or tourism environment. Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Note that all evidence should remove names of personnel to protect the privacy of individuals and the organisation.

Evidence must include:

- At least one record of actions you have taken to ensure health and safety policies are implemented appropriately
- 2. At least two minutes of meetings you have organised with people in your area of responsibility, or their representatives, and those with specialist expertise, to discuss, review and agree the implementation of workplace policies on health and safety
- 3. At least one briefing or presentation you have made or commissioned to people in your area of responsibility on the implementation of workplace policies on health and safety
- 4. At least one record of training activity you have organised for people in your area of responsibility on the implementation of workplace policies on health and safety
- One personal statement (reflection on your role in ensuring that health and safety policies are implemented and reviewed in your area of responsibility)
- Fully completing the knowledge assessment as set out in the unit either by recorded oral questioning or answers to written questions

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Suitable methods will include:

- Portfolio of workplace evidence
- Observation
- Personal statements
- · Witness testimony
- Professional discussion

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

A portfolio or written report should be supplemented by oral questions to ensure all aspects of the evidence requirements are fully met.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All staff with supervisory or management responsibility in tourism occupations	D1.HSS.CL4.01, 02 & 04

RTS4.7. UNIT TITLE: APPLY RESPONSIBLE TOURISM TO FOOD AND BEVERAGE OPERATIONS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to apply responsible tourism principles to food and beverage operations such as in restaurants, kitchens and food outlets.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Inform customers of responsible tourism issues

- P1. Inform customers of restaurant environmental and water conservation policies
- P2. Inform guests of actions to save energy and manage waste in the kitchen and restaurant

E2. Implement energy saving practices

- P3. Ensure all equipment is cleaned and serviced regularly
- P4. Train staff to work efficiently and reduce energy usage

E3. Implement water efficiency practices

- P5. Place signage in restaurant and kitchen reminding staff to conserve water and report leaks
- P6. Train staff to ensure water saving in the most efficient manner
- P7. Present results of savings to staff to encourage them to continue to improved

E4. Avoid waste in food and beverage operations

- P8. Review recycling options in kitchens and restaurants
- P9. Monitor and measure waste and recycling levels

E5. Apply responsible tourism principles in purchasing and supplies

- P10. Establish a purchasing policy that favours environmentally-friendly products, and those that minimise energy, water and waste in the production process
- P11. Establish a purchasing policy that favours local suppliers if possible

- K1. Explain how to develop a company code of conduct for customers to follow in responsible tourism behaviour
- K2. Explain the methods used in your restaurant/ kitchen for saving energy, water and waste management
- K3. Explain the importance of adopting responsible tourism principles in food and beverage operations
- K4. Describe the procedures for energy consumption reduction in food and beverage operations
- K5. Describe the ways of saving water in food and beverage operations

- K6. Explain the ways of increasing the use of recycling in food and beverage operations
- K7. Define the significance of energy saving and minimizing waste
- K8. Explain how to raise awareness and build capacity of staff in sustainable tourism principles that relate to their day-to-day responsibilities
- K9. Describe how to set supplier sustainability targets for improvement
- K10. Explain how your restaurant or kitchen ensures energy and water saving and waste management in purchasing procedures

1. Principles of responsible tourism include:

- Use natural resources optimally
- Respect and conserve socio-cultural authenticity
- Ensure viable, long-term economic benefits to all stakeholders

2. Energy saving practices could include:

- Ensure all restaurant or kitchen equipment is cleaned and serviced regularly
- Arrange for staff to prepare food efficiently and in large batches if possible
- Encourage reduction of equipment standby and pre-heating time
- Instruct kitchen staff to thaw food in the refrigerator overnight rather than using running water or microwaves

3. Water efficiency in food and beverage operations could include:

- Instruct staff to sweep or mop kitchen floors instead of using a hose
- Train staff to operate the dishwasher in the most efficient manner

4. Avoid waste in food and beverage operations could include:

- Implement recycling in kitchen and restaurant
- Arrange for separate and distinctive bins for food wastes, general wastes and recyclables
- Monitor your food waste and adjust inventory to minimise waste due to spoilage
- Develop daily production plans to minimise over-prepaping food that will then be wasted
- Arrange compost for food waste rather than sending it to the trash bin
- Offer customers environmentally friendly take-away containers for leftover food
- Instruct kitchen staff to collect cooking oils and fats for re-processing and reuse
- Discuss with chef about food portion sizes and how to adjust to avoid excessive food wastes
- Monitor and measure waste and recycling levels

5. Establish a responsible food and beverage purchasing policy and practice that includes:

- Buy in bulk and in concentrated form, such as beer and soft drinks on tap rather than cans and bottles
- Purchase recycled content and recyclable takeaway containers, cups, utensils and serviettes
- Purchase disposable utensils that minimise excess packaging, such as avoid individually wrapped items
- Establish a purchasing policy that favours environmentally-friendly products
- Purchase products that minimise energy, water and waste in the production process

Important behaviours for supervisors/ managers include:

- Encourage, generate and recognise innovative solutions
- 2. Constructively challenge the status quo and seek better alternatives
- 3. Try out new ways of working
- 4. Keep people informed of plans and developments in a timely way
- 5. Balance the diverse needs of different customers
- 6. Continuously improve products and services
- 7. Take repeated or different actions to overcome obstacles
- 8. Identify and raise ethical concerns
- 9. Take personal responsibility for making things happen
- 10. Monitor the quality of work and progress against plans and take appropriate corrective action, where necessary
- 11. Communicate a vision that inspires enthusiasm and commitment
- 12. Communicate clearly the value and benefits of a proposed course of action
- 13. Present ideas and arguments convincingly in ways that engage people

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc.

This Unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence or report on implementing responsible tourism principles in a hotel environment. Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Note that all evidence should remove names of personnel to protect the privacy of individuals and the organisation.

Evidence must include:

- At least two occasions in your restaurant that inform customers about responsible tourism issues recorded and documented
- 2. At least three examples of energy saving, water efficiency and waste avoidance activities recorded and documented
- 3. One example of responsible tourism principles applied to kitchen/restaurant purchasing and supplies
- 4. Fully completing the knowledge assessment as set out in the unit either by recorded oral questioning or answers to written questions.

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Suitable methods will include:

- · Portfolio of workplace evidence
- · Personal statements
- · Witness testimony
- · Professional discussion

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

A portfolio or written report should be supplemented by oral questions to ensure all aspects of the Evidence requirements are fully met.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Managers/Supervisors in kitchens, restaurants and other food outlets	N/A

GAS4. UNIT TITLE: MONITOR. CONTROL AND ORDER NEW STOCK

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to develop and operate an effective stock control system including the purchasing, received, storage and internal distribution and management of stock within the hotel workplace context.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Develop and operate a purchasing and/or supply system

- P1. Identify potential suppliers for goods required
- P2. Select suppliers based on nominated internal requirements
- P3. Determine purchasing and supply requirements
- P4. Determine terms of purchase that may apply to the purchase of stock items
- P5. Implement ordering system using identified suppliers

E2. Develop and implement stock received procedures

- P6. Monitor in-coming deliveries and stock
- P7. Inspect incoming stock
- P8. Return unwanted or damaged stock
- P9. Reject unsuitable stock
- P10. Complete appropriate delivery documentation

E3. Develop and implement stock storage systems

- P11. Create appropriate storage conditions for all stock that needs to be stored
- P12. Store stock according to required storage conditions
- P13. Enter stock data into the internal stock system
- P14. Secure stock and protect it from damage, deterioration and unauthorized access

E4. Develop and implement stock issuing systems

- P15. Identify the basis on which stock will be issued or distributed internally
- P16. Develop documentation to support the issuing of stock
- P17. Manage stock distribution within the hospitality or tourism enterprise
- P18. Track and record the movement of stock within the hospitality or tourism enterprise

E5. Develop and implement stock management systems

- P19. Create and implement stock taking systems
- P20. Create and implement stock valuation systems
- P21. Create and implement stock reporting systems
- P22. Make recommendations to improve the operation of the existing stock system.

- K1. Describe the stock items to be covered and controlled by the stock control and management system
- K2. Describe the steps in the stock control cycle
- K3. Describe the role of documentation within the stock control and management process
- K4. Explain recommended and legislated storage requirements for stock items being processed
- K5. Explain principles of stock control and rotation
- K6. Describe the enterprise's policies and procedures in regard to stock control and management handling

1. Internal requirements may be related to:

- Stock security
- Physical inventory levels
- Monetary value of inventory
- · Timing and delivery requirements
- Continuity of supply
- Cost, quality and quantity
- Choice, including options relating to different quality items
- · Back-up service
- Terms of payment
- · Factoring in supplier lead times

2. Stock items may include:

- Food and beverages
- Linen and staff uniforms
- Housekeeping supplies
- Stationery
- Merchandise
- · Promotional material
- Others

3. Personnel involved in stock control duties may include:

- · Purchasing officer
- · Store man
- · Managers and owners
- · Department heads

4. Documentation may include:

- Internal documentation, such as purchase orders, bin cards, requisitions, internal stock transfers, stock take sheets, ledgers
- External documentation, such as delivery dockets, invoices, statements, credit notes

5. Purchasing and supply requirements may include:

- Development of purchasing specifications
- Conducting yield testing or market surveys
- Development of bidding and tendering process, where applicable
- Price control and price mapping
- Product cycle details
- · Internal demand
- Establishment of economic order quantities
- Determination of minimum and maximum stock levels

6. Implementation ordering system may include:

- Standing orders
- · On-line ordering
- Purchase orders
- Telephone orders
- · Face-to-face lodgement of orders

7. Storage conditions may include:

- Storage conditions for fresh, refrigerated, frozen and dry goods
- Storage conditions for alcoholic and non-alcoholic beverages
- Storage conditions for other items, including linen, uniforms, chemicals, stationery, equipment, merchandise and promotional materials

8. Documentation to support the issuing of stock may include:

- · Requisitions sheets
- Internal transfer sheets

9. Stock distribution within the hotel enterprise may include:

- Physical supply of stock to departments within the property
- Verifying stock ordered against stock supplied internally
- · Ensuring the security of stock supplied
- · Use of the impress stock system

10. Stock valuation systems may include:

- Development of stock figures to identify stock performance
- Calculation of stock-on-hand figures
- Comparison of theoretical stock levels against actual stock levels
- Investigation of stock irregularities and variances.

Important behaviours for supervisors/ managers include:

- Constructively challenge the existing situation and seek better alternatives
- Present information clearly, concisely, accurately and in ways that promote understanding
- Give feedback to others to help them maintain and improve their performance
- Continuously improve products and services
- Comply with, and ensure others comply with, legal requirements, industry regulations, organisational policies and professional codes
- Monitor the quality of work and progress against plans and take appropriate corrective action, where necessary
- Develop systems to gather and manage information and knowledge effectively, efficiently and ethically
- Use a range of legitimate strategies and tactics to influence people
- Make effective use of available resources
- Recognise stakeholders' needs and interests and manage these effectively
- · Build a plausible picture from limited data
- Specify the assumptions made and risks involved in understanding a situation
- Identify slow moving items and take appropriate action

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc.

This unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence or report on planning and implementing responsible tourism policies and procedures in a hotel environment. Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Note that all evidence should remove names of personnel to protect the privacy of individuals and the organisation.

Evidence must include:

- At least two documented purchases made through an open process of identifying, selecting and determining purchasing and supply requirements leading to the purchase of stock items
- 2. At least two documented examples of monitoring, inspecting and returning/rejecting unwanted or damaged stock
- 3. One example of a stock control system including issuing, distributing, tracking and moving stock
- 4. One example of recommendations made to management on improving the operation of the existing stock system

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Suitable methods will include:

- Portfolio of workplace evidence
- Personal statements
- · Witness testimony
- · Professional discussion

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

A portfolio or written report should be supplemented by oral questions to ensure all aspects of the evidence requirements are fully met.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Staff involved in stock purchase and inventory in Front Office, Housekeeping, Food and Beverage Service, Food Production and other departments including those in tourism and travel operations	D1.HRM.CL9.12

GAS6. UNIT TITLE: MANAGE DAILY OPERATIONS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to perform daily operations in a hotel, tourism or travel organisation.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Inspect key areas and equipment

- P1. Ensure main areas are clean and ready for use
- P2. Ensure all equipment and materials are in place

E2. Perform daily requisition procedures

- P3. Review all stocks and supplies
- P4. Ensure requisition orders are completed
- P5. Make purchase requests

E3. Review schedules

- P6. Ensure staffing schedules are up to date
- P7. Check schedules for any issues
- P8. Input data and backup

E4. Monitor performance standards

- P9. Review daily reports
- P10. Interpret data
- P11. Diagnose problems

E5. Monitor productivity standards

- P12. Review customer feedback
- P13. Review financial reports

E6. Maintain the security of premises and personnel

- P14. Ensure security records are maintained
- P15. Ensure personnel records are up to date
- P16. Review security and safety reports

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. Explain your method for carrying out daily inspection to key areas and equipment
- K2. Describe the daily requisitions procedure
- K3. Explain how you use guest's comments for quality improvement
- K4. Describe the organisations' security arrangements for the premises and personnel
- K5. Explain how performance and productivity data is used for planning and improvement

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Inspection of key areas could include:

- · Restaurant, bar premises and bar equipment
- Floral displays
- Food and beverage promotional displays
- Lighting
- · Windows, mirrors and polished surfaces
- Station cleanliness
- Ventilation
- Cellars
- Kitchens and stewarding
- Stores, pantry and room service
- · C&B Stores
- · Waste areas
- Staff locker and wash rooms
- Fire escapes and stair wells
- Service elevators
- Others

2. Daily requisition would include:

- Linen
- Chemical
- Stationery
- Operating supplies
- · Food & beverage items

3. Schedules would include:

- Duty manager schedule
- · Manager on Duty
- Patrolling security
- Staffing schedule

4. Performance standards would include:

- Preparing financial reports
- Calculating averages, ratios and percentages
- Interpreting specific results
- · Identifying the difference between reports
- Diagnosing probable causes
- Calculating and monitoring a RevPAR

5. Productivity standards could include:

- · Quality control manual
- · Customer feedback
- · On-line reviews
- Staff feedback

6. Maintain the security of premises and personnel could include:

- Protecting database and documents
- Human resource records and headcount
- · Ensuring access to premises
- Ensuring fire protection system is in good condition

Important behaviours for supervisors/ managers include:

- 1. Constructively challenge the status quo and seek better alternatives
- 2. Present information clearly, concisely, accurately and in ways that promote understanding
- 3. Give feedback to others to help them maintain and improve their performance
- 4. Continuously improve products and services
- 5. Comply with, and ensure others comply with, legal requirements, industry regulations, organisational policies and professional codes
- 6. Monitor the quality of work and progress against plans and take appropriate corrective action, where necessary
- Develop systems to gather and manage information and knowledge effectively, efficiently and ethically
- 8. Use a range of legitimate strategies and tactics to influence people
- 9. Make effective use of available resources
- 10. Recognise stakeholders' needs and interests and manage these effectively
- 11. Build a plausible picture from limited data
- 12. Specify the assumptions made and risks involved in understanding a situation

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Performance assessment must include:

- 1. At least two requisition records and purchase orders
- 2. At least one security report
- 3. At least one customer feedback questionnaire and/or survey analysis
- 4. At least two completed inspection checklists
- 5. At least two staffing schedules
- 6. At least two financial reports

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Suitable assessment methods may include:

- · Direct observation
- Written or oral questioning to assess aspects of specialised knowledge
- Naturally occurring evidence in the workplace
- · Review of portfolios of evidence
- Review of third party workplace reports of on the job performance by the individual

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Head of Department, Manager, Manager on Duty	D1.HRM.CL9.03

CMS1. UNIT TITLE: MANAGE QUALITY SERVICE AND CUSTOMER SATISFACTION

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to manage the delivery of quality customer services in a hotel, travel or tour company.

This standard is relevant to managers and supervisors who are required to manage the delivery of customer service as part of a broader management role.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Communicate quality customer service standards

- P1. Engage people within your organisation and other key stakeholders in managing customer service
- P2. Establish clear and measurable standards of customer service, taking into account customers' expectations, your organisation's resources and any legal or regulatory requirements

E2. Ensure people and resources deliver customer service quality

- P3. Organise people and other resources to meet customer service standards, taking account of varying levels of demand and likely contingencies
- P4. Ensure people delivering customer service are competent to carry out their duties, and provide them with any necessary training, support and supervision
- P5. Ensure people understand the standards of customer service they are expected to deliver and the extent of their autonomy in responding to customers' requests and problems

E3. Handle customer service requests and problems

- P6. Take responsibility for dealing with customers' requests and problems referred to you, seeking advice from specialists and/or more senior managers, where necessary
- P7. Ensure customers are kept informed about the actions you are taking to deal with their requests or problems

E4. Enhance the quality of customer service

- P8. Encourage staff and customers to provide feedback on their perceptions of the standards of customer service
- P9. Continuously monitor the standards of customer service delivered, customers' requests and problems and feedback from staff and customers
- P10. Analyse customer service data to identify the causes of problems and opportunities for improving customer service
- P11. Make or recommend changes to processes, systems or standards order to improve customer service

- K1. Explain how you engage people within your organisation and other stakeholders in managing customer service
- K2. Describe how to establish clear and measurable standards of customer service, taking into account customers' expectations and your organisation's resources
- K3. Explain how to organise staffing and other resources to meet customer service standards, and the importance of taking account of varying levels of demand and likely contingencies
- K4. Review how to identify likely contingencies when organising staffing and other resources
- K5. Explain how to identify sustainable resources and ensure their effective use when organising the delivery of customer service

- K6. Explain the importance of ensuring customer service staff are competent to carry out their duties, and providing them with any necessary support, and how to do so
- K7. Explain the importance of ensuring staff understands the standards of customer service they are expected to deliver and the extent of their autonomy in responding to customers' requests and problems
- K8. Explain the importance of taking responsibility for dealing with customers' requests and problems referred to you
- K9. Explain the importance of keeping customers informed about the actions you are taking to deal with their requests or problems
- K10. Describe how to identify and manage potential issues before they develop into problems

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K11. Describe how you normally deal with customers' requests and/or problems
- K12. Explain the importance of encouraging staff and customers to provide feedback on their perceptions of the standards of customer service
- K13. Explain how to monitor the standards of customer service delivered customers' requests and problems and feedback from staff and customers, and the importance of doing so continuously
- K14. Review the types of customer service data available and how to analyse such data to identify the causes of problems and opportunities for improving customer service

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Communicate quality customer service standards may include:

- Meetings to discuss managing customer service
- · Briefings to staff
- · Discussion about customer service issues

Ensuring people and resources are available to deliver customer service quality may include:

- Planning and forecasting human resources
- Planning and forecasting customer seasonal demands or other variables
- · Budgeting for other resources

3. Research may include:

- Interviewing colleagues and clients
- Focus groups
- · Data analysis
- · Product sampling
- · Sales data review
- Others

4. Customer service data may include:

- · Data sampling
- Statistical analysis
- Comparison between current and previous research

5. Service levels may relate to:

- Service quality
- Customer satisfaction
- Staff attitude
- · Appearance of venue, staff, etc.
- · Atmosphere of venue
- Responsiveness of staff to customer requests
- Delivery times
- Prices/costs
- Product/service availability
- · Courtesy/politeness
- Others

6. Customers' needs may relate to:

- Advice or general information
- Specific information
- Complaints
- Purchasing organisation's products and services
- Returning organisation's products and services
- Accuracy of information
- · Fairness/politeness
- · Prices/value
- Others

7. Appropriate methods to monitor customer/ guest satisfaction may include:

- Mystery guest
- Customer satisfaction survey
- · Customer/guest interviews
- · Representative sampling activities
- Industry benchmarking
- Web-based comments
- Face to face comments
- · Others

8. Evaluate and report on customer service may relate to:

- · Service quality evaluations
- · Customer satisfaction evaluations
- Industry benchmarking

Important behaviours for supervisors/managers include:

- 1. Respond promptly to crises and problems with a proposed course of action
- 2. Seek opportunities to improve performance
- 3. Encourage others to take decisions a utonomously, when appropriate
- 4. Demonstrate a clear understanding of different customers and their real and perceived needs
- 5. Empower staff to solve customer problems within clear limits of authority
- Take personal responsibility for resolving customer problems referred to you by other staff
- 7. Recognise recurring problems and promote changes to structures, systems and processes to resolve these

- 8. Encourage and welcome feedback from others and use this feedback constructively
- 9. Prioritise objectives and plan work to make the effective use of time and resources
- 10. Take personal responsibility for making things happen
- 11. Clearly agree what is expected of others and hold them to account
- 12. Honour your commitments to others
- 13. Identify the implications or consequences of a situation
- 14. Take timely decisions that are realistic for the situation

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc.

This unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence or report managing quality in customer/guest services in a hospitality or tourism environment. Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Note that all evidence should remove names of personnel to protect the privacy of individuals and the organisation.

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Suitable evidence could include:

- Customer service data
- Personal statements (reflections on the process and reasoning behind quality service activities)
- Witness statements (comments on the quality customer service practices)
- Notes, reports, recommendations to managers of customer service problems or critical incidents
- Notes, emails, memos or other records of customer service improvements
- Personal statement (reflections on your own role in dealing with customer service challenges)

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Evidence assessment must include:

- Two examples or cases of how you engage people within your organisation and other key stakeholders in managing customer service and establishing clear and measurable standards of customer service
- 2. Two examples of how you organise people and other resources to meet customer service standards, and ensure people delivering customer service are competent to carry out their duties and understand the standards of customer service they are expected to deliver
- 3. Two examples of how you have taken responsibility for dealing with customers' requests and problems referred to you and ensured customers were kept informed about the actions you were taking to deal with their requests or problems
- 4. Two examples of how you continuously monitor the standards of customer service delivered, customers' requests and problems and feedback from staff and customers and make or recommend changes to processes, systems or standards order to improve customer service
- Fully completing the knowledge assessment as set out in the unit either by recorded oral questioning or answers to written questions

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

A portfolio or written report should be supplemented by oral questions to ensure all aspects of the evidence requirements are fully met.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All staff with supervisory or management responsibility in tourism occupations	D1.HRM.CL9.06

FMS1. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE BUDGETS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required for managers with responsibility for preparing budgets for their departments.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Prepare budget information

- P1. Identify and interpret sources of data required for budget preparation
- P2. Review and analyse data
- P3. Obtain other stakeholder input into budget plan
- P4. Provide relevant colleagues with the opportunity to contribute to the budget planning process

E2. Draft budget

- P5. Draft budget, based on analysis of all available information
- P6. Estimate income and expenditure using valid, reliable and relevant information
- P7. Review income and expenditure for previous time periods to help with budget forecast

E3. Present budget recommendations

- P8. Present recommendations clearly, concisely and in an appropriate format
- P9. Circulate draft budget to relevant colleagues for comment
- P10. Adjust budget and complete the final budget within designated timelines
- P11. Inform colleagues of final budget decisions

- K1. Explain how to engage stakeholders in identifying and justifying requirements for financial resources.
- K2. Explain how to identify and interpret sources of data required for budget preparation
- K3. Explain how to provide relevant colleagues with the opportunity to contribute to the budget planning process
- K4. Explain how you present budget recommendations to others

- K5. Describe how to calculate fixed and variable costs of activities.
- K6. Describe cost-benefit analysis techniques
- K7. Explain the importance of developing alternative solutions as fullback positions.
- K8. Explain the importance of obtaining feedback on your presentation of the budget and how to use this feedback to improve future proposals

1. Data and data sources required for budget preparation may include:

- Performance data from previous periods
- Financial proposals from key stakeholders
- Financial information from suppliers
- · Customer or supplier research
- · Competitor research
- Management policies and procedures
- Organisational budget preparation guidelines

2. Internal and external issues that could impact on budget development may include:

- Organisational and management re-structures
- Enterprise/organisational objectives
- · New legislation or regulation
- · Growth or decline in economic conditions
- Significant price movement for certain commodities or items
- · Shift in market trends
- Scope of the project
- Venue availability (for events)
- · Human resource requirements
- Others

3. Budgets may include:

- · Cash budgets
- · Departmental budgets
- Wages budgets
- Project budgets
- Event budgets
- Sales budgets
- Cash flow budgets
- Grant funding budgets
- Others

4. Input may include:

- · Budget restrictions
- Client expectations
- · Owners/stakeholders expectations
- Others

5. Recommendations may include:

- Budget restrictions
- Operational budgets
- Contingency plan

6. Budget decisions may refer to:

- · Increase/decrease in allocations
- Cost-cutting decisions, such as redundancy, closing departments or outlets, etc
- Expansion decisions, such as employing more staff, opening new outlets/departments, etc

7. Financial commitments may relate to:

- Contracts related to expenditure
- · Contracts related to income

Important behaviours for supervisors/ managers include:

- 1. Recognise changes in circumstances promptly and adjust plans and activities accordingly
- 2. Find practical ways to overcome obstacles
- 3. Present information clearly, concisely, accurately and in ways that promote understanding
- 4. Balance risks against the benefits that may arise from taking risks
- 5. Identify and seize opportunities to obtain resources
- 6. Take repeated or different actions to overcome obstacles
- 7. Comply with, and ensure others comply with, legal requirements, industry regulations, organisational policies and professional codes
- 8. Act within the limits of your authority communicate clearly the value and benefits of a proposed course of action
- 9. Use a range of legitimate strategies and tactics to influence people
- 10. Work towards win-win solutions
- 11. Respond positively and creatively to setbacks
- 12. Identify the range of elements in a situation and how they relate to each other
- 13. Specify the assumptions made and risks involved in understanding a situation
- 14. Test a variety of options before taking a decision

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc.

This unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence or report managing quality in customer/guest services in a hospitality or tourism environment. Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Note that all evidence should remove names of personnel to protect the privacy of individuals and the organisation.

Evidence must include:

- At least one minute of meetings you have organised with people in your area of responsibility and those with specialist expertise, to discuss, review and agree the budget for your department or team
- 2. One draft budget prepared for your department
- 3. One approved and implemented budget for your department
- 4. Notes of a meeting or email/letter in which you received approval for the prepared budget
- Fully completing the knowledge assessment as set out in the unit either by recorded oral questioning or answers to written questions

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Suitable methods will include:

- Portfolio of workplace evidence
- Observation
- Personal statements
- Witness testimony
- · Professional discussion

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

A portfolio or written report should be supplemented by oral questions to ensure all aspects of the evidence requirements are fully met.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Supervisors or Manager in tourism occupations	D1.HFA.CL7.07

HRS2. UNIT TITLE: PLAN THE WORKFORCE

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to take a lead in identifying the workforce requirements of your department and how these will be satisfied. This standard is not intended for human resources specialists. It is relevant to managers who are responsible for planning the workforce across their department or their team.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Evaluate your future staffing needs

- P1. Engage appropriate people within your organisation and other key stakeholders in planning workforce requirements
- P2. Seek and make use of HR resources to assist in workforce planning activities, where necessary
- P3. Evaluate your organisation's strategic objectives and plans to obtain information needed for workforce planning purposes and identify any key issues for further consideration

E2. Review and identify the competences required

- P4. Identify the knowledge, skills and competence required to deliver your organisation's strategic objectives and plans
- P5. Review the capacity and capability of the current workforce to meet identified knowledge, skills and competence requirements
- P6. Identify any learning or development needs of the current workforce to meet requirements
- P7. Make sure that the diversity of the workforce provides a suitable mix of people to achieve its objectives

E3. Develop workforce and contingency plans

- P8. Develop workforce plans that meet the organisation's long, medium, and short-term requirements, making effective use of people from inside and from outside the organisation
- P9. Ensure employment contracts are appropriate to the needs of the organisation
- P10. Make sure that resources needed to recruit, develop, retain and redeploy people are available
- P11. Develop contingency plans to deal with unforeseen circumstances and maintain business continuity
- P12. Identify any recurring issues that cause people to leave your organisation and seek to address these

E4. Communicate and review workforce plans

- P13. Communicate workforce plans to relevant people
- P14. Review your workforce plans periodically and in the light of changes to your organisation's strategic objectives and plans

- K1. Explain how to engage employees and other stakeholders in workforce planning
- K2. Describe what an effective workforce plan should cover
- K3. Identify the information required to undertake workforce planning
- K4. Identify the legislation and requirements relating to employment, workers' welfare and rights, equality and health and safety
- K5. Explain how to take account of equality, diversity and inclusion issues in workforce planning
- K6. Describe the strategies and/or services which need to be in place for when people leave, including redundancy counselling
- K7. Explain the importance of putting contingency plans in place and how to do so effectively
- K8. Describe the different ways in which workforce requirements can be met, their advantages and disadvantages, costs and benefits

1. Evaluate your future staffing needs could include review of:

- · Staff appraisals
- · Job descriptions
- Training audits
- · Identified training needs
- Skills shortages

2. Review and identify the competences required could include:

- Identify the knowledge, skills and competence required
- Review the capacity and capability of the current workforce
- · Identify any learning or development needs

3. Workforce and contingency plans can include:

- Succession planning
- · Adjusting to new business challenges

4. Communicate and review workforce plans

- Initial discussions with key stakeholders
- · Regular updates on manpower planning

Important behaviours for supervisors/managers include:

- 1. Seize opportunities presented by the diversity of people
- 2. Identify people's preferred ways of communicating
- 3. Use communication media and styles appropriate to different people and situations
- 4. Comply with, and ensure others comply with, legal requirements, industry regulations, organisational policies and professional codes
- 5. Watch out for potential risks and hazards
- 6. Make effective use of existing sources of information
- 7. Identify systemic issues and seek to mitigate their impact on performance
- 8. Anticipate likely future scenarios based on realistic analysis of trends and developments
- 9. Work towards a clearly defined vision of the future
- 10. Take decisions in uncertain situations or based on incomplete information when necessary
- 11. Take and implement difficult and/or unpopular decisions, where necessary

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

This Unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence or report on aspects of managing discipline in a hospitality or tourism environment. Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Note that all evidence should remove names of personnel to protect the privacy of individuals and the organisation.

Evidence must include:

- Two examples/cases/reports of how you evaluated your future staffing needs and reviewed and identified the competences required
- 2. Two examples of workforce planning and contingency plans to address future business needs and challenges
- 3. Two reports/examples of how you communicated workforce plans to relevant people

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc.

Suitable methods will include:

- Portfolio of workplace evidence to include notes of meetings, notes of discussion with individuals and colleagues, details of support and advice provided to individuals, record of feedback etc. (without named individuals)
- Observation
- · Personal statements
- Witness testimony
- Professional discussion

A portfolio or written report should be supplemented by oral questions to ensure all aspects of the evidence requirements are fully met.

Assessing knowledge and understanding:

Knowledge and understanding are key components of competent performance. Where knowledge and understanding (and the handling of contingency situations) is not apparent from performance evidence, it must be assessed by other means and be supported by suitable evidence such as:

- · Documented answers to oral questioning
- · Written examination.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Department or Division Managers in tourism organisations	D1.HML.CL10.10

COS2. UNIT TITLE: WORK EFFECTIVELY WITH OTHERS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required to work in a hospitality or tourism environment promoting department/ team commitment and cooperation, supporting team members and dealing effectively with issues, problems and conflict.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Develop effective workplace relationships

- P1. Identify own responsibilities and duties in relation to department/team members
- P2. Undertake activities in a manner that promotes cooperation and good relationships
- P3. Encourage, acknowledge and act upon feedback provided by others in the department/team

E2. Contribute to department or team activities

- P4. Provide support to department or team members to ensure goals are met
- P5. Contribute to department/team goals and tasks according to organisational requirements
- P6. Share information relevant to work with department/team to ensure designated goals are met

E3. Deal effectively with issues, problems and conflict

- P7. Respect differences in personal values and beliefs and their importance in the development of relationships
- P8. Identify any linguistic and cultural differences in communication styles and respond appropriately
- P9. Identify issues, problems and conflict encountered in the workplace
- P10. Seek assistance from department/team members when issues, problems and conflict arise

- K1. List own responsibilities and duties in relation to department/team members
- K2. Explain how to undertake activities in a manner that promotes cooperation and good relationships
- K3. Explain how to act upon feedback provided by others in the department/team
- K4. Give examples of how to contribute to department or team activities
- K5. Describe how to support department or team members to ensure goals are met
- K6. Suggest ways to share information relevant to work with department/team to ensure designated goals are met

- K7. Explain how to deal effectively with issues, problems and conflict
- K8. Explain how to respect differences in personal values and beliefs
- K9. Explain how to respond to linguistic and cultural differences in communication styles
- K10. List the type of issues, problems and conflict encountered in the workplace
- K11. Explain how to get assistance from department/team members when issues, problems and conflict arise

The unit variables interpret the scope and context of this unit of competence, allowing for differences between different working environments and is appropriate for all tourism and hospitality job roles.

1. Responsibilities and duties may include:

- Code of conduct
- Job description and employment arrangements
- · Skills, training and competencies
- Supervision and accountability
- Responsible and sustainable working practices

2. Department/team members may include:

- Peers/work colleagues/team/trainees/intern
- · Supervisor or manager

3. Feedback on performance may include:

- Formal/informal performance appraisals
- Feedback from supervisors and colleagues
- · Personal, reflective behaviour strategies

4. Support to team members may include:

- Explaining/clarifying
- · Helping colleagues
- Problem solving
- Providing encouragement
- · Providing feedback to a team member
- Undertaking extra tasks if necessary

5. Information to be shared may include:

- Acknowledging satisfactory performance
- Acknowledging unsatisfactory performance
- · Assisting a colleague
- Clarifying the organisation's preferred task completion methods
- Encouraging colleagues
- · Open communication channels
- Workplace hazards, risks and controls

6. Opportunities for improvement may include:

- · Career planning/development
- · Coaching, mentoring and/or supervision
- Formal/informal learning programmes
- Internal/external training provision
- Performance appraisals
- Personal study
- · Recognition of prior learning/experience

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Evidence of the following is required:

- 1. Two examples of providing support to team members to ensure goals are met
- Two examples of seeking feedback from clients and/or colleagues and taking appropriate action
- 3. Two examples/cases of resolving conflicts in the workplace

Assessment must ensure:

- Access to an actual workplace or simulated environment
- Access to office equipment and resources
- Examples of problems, issues or conflicts that have been resolved

ASSESSMENT METHODS

A range of assessment methods should be used to assess practical skills and knowledge. The following examples are appropriate for this unit:

- Direct questioning combined with review of portfolios of evidence and third party workplace reports of on the job performance by the candidate
- Analysis of responses to case studies and scenarios
- · Demonstration of techniques
- Observation of demonstrated techniques in resolving conflict
- Observation of presentations
- Review of documentation identifying and planning strategies/opportunities for workgroup improvement

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Appropriate for all tourism job roles	(1) D1.HOT.CL1.02; (2) D1.HOT.CL1.11; (3) D1.HOT. CL1.01

COS4. UNIT TITLE: USE ENGLISH AT A BASIC OPERATIONAL LEVEL

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required to converse orally in English in the workplace at a basic operational level.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Make simple conversation

- P1. Respond to opening comments
- P2. Comment on familiar topics
- P3. Conclude a conversation

E2. Respond to simple requests

- P4. Confirm understanding of instructions or requests
- P5. Request clarification of instructions or requests

E3. Make simple requests

- P6. Use polite forms to make simple requests
- P7. Thank the person responding to your request

E4. Express preferences

- P8. Talk about likes and dislikes
- P9. Discuss preferences and give reasons

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. Respond to opening comments and make simple conversation
- K2. Comment on familiar topics and conclude a conversation
- K3. Make and respond to simple requests
- K4. Confirm understanding and request clarification of instructions or requests
- K5. Describe routine procedures and explain a sequence of routine job tasks
- K6. Make suggestions on how to improve routine procedures or in communication with guests
- K7. Express likes, dislikes and preferences and give preferences and reasons

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

This unit applies where conversing in English at a basic operational level is required within all divisions of the hospitality and tourism industry and includes all staff with guest contact.

1. Opening comments may include:

- How are you? Did you have a good trip? How can I help you?
- · Others

2. Familiar topics may include:

- Giving directions; providing advice on the best places to shop, eat, visit etc; providing advice about a customer's special needs; providing information; referring a customer complaint to a supervisor; safety & healthy related information
- · Others

3. Closing remarks may include:

- I hope you enjoy your stay/tour; Goodbye and I hope we see you again soon; Thank you for staying here; Please enjoy your tour
- · Others

4. Ways to seek clarification may include:

- Asking the person to repeat themselves, e.g. would you mind saying that again? Would you mind spelling it? Sorry I didn't catch that. Sorry I missed that, Can you go over that again? Can you say that again please?
- Seeking clarification, e.g. Can you please confirm you want to check out tomorrow? Are you looking for an all-day or half-day tour?

5. Polite forms used for making requests may include:

 Please can you provide your driving licence for the hired car? Would you mind waiting for five minutes while I deal with this guest?

6. Avoiding jargon in conversations with guests:

- Your room rate is US\$100 plus plus/net
- We are pleased to offer you FOC breakfast

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Assessment should ensure that the person can communicate effectively in the following situations:

- 1. Respond to opening comments and make simple conversation
- 2. Comment on familiar topics and conclude a conversation
- 3. Make and respond to simple requests
- 4. Confirm understanding and request clarification of instructions or requests
- 5. Describe routine procedures and explain a sequence of routine job tasks
- 6. Make suggestions on how to improve routine procedures
- 7. Express likes, dislikes and preferences and give preferences and reasons

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Assessment must ensure actual or simulated workplace application of situations where people converse at a basic operational level with guests or customers or in a classroom environment where the person can demonstrate their ability to communicate in basic English.

The following methods may be used to assess competency for this unit:

- Observation of practical candidate performance
- Interviews
- Role plays
- · Oral and written questions

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All tourism occupations	D1.LAN.CL1.01

COSS. UNIT TITLE: MAINTAIN INDUSTRY KNOWLEDGE

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required to source, maintain and use hospitality and tourism industry knowledge in a range of settings in the workplace.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Source current information on the hospitality and tourism industry

- P1. Access sources of information on the hospitality and tourism industry relevant to job requirements
- P2. Obtain information on the hospitality and tourism industry to assist effective work performance

E2. Use industry information to inform best practice

- P3. Obtain and distribute information as required by customers or guests
- P4. Conduct work activities in accordance with legal requirements and ethical standards
- P5. Apply industry knowledge and information to the day-to-day operation of the hospitality or tourism business

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. Identify sources of reliable information on the Internet and elsewhere to update industry knowledge
- K2. Describe the different sectors of the hospitality and tourism industry and their inter relationships
- K3. Explain the role and function of two of the following sectors: food and beverage, front office, food production/kitchen operations, housekeeping, travel agencies and tour operations/tour guiding
- K4. Explain what is meant by quality and continuous improvement in hospitality and tourism and the role of individual staff members in maintaining quality services
- K5. Provide examples of responsible tourism including energy saving, waste minimization and recycling
- K6. Describe two basic laws, regulations or guidelines that apply to the hospitality and tourism industries and effect how a staff member conducts his/her work

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. This unit applies to maintaining hospitality and tourism industry knowledge and may include:

- Hotel operations
- · Travel and tour operations
- Tour guiding
- · Event management
- Other tourism related industries such as transport, airlines and spa and leisure etc.

2. Information may relate to:

- Different sectors and relationships between travel and hospitality
- Environmental issues and requirements, including responsible and sustainable tourism
- Work ethic required to work in the industry
- Industry expectations of staff
- Quality assurance
- Guest service information such as itineraries, airline or road travel, local attractions etc.
- Information on local banks, hospitals, embassy and others

3. Sources of information may include:

- Internet (check reliability)
- Media
- · Tourism associations
- Industry associations
- Industry journals
- · Information services
- · Personal observation and experience
- Colleagues, supervisors and managers
- · Industry contacts, mentors and advisors
- Others

4. Other industries may include:

- Entertainment
- Food production
- Wine production
- Recreation
- · Meetings and events
- Retail
- · Others

5. Legal issues which impact on the industry include:

- Consumer protection
- Duty of care
- · Equal employment opportunity
- · Anti-discrimination
- · Workplace relations
- Child sex tourism

6. Ethical issues impacting to the industry include:

- Confidentiality
- Commission procedures
- · Overbooking
- Pricing
- · Tipping
- · Gifts and services free of charge
- · Product recommendations
- Others

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

This is a core unit that underpins effective performance in all other units; combined training and assessment may be appropriate:

- 1. Evidence of ability to source various information from at least two sources
- 2. Evidence of ability to source at least three different types of information related to work performance
- 3. Evidence of obtaining and distributing three types of information as required by customers or guests
- 4. Two examples of conducting work activities in accordance with company legal requirements and ethical standards
- 5. Two examples of applying industry knowledge and information to the day-to-day operation of the hospitality or tourism business

ASSESSMENT METHODS

For the learner to reach the required standard there should be evidence performance gathered through observation, work evidence and questioning:

- Observation of practical candidate performance
- · Oral and written questions
- Third party reports completed by a supervisor
- · Role play

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All occupational areas in tourism businesses	D1.HOT.CL1.08

COS6. UNIT TITLE: PROVIDE BASIC FIRST AID

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to perform basic first aid in a range of settings within a hospitality and tourism environment.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Perform immediate lifesaving first aid pending the arrival of medical aid

- P1. Ensure casualty is comfortable before requesting medical aid
- P2. Place unconscious casualty in stable side position and clear the airways to promote breathing in accordance with established first aid procedures
- P3. Stem casualty with external bleeding by following standard first aid procedures

E2. Apply basic first aid

- P4. Provide first aid using established first aid procedures and available resources and equipment
- P5. Monitor casualty's condition and respond in accordance with accepted first aid principles
- P6. Seek first aid assistance from others in a timely manner
- P7. Record accidents and injuries in accordance with organisational procedures

E3. Adapt first aid procedures for remote situations

- P8. Care for injured person in remote conditions until help arrives, including the monitoring of airway, breathing and heartbeat, the control of pain, hydration and the maintenance of body temperature.
- P9. Correctly care for casualty with 'severe injuries' in a remote situation, including preparation for transport

E4. Communicate details of the incident

- P10. Request appropriate medical assistance using the most relevant and appropriate communication mechanism
- P11. Convey details of casualty's condition and first-aid management activities accurately to emergency services or other personnel
- P12. Prepare reports to supervisors in a timely manner, presenting all relevant facts

- K1. Describe first aid situations that may occur in the workplace and appropriate first aid action, treatments and solutions
- K2. List relevant health legislation and procedures
- K3. Explain the priorities of first aid care
- K4. Explain first aid procedures for:
 - a. Conducting an initial patient first aid assessment
 - b. Managing injuries
 - c. Carrying out resuscitation techniques
 - d. Reporting on first aid situations and action taken
- K5. Describe techniques for management and care of casualties in various first aid situations, including:
 - a. Acute illness and/or injury
 - b. Wounds and bleeding
 - c. Burns
 - d. Bone, joint and muscle injuries
- K6. Explain causes of respiratory failure and breathing difficulty

- K7. Describe the DRABC action plan for the identification and control of danger, loss of consciousness and response, loss of airway, breathing and circulation. RED: rest, elevate and direct pressure for bleeding cases
- K8. List the symptoms and signs of the most common causes of unconsciousness:
 - a. Poisoning, bites and stings
 - b. Sprains and strains
 - c. Fractures (simple, compound and complicated)
 - d. Dislocated joints
 - e. Head, neck and back injuries
 - f. Severe internal bleeding
 - g. Abdominal, pelvic and chest injuries
 - h. Shock as a result of severe injury
 - i. Angina pain, heart attack and heart failure
 - i. Burns and associated shock
- K9. Explain the safety precautions needed to prevent accidents, illness and injuries and infection in remote area situations
- K10. Describe communication techniques related to the provision of first aid

The unit variables provide advice to interpret the scope and context of this unit of competence, allowing for differences between organisations and workplaces. It relates to the unit as a whole and facilitates holistic assessment.

This unit applies to performing basic first aid procedures within hotel and tourism businesses and may include: Front Office, Housekeeping, Food and Beverage Service, Food Preparation, Travel and Tour Operations, Tour Guiding, On-site Tour Guiding, Tourist Boat Services.

1. Physical hazards may include:

- Workplace hazards, e.g. machinery, vehicles, environment
- Hazards associated with managing casualty, such as being bitten, confused, casualty becomes violent
- · Bodily fluids
- Risk of further injury to the casualty

2. Casualty's vital signs and physical condition are managed for:

- · Response, i.e. conscious or unconscious
- · Airways, i.e. blocked, likely to become blocked
- Breathing, e.g. regular, irregular, possible problem with lungs
- Circulation, e.g. pulse, heart-beat is strong/ weak, or racing pulse
- · Possible neck or back injury
- Shock
- · Allergic reaction/s
- · Bleeding

3. First aid management may include:

- Management of external bleeding and shock
- Management of minor wounds and infection control
- Management of venomous bites and stings/ poisons/allergic reactions
- Management of fractures
- · Management of head and spinal injuries
- Management of airways including asthma

4. First aid may include:

- Resuscitation techniques
- · CPR (Cardio pulmonary resuscitation) technique
- Bleeding and wound care
- Burns and scalds care
- Infection control
- Bandaging/splinting

5. Seek first aid assistance may include:

- · Obtaining co-worker support
- · Obtaining support from first aider
- · Requesting emergency services assistance
- · Requesting medical assistance
- Following hotel policy (helping guest to buy medicine or offering medicine to guests)

6. Details may relate to:

- · Casualties conditions
- Location
- Assistance provided
- Number of casualties
- Assistance required

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

This unit will be difficult to assess by observation of work practices unless there are medical emergencies that the person is directly involved with in the workplace. Therefore the most likely method of assessment will be simulation in a controlled environment.

Assessment should ensure:

- 1. Knowledge of company policies and procedures in regard to administering first aid
- 2. Knowledge of policies and procedures in regard to completing records of first aid
- 3. Ability to apply the basic principles of administering first aid in a simulated situation for 3 incidents
- Ability to carry out necessary procedures to manage a life-threatening situation for 2 incidents
- 5. Demonstration of CPR and resuscitation techniques on one occasion

ASSESSMENT METHODS

This unit maybe assessed in a simulated situation in order to provide experience in applying the competencies:

- Assessment should include practical demonstration through a simulation activity, supported by a range of methods to assess underpinning knowledge
- Assessment must relate to the individual's work area or area of responsibility
- Knowledge can be tested by oral or written questioning
- Role play

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All tourism staff working in a variety of businesses and occupational areas	D1.HOT.CL1.12

COS9. UNIT TITLE: APPLY INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY KNOWLEDGE

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to apply information & communication technology knowledge.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Input data into information and communication system

- P1. Enter data into a computer using appropriate programme/application in accordance with organisational procedures
- P2. Check accuracy of information and save information in compliance with the standard operating procedures
- P3. Input data in storage media according to requirements

E2. Access information using communication technology

- P4. Correct program/application selected based on job requirements
- P5. Access programme/application containing the information required according to organisational procedures
- P6. Select correctly, open and close desktop icons for navigation purposes

E3. Produce/output data using computer technology

- P7. Process entered/stored data using appropriate software commands
- P8. Print out data as required using computer hardware/peripheral devices in accordance with standard operating procedures
- P9. Transfer files and data between compatible systems using computer software, hardware/ peripheral devices in accordance with standard operating procedures

E4. Maintain computer equipment and systems

- P10. Implement systems for cleaning, minor maintenance and replacement of consumables
- P11. Implement procedures for ensuring security of data, including regular back-ups and virus checks in accordance with standard operating procedures
- P12. Implement basic file maintenance procedures in line with the standard operating procedures

- K1. List and explain the basic ergonomics of keyboard and computer use
- K2. Describe the main types of ICT and basic features of different operating systems
- K3. List and describe the main parts of a computer
- K4. Define the storage devices and basic categories of memory
- K5. List and explain the relevant types of software, antivirus programmes, general security
- K6. Explain how to calculate computer capacity
- K7. Describe how to produce accurate and complete data in accordance with the requirements
- K8. Explain how to use appropriate devices and procedures to transfer files/data accurately
- K9. Describe the importance to maintain a computer system

This unit standard covers the following range:

- 1. Tools, equipment and materials required may include:
 - Storage device
 - · Different software and hardware
 - Personal computers system
 - · Laptop computer
 - Printers
 - Scanner
 - Keyboard
 - Mouse

2. Disk drive/CDs, DVDs, compressed storage device may include:

- · Hardware and peripheral devices
- Personal computers
- Tablets
- Networked systems
- · Communication equipment
- Printers
- Scanners
- · Keyboard
- Mouse

3. Software may include but not be limited to:

- Word processing packages
- Data base packages
- Internet
- · Spread sheets

4. Storage media may include but not be limited to:

- Diskettes
- CDs
- · Zip disks
- DVDs
- · Hard disk drives, local and remote

5. Ergonomic guidelines may include:

- · Types of equipment used
- · Appropriate furniture
- Seating posture
- · Lifting posture
- Visual display unit screen brightness

6. IT Literacy may include:

- Managing directories/folders/files
- Managing network devices
- · Simple maintenance
- · Creating more space in the hard disk
- Reviewing programs
- · Deleting unwanted files
- · Backing up files
- Checking hard drive for errors
- · Using up to date anti-virus programs
- Cleaning dust from internal and external surfaces

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Performance assessment must include:

- 1. Observation of at least two software programmes used
- 2. At least one report on data produced on computer system
- 3. At least one procedure followed on information system maintenance

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Suitable assessment methods may include:

- Case studies
- Observation of practical candidate performance
- Oral and written questions
- Third party reports completed by a supervisor

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Most staff in tourism occupations	DT.TCC.CL1.10

GES1. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE FOR WORK

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required for timekeeping, personal grooming and hygiene, uniforms, professional behaviours and preparing the work area for the shift.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Report for work

- P1. Report on time and log in
- P2. Use staff changing areas for washing, dressing and personal preparation
- P3. Turn off any personal communications devices and ensure that they are locked in a safe place in accordance with organisation policy
- P4. Go directly to work area and sign in if a departmental attendance sheet is used
- P5. Make presence known to other colleagues and/or supervisor

E2. Ensure grooming and personal hygiene

- P6. Ensure uniform is clean, tidy and safety
- P7. Ensure personal grooming is up to standard required

E3. Apply professional behaviour

- P8. Listen carefully and respond courteously to guests or customers
- P9. Communicate professionally on business matters
- P10. Ensure the requisite equipment is available to hand
- P11. Ensure that personal behaviour brings credit to the property or organisation

E4. Prepare the work area for the shift

- P12. Read the log book and make a note of any points for action
- P13. Take notes relevant to your work at the shift briefing
- P14. Attend shift briefing and review your duties for the shift
- P15. Review staff movements and arrivals of groups and VIPs
- P16. Check equipment and stock levels
- P17. Organise the work area in a professional way

- K1. Describe the sequence of procedures when reporting for work
- K2. Describe the basic grooming and personal hygiene procedures
- K3. Describe what levels of courtesy may be expected by a guest of a service agent
- K4. List what personal habits will cause damage to reputation and displeasure to guests
- K5. Describe the steps that should be taken prior to starting a shift and what actions to take as a result

1. Professional behaviour should include:

- Posture: stand straight with hands aside or behind, never crossed and not leaning or resting against furnishings
- · Walk quietly without shuffling feet
- Speech must be clear without shouting or mumbling
- Anger, impatience, sarcasm or boredom should not be shown
- Communication between staff should be discrete and away from guests
- Guests must be recognised and acknowledged promptly and assisted with requirements whenever needed
- Communication with guests should be limited to matters concerning service, organization, department matters or local tourism facilities
- In public areas, staff should not cough, sneeze, sniff, pick nose or teeth, hawk or spit, scratch, lick ends of fingers, belch, yawn, stretch or show any other antisocial behaviour
- Drinks and meals must be taken at the appointed times in the staff area
- Water may be taken during service back-of-house
- Professional staff must not be intoxicated, smell of alcohol or take alcohol during work hours
- Follow organisation policies and procedures

2. Reporting procedure should include:

- Being early for shift and ensuring uniform and grooming is to a high standard
- Using the recording device used in the establishment whether a punch card, clocking device, ID card scanner or manual system

3. Preparing the work area for the shift could include:

- The log book must be consulted every shift to note past difficulties, actions taken, messages for imminent situations and irregularities
- The arrivals and departures list (whether manual or a computerised screen) should be consulted to ensure that there are enough rooms, to foresee shortages, back-to-back turn-around or special requirements
- Conference and banqueting activity should be known so that guests can be directed to the correct rooms, billing procedures anticipated and associated rooming accommodated.
 Signage should be present and correct
- Group and airline activity should be monitored so that high volume check-ins and check-outs can be anticipated and prepared for
- Special arrangements and amenities for VIPs should be checked with the relevant departments (housekeeping, F&B)
- Check equipment, stock levels (stationery, vouchers, keys...)

4. Grooming & personal hygiene includes:

- Clean hair over the collar for men, tied back for women if long
- Strong smelling lotions or perfumes should not be used
- Hands must be clean at all times, washed after smoking or visiting the toilet
- Only a wedding ring, stud earring, simple necklace and watch should be worn. No bracelets (ankle or wrist), piercings, loose chains or bangles to be worn
- Ensure make up is plain and simple (for female staff) and face is clean-shaven, unless moustache or beard is permitted (for male staff)
- Ensure body is washed and free of unpleasant odours and that hands are clean and fingernails trimmed
- Ensure fresh breath and clean teeth
- A clean shirt/blouse, underwear, socks/tights must be worn at each service period
- All outer garments must be ironed and cleaned regularly or whenever dirty
- · Shoes must be clean and polished
- Name badge (as required) must be worn in uniform manner, straight and clean

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Performance assessment must include documentation of the following:

- Record of at least three occasions of good timekeeping and reporting
- Record of at least three occasions of good personal hygiene and grooming with correct uniform
- Record of at least two customer interactions
- Record of at least two occasions of attendance at shift briefings

ASSESSMENT METHODS

The following methods may be used to assess competency for this unit:

- Observation of practical candidate performance
- Oral and written questions
- Third party reports completed by a supervisor

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All staff in tourism occupations	DH1.HFO.CL2.03 1.1, 1.2, 1.3

GES5. UNIT TITLE: ORDER AND RECEIVE NEW STOCKS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required to accept delivery of and store products in an establishment.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Accept delivery of new stock

- P1. Check internal systems to identify incoming stock
- P2. Prepare the area to receive new stock
- P3. Verify delivery for the premises, check incoming stock against relevant documentation and check stock received against stock ordered
- P4. Identify variations between delivery and documentation
- P5. Return unsuitable stock identified to supplier
- P6. Follow-up on variations between delivery and relevant documentation and manage excess stock within the organisation
- P7. Secure new stock against damage and/or theft

E2. Store new stock

- P8. Move new stock to the required operational area
- P9. Unpack new stock items, as required
- P10. Load new stock into storage units
- P11. Remove waste from the storage areas
- P12. Label new stock to identify items

E3. Maintain stock and storage areas

- P13. Rotate stock aligning with enterprise and stock item requirements
- P14. Inspect stock and storage areas
- P15. Take remedial action where stock related issues are identified
- P16. Clean and tidy storage areas
- P17. Identify stock usage rates

E4. Finalize documentation and stock management system requirements

- P18. Check and verify stock related documentation
- P19. Enter data into stock systems to update stock levels
- P20. Authorize supplier documentation for processing and payment

- K1. Explain the functions of internal stock control systems, paper-based or electronic/ computerized stock control systems
- K2. Describe the organisation's policies and systems in regard to order and receive new stock
- K3. Explain procedure of storing new stock
- K4. Explain procedure of maintaining stock and storage areas
- K5. Describe types of documentation and procedure of finalizing the documents

1. Internal systems may include:

- Purchase orders
- Verbal orders that have been placed
- · Standing orders
- · Telephone orders
- Online orders
- Facsimile orders
- Manual or computerized stock control/ management systems

2. Prepare the area may include:

- · Cleaning the area
- · Tidying the area
- · Removing other stock from the area
- Ensuring requirements for accepting deliveries are present (weighing scales, thermometers, purchase orders, purchase specifications)
- Ensuring security and safety requirements are in place

3. Stock may include:

- Food and beverage items
- Equipment
- · Cleaning materials and chemicals
- Stationery and office supplies
- · Vouchers and tickets
- · Souvenir products and merchandise

4. Verify delivery may be related to:

- Checking that the stock being delivered has been ordered
- Checking that the delivery is being made to the correct location

5. Check incoming stock against relevant documentation should include:

- Ensuring all items ordered have been supplied and all items listed have been delivered
- Ensuring all items are delivered in good condition, correct size, brand, quality, quantity, quantity
- Ensuring the correct price has been charged
- Applying specific food safety checks to food and beverage items
- · Rejecting unsatisfactory goods

6. Check stock received against stock ordered must include:

- Ensuring all stock ordered has been received
- Ensuring only stock ordered has been received
- Ensuring all aspects of the delivery match the order placed

7. Identify variations may include:

- Making note of the nature of the variation
- Recording the variation on accompanying documentation and internal system
- Making verbal mention to the delivery driver, where applicable

8. Documentation (paper-based or electronic versions) may include:

- · Purchase orders & purchase order guides
- · Delivery dockets
- Invoices
- · Buying catalogues
- · Purchase specifications
- Others

9. Return stock may relate to:

- · Damaged stock
- · Out of date stock
- Recalls
- Excess stock
- Unsatisfactory goods
- · Poor quality goods

10. Follow-up on variations may include:

- Requesting credit notes from suppliers, where applicable
- Ordering supplementary stock
- Recording action taken and arrangements with suppliers
- Informing internal personnel/departments regarding delivery problems

11. Manage excess stock may include:

- · Monitoring stock levels
- · Reducing stock levels
- Returning excess stock to supplier
- Attempting to exchange excess stock with another organisation
- · Suggesting uses for excess stock
- · Monitoring the use-by dates of stock

12. Unpack stock items may include:

- Removing individual items from cartons and packaging
- Checking quality and suitability of individual items as they are unpacked
- Determining items that should be left in cartons and packaging
- Maintaining the integrity of foods and beverages

13. Storage units may include:

- Shelves
- · Bins
- Specially provided storage containers
- Refrigeration and freezer units

14. Remove waste may include:

- · Taking packaging out of storage areas
- Identifying and removing damaged or un-saleable items from the storage areas
- Applying environmentally friendly practices to waste materials where appropriate

15. Label stock may include:

- Placing labels on storage containers and shelving to identify stock items and indicate delivery date
- Preparing hand written labels and attaching them to individual stock items
- Using electronic bar coding and labelling equipment
- Observing food safety requirements in relation to the labelling of food

16. Rotate stock may include:

 Applying stock rotation protocols relevant to individual stock type

17. Inspect stock may include:

- Undertaking visual inspections of storage area
- Identifying stock approaching use-by date and out of date stock
- Adhering to internal inspection schedules and checklists
- Checking stock quality
- Looking for signs of pest infestation, physical damage to the storage area itself, damage or degradation to stock items
- Ensuring stock is aligned with designated storage areas, bins etc

18. Take remedial action may include:

- Notifying relevant personnel
- Arranging for maintenance, including in-house and external
- Re-Locating stock

19. Identify stock usage rates may include:

- Identifying fast and slow-moving stock items
- Advising relevant personnel in relation to stock usage and the need to order additional stock

20. Authorize supplier documentation may include:

- Noting issues arising on the documentation
- Recording associated action taken in relation to the identified issue
- · Signing, initialling and/or dating documents.

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

This unit should be assessed by documentary evidence of performance and oral or written questioning.

Evidence must include:

- 1. Three documented examples of stock received, verified, checked and action taken for variations, unsuitable stock and securing new stock against theft or damage
- Two documented examples of new stock moved, unpacked, stored and labelled correctly in correct location
- 3. Two documented examples of how stock has been rotated, inspected and monitored
- Two documented examples stock documentation, including stock system, updating records and authorizing supplier documentation for processing of payments

ASSESSMENT METHODS

The following methods may be used to assess competency for this unit:

- Observation of practical candidate performance
- Analysis of documentation used in the receiving of stock and the storage process
- Inspection of stock and storage areas
- · Role plays
- Oral and written questions
- Third party reports completed by a supervisor
- Project and assignment work

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Staff in tourism occupations	D1.HGA.CL6.09-10

GES14. UNIT TITLE: PREVENT. CONTROL AND FIGHT FIRES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required to prevent, control and fight fires, including fire prevention measures and fire fighting.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Manage fire prevention and control procedures

- P1. Identify fire hazards in the premises and take action to eliminate or minimise them
- P2. Review and become familiar with emergency procedures to be followed in the event of fire

E2. Deal with fire in the premises

- P3. Fight fires using relevant equipment and techniques
- P4. Select and used correct extinguishers to fight specific classes of fires
- P5. Ensure personal safety during fire fighting at all times
- P6. Ensure actions minimise damage to facilities and avoid injuries to personnel

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. Explain the principles of containing and extinguishing the spread of fire
- K2. Describe the different classes of fire and the equipment needed for extinguishing fire
- K3. List the types of fire detection, fire fighting equipment and systems used in a hotel or travel company
- K4. Explain the fire fighting techniques applicable to different classes of fire
- K5. Discuss the relevant regulations about checking and use of fire detection and fire fighting equipment
- K6. Explain the fire fighting procedures used in your facility
- K7. Describe the problems that can occur with fire detection and fire fighting equipment and operations and appropriate remedial action and solutions
- K8. List the sources of information on fire prevention and extinguishment available

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Fire detection and fire fighting systems may include:

- Fire detection devices and systems
- Portable fire extinguishers, including foam, water, CO2, dry chemical and wet foam (where applicable)
- Sprinkler systems
- Fire pumps main and emergency fire pump
- · Fire hoses, hydrants

2. Personal protection clothing and equipment may include:

- Masks and goggles
- Protective clothing, including headgear, gloves and footwear

3. Documentation and records may include:

- Fire detection, fire fighting and safety equipment operational and maintenance instructions and recommended procedures
- Instructions on the maintenance and serviceability of fire detection, fire fighting and safety equipment and systems

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Assessment will be in a simulated environment, unless evidence from dealing with an actual fire has occurred. The following activities should be demonstrated and confirmed through assessment.

- 1. Identify relevant fire detection and fire fighting equipment and initiate any required reporting or servicing action
- 2. Use the various types of fire fighting equipment in the organisation
- Implement OH&S principles and policies when carrying out fire prevention and fire fighting duties
- 4. Communicate effectively with others as required during fire prevention activities and fire emergencies

ASSESSMENT METHODS

- Assessment of knowledge must be conducted through appropriate written/oral examinations
- Individuals should carry out a range of suitably simulated practical and knowledge assessments that demonstrate the skills and knowledge to carry out fire prevention strategies in their working premises; and/or assist in fire prevention procedures and fire fighting drills

Note: Simulated fire fighting assessment exercises may require access to a fire training and assessment facility capable of simulating fire fighting activities.

Assessments must be conducted in accordance with relevant OH&S requirements

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All tourism staff	N/A

GES17. UNIT TITLE: HANDLE AND MAINTAIN KNIVES AND CUTTING EQUIPMENT

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for using and caring for knives within professional kitchens. Knives may include both straight and serrated bladed from small vegetable knives to cleavers. The unit also refers to the use of scissors and secateurs.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Clean and sharpen knives

- P1. Ensure knives are clean
- P2. Sharpen knives using safe sharpening methods

E2. Select knives for work

- P3. Select knives appropriate to the task to be undertaken
- P4. Ensure that the cutting edge is firm and secure and appropriate for the task

E3. Handle and store knives

- P5. Safely handle knives while undertaking tasks
- P6. Clean and store knives according to organisational requirements
- P7. Report damage to knives to the appropriate person

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. State why knives should be kept sharp
- K2. State why knives should be stored safely
- K3. Explain why and to whom all accidents should be reported
- K4. Explain why the appropriate knife should be selected for specific task
- K5. State why handles of knives should be not be allowed to become greasy during use
- K6. Explain why knives should be handled and carried correctly
- K7. State why cutting surfaces should be firm and secure

- K8. Explain why knives should be cleaned between dealing with different food groups
- K9. Describe what risks there are of contamination from poorly maintained knives
- K10. State why surfaces should be clean
- K11. Explain why damaged knives should not be used
- K12 Describe what action can be taken to prevent allergenic reactions amongst consumers when handling and cleaning knives

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Knives include:

- Straight bladed knives and cleavers
- Serrated blades
- Scissors/secateurs

2. Kitchen Tasks include:

- Preparing basic vegetable cuts
- · Preparing meat, poultry and fish
- · Preparing bread
- · Opening packaging
- Sharpening
- · Washing and cleaning knives after use

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Performance evidence should include: 1. Use of at least two types of knives must be observed 2. At least 5 different kitchen tasks must be observed	The assessor must assess Performance Criteria 1-6 by direct observation. For Performance Criteria P7 the assessor may assess through questioning and/or witness statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All staff working in food preparation areas	N/A

GES18. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE, OPERATE AND MAINTAIN KITCHEN EQUIPMENT

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for preparing, cleaning, operating and maintaining kitchen equipment and utensils, including specialist cooking and storage equipment.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Prepare kitchen equipment and utensils for use

- P1. Ensure general kitchen equipment and cooking utensils are clean and ready to use
- P2. Ensure specialist cooking equipment is safe to operate
- P3. Check equipment controls are set at the correct level before operating

E2. Operate specialist kitchen equipment

- P4. Follow manufacturer's procedures to both switch on and operate equipment
- P5. Monitor the action of the equipment to ensure that it is operating at the correct temperature and speed
- P6. Shut down equipment at the end of operation following the correct procedures
- P7. Report any identified problems or faults to the relevant person

E3. Clean kitchen equipment and utensils

- P8. Ensure all kitchen equipment and utensils are cleaned with correct cleaning agents after use
- P9. Disassemble specialist equipment correctly and safely to enable effective cleaning
- P10. Clean equipment and its component parts using the correct methods and cleaning agent

- K1. State the types of general equipment used within the kitchen operation
- K2. State what each type of specialist equipment is used for
- K3. Describe the relevant hazards and potential hazards relating to specialist equipment
- K4. State how hazards and potential hazards can be minimised
- K5. State who to report any identified faults to

- K6. Describe how general equipment and utensils should be cleaned
- K7. Describe how specialist equipment should be cleaned
- K8. List the relevant cleaning agents that should be used with the equipment
- K9. Describe how cleaning agents should be used to avoid accidents and potential food safety hazards

1. General equipment and utensils may include:

- · Pots, pans and cooking containers
- Bakeware
- Ladles and tongs

2. Specialist cooking equipment may include:

- Fryers electric or gas
- · Combination ovens
- · Food holding systems.
- · Panini Makers
- · Pizza/Pasta/Kebab
- · Grills/Salamanders
- Induction Units
- Microwaves
- Chargrills
- Electric or gas griddles
- Toasters
- · Combi Ovens
- · Atmospheric Steamer

3. Specialist food preparation equipment may include:

- Ice Makers
- · Dishwashers/Glasswashers
- Burger Presses
- Meat Mincers
- · Stick Blenders
- Slicers
- Food Processors
- Mixers
- · Potato Peelers

4. Display and Storage equipment may include:

- Bain Maries Wet and dry
- Heated Display
- · Refrigerated Display
- Food Merchandisers
- · Hot Cupboards

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Performance evidence should include:

- At least three from general equipment and utensils
- 2. At least two from specialist cooking equipment
- 3. At least two from specialist food preparation equipment
- 4. At least one from display and storage equipment

ASSESSMENT METHODS

The assessor must assess Performance Criteria 1-10 by direct observation.

Knowledge should be assessed through recorded oral questioning, written questions and/or witness statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All staff employed in food preparation	N/A

GES19. UNIT TITLE: ENSURE AND MAINTAIN FOOD SAFETY AND HYGIENE IN FOOD OPERATIONS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required for food safety across the food operations of storing, preparing and cooking food.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Maintain personal hygiene.

- P1. Wear correct, suitable and clean clothing for the job
- P2. Wash hand thoroughly at appropriate times during storing, handling preparing and cooking of food
- P3. Cover hair as required
- P4. Cover cuts/grazes, and report any illnesses that may be infectious or contagious to food operations

E2. Keep work areas clean and hygienic

- P5. Clean down and wipe work area between tasks
- P6. Deal correctly and effectively with damaged work areas and equipment
- P7. Dispose of waste products correctly and appropriately
- P8. Report any damage to the fabric of the working areas
- P9. Report any signs of pests

E3. Store food safely

- P10. Use FIFO (first in first out) rule
- P11. Check and store deliveries at the correct temperatures
- P12. Keep raw and prepared food separately
- P13. Rotate stock correctly
- P14. Complete accurate records of food deliveries

E4. Prepare cook and hold food safely

- P15. De-frost frozen foods correctly when required for food preparations
- P16. Check condition of foods to avoid food safety hazards before preparation, cooking and/or re-heating
- P17. Ensure against cross-contamination of foodstuffs, during storage, preparation, cooking and serving

- K1. Explain why it is necessary to wear clean and hygienic clothing in the kitchen
- K2. State why it is appropriate for hair to be covered or tied back
- K3. List the types of different clothing required for specific jobs: storing/preparation/cooking/ serving
- K4. Identify the food safety hazards that wearing jewellery can cause
- K5. State when it necessary to change clothing/ aprons
- K6. Explain why it is important to wash hands thoroughly and often preparing, cooking and serving food and/or wear "Food handlers" gloves
- K7. Explain why food should not be handled if the food operative has open wounds, cuts, and why these should be appropriately covered
- K8. State the reasons that any stomach illnesses/ infections should be reported
- K9. Explain why it is important not to smoke, touch the mouth, nose, spit when preparing/cooking and serving food

- K10. Explain why cleaning working surfaces should be kept clean especially before the beginning of a new task
- K11. Explain why only suitable and clean clothes should be used for this purpose
- K12. Explain why damaged work surfaces can be dangerous in relation to food safety
- K13. List the types of damaged work surfaces and equipment that can cause food safety hazards
- K14. Describe how to correctly dispose of food waste safely and why this is important
- K15. Describe how/why damage to walls/floors/ ceilings/furniture and fittings can cause food safety hazards
- K16. List the types of pests that can be found in kitchens and how to identify them and/or evidence of infestation by them
- K17. Explain why it is important to ensure that food deliveries are undamaged and delivered at the correct temperature

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K18. Describe how to remove unnecessary packaging before storing food (but keeping any important information, e. g. instructions on allergens) and the reasons for this
- K19. Explain why foodstuffs should be stored in the correct food storage areas, and at what temperature the food commodities should be stored
- K20. State the reasons why it is important to store raw and prepared food separately
- K21. Explain why it is important to use "Stock-rotation" procedures and why you should dispose of food past its "Sell-by-date"

- K22. Describe how to check food during cooking, hold and serving
- K23. Explain why it important to know that some foods can cause allergic reactions and the preparation procedures to be adopted to prevent this
- K24. Describe what to do when a customer asks for reassurance that a certain dish is free from their allergy reactive food
- K25. Describe how to take and document food temperatures and why this is important
- K26. Explain HACCP (Hazard Analysis Critical Control Points) in food operations

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Personal hygiene may include:

- Clothes. Jackets/trousers/coats/disposable gloves/shoes/headgear/aprons
- Appropriate times to wash hands: after touching raw food/going to the toilet, handling waste
- Unsafe behaviour: smoking/touching face/ scratching/chewing gum/not washing hands.
- · Keep working areas clean and hygienic.
- Surfaces and equipment
- · Appropriate cleaning equipment.

2. Store food safely include:

- · Check that food is undamaged.
- Correct temperatures.
- · Sell-by-date(s).
- · Storage areas.
- · Prevention of cross-contamination.
- · Stock rotation.

3. Pests can include:

Mice/rats/cockroaches/ants and other insects

4. Prepare cook and hold food.

- · De-frosting food.
- · Preparing food, (washing/peeling).
- · Respect cutting board colour codes.
- · Cooking food.
- · Re-heating food.
- · Holding hot/cold food.
- · Cooling cooked food.
- Freezing cooked food.

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Evidence of the following is required:

- 1. Four food hazards identified
- 2. Four occasions of removing or minimising any hygiene hazards
- 3. Four occasions of hygienic personal contact with food or food contact surfaces
- 4. Four occasions of cleaning procedures
- 5. Four occasions of washing hands

ASSESSMENT METHODS

The following methods may be used to assess competency for this unit:

- Observation of practical candidate performance
- Practical exercises that reflect the workplace apply of food safety and hygiene standard
- · Recorded oral and/or written questions
- Third party reports completed by a supervisor

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All Food & Beverage Staff	D1.HRS.CL1.02 & 05

GES20. UNIT TITLE: SET UP AND CLOSE DOWN THE KITCHEN

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required for ensuring that all equipment is ready for kitchen operations, the basic ingredients for the cooking processes and the skills required to close/shut down a kitchen at the end of a shift.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Setup the kitchen

- P1. Conduct the setting-up process work in line with legal requirements, workplace procedures and current legislation relating to hygienic and safe working practices
- P2. Check that the food preparation and cooking tools and equipment are clean and in working order.
- P3. Check and turn on appropriate kitchen equipment at the correct time and to the correct setting.
- P4. Check to ensure that there are sufficient ingredients in stock in line with establishment requirements.
- P5. Report any unhygienic or defective tools or kitchen equipment, or other problems to the appropriate person responsible.
- P6. Report any ingredients that are not prepared to the correct quantity or quality to the appropriate person(s) responsible.

E2. Close down the kitchen

- P7. Check that the tools and equipment are cleaned and stored to meet the organisation requirement of the establishment and meet any legal requirements in relation to kitchen closure
- P8. Check that the cooking equipment is turned off, unplugged where appropriate and cleaned according to manufacturer's instructions.
- P9. Check to ensure that all food commodities are correctly store in a safe and hygienic manner and conforms to any legislation.
- P10. Report any unclean tools, food storage or cooking equipment issues or problems to the appropriate person(s) responsible

- K1. State why utensils/knives should be handled correctly.
- K2. Identify why and to whom all accidents should be reported
- K3. Explain how to safely turn on different types of equipment and appliances
- K4. Explain why faulty equipment and maintenance requirements should be reported to the appropriate person.
- K5. Explain why it is important to ensure that all appropriate equipment is turned- off.
- K6. Explain why tools and machinery should be cleaned between tasks.
- K7. Explain why it is important to regularly monitor kitchen storage areas in terms of cleanliness.

- K8. List the reasons to regularly monitor the refrigeration/cold rooms and freezers in relation to recording temperatures
- K9. Describe what kitchen menus are delivering in relation to the type, quality and quantity of ingredients required.
- K10. Explain why tools and equipment should be cleaned and stored following use.
- K11. Describe the manufacturers' requirements for turn-off, unplugging and cleaning of equipment following use
- K12. Identify the most appropriate person(s) to report and issues/problems to

1. Tools include:

- Knives
- Utensils

2. Kitchen Equipment includes:

- · Oven/combination oven
- Grill
- · Hob
- · Griddle
- Deep fat fryer
- Brat-pans
- Steamers
- Microwave ovens
- Fridges
- Freezers
- · Cold-rooms
- Gas burner
- · Wok

3. Establishment requirements include:

- Number of customers
- Menu requirements
- Types of ingredients mainly used
- Preparation methods (general)

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Performance evidence should include: 1. Both from tools.	The assessor must assess P3-8 by direct observation.
 At least six from kitchen equipment. At least two from establishment requirements. 	For other performance criteria, the assessor may use questioning and/or witness statements.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All staff working in food preparation	N/A

GES21. UNIT TITLE: APPLY RESPONSIBLE FOOD AND BEVERAGE PRACTICES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to save energy and water, manage waste and use local environmentally-friendly products in food preparation and food and beverage service.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Save energy

- P1. Reduce idle time for all equipment
- P2. Shut down equipment during off peak and after hours
- P3. Use equipment efficiently to reduce energy usage

E2. Save water

- P4. Conserve water usage and report leaks
- P5. Run dishwashers when fully loaded
- P6. Save water when washing utensils and cleaning the kitchen

E3. Avoid waste

- P7. Avoid waste by reprocessing materials where possible
- P8. Recycle waste products efficiently
- P9. Avoid plastic and disposable containers where possible

E4. Purchase and use environmentallyfriendly products

- P10. Purchase local goods and food supplies as far as possible
- P11. Use environmentally friendly cleaning products

- K1. Explain the methods used in your restaurant/ kitchen for saving energy, water and waste management
- K2. Explain the importance of adopting responsible tourism principles in food preparation or F&B service
- K3. Identify the ways to save energy consumption in food production/service
- K4. Identify the ways of saving water in kitchen operations and restaurant service
- K5. List the ways of increasing the use of recycling in food preparation and F&B service
- K6. State how to minimize waste and improve recycling
- K7. Identify the sources for local goods and food supplies

Energy saving practices in food preparation and/or F&B service could include:

- Clean and service kitchen equipment regularly
- Prepare food efficiently and in large batches if possible
- Reduce equipment standby and pre-heating time
- Use appropriate sized sauce pans and lids to minimise wasted heat
- For small orders or one customer, use frying pan rather than griddle
- Thaw food in the refrigerator overnight rather than using running water or microwaves
- Minimise opening of oven doors and refrigerator and chiller doors to save energy

2. Water efficiency in kitchen operations could include:

- Sweep or mop kitchen floors instead of using a hose
- · Only run dishwashers when full
- · Switch off hot water heaters at night

3. Avoid waste in food production and F&B service could include:

- Recycling food waste in the kitchen
- Adjusting portion sizes to avoid excessive food waste
- Using bins for food wastes, general wastes and recyclables
- Minimise over-prepping food that will then be wasted
- Arrange compost for food waste rather than sending it to the trash bin
- Collect cooking oils and fats for re-processing and reuse
- Review food portion sizes and adjust to avoid excessive food wastes

4. Environmentally-sustainable kitchen operations and F&B service could include:

- Using recycled content and recyclable takeaway containers, cups, utensils and serviettes
- Purchase environmentally-friendly products
- Purchase products that minimise energy, water and waste in the production process
- Purchase local products to benefit local businesses and avoid transport costs and wasted energy

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Evidence should include:

- At least two occasions of energy saving practice documented
- At least two occasions water efficiency and waste avoidance activities recorded and documented
- 3. At least one example of recycling documented
- 4. At least one example of environmentallyfriendly purchasing documented
- 5. Fully completing the knowledge assessment as set out in the unit either by recorded oral questioning or answers to written questions.

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Suitable methods will include:

- Workplace observations
- Portfolio of workplace evidence
- Personal statements
- · Witness testimony
- · Professional discussion

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

A portfolio or written report should be supplemented by oral questions to ensure all aspects of the Evidence requirements are fully met.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All food preparation and F&B service staff	N/A

VIETNAM TOURISM OCCUPATIONAL STANDARDS (VTOS)

VTOS covers two major divisions within the tourism sector (hospitality and travel) with six key and four specialist occupational areas. For more information, please visit http://vtos.esrt.vn

Hospitality Division Front Office Operations Housekeeping Operations Food & Beverage Service Food Preparation Specialist areas Hotel Management On-site Tour Guiding Tourist Boat Service







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