MINISTRY OF CULTURE, SPORTS AND TOURISM VIETNAM NATIONAL ADMINISTRATION OF TOURISM



VIETNAM TOURISM OCCUPATIONAL STANDARDS

FOOD & BEVERAGE SERVICE



MINISTRY OF CULTURE, SPORTS AND TOURISM VIETNAM NATIONAL ADMINISTRATION OF TOURISM

VIETNAM TOURISM OCCUPATIONAL STANDARDS

FOOD & BEVERAGE SERVICE



ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS:

The Vietnam Tourism Occupational Standards for Food and Beverage Service were developed by the EU-funded **"Environmentally & Socially Responsible Tourism Capacity Development Programme"** (ESRT Programme) on behalf of Ministry of Culture, Sports and Tourism/Vietnam National Administration of Tourism.

The content was developed by a team of international and local experts with support from technical working groups, government departments, the tourism industry and local colleges.

ESRT would sincerely like to thank all individuals and groups for their valued contributions to the development of these materials with special mention to the

- Ministry of Culture, Sports and Tourism (MCST)
- Ministry of Labour, Invalids and Social Affairs (MOLISA)
- Ministry of Education and Training (MOET)
- Vietnam National Administration of Tourism (VNAT)
- Vietnam Tourism Certification Board (VTCB)
- Hotel and Travel Associations and members
- Delegation of the European Union to Vietnam

GLOSSARY

ITEM	DEFINITION
Assessment	The process of making judgements about the extent to which a candidate's work meets the assessment criteria for a qualification or unit, or part of a unit
Assessment criteria	Assessment criteria list the performance/skills and knowledge and understanding that need to be assessed
Assessment methods	VTOS allows a variety of assessment methods that are appropriate for different types of performance or knowledge
Assessor	An experienced person who is qualified to assess the performance of the candidate and usually from the same area of work, e.g. Front Office Supervisor
Assessor guide	A guide for assessors on how to assess the candidate and how to record and document the candidate performance and knowledge
Attitudes/behaviours	Attitudes and behaviours impact on the quality of work performance and so these are important aspects of 'being competent.' Attitudes and behaviours describe the general ways in which individuals go about achieving the outcomes
Certification	The award of a certificate or diploma to a candidate based on assessment of performance
Competency	Competency is the ability to apply specific skills, knowledge and behaviours/attitudes necessary to fulfil the job requirements satisfactorily
Core units	Core units include basic competencies that all employees must possess (e.g. communication skills)
Functional units	Functional (technical/professional) units relate to the hospitality or tourism job itself
Generic units	Generic competencies are those competencies that are common to a group of jobs such as cookery or travel
Management units	These are the generic competencies for roles in an organization that involve managing, supervising or influencing the work of others in some way.
Standards	Occupational standards define the knowledge, skills and attitudes/behaviours (competence) required for effective workplace performance
Unit of competence	A unit is the smallest part of a qualification can be certified individually
VTOS	Vietnam Tourism Occupational Standards

CONTENTS

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTSGLOSSARYCONTENTS	6
I. INTRODUCTION	9
VTOS DEVELOPMENT METHODOLOGY VTOS LEVELS AND QUALIFICATIONS VTOS COMPETENCY UNITS UNIT STRUCTURE	10
II. FOOD & BEVERAGE SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	14
LIST OF UNITS OF COMPETENCE	
III. DETAILED STANDARDS	27
FBS1.1. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE THE RESTAURANT FOR FOOD SERVICE	27
FBS1.2. UNIT TITLE: TAKE RESERVATIONS	
FBS1.3. UNIT TITLE: WELCOME AND RECEIVE GUESTS	
FBS1.4. UNIT TITLE: TAKE AND PLACE AN ORDER	
FBS1.5. UNIT TITLE: SERVE FOOD AT TABLE	
FBS1.6. UNIT TITLE: SERVE DRINKS AND ACCOMPANIMENTS	
FBS1.7. UNIT TITLE: CLEAR TABLE	
FBS1.8. UNIT TITLE: PROVIDE ROOM SERVICE	
FBS1.9. UNIT TITLE: PROVIDE BANQUET AND CONFERENCE SERVICE	
FBS2.1. UNIT TITLE: OPERATE A BAR	
FBS2.2. UNIT TITLE: SERVE WINE	
FBS2.3. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE AND SERVE COCKTAILS	
FBS2.4. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE TO SERVE ESPRESSO COFFEEFBS2.5. UNIT TITLE: MAKE ESPRESSO COFFEE	
FBS2.6. UNIT TITLE: SERVE AND PRESENT ESPRESSO COFFEE	
FBS3.1. UNIT TITLE: MONITOR FOOD AND BEVERAGE SERVICE	
FBS3.2. UNIT TITLE: PROVIDE SPECIALIST ADVICE ON WINE	
FBS3.3. UNIT TITLE: PLAN AND MONITOR QUALITY OF ESPRESSO COFFEE	
HRS3. UNIT TITLE: CONDUCT A STAFF PERFORMANCE REVIEW	
HRS7. UNIT TITLE: PROVIDE ON-THE-JOB COACHING	
HRS8. UNIT TITLE: DELIVER A GROUP TRAINING SESSION	
HRS9. UNIT TITLE: QUALITY ASSURE WORK IN YOUR TEAM	
HRS10. UNIT TITLE: PLAN, ALLOCATE AND MONITOR WORK OF A TEAM	
FMS4. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE AND ANALYSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORTS	
GASS. UNIT TITLE: PLAN, MANAGE AND CONDUCT MEETINGS	

SCS3. UNIT TITLE: OPERATE BASIC SECURITY EQUIPMENT	95
FBS4.1. UNIT TITLE: MANAGE FOOD AND BEVERAGE OPERATIONS	99
HRS1. UNIT TITLE: IDENTIFY STAFF DEVELOPMENT NEEDS	101
HRS4. UNIT TITLE: INITIATE AND FOLLOW DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES	104
HRS5. UNIT TITLE: RECRUIT, SELECT AND RETAIN STAFF	108
HRS6. UNIT TITLE: HANDLE STAFF GRIEVANCES AND RESOLVE PROBLEMS	112
HRS11. UNIT TITLE: IMPLEMENT OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY PRACTICES	115
FMS1. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE BUDGETS	
FMS3. UNIT TITLE: MANAGE BUDGETS	121
CMS1. UNIT TITLE: MANAGE QUALITY SERVICE AND CUSTOMER SATISFACTION	124
CMS3. UNIT TITLE: ORGANISE FUNCTIONS	128
GAS6. UNIT TITLE: MANAGE DAILY OPERATIONS	130
RTS4.7. UNIT TITLE: APPLY RESPONSIBLE TOURISM TO FOOD AND BEVERAGE OPERATIONS	132
HRS2. UNIT TITLE: PLAN THE WORKFORCE	135
GAS3. UNIT TITLE: ESTABLISH POLICIES AND PROCEDURES	138
COS1. UNIT TITLE: USE THE TELEPHONE IN THE WORKPLACE	141
COS2. UNIT TITLE: WORK EFFECTIVELY WITH OTHERS	143
COS3. UNIT TITLE: COMPLETE ROUTINE ADMINISTRATIVE TASKS	145
COS4. UNIT TITLE: USE ENGLISH AT A BASIC OPERATIONAL LEVEL	148
COS5. UNIT TITLE: MAINTAIN INDUSTRY KNOWLEDGE	150
COS6. UNIT TITLE: PROVIDE BASIC FIRST AID	
COS7. UNIT TITLE: PROVIDE SAFETY AND SECURITY	155
COS8. UNIT TITLE: RESPOND TO EMERGENCIES	158
COS10. UNIT TITLE: USE COMMON BUSINESS TOOLS AND TECHNOLOGY	161
GES1. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE FOR WORK	
GES2. UNIT TITLE: RECEIVE AND RESOLVE COMPLAINTS	166
GES3. UNIT TITLE: CLOSE DOWN THE SHIFT	168
GES4. UNIT TITLE: PROCESS FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS	170
GES5. UNIT TITLE: ORDER AND RECEIVE NEW STOCKS	172
GES6. UNIT TITLE: PROMOTE AND SELL PRODUCTS AND SERVICES	175
GES8. UNIT TITLE: MAINTAIN FOOD SAFETY AND HYGIENE	177
GES9. UNIT TITLE: DEVELOP GUEST RELATIONSHIPS	180
GES10. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE AND PRESENT REPORTS	
GES14. UNIT TITLE: PREVENT, CONTROL AND FIGHT FIRES	185
GES15. UNIT TITLE: DEAL WITH INTOXICATED AND UNAUTHORIZED PERSONS	187
GES21. UNIT TITLE: APPLY RESPONSIBLE FOOD AND BEVERAGE PRACTICES	190

I. INTRODUCTION

With the aim to help meet the needs for a qualified workforce for the tourism industry in Vietnam, the EU-funded, Environmentally & Socially Responsible Tourism Capacity Development Programme (ESRT) was tasked to revise the Vietnam Tourism Occupational Skills Standards (VTOS) which were originally developed under the EU-funded Human Resource Development in Tourism Project (HRDT). The revised VTOS have been developed and benchmarked against international occupational standards and ASEAN Common Competency Standards for Tourism Professionals (ACCSTP) and will satisfy the requirements of the ASEAN Mutual Recognition Arrangement for Tourism Professionals (MRA-TP).

Occupational Standards refer to the agreed minimum best practice for jobs in the tourism/hospitality industry, and include the statutory (legal, health, safety, security) requirements. They specify what a person should know and do, as well as the way they do their work, in order to carry out the functions of a particular job in the context of the work environment.

VTOS covers two major divisions within the tourism sector (hospitality and travel) with six key occupational areas in line with ASEAN: **Hospitality Division** (Front Office Operations, Housekeeping Operations, Food & Beverage Service, Food Preparation) and **Travel Division** (Travel & Tour Operations, Tour Guiding). VTOS also includes four specialist areas (Hotel Management, Small Accommodation Operations, On-site Tour Guiding, and Tourist Boat Service) to meet the unique requirements of Vietnam tourism industry.

VTOS units of competence have been grouped to provide a range of **industry-relevant qualifications/job titles** from basic to advanced levels and also a number of diplomas suitable for college teaching, therefore making it relevant for the industry and the formal education sector.

VTOS can be used by:

Hospitality and travel companies to set a standard for how the work of their employees should be completed. VTOS units can be used for training staff in the key skills and job functions for a range of skills. In addition VTOS can be used to assess the performance of staff against the standards. Organizations can arrange to register their staff with an assessment centre to formally recognise or assess their skills and gain a certificate.

Colleges and training organisations to design their hospitality or tourism curriculum. VTOS clearly specifies the skills, knowledge and behaviours required for particular jobs in the industry. VTOS units can be compiled to provide a curriculum for a range of education and training courses or programmes.

VTOS DEVELOPMENT METHODOLOGY

VTOS was prepared by conducting a detailed functional analysis of hospitality and tourism jobs with a technical working group of industry experts to identify the key competencies needed for jobs for the tourism sector. The functional analysis provides an accurate and detailed separation of the functions which have to be carried out in order to achieve the key purpose of the sector, occupation or area of work.

A review of Vietnam tourism qualifications and occupational standards has been conducted via a national Training Needs Assessment (TNA). The outcome of the TNA identified areas of skills shortages and defined skills requirements and competencies that will be required of tourism professionals.

Six occupational areas identified by ASEAN and the previous Vietnam Tourism Occupational Skills Standards were then used as a baseline to verify the findings of the functional analysis, and the competencies identified by the Technical Working Groups were then benchmarked against international standards to ensure any gaps were filled.

The VTOS were then developed using an international occupational standards approach which developed the contents of the standards as competencies in a format compatible with ASEAN. The units of competence include a unit title, the performance criteria, knowledge requirements, conditions of performance and variables, assessment criteria, assessment methods and references to ACCSTP. These competencies were then grouped into levels according to the ASEAN definition.

VTOS units of competence were prepared by a team of international and Vietnamese subject experts. The units were reviewed by Technical Working Groups comprising industry practitioners and vocational trainers from local institutions. Feedback from these consultations have been incorporated, revised into the standards, and a selection of units have been piloted with trainees to ensure the level and content was appropriate for the job areas identified.

VTOS LEVELS AND QUALIFICATIONS

VTOS consists of five qualification	on levels in six key occupational areas
Level 5 (Advanced Diploma 5)	Sophisticated, broad and specialised competence with senior management skills; Technical, creative, conceptual or managerial applications built around competencies of either a broad or specialised base and related to a broader organisational focus.
Level 4 (Diploma 4)	Specialised competence with managerial skills; Assumes a greater theoretical base and consists of specialised, technical or managerial competencies used to plan, carry out and evaluate work of self and/or team.
Level 3 (Certificate 3)	Greater technical competence with supervisory skills; More sophisticated technical applications involving competencies requiring increased theoretical knowledge, applied in a non-routine environment and which may involve team leadership and increased responsibility for outcomes.
Level 2 (Certificate 2)	Broad range of skills in more varied context with more responsibilities; Skilled operator who applies a broad range of competencies within a more varied work context and capable for working in groups, working independently in some cases and taking a significant responsibility for their own work results and products.
Level 1 (Certificate 1)	Basic, routine skills in a defined context; A base operational qualification that encompasses a range of functions/activities requiring fundamental operational knowledge and limited practical skills in a defined context.

VTOS COMPETENCY UNITS

VTOS is structured in units of competence using a modular format so that it is flexible and easily adapted for different jobs, personnel and qualifications. It is suitable for use in small to medium enterprises, large hotels, tour operator and travel companies, as well as for use in colleges and educational institutions. It can be used as the basis for curriculum in colleges. In addition, VTOS includes units on Responsible Tourism suitable for a range of jobs from all occupations. In this way, VTOS has been developed with the flexibility required for a fast-growing tourism industry as well as the breadth required for a range of technical and highly professional jobs at a number of levels from entry level up to Senior Management level.

VTOS consists of a range of units of competence that specify particular skills, knowledge and behaviours/attitudes necessary to fulfil the job requirements satisfactorily. Each job will consist of a blend of functional, core and generic units.

- **Functional (technical/professional)** competencies are specific to roles or jobs within the tourism industry, and include the specific skills and knowledge (know-how) to perform effectively (e.g. food service, tour guiding etc.).
- **Core (common) competencies** include the basic skills that most employees should possess (e.g., working with others, language and IT skills). These competencies are essential for anyone to do their job competently.
- **Generic (job related) competencies** are those competencies that are common to a group of jobs. They often include general job competencies that are required in a number of occupations (e.g., health & safety), as well as job specific competencies that apply to certain occupations more than others (e.g., close the shift).
- **Management competencies** are the generic competencies for roles in an organization that involve managing, supervising or influencing the work of others in some way. They may be specific to a job role (supervise housekeeping operations) or general to any supervisory/management role (arrange purchase of goods and services etc.).
- **Responsible tourism competencies** are the specific skills required for the operation and management in the organisation for the enhancement of the quality of services and products towards a sustainable tourism development, operations and products of responsible tourism.

Abbrev	iations for group of units		
cos	Core Standards	FBS	Food & Beverage Service Standards
GES	Generic Standards	FOS	Front Office Operations Standards
RTS	Responsible Tourism Standards	FPS	Food Preparation Standards
CMS	Customer Service & Marketing Management Standards	HKS	Housekeeping Operations Standards
FMS	Financial Management Standards	TBS	Tourist Boat Service Standards
GAS	General Administration Management Standards	TGS	Tour Guiding Standards
HRS	Human Resource Management Standards	TOS	Travel & Tour Operation Standards
SCS	Security Management Standards		

UNIT STRUCTURE

The VTOS units of competence comprise the following:

Unit Section	Description	Example
Unit Number	 Number of the unit e.g. FOS1.3 is Front Office Operations Standard, Level 1, Unit 3 	FOS1.3
Unit Title	• Title of the Unit	PROVIDE GUEST SERVICES
Unit Descriptor	Summary or overview of the unit	This unit describes the competencies required by front office staff to interface of with guests in a number of varied situations, responding to their requirements and expectations with cultural and professional sensitivity to satisfy needs and resolve problems.
Elements	 Units are divided into two or more elements that describe the activities the person has to carry out. Elements can provide structure to a complex function and break up long lists of Performance Criteria by presenting them in logical sections 	E1. Handle questions and requests E2. Process safety deposit boxes E3. Exchange foreign currency E4. Handle guest disbursements
Performance Criteria	 Performance Criteria should be observable and measurable so they can be accurately assessed. Performance (skills) will normally be assessed by observation (levels 1-3) or by documentary evidence of performance from the workplace, especially at management level (levels 4-5). 	 E1. Handle questions and requests P1. Answer guest questions and enquiries promptly and courteously and take personal responsibility for finding the answers P2. Assist guests in making bookings for restaurants, conferences or banquets etc P3. Compile a dossier of information commonly requested or likely to be asked for P4. Prepare local contact numbers and contact details for guest use P5
Knowledge Requirements	 Units of competence include essential underpinning knowledge that enables the work to be done with understanding. Knowledge includes understanding of facts, principles and methods which ensure that the person who measures up to the standard can be effective in other organisations, related job roles and work contexts and be better placed to deal with the unusual or unexpected. Each knowledge item will normally be assessed by oral or written questioning. 	 K1. Explain the benefits and alternatives for airline travel and associated travel means such as trains, buses and taxis K2. Explain the procedure for travel reservations, confirmations and how to enquire about regarding flight status K3. Describe the procedures for issuing, allowing access to and closing a safety deposit box K4. Describe the steps in exchanging currency for a guest

Unit Section	Description	Example
Conditions of performance and variables	 Conditions of performance and variables takes account of the fact that the real world contains many variables, and the units should cover these (e.g. in a hotel, a receptionist may encounter many different types of customer and different hotels may provide different facilities). Rather than include these differences in the performance criteria, the range of variables will identify different types of activities and conditions under which the performance could take place. 	4. Cash disbursements may include: • Paid-out as a reverse cash transaction in the cash account folio debiting the guest account • A cash receipt docket signed by the guest and retained in the folio bin • In certain establishment supervisory authorisation may be required for such transactions with limits applying
Assessment Guide	This section specifies the amount and type of evidence needed to show that the trainee/ learner has met the standards specified in the performance criteria and in all the circumstances defined in the evidence of achievement. • Evidence of the candidate's performance, knowledge, understanding and skills needs to be recorded and examined for quality control purposes. • This is often presented in a folder known as a portfolio of evidence or in a passbook. • Assessment needs to be cost effective and time efficient to be sustainable. • All assessment needs to be internally verified by an assessment centre to ensure it is valid, current, rigorous and objective.	Evidence of the following is required: 1. At least three different requests or issues handled accurately and satisfactorily 2. At least two safety deposit boxes issued according to procedures 3. At least three foreign currency transactions handled accurately according to procedures 4. At least two guest disbursements made according to procedures Assessment must ensure: • Access to an actual workplace or simulated environment • Access to office equipment and resources • Documentation of guest transactions as evidence of performance
Assessment Methods	The main assessment methods for VTOS include: • Assessors observing trainees at work (or, in some cases, under realistic simulated conditions) • Trainees supplying examples of records and documents that show they work to the standard • Line managers and supervisors providing statements about the trainee's work • Candidate answering questions from their assessors or completing written tests	This unit may be assessed on or off the job Assessment can include evidence and documentation from the workplace or through a simulation activity, supported by a range of methods to assess underpinning knowledge Assessment must relate to the individual's work area or area of responsibility The following methods may be used to assess: Case studies Observation of practical candidate performance Oral and written questions Documentation from the workplace Problem solving Role plays Third party reports completed by a supervisor Project and assignment work
Relevant Occupations	The relevant job roles/job titles for which the unit is appropriate	Front Desk Officer, FO Clerk, Guest Service Agent, Receptionist, Front Office Supervisor
ACCSTP References	Cross-reference to the relevant standard from (ASEAN Common Competency Standards for Tourism Professionals), if available	DH1.HFO.CL2.03 1.8, 3.6, 4.2

II. FOOD & BEVERAGE SERVICE OCCUPATIONS

The Vietnam Tourism Occupational Standards (VTOS) for Food & Beverage Service cover all F&B jobs at five levels from waiter (Level 1) to Restaurant Manager (Level 4) and F&B Director (Level 5). The VTOS F&B Service standards have also taken account of local hotel operations.

Typical jobs include: Food & Beverage Manager, Food & Beverage Supervisor, Restaurant Manager, Assistant Restaurant Manager, Chef de Rang/Team Leader, Head Waiter/Sommelier, Waiter/Waitress, Bartender, Assistant Bartender

Food & Beverage Manager ensures service delivery at every point of sale in the Food and Beverage Department.

Food & Beverage Supervisor assists with the responsibility for the day to day running of the department and ensures quality of service in the restaurant as well as manages the day to day operations and staff management.

Restaurant Manager is responsible for the image of the restaurant and increasing its sales (from preparation to service).

Assistant Restaurant Manager assists the Restaurant Manager as well as hosting and communicating with guests, staff management: recruitment, training, evaluation and promotion.

Team Leader will supervise the quality of the services offered to customers, train and motivate the dining room assistants and look after customer billing and tills.

Head Waiter will welcome and seat diners, advising each on their choice of food and wine and taking their order, organise the layout of the restaurant to create a warm and welcoming atmosphere and co-ordinate with the kitchen.

Waiter/Waitress will arrange the dining room, welcome and serve restaurant guests and tidy the restaurant after meal service.

Bartender – will look after the bar and drink service.

LIST OF UNITS OF COMPETENCE

					Level	s			
Ref	Unit No	Unit Title	1	2	3	4	5	Core	Generic
1	FBS1.1	PREPARE THE RESTAURANT FOR FOOD SERVICE	√						
2	FBS1.2	TAKE RESERVATIONS	√						
3	FBS1.3	WELCOME AND RECEIVE GUESTS	√						
4	FBS1.4	TAKE AND PLACE AN ORDER	√						
5	FBS1.5	SERVE FOOD AT TABLE	✓						
6	FBS1.6	SERVE DRINKS AND ACCOMPANIMENTS	✓						
7	FBS1.7	CLEAR TABLE	✓						
8	FBS1.8	PROVIDE ROOM SERVICE	✓						
9	FBS1.9	PROVIDE BANQUET AND CONFERENCE SERVICE	√						
10	FBS2.1	OPERATE A BAR		✓					
11	FBS2.2	SERVE WINE		✓					
12	FBS2.3	PREPARE & SERVE COCKTAILS		✓					
13	FBS2.4	PREPARE TO SERVE ESPRESSO COFFEE		✓					
14	FBS2.5	MAKE ESPRESSO COFFEE		✓					
15	FBS2.6	SERVE AND PRESENT ESPRESSO COFFEE		✓					
16	FBS3.1	MONITOR FOOD & BEVERAGE SERVICE			✓				
17	FBS3.2	PROVIDE SPECIALIST ADVICE ON WINE			✓				
18	FBS3.3	PLAN AND MONITOR QUALITY OF ESPRESSO COFFEE			√				
19	HRS3	CONDUCT A STAFF PERFORMANCE REVIEW			✓				
20	HRS7	PROVIDE ON-THE-JOB COACHING			√				
21	HRS8	DELIVER A GROUP TRAINING SESSION			✓				
22	HRS9	QUALITY ASSURE WORK IN YOUR TEAM			✓				
23	HRS10	PLAN, ALLOCATE AND MONITOR WORK OF A TEAM			✓				
24	FMS4	PREPARE & ANALYSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS & REPORTS			√				
25	GAS5	PLAN, MANAGE AND CONDUCT MEETINGS			✓				
26	SCS3	OPERATE BASIC SECURITY EQUIPMENT			✓				
27	FBS4.1	MANAGE FOOD & BEVERAGE OPERATIONS				✓			
28	HRS1	IDENTIFY STAFF DEVELOPMENT NEEDS				✓			
29	HRS4	INITIATE AND FOLLOW DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES				√			
30	HRS5	RECRUIT, SELECT AND RETAIN STAFF				✓			
31	HRS6	HANDLE STAFF GRIEVANCES AND RESOLVE PROBLEMS				✓			
32	HRS11	IMPLEMENT OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY PRACTICES				✓			
33	FMS1	PREPARE BUDGETS				✓			
34	FMS3	MANAGE BUDGETS				✓			
35	CMS1	MANAGE QUALITY SERVICE & CUSTOMER SATISFACTION				√			
36	CMS3	ORGANIZE FUNCTIONS				✓			
37	GAS6	MANAGE DAILY OPERATIONS				✓			

					Level	S			Generic
Ref	Unit No	Unit Title	1	2	3	4	5	Core	
38	RTS4.7	APPLY RESPONSIBLE TOURISM TO FOOD & BEVERAGE OPERATIONS				✓			
39	HRS2	PLAN THE WORKFORCE					✓		
40	GAS3	ESTABLISH POLICIES AND PROCEDURES					✓		
41	COS1	USE THE TELEPHONE IN THE WORKPLACE						✓	
42	COS2	WORK EFFECTIVELY WITH OTHERS						✓	
43	COS3	COMPLETE ROUTINE ADMINISTRATIVE TASKS						✓	
44	COS4	USE ENGLISH AT A BASIC OPERATIONAL LEVEL						✓	
45	COS5	MAINTAIN INDUSTRY KNOWLEDGE						✓	
46	COS6	PROVIDE BASIC FIRST AID						✓	
47	COS7	PROVIDE SAFETY AND SECURITY						✓	
48	COS8	RESPOND TO EMERGENCIES						✓	
49	COS10	USE COMMON BUSINESS TOOLS AND TECHNOLOGY						✓	
50	GES1	PREPARE FOR WORK							✓
51	GES2	RECEIVE AND RESOLVE COMPLAINTS							✓
52	GES3	CLOSE DOWN THE SHIFT							✓
53	GES4	PROCESS FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS							✓
54	GES5	ORDER AND RECEIVE NEW STOCKS							✓
55	GES6	PROMOTE & SELL PRODUCTS & SERVICES							✓
56	GES8	MAINTAIN FOOD SAFETY & HYGIENE							✓
57	GES9	DEVELOP GUEST RELATIONSHIPS							✓
58	GES10	PREPARE AND PRESENT REPORTS							✓
59	GES14	PREVENT, CONTROL AND FIGHT FIRES							✓
60	GES15	DEAL WITH INTOXICATED AND UNAUTHORIZED PERSONS							✓
61	GES21	APPLY RESPONSIBLE FOOD & BEVERAGE PRACTICES							√

FOOD & BEVERAGE SERVICE QUALIFICATIONS

Cert No	Occupational Qualifications (aimed at industry)	Level
CFB1	Certificate in Food & Beverage Service	1
CFB2	Certificate in Food & Beverage Service	2
CBT2	Certificate in Bartending	2
CBO2	Certificate in Barista Operations	2
CBO3	Certificate in Barista Operations	3
CFBS3	Certificate in Food & Beverage Supervision	3
CWS3	Certificate in Wine Service	3
DFSO4	Diploma in Food Service Operations	4

CFB1 - Certificate in Food & Beverage Service Level 1 (16 Units)

Def	Hait Na	Hate Wale			Level	s		Coro	Conoris
Ref	Unit No	Unit Title	1	2	3	4	5	Core	Generic
1	FBS1.1	PREPARE THE RESTAURANT FOR FOOD SERVICE	✓						
2	FBS1.2	TAKE RESERVATIONS	√						
3	FBS1.3	WELCOME AND RECEIVE GUESTS	✓						
4	FBS1.4	TAKE AND PLACE AN ORDER	✓						
5	FBS1.5	SERVE FOOD AT TABLE	✓						
6	FBS1.6	SERVE DRINKS AND ACCOMPANIMENTS	✓						
7	FBS1.7	CLEAR TABLE	✓						
8	FBS1.8	PROVIDE ROOM SERVICE	✓						
9	FBS1.9	PROVIDE BANQUET AND CONFERENCE SERVICE	✓						
10	COS1	USE THE TELEPHONE IN THE WORKPLACE						✓	
11	COS2	WORK EFFECTIVELY WITH OTHERS						✓	
12	COS4	USE ENGLISH AT A BASIC OPERATIONAL LEVEL						✓	
13	COS5	MAINTAIN INDUSTRY KNOWLEDGE						✓	
14	GES1	PREPARE FOR WORK							✓
15	GES8	MAINTAIN FOOD SAFETY & HYGIENE							✓
16	GES21	APPLY RESPONSIBLE FOOD & BEVERAGE PRACTICES							✓

CFB2 - Certificate in Food & Beverage Service Level 2 (25 Units)

- c		Hais Tisla			Level	S			
Ref	Unit No	Unit Title	1	2	3	4	5	Core	Generic
1	FBS1.1	PREPARE THE RESTAURANT FOR FOOD SERVICE	✓						
2	FBS1.2	TAKE RESERVATIONS	✓						
3	FBS1.3	WELCOME AND RECEIVE GUESTS	✓						
4	FBS1.4	TAKE AND PLACE AN ORDER	✓						
5	FBS1.5	SERVE FOOD AT TABLE	✓						
6	FBS1.6	SERVE DRINKS AND ACCOMPANIMENTS	✓						
7	FBS1.7	CLEAR TABLE	✓						
8	FBS1.8	PROVIDE ROOM SERVICE	✓						
9	FBS1.9	PROVIDE BANQUET AND CONFERENCE SERVICE	✓						
10	FBS2.1	OPERATE A BAR		✓					
11	FBS2.2	SERVE WINE		✓					
12	FBS2.4	PREPARE TO SERVE ESPRESSO COFFEE		✓					
13	COS1	USE THE TELEPHONE IN THE WORKPLACE						✓	
14	COS2	WORK EFFECTIVELY WITH OTHERS						✓	
15	COS3	COMPLETE ROUTINE ADMINISTRATIVE TASKS						✓	
16	COS4	USE ENGLISH AT A BASIC OPERATIONAL LEVEL						✓	
17	COS5	MAINTAIN INDUSTRY KNOWLEDGE						✓	
18	GES1	PREPARE FOR WORK							✓
19	GES2	RECEIVE AND RESOLVE COMPLAINTS							✓
20	GES5	ORDER AND RECEIVE NEW STOCKS							✓
21	GES6	PROMOTE & SELL PRODUCTS & SERVICES							✓
22	GES8	MAINTAIN FOOD SAFETY & HYGIENE							✓
23	GES9	DEVELOP GUEST RELATIONSHIPS							✓
24	GES15	DEAL WITH INTOXICATED AND UNAUTHORIZED PERSONS							√
25	GES21	APPLY RESPONSIBLE FOOD & BEVERAGE PRACTICES							✓

CBT2 - Certificate in Bartending Level 2 (19 Units)

D. (II. to white			Level	s			G
Ref	Unit No	Unit Title	1	2	3	4	5	Core	Generic
1	FBS1.3	WELCOME AND RECEIVE GUESTS	✓						
2	FBS1.6	SERVE DRINKS AND ACCOMPANIMENTS	✓						
3	FBS2.1	OPERATE A BAR		✓					
4	FBS2.2	SERVE WINE		✓					
5	FBS2.3	PREPARE & SERVE COCKTAILS		✓					
6	FBS2.4	PREPARE TO SERVE ESPRESSO COFFEE		✓					
7	COS1	USE THE TELEPHONE IN THE WORKPLACE						✓	
8	COS2	WORK EFFECTIVELY WITH OTHERS						✓	
9	COS4	USE ENGLISH AT A BASIC OPERATIONAL LEVEL						✓	
10	COS5	MAINTAIN INDUSTRY KNOWLEDGE						✓	
11	COS7	PROVIDE SAFETY AND SECURITY						✓	
12	GES1	PREPARE FOR WORK							✓
13	GES2	RECEIVE AND RESOLVE COMPLAINTS							✓
14	GES3	CLOSE DOWN THE SHIFT							✓
15	GES5	ORDER AND RECEIVE NEW STOCKS							✓
16	GES6	PROMOTE & SELL PRODUCTS & SERVICES							✓
17	GES8	MAINTAIN FOOD SAFETY & HYGIENE							✓
18	GES15	DEAL WITH INTOXICATED AND UNAUTHORIZED PERSONS							√
19	GES21	APPLY RESPONSIBLE FOOD & BEVERAGE PRACTICES							✓

CBO2 - Certificate in Barista Operations Level 2 (12 Units)

2.6	11-2-11-	Unit Title			Level	s			Generic
Ref	Unit No	Unit little	1	2	3	4	5	Core	
1	FBS1.3	WELCOME AND RECEIVE GUESTS	√						
2	FBS1.6	SERVE DRINKS AND ACCOMPANIMENTS	√						
3	FBS2.4	PREPARE TO SERVE ESPRESSO COFFEE		✓					
4	FBS2.5	MAKE ESPRESSO COFFEE		✓					
5	FBS2.6	SERVE AND PRESENT ESPRESSO COFFEE		✓					
6	COS4	USE ENGLISH AT A BASIC OPERATIONAL LEVEL						√	
7	COS5	MAINTAIN INDUSTRY KNOWLEDGE						✓	
8	GES1	PREPARE FOR WORK							✓
9	GES5	ORDER AND RECEIVE NEW STOCKS							✓
10	GES6	PROMOTE & SELL PRODUCTS & SERVICES							✓
11	GES8	MAINTAIN FOOD SAFETY & HYGIENE							✓
12	GES21	APPLY RESPONSIBLE FOOD & BEVERAGE PRACTICES							✓

CBO3 - Certificate in Barista Operations Level 3 (13 Units)

Dof	III. it No	Unit Title			Level	s		Coro	Generic
Ref	Unit No	Unit Title	1	2	3	4	5	Core	Generic
1	FBS1.3	WELCOME AND RECEIVE GUESTS	√						
2	FBS1.6	SERVE DRINKS AND ACCOMPANIMENTS	✓						
3	FBS2.4	PREPARE TO SERVE ESPRESSO COFFEE		✓					
4	FBS2.5	MAKE ESPRESSO COFFEE		✓					
5	FBS2.6	SERVE AND PRESENT ESPRESSO COFFEE		✓					
6	FBS3.1	MONITOR FOOD & BEVERAGE SERVICE			✓				
7	FBS3.3	PLAN AND MONITOR QUALITY OF ESPRESSO COFFEE			√				
8	COS4	USE ENGLISH AT A BASIC OPERATIONAL LEVEL						✓	
9	COS5	MAINTAIN INDUSTRY KNOWLEDGE						✓	
10	GES5	ORDER AND RECEIVE NEW STOCKS							✓
11	GES6	PROMOTE & SELL PRODUCTS & SERVICES							✓
12	GES8	MAINTAIN FOOD SAFETY & HYGIENE							✓
13	GES21	APPLY RESPONSIBLE FOOD & BEVERAGE PRACTICES							✓

CFBS3 - Certificate in Food & Beverage Supervision Level 3 (29 Units)

					Level	s			
Ref	Unit No	Unit Title	1	2	3	4	5	Core	Generic
1	FBS1.2	TAKE RESERVATIONS	✓						
2	FBS1.3	WELCOME AND RECEIVE GUESTS	✓						
3	FBS3.1	MONITOR FOOD & BEVERAGE SERVICE			✓				
4	FBS3.2	PROVIDE SPECIALIST ADVICE ON WINE			✓				
5	HRS3	CONDUCT A STAFF PERFORMANCE REVIEW			✓				
6	HRS7	PROVIDE ON-THE-JOB COACHING			✓				
7	HRS8	DELIVER A GROUP TRAINING SESSION			√				
8	HRS9	QUALITY ASSURE WORK IN YOUR TEAM			√				
9	HRS10	PLAN, ALLOCATE AND MONITOR WORK OF A TEAM			√				
10	FMS4	PREPARE & ANALYSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS & REPORTS			√				
11	GAS5	PLAN, MANAGE AND CONDUCT MEETINGS			✓				
12	SCS3	OPERATE BASIC SECURITY EQUIPMENT			✓				
13	COS1	USE THE TELEPHONE IN THE WORKPLACE						✓	
14	COS4	USE ENGLISH AT A BASIC OPERATIONAL LEVEL						✓	
15	COS5	MAINTAIN INDUSTRY KNOWLEDGE						✓	
16	COS6	PROVIDE BASIC FIRST AID						✓	
17	COS7	PROVIDE SAFETY AND SECURITY						✓	
18	COS8	RESPOND TO EMERGENCIES						✓	
19	COS10	USE COMMON BUSINESS TOOLS AND TECHNOLOGY						✓	
20	GES2	RECEIVE AND RESOLVE COMPLAINTS							✓
21	GES3	CLOSE DOWN THE SHIFT							✓
22	GES5	ORDER AND RECEIVE NEW STOCKS							✓
23	GES6	PROMOTE & SELL PRODUCTS & SERVICES							✓
24	GES8	MAINTAIN FOOD SAFETY & HYGIENE							✓
25	GES9	DEVELOP GUEST RELATIONSHIPS							✓
26	GES10	PREPARE AND PRESENT REPORTS							✓
27	GES14	PREVENT, CONTROL AND FIGHT FIRES							✓
28	GES15	DEAL WITH INTOXICATED AND UNAUTHORIZED PERSONS							✓
29	GES21	APPLY RESPONSIBLE FOOD & BEVERAGE PRACTICES							✓

CWS3 - Certificate Wine Service Level 3 (11 Units)

Dof	II.a.ia Nia	Unit Title			Level	s		Covo	Canavia
кет	Unit No	Unit little	1	2	3	4	5	Core	Generic
1	FBS1.3	WELCOME AND RECEIVE GUESTS	✓						
2	FBS1.6	SERVE DRINKS AND ACCOMPANIMENTS	✓						
3	FBS2.2	SERVE WINE		✓					
4	FBS3.2	PROVIDE SPECIALIST ADVICE ON WINE			√				
5	COS4	PROCESS FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS							✓
6	COS5	ORDER AND RECEIVE NEW STOCKS							✓
7	GES6	PROMOTE & SELL PRODUCTS & SERVICES							✓
8	GES8	MAINTAIN FOOD SAFETY & HYGIENE							✓
9	GES9	DEVELOP GUEST RELATIONSHIPS							✓
10	GES15	DEAL WITH INTOXICATED AND UNAUTHORIZED PERSONS							√
11	GES21	APPLY RESPONSIBLE FOOD & BEVERAGE PRACTICES							√

DFSO4 - Diploma in Food Service Operations Level 4 (25 Units)

- c					Level	S			
Ref	Unit No	Unit Title	1	2	3	4	5	Core	Generic
1	FBS4.1	MANAGE FOOD & BEVERAGE OPERATIONS				✓			
2	HRS1	IDENTIFY STAFF DEVELOPMENT NEEDS				✓			
3	HRS4	INITIATE AND FOLLOW DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES				√			
4	HRS5	RECRUIT, SELECT AND RETAIN STAFF				√			
5	HRS6	HANDLE STAFF GRIEVANCES AND RESOLVE PROBLEMS				√			
6	HRS11	IMPLEMENT OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY PRACTICES				√			
7	FMS1	PREPARE BUDGETS				√			
8	FMS3	MANAGE BUDGETS				✓			
9	CMS1	MANAGE QUALITY SERVICE & CUSTOMER SATISFACTION				√			
10	CMS3	ORGANIZE FUNCTIONS				✓			
11	GAS6	MANAGE DAILY OPERATIONS				✓			
12	RTS4.7	APPLY RESPONSIBLE TOURISM TO FOOD & BEVERAGE OPERATIONS				√			
13	HRS2	PLAN THE WORKFORCE					√		
14	GAS3	ESTABLISH POLICIES AND PROCEDURES					✓		
15	COS1	USE THE TELEPHONE IN THE WORKPLACE						✓	
16	COS6	PROVIDE BASIC FIRST AID						✓	
17	COS7	PROVIDE SAFETY AND SECURITY						✓	
18	COS8	RESPOND TO EMERGENCIES						✓	
19	COS10	USE COMMON BUSINESS TOOLS AND TECHNOLOGY						√	
20	GES2	RECEIVE AND RESOLVE COMPLAINTS							✓
21	GES9	DEVELOP GUEST RELATIONSHIPS							✓
22	GES10	PREPARE AND PRESENT REPORTS							✓
23	GES14	PREVENT, CONTROL AND FIGHT FIRES							√
24	GES15	DEAL WITH INTOXICATED AND UNAUTHORIZED PERSONS							✓
25	GES21	APPLY RESPONSIBLE FOOD & BEVERAGE PRACTICES							✓

III. DETAILED STANDARDS

FBS1.1. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE THE RESTAURANT FOR FOOD SERVICE

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to prepare the restaurant prior to service. It includes the cleaning of the premises as well as individual items of equipment, before setting the restaurant, its table and work stations ready for imminent meal service so that the outlet is in complete readiness for receiving customers. All this must be done to a professional, standard, and in a hygienic and safe manner.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Clean and tidy the restaurant

- P1. Close the restaurant when the last customer has departed
- P2. Clear all dirty linen and items
- P3. Ventilate room for fresh air
- P4. Arrange tables and chairs for dusting and cleaning
- P5. Reallocate tables and chairs following the restaurant layout

E2. Clean and prepare utensils

- P6. Collect items from the stewarding area or storage area
- P7. Prepare the area where cleaning will take place and gather equipment needed
- P8. Clean utensils and condiments and check condition

E3. Prepare a table and fold napkins

- P9. Select and place cloth correctly
- P10. Fold and place napkins in designated area

E4. Prepare condiments

- P11. Check and refill condiments as required and check condition
- P12. Check the external appearance of silver, ceramic or glass condiment holders

E5. Lay up MeP

- P13. Prepare the place settings for transport on a service tray
- P14. Lay the table one place at a time
- P15. Review table layout to ensure all is in order

E6. Ensure restaurant readiness

- P16. Check air condition, lighting, and music are fully functioning
- P17. Check table decoration is placed correctly

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. Describe the procedure for cleaning and tidying the restaurant when opening and closing
- K2. Describe the sequence of polishing cutlery, glassware and crockery
- K3. Explain the purpose of each type of cutlery, glassware and crockery
- K4. Describe food safety and hygiene procedures when preparing condiments
- K5. Describe the process of laying and boxing a table cloth
- K6. Identify suitable condiments for different meals
- K7. Describe different types of table setting
- K8. List necessary items in order at service station
- K9. Explain the reason of having double checks when the restaurant preparation is completed

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Restaurant preparation according to standards may include:

- Tables
- · Chairs
- Trolleys
- · Caution board
- Linen

2. Clean and prepare utensils may include:

- Cutlery
- Glassware
- Crockery
- Tray

3. Condiments may include:

- · Salt & Pepper
- · Oil and vinegar
- Mustard
- · Soya sauce
- · Fish sauce

4. Lay up MeP may include:

- · Lay up MeP à la carte
- · Lay up MeP table d'hôte
- · Lay up MeP Asian table setting
- · Lay up MeP Western table setting
- · Lay up MeP breakfast
- · Lay up MeP buffet
- · Lay up buffet table
- · Lay up MeP service station

5. Restaurant preparation depends on:

- Meal of the day
- Meal reservation
- · Customer or group booking

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Evidence of the following is required:

- 1. Three occasions of cleaning and preparing the restaurant for service
- 2. Two occasions of cleaning and preparing utensils for lay up
- 3. Three occasions preparing tables and folding napkins correctly
- 4. Two occasions of preparing condiments
- 5. Three occasions of different MeP from: à la carte, table d'hôte, Asian table setting, Western table setting, breakfast or buffet

ASSESSMENT METHODS

This unit may be assessed on or off the job.

- 1. Assessment can include practical demonstration either in the workplace or through a simulation activity, supported by a range of methods to assess underpinning knowledge.
- 2. Assessment must relate to the individual's work area or area of responsibility.

The following methods may be used to assess competency for this unit:

- Observation of practical candidate performance
- Recorded oral and/or written guestions
- Third party reports completed by a supervisor
- · Practical project or assignment

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Food & Beverage Waiter/Waitress	D1.HBS.CL5.01

FBS1.2. UNIT TITLE: TAKE RESERVATIONS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required for taking customer orders in the manner prescribed by the establishment, maintaining a positive and courteous relationship with customers, accurately recording details, taking opportunities to sell products and services and communicating the order to the requisite areas of the operation.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Take a reservation

- P1. Take a reservation by phone or face to face
- P2. Record all booking information
- P3. Confirm booking details and conclude the reservation

E2. Communicate details

- P4. Communicate with colleagues or supervisor
- P5. Post reservation into record system

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. Describe telephone answering techniques and how to deal with different questions
- K2. Explain the importance of taking notes and not interrupting the customer when speaking
- K3. Identify the Dos and Don'ts when taking reservations
- K4. List the information needed to be taken from customer
- K5. Explain why the reservation must be posted and communicated

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Prepare to take a reservation may include:

- Prepare stationary
- · Check restaurant reservation status record

2. Answer the telephone and take a reservation:

- Answer promptly
- Greet customer appropriately
- Speak slowly, clearly and carefully (if on the phone)

3. The information required for the booking should include:

- Booker's name
- · Contact email and phone number
- Company or personal address
- · Number of customer
- · Time and date of meal booked
- Menu and price
- · Special request

4. Communicate should include:

- Record on logbook clearly
- Post reservation on record system
- Communicate with responsible colleague or supervisor

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Evidence of the following is required:

- 1. Three food and beverage reservations taken via the phone and posted accurately
- 2. Three food and beverage reservations taken face to face and followed up accurately
- 3. Two communications with colleagues documented as evidence

ASSESSMENT METHODS

This unit may be assessed on or off the job:

- Assessment can include practical demonstration either in the workplace or through a simulation activity, supported by a range of methods to assess underpinning knowledge
- Assessment must relate to the individual's work area or area of responsibility

The following methods may be used to assess competency for this unit:

- Observation of practical candidate performance
- · Recorded oral and/or written questions
- Third party reports completed by a supervisor
- · Practical project or assignment

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Food & Beverage Waiter/Waitress	D1.HBS.CL5.16

FBS1.3. UNIT TITLE: WELCOME AND RECEIVE GUESTS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required for welcoming and receiving guests/customers. It includes updating customer information and dealing with customer enquiries.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Update customer information

- P1. Check customer information from record system
- P2. Update relevant customer information
- P3. Clarify any information as necessary

E2. Welcome and receive customer

- P4. Greet and welcome customer warmly and politely
- P5. Escort customer to their table or location
- P6. Seat the customer(s)
- P7. Ask customer for their requirements

E3. Deal with customer enquiries

- P8. Listen carefully and respond courteously to the customer's enquiry
- P9. Report problems to a supervisor or suitable person

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. Describe the sequence of procedures when welcoming and receiving customers
- K2. List the standards that apply to welcoming and receiving different types of customer
- K3. Identify what professional behaviours are required for welcoming and greeting customers

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Customer records might include:

 The information record on the logbook, computer or on the information board/notice board

2. Customers could include:

 VIP, male or female, returning customer, partner, client, visitor, inspector, individual or group or company, elderly or young people

3. Preparation to welcome and receive customer could include:

- Welcome drink
- Towel/napkin
- · Welcome card
- · Welcome flower
- Fruit
- · Person in charge
- · Clear and clean entrance
- · Umbrella
- Security guard

4. Styles of welcoming and receiving customer may include:

- Formal or informal style
- Vietnam local style or appropriate style to the customer
- Special style according to request of customer
- · Special Banner

5. Customer enquiries could include:

- · Questions about meal, drink, meeting etc.
- In some situations the supervisor or manager on duty will handle customer enquiries

ASSESSMENT GUIDE ASSESSMENT METHODS Evidence of the following is required: This unit may be assessed on or off the job: 1. Two occasions of welcoming and receiving Assessment can include practical demonstration individual guest either in the workplace or through a simulation 2. Two occasions of welcoming and receiving activity, supported by a range of methods to assess group underpinning knowledge. 3. Four occasions of dealing with client's inquiries Assessment must relate to the individual's work area or area of responsibility the following methods may be used to assess competency for this unit: • Observation of practical candidate performance • Recorded oral and/or written questions

Third party reports completed by a supervisor

Practical project or assignment

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Food & Beverage Waiter/Waitress, Team Leader, Supervisor	D1.HBS.CL5.10

FBS1.4. UNIT TITLE: TAKE AND PLACE AN ORDER

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required for taking customer orders in the manner prescribed by the establishment, maintaining a positive and courteous relationship with customers, accurately recording details, taking opportunities to sell products and services and communicating the order to the requisite areas of the operation.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Take a food/drink order

- P1. Record the order
- P2. Write down additional information
- P3. Sell other products
- P4. Confirm the order
- P5. Collect the menus

E2. Communicate the order

- P6. Check the written order is clear
- P7. Transfer the order to the cashier function
- P8. Transfer the order to the kitchen
- P9. Transfer the order to the dispense bar
- P10. Retain the order for service staff

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. Describe procedure of order taking.
- K2. Describe procedure of communicating order
- K3. State information needed to be taken from customer
- K4. Explain the importance of repeating the order.
- K5. Explain how to maintain a positive and courteous relationship with customer
- K6. Describe how to transfer the order and record the order for service staff
- K7. Describe the main elements of the food menu including starters, main course, desserts etc.
- K8. Describe the elements of the drink menu including basic wine information

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Taking a food/drink order may include:

- Discussing and clarifying with the customer
- · Advising on menu items
- · Recommending dishes or drinks
- Up-selling special menu items

2. Communicating the order may include:

- Prioritising food items per customer requests
- Conveying and special needs (dietary or other)
- Ensuring orders are recorded and filed correctly for billing
- Requesting progress on delayed orders to convey information to customers on progress

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Evidence of the following is required:

- 1. Four food and drink orders taken correctly
- 2. Four orders communicated clearly and correctly to the kitchen and/or dispense bar

ASSESSMENT METHODS

This unit may be assessed on or off the job:

- 1. Assessment can include practical demonstration either in the workplace or through a simulation activity, supported by a range of methods to assess underpinning knowledge
- 2. Assessment must relate to the individual's work area or area of responsibility

The following methods may be used to assess competency for this unit:

- Observation of practical candidate performance
- · Recorded oral and/or written questions
- Third party reports completed by a supervisor
- Practical project or assignment

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Food & Beverage Waiter/Waitress	D1.HBS.CL5.12

FBS1.5. UNIT TITLE: SERVE FOOD AT TABLE

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to perform routine table duties for the customer linked to the service of the meal itself (such as food table service and table dressing) with professional courtesy and efficiency.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Serve customers at table

- P1. Carry food with correct skills and with correct containers
- P2. Provide customers with the service items, condiments and accompaniments appropriate to their food
- P3. Serve customers in line with service style
- P4. Introduce food before serving customers
- P5. Serve food items with clean, hygienic and undamaged equipment of the appropriate type
- P6. Serve customer with extra requests

E2. Provide customer service

- P7. Respond to service problems appropriately
- P8. Ensure customer dining and service areas are tidy, hygienic and free from rubbish and food debris
- P9. Clear customer dining areas of soiled and unused service items at the appropriate times
- P10. Maintain sufficient stocks of clean service items, condiments and accompaniments throughout the service

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. Describe procedures for carrying food and serving food at table according to the property's standards.
- K2. Explain the appropriate service items, condiments and accompaniments to different food requirements
- K3. Describe the procedure for handling customer problems or complaints
- K4. Describe the procedure for maintaining restaurant dining and service areas

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Service problems may include:

- Complaints about slow service
- Complaints about quality, amount, appearance or taste of food
- Complaints about incorrect order
- · Complaints about bill or payment
- Complaints about service quality
- · Complaints about table cleanliness or setting

service area according to procedures

ASSESSMENT GUIDE **ASSESSMENT METHODS Evidence of the following is required:** • Observation of practical candidate performance • Practical exercises that reflect the workplace 1. Four occasions of carrying and serving food at table according to the property's standards. use of the facilities & equipment 2. Two occasions of serving customers with extra Oral and/or written questions and/or multiple requests choice test 3. Three customer service problems resolved Third party reports completed by a supervisor adequately Project and assignment work 4. Two occasions of maintaining dining and

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Food & Beverage Waiter/Waitress	D1.HBS.CL5.14

FBS1.6. UNIT TITLE: SERVE DRINKS AND ACCOMPANIMENTS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to perform drink service as part of the service of the meal itself.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Introduce and serve drinks and accompaniments

- P1. Prepare drink ordered by customer
- P2. Introduce drink before serving
- P3. Serve drinks in line with the appropriate service style and legal requirements
- P4. Answer any customer queries

E2. Maintain customer and service areas during drinks service

- P5. Keep service areas equipment clean hygienic, tidy and ready to use
- P6. Keep customer and service areas clean tidy and free from rubbish
- P7. Secure service areas against unauthorized access
- P8. Serve customer with extra requests

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. Describe the correct way to open capped, screw top and corked bottles and how to use the appropriate equipment
- K2. State why the name on bottle should be left facing the customer
- K3. Describe the correct way to pour and serve drink
- K4. Describe the correct way to pour and serve different drinks for free pouring such as spirits and mixers
- K5. Describe types of glasses available to serve drinks and which ones to use according to organisation's procedures and customer requirements
- K6. State correct temperature for different types of drinks
- K7. State the property's policies and procedures in serving drinks
- K8. Explain the safety and hygiene knowledge when preparing equipment and ingredients
- K9. Describe how to ensure safety and security at work

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. The drink service at the table according to standards may include:

- Opening capped, screw top and corked bottles with appropriate equipment
- Pouring and serving free pouring drinks such as spirits and mixers
- Using correct glasses according to types of drinks
- Ensuring correct temperature for different types of drinks

2. Maintaining customer and service areas during drinks service may include:

- · Ensuring clean and tidy areas at all time
- Removing rubbish
- Replenishing accompaniments
- Ensuring safety and hygiene when preparing equipment and ingredients
- Ensuring safety and security in the workplace

3. Extra requests may include:

- Additional accompaniments
- · Napkins, toothpicks, salt and pepper
- Cigarettes
- · Extra ice or water

Evidence of the following is required:

- 1. Four occasions of introducing and serving drinks and accompaniments
- 2. Two occasions of serving customers with extra requests
- 3. Three customer service problems resolved adequately
- 4. Two occasions of maintaining service area according to procedures

ASSESSMENT METHODS

- Observation of practical candidate performance
- Practical exercises that reflect the workplace use of the facilities & equipment
- Oral and/or written questions and/or multiple choice test
- Third party reports completed by a supervisor
- Project and assignment work

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Food & Beverage Waiter/Waitress	D1.HBS.CL5.07

FBS1.7. UNIT TITLE: CLEAR TABLE

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to clear the table in a restaurant of food outlet. It includes buffet, mid-meal dressing service and ensuring clean and tidy table.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Perform mid-meal dressing

- P1. Observe customers and identify when to carry out mid-meal dressing
- P2. Carry out mid-meal dressing and set accompaniments

E2. Deal with table spillages

- P3. Ensure safety and hygiene for the customer and self
- P4. Inform the supervisor or manager if needed
- P5. Assist the customer as necessary
- P6. Use the correct tools to clean the table

E3. Clear table at end of meal

- P7. Clear table in clockwise direction using tray or trolley
- P8. Ensure table is clean and tidy ready for coffee or drinks

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. Describe company procedures for clearing table
- K2. Identify requirements when clearing buffet
- K3. Describe how to carry out mid-meal dressing
- K4. Describe how to change an ashtray
- K5. Explain standards and procedures to deal with table spillages
- K6. Describe safety and hygiene procedures

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Mid-meal dressing may include:

- · Cleaning table of debris or spillages
- Topping up condiments
- Offering to provide any other requirements

2. Clearing table may require:

- · Using tray or trolley to clear
- Clearing plates in clockwise direction
- Place large and heavy items at the bottom
- Not trying to carry too many plates for safety reasons

3. Clear buffets may include:

- · Check number of customer using service
- Observe the buffet before clearing and inform guests when buffet is due to close
- Inform the supervisor of any change
- Follow standards and procedures

4. Dealing with table spillages may involve:

- Ensure safety and security for the customer and yourselves
- Keeping calm and responding politely
- Informing the supervisor or manager if needed
- Assisting the customer as necessary
- · Using the correct tools to clean

Evidence of the following is required:

- 1. Four occasions clearing table correctly.
- 2. Two occasions of dealing with spillages
- 3. Three occasions of mid-meal dressing
- 4. Two occasions of maintaining service area according to procedures

ASSESSMENT METHODS

This unit may be assessed on or off the job:

- Assessment should include practical demonstration either in the workplace or through a simulation activity, supported by a range of methods to assess underpinning knowledge
- Assessment must relate to the individual's work area or area of responsibility

- Case studies
- Observation of practical candidate performance
- Practical exercises that reflect the workplace use of the facilities & equipment
- Recorded oral test and/or written questions
- Third party reports completed by a supervisor
- Project and assignment work

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Food & Beverage Waiter/Waitress	N/A

FBS1.8. UNIT TITLE: PROVIDE ROOM SERVICE

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to provide room service in a hotel or other accommodation establishment.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Take the order

- P1. Ensure the order is correctly recorded and from the room service menu
- P2. Inform guests how long it will take to deliver their order
- P3. Recommend other items to complete the guest order
- P4. Follow up and communicate if there are any special requests

E2. Prepare and serve room service

- P5. Check dishes to ensure the order is correct and presented well
- P6. Use proper containers and equipment to carry to the room
- P7. Serve the guest according to established standards and procedures
- P8. Deal with any problems with the order at the time of delivery of the order

E3. Present room service accounts

- P9. Confirm the receipt includes correct guest information
- P10. Retain the signed receipt
- P11. Notify supervisor of any problems or concerns
- P12. Pass signed receipt to accountant/cashier

E4. Clear room service

- P13. Estimate suitable time to clear
- P14. Check with guest before clearing
- P15. Ensure the standards and procedures for clearing room service are applied

E5. Maintain room service equipment ready for service

- P16. Check the cleanliness of the equipment
- P17. Place equipment in designated place
- P18. Check there are sufficient quantities for later service

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. List essential information when taking the room service order
- K2. Describe the standards and procedures for room service
- K3. Explain the procedures to handle situations or problems at room service
- K4. State the way to present the room service receipt and where the signed receipt should be taken
- K5. Identify requirements of maintaining room service equipment

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Take a room service order may include:

- Room service menu
- Guest orders food outside of the room service menu
- Rooming list/in-house guest list
- Delays by kitchen and need to inform guest of progress

2. Prepare for room service may include:

- · Prepare and check correct order
- Check if sufficient accompaniments

3. Maintain room service equipment ready for service may include:

- Ensuring sufficient utensils and linen
- · Ensuring sufficient trays and condiments

Evidence of the following is required:

- 1. Three cases of taking room service order
- 2. Three cases of preparation of room service orders
- 3. Three cases of serving room service and presenting the bill
- 4. Three cases of clearing room service and storing room service equipment

ASSESSMENT METHODS

This unit may be assessed on or off the job:

Assessment can include practical demonstration either in the workplace or through a simulation activity, supported by a range of methods to assess underpinning knowledge

Assessment must relate to the individual's work area or area of responsibility

- Observation of practical candidate performance
- Practical exercises that reflect the workplace use of the facilities & equipment
- Recorded oral test, written questions and/or multiple choice test
- Third party reports completed by a supervisor
- · Practical project and assignment work

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Food & Beverage Waiter/Waitress	D1.HBS.CL5.13

FBS1.9. UNIT TITLE: PROVIDE BANQUET AND CONFERENCE SERVICE

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to provide banquet and conference service. It includes setting up the banquet or conference and providing service during the event.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Lay up banquet or conference

- P1. Check the event order information
- P2. Prepare facility, utensils and systems for banquet setting
- P3. Communicate with other departments to complete conference or banquet setup
- P4. Arrange the event according to style and standard required

E2. Perform service for banquet or conference

- P5. Serve food and drinks
- P6. Take care of, and support guests requirements during the service
- P7. Keep the service area private, tidy and safe

E3. Clear the event on completion of service

- P8. Clear tables of food, condiments and utensils
- P9. Return room to original setting for next event

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. Describe the standards and procedures of lay up for banquets and conference
- K2. Explain the important of the final check when the banquets and conference setup is completed
- K3. List the sequence procedures when serving at banquets
- K4. List the typical drinks and canapés often available for fingers buffet
- K5. Identify the best times to supply supplementary drinks and canapés

- K6. State the standards and procedures when serving tea and coffee
- K7. Describe the correct service standard for wine and alcoholic drinks
- K8. List the duties to be completed during the conference break
- K9. Identify when the supervisor or manager should be informed or any issues

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Drinks and canapé service for finger buffets could include:

- Preparing the correct drinks and canapés as per requested
- Serving drinks and canapés according to finger buffet style
- Providing supplementary drinks and canapés as per the established standards

2. Setting tables for conferences would include:

- Following the instructions to setup for the conference style
- Meeting the established standards of setting up table and stationary for conference
- Carrying out final check when the conference setup is completed

3. Systems could include:

- Air conditioning
- Lighting
- Music
- · Table settings/decoration

4. Servicing conferences during breaks could include:

- Providing quick rearrangement/adjustment to keep conference rooms tidy
- Supplying supplemental stationary and mineral water as per requested
- · Preparing tea/coffee as per requested
- Checking accompaniments and ingredients for tea and coffee
- Serving tea and coffee according to finger buffet

5. Performing counter service could include:

- · Keeping the counter fully stocked
- Ensuring all facilities, equipment, and accompaniments for hot or cold drink and hot food or cold food are available

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Evidence of the following is required:

- 1. Two occasions of set up the two different banquet styles
- 2. Three occasions of serving banquet to each banquet style
- 3. Two occasions of serving finger buffets
- 4. Two occasions of preparation for conference
- 5. Three occasions of serving tea/coffee for meeting breaks

ASSESSMENT METHODS

This unit may be assessed on or off the job:

Assessment can include practical demonstration either in the workplace or through a simulation activity, supported by a range of methods to assess underpinning knowledge

Assessment must relate to the individual's work area or area of responsibility

- · Observation of practical candidate performance
- Recorded oral and/or written questions and/or multiple choice test
- Third party reports completed by a supervisor
- · Practical project and assignment work

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Food & Beverage Waiter/Waitress	N/A

FBS2.1. UNIT TITLE: OPERATE A BAR

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to operate a bar from opening, providing bar service and close a bar operation.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Prepare and restock the bar

- P1. Switch on all bar equipment
- P2. Clean facility, equipment, accompaniments and utensils
- P3. Check stock levels as par stock and top up stock according to FIFO (First-in First-out) standards

E2. Serve alcoholic and non-alcoholic drinks

- P4. Serve drinks according to service and quality standards
- P5. Ensure appropriate accompaniments are served with drinks
- P6. Monitor customer behaviour to anticipate any drink-related problems
- P7. Handle customer enquiries or problems according to company procedures
- P8. Ensure empty bottles and cans are disposed of in correct containers
- P9. Handle financial transactions

E3. Close down bar operations

- P10. Clean and tidy up the bar
- P11. Complete daily inventory report
- P12. Record any incidents in the logbook for the next shift
- P13. Inform supervisor or manager of any problems or incidents
- P14. Turn off equipment

- K1. Explain the procedure for restocking the bar
- K2. State standards, procedures and regulations for serving alcoholic drinks
- K3. List popular types of beer are available at the property
- K4. Identify wines, liquors, spirits are available at the property
- K5. Describe the types of cocktails and mocktails served at the property
- K6. Explain how you would respond to drunken customer behaviour and drink-related problems
- K7. Explain how you handle customer enquiries or other problems
- K8. Describe the procedures to close down bar operations
- K9. Explain FIFO procedure

1. Serve drinks according to service and quality standards may include:

- Ensuring drinks are served in appropriate measures
- Ensuring drinks are served in correct glasses at correct temperatures
- Confirming orders to ensure accurate drink orders provided

2. Ensure appropriate accompaniments are served with drinks could include:

- Providing accompaniments alongside drinks
- Providing accompaniments to decorate drinks such as fruits slices for cocktails

3. Monitor customer behaviour to anticipate any drink-related problems could include:

- Observing noisy or rowdy customers and anticipating actions to take
- Deciding when to intervene or talk to customers, or whether to involve others

Handle customer enquiries or problems according to company procedures could include:

- · Complaints about slow service
- Complaints about quality, amount, appearance or taste of drink
- · Complaints about incorrect order
- · Complaints about bill or payment
- Complaints about service quality
- · Complaints about table cleanliness or setting
- Complaints about other guests (noisy, drunk, abusive etc)

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Evidence of the following is required:

- Two occasions of preparing and re-stocking the bar correctly
- Four occasions of preparing cocktails and mocktails
- 3. Three occasions of serving wine, beer and spirits
- Two occasions of dealing with drink-related problems or other customer problems/ complaints
- 5. Two reports for shift handover or for supervisor/manager

ASSESSMENT METHODS

This unit may be assessed on or off the job:

Assessment should include practical demonstration either in the workplace or through a simulation activity, supported by a range of methods to assess underpinning knowledge.

Assessment must relate to the individual's work area or area of responsibility.

- · Case studies
- Observation of practical candidate performance
- Practical exercises that reflect the workplace use of the facilities & equipment
- Recorded oral test and/or written questions
- Third party reports completed by a supervisor
- · Project and assignment work

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Barman/Barwoman, Assistant Barman, Drinks waiter	D1.HBS.CL5.04-08

FBS2.2. UNIT TITLE: SERVE WINE

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies for selling and serving wine for customers at the dining table.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Introduce wine list

- P1. Present wine list to the customer
- P2. Provide accurate wine information to meet the requirements of the customer
- P3. Make recommendations for wind and food pairing
- P4. Refer customer queries to a senior person if unable to answer the query

E2. Provide customer service

- P5. Establish rapport with the customer and maintain it throughout the service
- P6. Take the opportunity to maximise sales through up-selling
- P7. Take customer orders according to organisation's procedures

E3. Serve wine

- P8. Prepare glasses, wine opener, and ice bucket if required
- P9. Serve wine professionally as per property's policies, standards and procedures

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. Describe main white and red wines and their features and taste
- K2. List the main wine producers and the most popular wines in your establishment
- K3. Explain which wines might match different foods
- K4. Describe the process for opening and pouring wine
- K5. Describe how you maintain customer service and maximise sales through up-selling

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Opening wine would include the following:

- Show the bottle of the wine to confirm the right bottle ordered before serving guests
- Place bottle on the table and cut the foil around cork (if corked)
- Wrap service napkin securely around the bottle neck
- Hold the bottle neck firmly in one hand and with the other grip the cork head
- Insert corkscrew and turn firmly to the right
- Turn the cork a few degrees until it begins to rise by itself

2. Serving wine would include:

- Pour a small amount of wine for the host
- Serve ladies first then pour for others in a clockwise direction
- Pour for the host last
- Place the bottle on the table with the label facing the host
- Place white wine or champagnes in an ice bucket (with stand if required)

Evidence of the following is required:

- 1. Three occasions of presenting the wine list and advising on wines to accompany foods
- 2. Four occasions of preparing and serving wine
- 3. Two occasions of up-selling products

ASSESSMENT METHODS

This unit may be assessed on or off the job:

Assessment should include practical demonstration either in the workplace or through a simulation activity, supported by a range of methods to assess underpinning knowledge

Assessment must relate to the individual's work area or area of responsibility

- Observation of practical candidate performance
- Practical exercises that reflect the workplace use of the facilities & equipment
- Recorded oral test and/or written questions
- Third party reports completed by a supervisor
- Project and assignment work

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Wine Waiter, Captain, Restaurant Supervisor, General Waiter	D1.HBS.CL5.15

FBS2.3. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE AND SERVE COCKTAILS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the skills and knowledge required to prepare and serve cocktails for customers in food and beverage outlets.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Promote the sale of cocktails

- P1. Encourage customers to buy cocktails according to property's policy
- P2. Use bar menu and tent cards appropriately to promote cocktails
- P3. Offer customers accurate information in a courteous manner about the style and range of cocktails

E2. Prepare cocktails

- P4. Select correct cocktail glassware and equipment
- P5. Make cocktails correctly and efficiently according to establishment and international standard recipes
- P6. Consider eye appeal, texture, flavour and required temperature in preparing cocktails
- P7. Consider options for new cocktails using suitable combinations of alcoholic and non-alcoholic

E3. Present cocktails.

- P8. Present cocktails attractively and maximise eye appeal
- P9. Use garnishes and decorations according to establishment policies, standards and procedures
- P10. Avoid wastage and spillage during service

- K1. Describe recipes for the most popular traditional cocktails
- K2. List the most popular methods used for making cocktails
- K3. List the typical alcoholic ingredients of cocktails
- K4. List the typical non-alcoholic ingredients of cocktails
- K5. Describe the range and variety of cocktail making equipment
- K6. Describe the accompaniments used for cocktails

- K7. Outline the range and variety of cocktail glassware
- K8. Explain the hygiene and safety requirements in preparing and serving cocktails
- K9. Explain the origins, nature and characteristics of:
 - Spirits and liqueurs
 - · Vermouths, bitters and fortified wine

Preparing blended cocktail should include the following:

- Ensuring the mise-en-place of fruit and garnishes is ready before commencing task
- Placing the listed ingredients for specific cocktail recipes in the cocktail blender followed by crushed ice
- Measuring quantities using standard measures
- Blending the mixture vigorously until well mixed, chilled and aerated
- · Serving immediately in the appropriate glass
- Garnishing attractively according to recipe recommendations

2. Preparing mixed cocktail should include the following:

- Place ice into measuring jug
- Add the measured ingredients as per specific recipe
- Stir with a cocktail spoon
- Served into appropriate glass using a Hawthorn strainer to retain ice
- Garnish attractively according to recipe recommendations

3. Preparing layered cocktail should include the following:

- Depending on the recipe add the specific ingredients gently one by one to the appropriate glass
- Garnish attractively according to recipe recommendations

4. Serving cocktail should include:

- Carefully placing garnished cocktail on a clean serving tray
- Carry the tray in front by balancing on one hand
- Confirm order to ensure accurate drink order is provided
- Remove other unused glasses and place cocktail in front of guest
- Ensure appropriate accompaniments are served with cocktail

5. Serving equipment may include:

- Cocktail shakers
- · Cocktail glassware
- Mixing glass/jugs
- · Cocktail spoon
- Water jugs
- · Stirrers and swizzles
- Blenders
- Drink mixer
- Measures
- · Pourers, strainers and funnel
- · Ice crushing machine
- · Scoops, tongs
- Coasters
- · Bottle opener
- · Lemon squeezer
- Cocktail & swizzle sticks
- · Cocktail list or menu
- Bar towels, serviettes and service cloths
- · Cleaning equipment
- Knives and cutting boards
- Refrigerator
- · Sink unit and bar glass washing machine
- Others

6. Cocktail ingredients and accompaniments may include:

- · Ice cubes
- Sauces
- Fruit juices
- · Milk
- Cream
- · Decorative items
- Alcoholic ingredients
- Fresh fruits (lemon, lime oranges and others), maraschino cherries
- · Salt
- · Pepper powder
- Sugar
- · Bitters
- · Garnishes (umbrellas and straws)

7. Recommendations or information may include:

- Price
- Special promotions
- Ingredients
- Suitable alternatives
- Flavours
- · Spirit base
- Others

8. Styles of cocktails may include:

- Blended
- Shaken
- Mixed
- Layered
- Stirred
- Built

9. Cocktail glassware may include:

- Martini glass
- · Brandy sniffer
- · Champagne flute
- Old fashioned glass
- Margarita glass
- Highball glass
- Irish coffee glass
- Others

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Evidence of the following is required:

- 1. Three occasions of presenting the cocktail list and advising on variety of cocktails
- 2. Four occasions of preparing and serving cocktails correctly
- 3. Two occasions of up-selling products

ASSESSMENT METHODS

This unit may be assessed on or off the job:

Assessment should include practical demonstration either in the workplace or through a simulation activity, supported by a range of methods to assess underpinning knowledge

Assessment must relate to the individual's work area or area of responsibility

- Observation of practical candidate performance of preparing and serving cocktails
- Practical exercises that reflect the preparation of quantities of cocktails within industry-realistic timeframes.
- Practical exercises that reflect the workplace use of the facilities & equipment
- Recorded oral test and/or written answers to questions to assess knowledge requirements
- Third party reports completed by a supervisor
- Project and assignment work

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Bar Man, Head Barman, Restaurant Supervisor	D1.HBS.CL5.06

FBS2.4. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE TO SERVE ESPRESSO COFFEE

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to organise and prepare the work areas ready for serving espresso coffee, providing customers with advice on espresso coffee and promoting and providing information on espresso coffee choices.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Organise and prepare work areas

- P1. Organise coffee workstation according to workplace safety and hygiene practices, to enable efficient work flow and easy access to equipment and commodities
- P2. Develop preparation and work routines according to requirements
- P3. Complete mise en place and preparation for coffee service according to procedures
- P4. Store coffee and commodities in appropriate airtight containers and conditions to maintain quality and freshness, according to workplace hygiene procedures and food safety regulations

E2. Provide customer service and advise customers on espresso coffee

- P5. Develop and update knowledge of types of coffee beverages
- P6. Respond to customer questions about espresso coffee beverages
- P7. Provide advice to customers about coffee types and characteristics where appropriate

E3. Develop and promote coffee information

- P8. Determine customer coffee preferences and requirements, and offer coffee style choices and accompaniments accordingly
- P9. Promote coffee beverage appreciation at appropriate opportunities
- P10. Develop and display accurate customer information on espresso coffee beverages

- K1. Review the history and culture of espresso coffee beverages
- K2. List the major coffee styles and their characteristics
- K3. Describe the types of bean, blends and roasts with a particular emphasis on espresso roast
- K4. State the types of grind and grinding equipment
- K5. Describe the types of machines and equipment and their main features and differences
- K6. Describe the sizes and types of filter baskets, tampers and other equipment
- K7. List the different milk types and their characteristics, including requirements for handling and storing milk
- K8. Describe the storage conditions and requirements for coffee and commodities
- K9. State the sequencing and production of orders

- K10. Describe the current and emerging espresso coffee service trends
- K11. Describe the major types of espresso coffee beverages and their characteristics:
 - · Caffe latte
 - Cappuccino
 - · Espresso (short black)
 - Flat white
 - · Long black
 - Mocha
 - · Piccolo latte
 - Ristretto
 - Short and long macchiato
- K12. Describe the special qualities and flavour characteristics arising from country and area of origin:
 - Physical and chemical properties
 - · Roasting techniques
 - · Effects of roasting and grinding
 - Type of grind and freshness
 - Flavour enhancers and essences
- K13. Describe the most effective ways to develop and promotional coffee information
- K14. Evaluate the benefits of each promotional method

1. Equipment may include:

- Types and brands of coffee grinders or mills and coffee machines
- Serviceware, including cups, saucers, mugs and glasses of various sizes
- Flatware
- · Weighing equipment
- Measuring equipment
- Tampers
- Blind or blank filter and espresso cleaning detergent
- Thermometer
- Etorage bins in appropriate sizes and materials
- · Bins for discarded pucks.

2. Procedures may include:

- Policies and procedures related to persons authorised and trained to carry out particular activities related to machine operation, adjustment, cleaning and maintenance
- Circumstances requiring the services of an authorised and trained technician
- Specific requirements for routine and non-routine cleaning and maintenance
- Requirements for checking and replacing parts and equipment
- Specific requirements for decoration of coffee prior to presentation, such as stencils, logos, sprinkled toppings and coffee art
- Policies and procedures for stock control, ordering and rotation.

3. Mise en place and preparation for coffee service include:

- Turning on machines to achieve correct pressure and temperature
- Setting out cups, mugs, saucers, plates, jugs, glasses and other required serviceware
- Ensuring adequate supplies of coffee, milk varieties and sugars, including specialised sugars and substitutes
- Assembling flavourings and toppings
- · Laying out flatware, serviettes and wipes

Performance evidence must include:

- Three occasions of completing mise en place, organising the workplace and preparation for coffee service according to workplace safety and hygiene practices
- 2. Three occasions of providing customer service and advice to customers on espresso coffee, coffee types and characteristics, and responding to customer questions about espresso coffee beverages.
- 3. Developing and promote coffee information including:
 - Two occasions of determining customer coffee preferences and requirements, and offering coffee style choices and accompaniments accordingly
 - Two occasions of promoting coffee beverage appreciation at appropriate opportunities
 - Two occasions of developing and displaying accurate customer information on espresso coffee beverages

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Assessment must take place in the workplace or coffee laboratory in a vocational education environment.

The methods of assessment could include:

- Observation of performance
- Work records
- Witness statement from supervisor of competent performance

Assessment must ensure:

- Access to a workstation with industry-current commercial espresso machine and appropriate equipment, including:
 - Thermometer
 - Coffee grinders or mills
 - Serviceware, including cups, saucers, glasses, mugs and flatware
 - Weighing and measuring equipment
 - Storage bins in appropriate sizes and materials
 - · Blind or blank filters
 - Tampers
 - · Espresso cleaning detergent
 - Bins for discarded pucks or grind tubes
- Access to a range of coffee types and commodities
- Preparation of quantities of coffee items within industry-realistic timeframes for multiple customers simultaneously
- Preparation and service of varieties of coffee types to meet various customer requirements

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Barista and other F&B personnel trained in espresso coffee making	D1.HPA.CL4.01

FBS2.5. UNIT TITLE: MAKE ESPRESSO COFFEE

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to extract and prepare espresso coffee in a variety of hospitality settings using a commercial espresso machine.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select and grind coffee

- P1. Select coffee and grind to correct particle size, according to requirements and customer preferences
- P2. Take into consideration any environmental and equipment factors affecting dosage, and adjust grind and dose accordingly

E2. Extract coffee

- P3. Select appropriate cups or glassware and ensure they are warm before preparation
- P4. Measure or dispense required amount and place into clean filter basket, tamping coffee evenly using correct pressure
- P5. Ensure group head is clean prior to inserting group handle
- P6. Monitor water and pump pressure, and moderate between cycles, according to procedures
- P7. Analyse extraction rate and adjust where appropriate
- P8. Assess quality of extraction visually and where appropriate by verifying flavour
- P9. Check spent grounds (puck or cake) to identify any required adjustments to dosage and technique
- P10. Release or purge water for two seconds from the group head before placement of group handle to extract coffee

E3. Texture milk

- P11. Select correct cold milk and appropriate clean, cold jug according to espresso requirements and quantity on order
- P12. Expel excess water from steam wand before and after texturising milk and wipe clean after use
- P13. Texture milk according to milk type and specific order requirements
- P14. Combine foam and milk through rolling, ensuring even consistency
- P15. Pour milk promptly, evenly and consistently, according to coffee style and customer preferences

- K1. Describe the key principles of coffee making
- K2. State the appropriate pour rate for espresso coffee (industry recommended rate is 30 ml in 27-32 seconds depending on type of espresso coffee ordered, customer preferences and the coffee blend)
- K3. Describe the factors that affect quality of coffee
- K4. Describe the types of grind and grinding equipment
- K5. Explain the impacts on flavour of coffee beverages from:
 - · Cleanliness of machines
 - · Water temperature and pressure

- K6. Describe the storage conditions and requirements for coffee and commodities
- K7. Review the cleaning and maintenance procedures
- K8. Identify symptoms of potential faults in espresso machines and grinders
- K9. List the sequencing and production of orders.
- K10. State the organisational and industry standards for:
 - Serviceware used for espresso coffee beverage presentation
 - Accompaniments used to enhance beverages
 - · Presentation of beverages including latte art

1. Coffee styles to be prepared must include:

- Short black (espresso)
- · Long black
- Cappuccino
- Flat white
- · Caffe latte
- · Short and long macchiato
- Mocha
- · Vietnamese style coffee, Saigon style coffee
- · Irish coffee or other coffee made with liqueurs

2. Factors to consider in grinding coffee include:

- · Pre-setting grinder
- · Sensory analysis of grind, including:
 - Visual
 - Tactile
 - Olfactory
- · Tasting of finished product.

3. End of service activities include:

- Removing beans from hoppers at the end of service day or shift
- Storing according to enterprise requirements.

4. Monitor and assess the espresso machine and grinder may include:

- Ensuring the dosing chamber delivers the correct dosage of coffee
- · Checking steam and pump pressure
- Stripping the grinder of external working parts, observing required safety procedures according to enterprise requirements

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Evidence of the following is essential:

- Ability to recognise quality in espresso coffee, meet customer requirements and expectations, and identify factors affecting quality and required outcomes
- Ability to address problems during preparation and service of espresso coffee
- Ability to extract and present quality coffee within realistic timelines
- Compliance with all workplace hygiene and food safety regulations
- · Safe work practices in making espresso coffee.

Evidence of the following is required:

- 1. Four occasions of selecting coffee and grinding to correct particle size, according to requirements and customer preferences
- 2. Four occasions of tamping and extracting coffee to the correct amount and pressure to ensure a quality coffee
- 3. Four occasions of texturing milk according to milk type and specific order requirements and combining foam and milk through rolling, ensuring even consistency

ASSESSMENT METHODS

A range of assessment methods should be used to assess practical skills and knowledge. The following examples are appropriate:

- Direct observation of practical demonstration of extracting and serving coffee over an entire service period
- Tasting of coffee prepared by the candidate
- Use of video or peer observation
- Written or oral questions to assess required knowledge relating to preparing and serving espresso coffee
- Review of portfolios of evidence and third-party workplace reports of on-the-job performance by the candidate

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Final outcome should be an espresso coffee that meets all requirements and customer preferences	
Assessment must ensure: Access to a workstation with industry-current commercial espresso machine and appropriate equipment, including: Thermometer Coffee grinders or mills Serviceware, including cups, saucers, glasses, mugs and flatware Weighing and measuring equipment Storage bins in appropriate sizes and materials Blind or blank filters Tampers Espresso cleaning detergent Bins for discarded pucks or grind tubes Access to a range of coffee types and commodities Preparation of quantities of coffee items within industry-realistic timeframes for multiple customers simultaneously Preparation and service of varieties of coffee types to meet various customer requirements.	

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Barista and other F&B personnel trained in espresso coffee making	D1.HPA.CL4.01

FBS2.6. UNIT TITLE: SERVE AND PRESENT ESPRESSO COFFEE

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to serve espresso coffee in a variety of hospitality setting using a commercial espresso machine, including storage of coffee and cleaning, and care and preventative maintenance of machinery.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Present and serve espresso coffee

- P1. Present coffee attractively using clean ceramic or glass cups and avoiding drips and spills
- P2. Serve coffee at the required temperature, according to customer requirements and style, with appropriate cream, milk froth and accompaniments

E2. Clean and maintain espresso machine

- P3. Follow required health and safety requirements throughout all cleaning and maintenance procedures
- P4. Clean all machine and parts thoroughly and safely according to manufacturer specifications, using appropriate cleaning methods and recommended cleaning products and materials
- P5. Monitor and assess the operation and efficiency of the espresso machine and grinder during usage and take appropriate action where required in relation to defects and faults
- P6. Identify situations requiring the attendance of a trained service technician, licensed electrician or a designated senior person within the enterprise
- P7. Use energy and water resources efficiently when preparing coffee and cleaning equipment to reduce negative environmental impacts

- K1. Describe how to present coffee attractively using appropriate styles
- K2. Describe the factors in serving coffee according to customer requirements and style
- K3. Identify the serviceware used for espresso coffee beverage presentation
- K4. List the type of accompaniments used to enhance beverages
- K5. Describe the process of presentation of beverages including latte art
- K6. Explain the required storage of coffee beans, ground coffee, milk and other ingredients:
 - Correct environmental conditions to ensure food safety
 - · Appropriate methods to optimise shelf life

- K7. Describe the methods to ensure efficient use of ingredients and to minimise wastage
- K8. Describe the equipment used to prepare espresso coffee beverages including the technical features and functions of different espresso machines and grinders
- K9. Describe the correct cleaning and maintenance procedures for espresso coffee machines and grinders
- K10. List the routine problems and faults in espresso machines and grinders
- K11. State the work practices for the management of large coffee beverage orders
- K12. Explain the cost and profit issues associated with the provision of espresso coffee service, including product, equipment, accessories and pricing of menu items

1. Presenting coffee includes:

- · Using clean ceramic
- Using glass cups
- · Avoiding drips and spills
- Serving coffee at the required temperature
- Serving coffee according to customer requirements and style
- Serving coffee with appropriate cream, milk froth and accompaniments.

2. Cleaning procedures include:

- Wiping down entire machine to ensure cleanliness
- Purging reservoir of hot water, releasing steam and backwashing the machine with an appropriate cleaning solution
- · Pouring boiling water to clean drainage pipes
- Backflushing the machine at the end of a service cycle, using clean water to ensure no chemical and other residues are left
- Cleaning the bean hopper using wet method, and drying thoroughly before refilling and storing
- Brushing out dispensers
- Cleaning all remaining parts using dry cleaning method
- Backflushing group heads according to recommended industry methods, using a blank filter and appropriate machine detergent
- Using colour-coded cloths, such as using blue for general cleaning and yellow for cleaning and wrapping steam wands
- Wiping steamer wands after each use, using a damp cloth
- Where there is build-up or caked-on product, wrapping steamer wands in a clean cloth, opening the valve and allowing hot water, with steam venting, to soften caked-on milk and then wiping with a damp cloth
- Washing drip trays
- Removing shower screens and diffusers if appropriate, cleaning using wet method and reassembling
- Cleaning around the inside of the group head using an appropriate brush or cloth
- Cleaning group handle and filter basket and steam arm spout after removing, using the wet method
- Using correct and environmentally sound disposal methods for coffee making waste including recyclable glass and plastic bottles and containers.

3. Cleaning methods must include using a range of techniques, including:

- Wet techniques: using warm water with recommended detergent for soaking various parts and cleaning with sponge, damp cloth or scourer (only for group handle)
- Dry techniques: using a damp cloth followed by a dry cloth.

Evidence of the following is required:

- 1. Present and serve espresso coffee on at least four occasions attractively using clean ceramic or glass cups, avoiding drips and spills, served at the required temperature, according to customer requirements and style, with appropriate cream, milk froth and accompaniments.
- Clean and maintain espresso machine efficiently on at least four occasions following required health and safety requirements throughout all cleaning and maintenance procedures.

ASSESSMENT METHODS

This unit may be assessed on or off the job.
Assessment should include practical demonstration either in the workplace or through a simulation activity, supported by a range of methods to assess underpinning knowledge.

Assessment must relate to the individual's work area or area of responsibility.

- Observation of practical performance
- Practical exercises that reflect the workplace use of the facilities & equipment
- Recorded oral test and/or written questions
- Third party reports completed by a supervisor
- · Project and assignment work

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Wine Waiter, Captain, Restaurant Supervisor, General Waiter	D1.HPA.CL4.01

FBS3.1. UNIT TITLE: MONITOR FOOD AND BEVERAGE SERVICE

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to monitor, maintain and improve Food & Beverage Service.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Monitor, maintain and improve Food & Beverage Service

- P1. Monitor service levels on an on-going basis through close contact with day to day operations
- P2. Identify customer or quality issues promptly and make appropriate adjustments accordingly
- P3. Adjust procedures and systems in consultation with colleagues to improve service quality
- P4. Consult colleagues about ways to improve service levels

E2. Plan and organise workflow

- P5. Schedule work to enhance efficiency and customer service quality
- P6. Delegate work to appropriate people, and empower them to do their work effectively
- P7. Assess progress against agreed objectives and timelines
- P8. Assist colleagues in prioritization of workload through supportive feedback and coaching

E3. Solve problems and make decisions

- P9. Identify and analyse food and beverage service problems from an operational and customer service perspective
- P10. Initiate corrective action to resolve the immediate problem where appropriate
- P11. Encourage team members to raise problems and encourage the individual's participation in solving the problem
- P12. Monitor the effectiveness of solutions in Food & Beverage Service
- P13. Follow hotel policies and guidelines for handling problems and decision-making

- K1. Describe the key concepts of quality assurance and how this is managed and implemented in your establishment
- K2. Explain how you ensure service levels are maintained on an on-going basis
- K3. Describe how customer or quality issues are identified and handled
- K4. Describe the quality procedures and systems in place in your establishment
- K5. Explain how you apply time management principles to your daily work and responsibilities

- K6. Explain the systems for work scheduling and delegation of work
- K7. Describe how you support colleagues in helping them prioritize their workload
- K8. Give examples of operational and customer service problems you have handled and resolved
- K9. Describe the procedures for taking corrective action to resolve operational problems
- K10. Explain how you encourage team members to raise problems and participate in solving the problem

1. Efficiency and service levels may relate to:

- Monitoring and measuring performance
- Monitoring customer service satisfaction
- Monitoring costs

2. Quality assurance initiatives may include:

- Quality systems
- Quality standards

3. Quality problems may include:

- · Difficult customer service situations
- Equipment breakdown/technical failure
- Failure to deliver promised service to customers
- Poor rosters giving rise to inadequate/ inappropriate staffing levels
- · Delays and time difficulties
- · Staff poor attitude/poor behaviour
- · Lack of management support/control
- Lack of ownership

4. Procedures and systems may be related to:

- · Service quality
- Emergencies
- · Food safety and hygiene
- Security
- · Safe work practices
- Record keeping

5. Schedule work may relate to:

- Meal breaks
- Shift allocations
- · Holidays and leave
- Staff rosters

6. Principles of delegation may relate to:

- · Defining employee's responsibility
- Communicating authority
- · Clarifying expected results

7. Supportive feedback and coaching may relate to:

- Informal and formal feedback
- · Performance review
- · Advice/guidelines
- Principle applications

8. Workplace problems may relate to:

- Guests
- Suppliers
- Equipment
- · Administrative
- Organisational
- Employee
- · Weather
- Natural events

9. Corrective action may include:

- New procedures and/or processes
- · Changes to job descriptions or contracts
- Changes to workplace procedures and/or processes

Important behaviours for supervisors/managers include:

- Present information clearly, concisely, accurately and in ways that promote understanding
- 2. Give feedback to others to help them maintain and improve their performance
- 3. Continuously improve products and services
- 4. Comply with, and ensure others comply with, legal requirements, industry regulations, organisational policies and professional codes
- 5. Monitor the quality of work and progress against plans and take appropriate corrective action, where necessary
- Develop systems to gather and manage information and knowledge effectively, efficiently and ethically
- 7. Use a range of legitimate strategies and tactics to influence people
- 8. Make effective use of available resources
- 9. Recognise stakeholders' needs and interests and manage these effectively
- 10. Specify the assumptions made and risks involved in understanding a situation

Assessment should include practical demonstration of the ability to manage workplace operations either in the workplace or through a simulation activity, supported by a range of methods to assess underpinning knowledge

Assessment must relate to the individual's work area, job role and area of responsibility

Assessment must include project or work activities that allow the individual to respond to multiple and varying workplace issues relevant to work area, job role and area of responsibility that allow them to demonstrate knowledge and awareness of the principles of monitoring workplace operations and how to manage such issues.

Assessment must include:

- Two documented examples/cases of how you monitored and identified customer or quality issues and adjusted procedures and systems in consultation with colleagues to improve F&B service quality
- 2. Two documented examples of how you scheduled work to enhance efficiency and customer service quality, and ensured that work was delegated to appropriate people in accordance with principles of delegation
- 3. Two documented examples of where you assisted colleagues in prioritization of workload through supportive feedback and coaching
- 4. Two documented examples/cases of how you identified and analysed food and beverage service problems and initiated corrective action to resolve the problem

ASSESSMENT METHODS

This unit may be assessed on or off the job. Suitable assessment methods may include:

- Case studies
- Observation of practical candidate performance
- · Oral and written questions
- · Portfolio evidence
- Problem solving
- Third party reports completed by a supervisor
- Project and assignment work

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Team Leader, Restaurant Manager, F&B Manager	D1.HRM.CL9.03

FBS3.2. UNIT TITLE: PROVIDE SPECIALIST ADVICE ON WINE

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required to provide specialised advice on wines to customers in a hotel, restaurant or other food and beverage outlet.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Evaluate wines

- P1. Identify and explore the characteristics of a range of wines using the full range of sensory evaluation techniques
- P2. Review other information about viticulture and specific imported wine styles, regions and production methods to complement the sensory evaluation process
- P3. Develop informed opinions about wine that support work as a specialist in wine

E2. Handle, store and monitor wine products

- P4. Store wine according to particular requirements of different wines
- P5. Monitor wine quality and recognise impaired quality based on in depth knowledge of wines
- P6. Where required, serve wine appropriately and at the correct temperature according to type and style of wine and customer preference
- P7. Decant wines using techniques appropriate to the variety, style and vintage of wine

E3. Advise customers on wines

- P8. Provide accurate information and assistance about different wine options
- P9. Recommend wine and food pairing options for customers
- P10. Discuss and debate wine characteristics, origins and production methods with customers, taking account of the customer's level of wine knowledge
- P11. Take account of appropriate and ethical business considerations when providing advice and make adjustments accordingly
- P12. Assist customers with wine selections according to taste, price preferences and other specific needs
- P13. Resolve issues with wine quality through accurate identification of faults and appropriate corrective action

E4. Extend and update own knowledge on wines

- P14. Conduct formal and informal research to access current, accurate and relevant information about wines
- P15. Identify trends in customer tastes based on direct contact and workplace experience
- P16. Identify general trends in the wine market and apply to the workplace as appropriate
- P17. Provide assistance in the design, content and pricing of international wine list as required

- K1. Explain the full range of sensory evaluation techniques and their relevance to different types of wines
- K2. Describe the structure, history, trends and philosophies of:
 - The international wine industry
 - The major international wine producing nations
 - General understanding of the operation of wine shows and wine medal systems in an international context
- K3. Discuss the characteristics of major international wines, including:
 - Different wine types and their styles
 - · Different production methods
 - Label terminology and interpretation
 - Major regional variations
 - Principal grape varieties used in wine types
 - Major European wine laws
 - General knowledge of relevant geography in relation to its impact on wine growing
 - Impact of the vineyard and viticultural techniques affecting the taste and style of wine
 - Annual cycle of a general vineyard and regional specific cycles

- K4. Describe the wine production methods and variations for white, red, sparkling and fortified wines, including:
 - Basic wine production steps and variations for different wines (harvesting, crushing, pressing, fermentation, clarification, maturing, bottling)
 - Old world approaches to wine making and attitudes to new world wine making
 - Specific production techniques for white wine (additional clarification process - before and after fermentation, pressing, malolactic fermentation and oak usage)
 - Specific production techniques for red wine (fermentation on the skins, maceration techniques such as pumping over, plunging down, heading down and rotary fermenters
 - Specific production techniques for sparkling wines such as traditionelle, the transfer process, tank fermentation and carbonation
 - Specific production techniques for fortified wines
- K5. Appraise the factors that affect the style and quality of wine, including:
 - · Climate
 - Soil
 - Grape variety
 - · Viticultural techniques
 - Storage
 - · Vinification techniques
 - Key structural components in wine and their impact on taste, including alcohol, tannin, sugar, fruit flavour

- K6. Identify the indicators of quality in wines and analysis and diagnosis of wine faults or impairments, including:
 - Oxidation
 - Tartrates
 - Cloudiness
 - · Cork faults
 - · Presence of hydrogen sulphide
- K7. Describe the wine service techniques, including serving aged wines and processes for the decanting of wine
- K8. Discuss the storage and cellaring requirements for a range of wines and reasons for these contributing factors of a successful wine list
- K9. Provide an overview of the types of foods that match successfully with different wines

1. Varieties of wines can include wines from:

- Europe France, Italy, Germany, Greece, Spain, Portugal, Central and South Western Europe
- North and South America (USA, Chile, Argentina etc)
- · New Zealand & Australia
- South Africa
- Emerging wine growing countries such as Vietnam, Hungary, Romania & Morocco

2. Sensory evaluation techniques should include:

- · Visual appraisal:
 - · Wine swirling and glass handling
 - Use of light and background
 - · Intensity and type of colour
 - Clarity
 - Identifying 'legs' or 'tears' to assess alcohol /glycerol content
- · Smell or nose appraisal:
 - Techniques for releasing aroma and bouquet
 - · Recognising 'off' odours
 - Assessing intensity of aromas
 - Describing smell characteristics (eg fruity, vegetal, spicy)
 - · Assessing age
- · Taste appraisal:
 - Techniques for releasing wine flavours (sucking in air, swirling wine over taste buds)
 - · Spitting techniques
 - Recognising acidity, sweetness, weight or body, length, wine faults
 - Assessing balance of wine features on the palate

3. Other information may include:

- Promotional information
- · Details of production methods
- · Reference texts on wines
- Product reviews
- Presentation sessions from growers, wholesalers, distributors, visiting winemakers

4. Work as a specialist in wine might involve:

- · Making presentations on wine
- · Selling wine to corporations
- Selling wine to individuals
- · Conducting specialised wine tastings
- Developing wine list suggestions
- · Providing winery tours

5. Particular requirements may relate to:

- · Temperature
- · Humidity
- Stock rotation
- · Shelf life
- · Amount of UV light
- Vibrations

6. Impaired quality might relate to:

- Oxidation
- Tartrates
- · Cloudiness
- · Cork faults
- · Presence of hydrogen sulphide

7. Appropriate and ethical business considerations may include:

- · Profitability requirements
- Current stock
- Supplier arrangements
- · Stock availability
- Range being promoted

8. Formal and informal research may include:

- Talking to product suppliers, winemakers and vineyard managers
- Memberships of associations and industry hodies
- Reading general and trade media and supplier information
- · Attending trade shows
- · Attending wine tastings
- · Reading wine reference books
- · Using the internet

Evidence of the following is required:

- 1. Identification of wine characteristics, style, country and region of origin, vintage and production method using sensory evaluation techniques for at least six red or white wines from at least 3 regions
- At least three occasions of effective communication of wine advice to customers recorded
- Demonstrated detailed knowledge of international wines as specified under knowledge assessment
- 4. Demonstrated ability to maintain and extend current and relevant knowledge of wines and to apply that knowledge to different workplace activities (portfolio evidence).

Assessment must ensure:

- Interaction with and involvement of other people to discuss wine characteristics and options and to answer varied questions about wines
- Access to a wide range of wines and to information on wines.

ASSESSMENT METHODS

A range of assessment methods should be used to assess practical skills and knowledge. The following examples are appropriate for this unit:

- Direct observation of candidate providing advice to customers or colleagues on wine
- Oral or written questions to assess knowledge of wine
- · Observation of a presentation on wine
- Observation of candidate evaluating wines and providing opinions
- Research project to develop information about wines for use in particular workplace context
- Review of wine lists written by the candidate for particular contexts and purposes
- Review of portfolio of evidence and third-party workplace reports of on-the-job performance by the candidate.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Wine Attendant, Sommelier, Restaurant Supervisor	N/A

FBS3.3. UNIT TITLE: PLAN AND MONITOR QUALITY OF ESPRESSO COFFEE

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required to plan and monitor the quality of espresso coffee served in restaurants, specialist coffee shops and other food and beverage outlets where espresso coffee is brewed and served.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Plan coffee beverage service

- P1. Develop coffee beverage menus taking into consideration profit requirements, market focus, demographics and customer preferences
- P2. Select suppliers and roasters, and make purchases according to budget and quality
- P3. Liaise with suppliers and roasters to ensure coffee service meets organisational quality standards

E2. Monitor quality of coffee beverages

- P4. Identify desirable characteristics of superior espresso coffee beverages
- P5. Evaluate coffee beans to ensure freshness
- P6. Monitor grind to ensure quality and consistency of espresso extraction
- P7. Monitor environmental variations affecting dose, and adjust the grind and dose accordingly
- P8. Evaluate espresso coffee beverage quality and diagnose faults and problems in quality of coffee beans, ground coffee and coffee beverages
- P9. Monitor coffee extractions and service ensuring quality and consistency
- P10. Assess texture and temperature of milk served
- P11. Seek and follow up feedback on coffee beverage quality from customers and staff
- P12. Ensure ingredients and accompaniments are stored appropriately in suitable containers and conditions
- P13. Ensure coffee beverages are presented correctly and attractively with suitable accompaniments

E3. Monitor and maintain equipment

- P14. Monitor espresso coffee machine and other equipment for efficiency and reliability of operation
- P15. Monitor temperature and water pressure
- P16. Develop environmentally sound cleaning, maintenance, waste disposal and recycling practices
- P17. Identify need for new equipment and serviceware taking into account relevant considerations and evaluate options
- P18. Identify situations requiring use of specialist service technicians
- P19. Schedule service calls and replacement of worn parts at appropriate times

- K1. Describe how you ensure hygienic and safe work practices related to making, serving and storing coffee and coffee products and service equipment
- K2. Describe your current work practices for the management of large coffee orders
- K3. Explain the processes you use for diagnosis of problems and faults in coffee
- K4. Describe the methods you use to ensure efficient use of product and to minimise wastage
- K5. Describe how you liaise with other team members, clarify requirements, provide information and listen to and interpret information and non-verbal communication
- K6. Explain how you calculate required quantities for ordering supplies and costs
- K7. Appraise the cost and profit issues associated with the provision of espresso coffee service, including product, equipment and pricing of menu items

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K8. Explain how you diagnose and rectify problems and faults in coffee machines and equipment
- K9. Describe the impacts on flavour of coffee of machines, cleanliness of machines, temperature and pressure
- K10. List the regulatory and legislative requirements impacting on coffee and coffee service.
- K11. Describe the impacts on flavour of coffee beverages from cleanliness of machines and water temperature and pressure
- K12. List the organisational and industry standards for:
 - Serviceware used for espresso coffee beverage presentation
 - Accompaniments used to enhance beverages
 - Presentation of beverages including latte art

- K13. Describe the storage of coffee beans, ground coffee, milk and other ingredients:
 - Correct environmental conditions to ensure food safety
 - · Appropriate methods to optimise shelf life
 - Methods to ensure efficient use of ingredients and to minimise wastage
- K14. Describe the technical features and functions of different espresso machines and grinders
- K15. Describe the cleaning and maintenance procedures for espresso coffee machines and grinders

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Knowledge may be sourced from:

- · Associations and industry bodies
- Coffee beverage tastings
- · Coffee reference books
- General and trade media, and supplier information
- Product suppliers, roasters and other baristas
- The Internet
- · Trade shows.

2. To evaluate may involve use of:

- · Customer feedback
- · Information or data on:
 - Repeat business
 - Sales of particular items, types of coffee beverages
 - · Organisational and industry standards
 - · Staff feedback
- · Sensory analysis, including:
 - Olfactory
 - Tactile
 - Tasting coffee beverage
 - · Visual.

3. To monitor may involve:

- · Identifying and diagnosing faults
- Fine tuning or arranging fine tuning of machines and grinders according to manufacturer instructions and warranty requirements
- Removing shower screens and diffusers if appropriate
- Cleaning using wet method and reassembling.

4. Equipment may include:

- · Bins for used coffee grounds
- · Blind or blank filter
- Cleaning brushes
- Coffee grinders
- Colour coded cleaning cloths
- Espresso coffee machines and parts
- Flat edge implement such as a spatula for levelling off dosed filter basket
- · Measuring equipment:
 - · Stopwatch or timer
 - Thermometer
- Milk foaming jugs
- Napkins
- Powder shakers e.g. chocolate, cinnamon
- Service trays
- Spoons
- Stirrers
- Storage bins
- Straws
- Take-away cardboard trays
- · Tamp mats
- Tampers

5. Serviceware may include:

- Cups
- Saucers
- Mugs
- Glasses
- · Take away coffee cups

6. Considerations include:

- Cost
- Reliability
- Reputation of supplier
- Service availability
- Size and capacity to meet outlet service needs
- Technical characteristics
- · Training in operation

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Assessment evidence must include:

- 1. Two case studies/examples on how you evaluated coffee beans, ground coffee and coffee beverages, and diagnosed and rectified a range of faults
- 2. Two documented examples/cases on how you coordinated and improved the operational aspects of espresso coffee preparation for an coffee outlet
- 3. Two documented examples/cases on how you monitor and control the overall quality of espresso coffee beverages by maintaining commercial grade espresso coffee machines and grinders and by reviewing routine problems and faults in espresso machines and grinders.
- 4. Two examples of:
 - Maintenance schedules for espresso machines
 - Descriptive coffee beverage menus
 - Information sheets for use of customers and staff

Assessment must ensure use of:

- An operational food and beverage outlet with the fixtures, large and small equipment specific equipment for preparing espresso coffee beverages; this may be a:
 - Real industry workplace
 - Simulated industry environment such as a training food and beverage outlet servicing customers
 - A workstation with industry current commercial grade espresso machine and coffee grinders

ASSESSMENT METHODS

A range of assessment methods should be used to assess practical skills and knowledge. The following examples are appropriate for this unit:

- Use of case studies and problem-solving exercises to assess the individual's ability to evaluate coffee beans, ground coffee and coffee beverages, and diagnose and rectify a range of faults
- Review of workplace documents developed by the individual:
- Written or oral questioning to assess knowledge of:
 - History and culture of coffee beverages
 - Current and emerging espresso coffee service trends
 - Cost and profit issues associated with the provision of espresso coffee service
 - Major types of espresso coffee beverages, coffee beans and their characteristics
 - Technical features and functions of different espresso machines and grinders
 - Routine problems and faults in espresso machines and grinders
- Review of portfolio of evidence and third-party workplace reports of on-the-job performance by the individual.

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS
 A commercial range of coffee beans, ground coffee, other ingredients and accompaniments Commercial beverage menus and standard recipes for coffee beverages currently used by the hospitality industry Organisational and industry standards for presenting for espresso coffee beverages Cleaning and maintenance procedures for espresso coffee machines and grinders 	

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Barista, Head Barista, F&B Manager or Restaurant Supervisor	D1.HPA.CL4.01

HRS3. UNIT TITLE: CONDUCT A STAFF PERFORMANCE REVIEW

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to monitor staff performance within the framework of established performance management systems. It requires the ability to monitor the day-to-day effectiveness of staff and to conduct structured performance reviews and formal counselling sessions.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Monitor staff performance

- P1. Consult with and inform staff about expected standards of performance using appropriate communication mechanisms
- P2. Monitor on-going performance by maintaining close contact with the workplace and staff members

E2. Provide guidance, support & recognition

- P3. Regularly provide confirming and corrective feedback to staff
- P4. Provide staff with guidance and support
- P5. Provide recognition and reward for achievements and outstanding performance

E3. Identify needs and provide solutions

- P6. Identify the need for further coaching or training and organise according to organisational policies
- P7. Recognise and resolve performance problems
- P8. Identify and investigate performance problems
- P9. Use feedback and coaching to address performance problems
- P10. Discuss and agree upon possible solutions with

E4. Conduct performance reviews

- P11. Follow-up outcomes of informal counselling through review in the workplace
- P12. Organise and conduct a formal counselling session when needed according to required procedures
- P13. Conduct individual performance evaluations openly and fairly
- P14. Complete and file performance management records
- P15. Agree on courses of action with staff and follow up in the workplace

- K1. Describe the role and importance of monitoring staff performance and providing feedback and coaching
- K2. Describe the performance review practices, including:
 - Reasons for performance review
 - The format for and inclusions of performance review documents
- K3. Describe the methods of reviewing performance in your organisation
- K4. Explain the procedures for performance review interviews
- K5. Explain the procedures for formal counselling sessions
- K6. Explain grievance procedures

The variables relate to the unit of competency as a whole. It allows for different work environments and situations that may affect performance.

1. Expected standards of performance and performance problems may relate to:

- · Adherence to procedures
- · Cost minimisation
- · Customer service standards
- · Level of accuracy in work
- · Personal presentation
- Productivity
- Punctuality
- · Response times
- · Team interaction
- · Waste minimisation
- · Attitude and behaviours
- · Responsibility
- Liability
- Others

2. Guidance and support may include:

- Advice on training and development opportunities
- Confirmation of organisational objectives and key performance requirements
- Ensuring adequate resources are applied
- Opportunity to discuss work challenges
- Representing staff interests in other forums
- Support with difficult interpersonal situations

3. Recognition and reward may include:

- Acknowledgment of individual good performance to the whole team
- · Informal acknowledgment
- · Presentation of awards
- · Written reports to management

4. Possible solutions to performance may include:

- · Additional training and coaching
- · Adjustment of workload
- Agreement on short term goals for improvement
- Assistance with problems outside of the workplace
- Reorganisation of work practices

5. Required procedures for a formal counselling session may include:

- · Preparation:
 - Formal notification to staff member and management
 - Invited participation of appropriate people
 - Organisation of appropriate location for counselling session
- Conducting the performance review:
 - · Start and introduce the objectives
 - Discussions on achievements, improvement requirement
 - Set goals
 - · Conclusions made
- · Complete documentation

6. Performance management systems may include:

- Methods of collecting performance data
- Methods of interpreting performance data
- Processes for performance appraisal interviews

- Communication skills to provide effective feedback, coaching and counselling to team members
- 2. Critical thinking skills to evaluate the reasons contributing to poor staff performance
- 3. Initiative and enterprise skills to proactively provide colleagues with appropriate guidance and support to enhance their work performance
- 4. Literacy skills to:
 - a. Read and interpret staff records and performance management documents
 - b. Write potentially complex and sensitive information about staff performance
- 5. Planning and organising skills to coordinate regular performance appraisals and coordinate and operate formal counselling sessions
- 6. Problem-solving skills to identify and respond to staff performance issues
- 7. Self-management skills to take responsibility for monitoring staff performance
- 8. Teamwork skills to monitor the performance of individuals, their effect on the team and take corrective action to enhance the whole of team performance

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc. This unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence or report on aspects of managing performance in a hospitality or tourism environment. Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Note that all evidence should remove names of personnel to protect the privacy of individuals and the organisation. Evidence must include:

- Two documented examples or cases when the manager monitored staff performance and provided guidance, support and recognition and reward for achievements and outstanding performance
- 2. Two documented examples or cases when the manager identified needs and provided solutions to individuals in their team
- 3. One documented example of a successfully conducted performance review
- 4. Fully completing the knowledge assessment as set out in the unit either by recorded oral questioning or answers to written questions

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Suitable methods will include:

- Portfolio of workplace evidence to include notes of meetings, notes of discussion with individuals and colleagues, details of support and advice provided to individuals, record of performance review meetings etc (without named individuals)
- Personal statements
- Witness testimony
- · Professional discussion

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All staff with supervisory or management responsibility in tourism occupations	D1.HHR.CL8.01-04

HRS7. UNIT TITLE: PROVIDE ON-THE-JOB COACHING

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to helping individuals – either in your own team or from another work group – to develop and maintain their performance through coaching.

Coaching involves helping individuals improve their performance by:

- Identifying their strengths and how they can use these most effectively
- Analysing areas of their work where they are less than fully effective and developing a coaching plan to address weaknesses and gaps
- Coaching individuals in technical, practical skills, customer service, interpersonal/communication skills or other areas of the business operation

This standard is relevant to supervisors and managers who have a specific responsibility for coaching individuals.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Identify coaching requirements

- P1. Work with individuals to identify and prioritise their needs for coaching
- P2. Ensure that individuals' coaching requirements are in line with your organisation's objectives
- P3. Establish with individuals what they expect from the coaching
- P4. Confirm with individuals what coaching that will be provided
- P5. Explore with individuals the knowledge and skills they need to develop, and the behaviours they need to change, in order to meet the desired standard of performance
- P6. Explore with individuals obstacles which could hinder their progress and how to remove these obstacles

E2. Prepare and deliver the coaching sessions

- P7. Plan with individuals how they can develop new skills and behaviours in a logical step-by-step sequence
- P8. Prepare the coaching sessions and confirm the content and desired outcomes
- P9. Deliver technical, practical or other coaching sessions to help individual develop new skills and behaviours or enhance existing skills and behaviours

E3. Monitor progress & provide feedback

- P10. Monitor the individuals' progress in a systematic way
- P11. Provide specific feedback designed to improve individuals' skills, reinforce effective behaviours and enhance their motivation to achieve the desired standard of performance
- P12. Agree with individuals when they have achieved the desired standard of performance, or when they no longer require coaching
- P13. Encourage and empower individuals to take responsibility for their continuing professional development

- K1. Describe relevant coaching models, tools and techniques, and how to apply these
- K2. Define the skills effective coaches require, and how to apply these skills
- K3. Review how to establish a coaching contract with individuals and what the contract should cover
- K4. Describe how to help individuals identify the skills they need to develop and the behaviours they need to change
- K5. Explain how to help individuals identify and remove obstacles that could hinder their progress

- K6. Explain how to help individuals prepare a plan to develop their skills and/or adapt their behaviours
- K7. Describe how to help individuals try out new skills and behaviours and how to reflect on their progress
- K8. Explain the importance of monitoring individuals' progress in developing new skills and behaviours and how to do this
- K9. Discuss how to give individuals specific feedback designed to improve their skills, reinforce effective behaviours and enhance their motivation

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K10. Explain how to empower individuals to take responsibility for their own development
- K11. Review industry requirements for supporting individuals to improve their performance
- K12. Identify sources of information, resources and advice in your organisation
- K13. Describe your organisation's policies and practices in relation to on-the-job coaching

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Identifying coaching requirements includes:

- Establishing the specific area(s) in which they want to develop their performance
- Establishing their current standard of performance
- Establishing the standard of performance they wish to achieve
- Establishing why they want to develop their performance
- Clarifying the support they can expect from you, and the commitment you expect from them
- · Confirming the coaching you will provide
- Confirming the timescale
- Confirming the location, frequency and duration of coaching sessions
- Confirming points at which progress will be reviewed
- Confirming how progress will be measured and assessed

2. Obstacles which could hinder staff progress could include:

- Work pressures
- · Shift patterns
- Resistance to change
- Lack of facilities, equipment or resources
- Lack of support from colleagues or others
- · Lack of proper training

3. Skill deficiencies that could be addressed by coaching should include:

- Skills which do not require formal or extended training sessions for example:
 - Customer service or interpersonal/ communication skills
 - Technical or practical skills such as operating equipment
 - Selling or promoting products and servicing

4. Suitable time and place may include:

- · On-the-job during work hours
- · Before or after work
- In a simulated location away from the actual workplace

5. Specific job skills may relate to:

- Skills required to support introduction of new equipment
- Skills required to support introduction of new processes
- Skills required to support introduction of new procedures
- Skills required to complete a job or task effectively and efficiently

Important behaviours of coaches (supervisors/managers) include:

- 1. Seek opportunities to improve performance
- 2. Find practical ways to overcome obstacles
- 3. Listen actively, ask questions, clarify points and restate or rephrase statements to check mutual understanding
- 4. Show empathy with others' needs, feelings and motivations and take an active interest in their concerns
- 5. Support others to make effective use of their abilities
- 6. Give feedback to others to help them maintain and improve their performance
- 7. Recognise the achievements and success of others
- 8. Inspire others with the desire to learn
- 9. Address performance issues promptly and resolve them directly with the people involved
- 10. Check individuals' commitment to their roles and responsibilities
- 11. Communicate clearly the value and benefits of a proposed course of action
- 12. Model behaviour that shows, and inspires others to show, respect, helpfulness and cooperation

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc. This unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence or report on coaching activities for staff in a hospitality or tourism environment. Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Note that all evidence should remove names of personnel to protect the privacy of individuals and the organisation. Evidence must include:

- Two examples of work records to show your work with individuals to identify and prioritise their needs for coaching and to confirm the coaching that will be provided, the skills or behaviours they need to change and any obstacles that might hinder their progress
- 2. Two examples or cases of the outlines or content of the coaching sessions and the delivery of the technical, practical or other coaching sessions to help individual develop new skills and behaviours or enhance existing skills and behaviours
- 3. Two examples or cases of the outcomes of coaching, the progress of individual staff and how they reached the desired standard of performance
- 4. Fully completing the knowledge assessment as set out in the unit either by recorded oral questioning or answers to written questions

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Suitable methods will include:

- Portfolio of workplace evidence
- Personal statements
- Witness testimony
- Professional discussion

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All staff with supervisory or management responsibility in tourism occupations	D1.HHR.CL8.06

HRS8. UNIT TITLE: DELIVER A GROUP TRAINING SESSION

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to devise and implement training for your team members, balancing the developmental needs of the individual with the skills and knowledge needed by them to fulfil their role within the organisation.

Within many hospitality organisations, particularly those that are small, there may be little human resources support, therefore as a team manager you may identify and/or provide relevant training for staff yourself.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Establish training and development requirements

- P1. Identify current competencies of trainees/staff
- P2. Identify required competencies for trainees/
- P3. Confirm the identified training gap with relevant personnel
- P4. Determine support available for training provision

E2. Prepare training

- P5. Plan training requirements
- P6. Develop training content
- P7. Develop training resources and materials

E3. Facilitate training session

- P8. Prepare the training venue
- P9. Introduce training and assessment activities
- P10. Conduct training session
- P11. Provide opportunities for trainees/staff to practice skills
- P12. Provide feedback to trainees/staff

E4. Evaluate and follow up training session

- P13. Complete evaluation with trainees/staff
- P14. Ensure further training sessions incorporate feedback

- K1. Explain how the training needs of individuals and teams fit in with the needs of the organisation
- K2. Explain how to carry out training needs analysis
- K3. Explain how to identify appropriate training, and what learning outcomes are achieved via different types of training
- K4. Describe how to ensure training outcomes meet identified training needs
- K5. Explain what sort of feedback is required from the individual on the training, and how to evaluate the effectiveness of the training
- K6. Explain why it is important to look at long-term goals as well as the short-term benefits

The range statement relates to the unit of competency as a whole. It allows for different work environments and situations that may affect performance.

1. Identify current competencies may be related to:

- Observing workers' practices
- Reviewing data contained in workplace staff performance systems/databases
- Seeking input from managers, supervisors and co-workers
- · Obtaining feedback from customers
- Checking currency of qualifications, certificates and licenses
- Identifying individual trainees/staff preferences for training delivery

2. Identify required competencies may include:

- Reviewing relevant training programs
- Verifying plans for the business
- · Reviewing relevant policies and procedures
- Reviewing existing job analysis sheets
- · Specifying product and service criteria
- Describing the workplace context, including the conditions under which tasks are to be completed

3. Describe the training gap may include:

- Specifying the difference between organisational expectations of staff/trainees' performance
- Actual level of workplace performance for each staff trainees
- Confirming identified training gaps with individual staff/trainees

4. Support available for training provision may include:

- Time
- Physical resources
- Human resources
- Financial resources
- Training venues
- Training resources and materials
- Management support for the initiative
- Established internal career paths based on internal training delivery

5. Develop training content may include:

- Ensuring accuracy and comprehensiveness of proposed content
- Identifying topics and sub-topics for training delivery
- Identifying the underpinning attitudes, skills and knowledge for each area of proposed content
- Mapping training content against identified competencies required by staff/trainees
- Emphasising workplace safety at all stages of training delivery and in all training content

6. Develop training resources and materials may include:

- Matching training resources and materials against identified workplace need
- Identifying specific materials and resources, including manuals, texts, work books, workshop guides, hand-outs, standard operating procedures, posters, videos, sample items etc
- Preparing establishment-specific training materials and resources to address identified workplace need

7. Facilitate training session may include:

- Adhering to the prepared training/delivery plan, including coverage of content/objectives, and implementation of activities
- Adjusting the prepared delivery plan to effectively accommodate issues arising during the training session
- Applying appropriate interpersonal skills to facilitate the training
- Using effective verbal communication skills to deliver training, provide supplementary information, and monitor the training session
- Using suitable types of training: job talk or job demonstration

8. Provide feedback to staff/trainees may include:

- Ensuring feedback is provided sensitively
- Using positive feedback to motivate and encourage staff/trainees
- Recognising effort and not just success
- · Being sincere in the giving of feedback
- Being open as a trainer to feedback from staff/ trainees
- Using verbal and non-verbal techniques to provide feedback

9. Complete evaluation with learners could include:

- Providing evaluation forms that ensure objective evaluation of training content, training delivery, training facilities and learning outcomes are met
- Ensuring further training sessions incorporate feedback from the training session

Important behaviours for supervisors/ managers include:

- 1. Seek opportunities to improve performance
- 2. Find practical ways to overcome obstacles
- 3. Listen actively, ask questions, clarify points and restate or rephrase statements to check mutual understanding
- Show empathy with others' needs, feelings and motivations and take an active interest in their concerns
- 5. Support others to make effective use of their abilities
- 6. Give feedback to others to help them maintain and improve their performance

- 7. Recognise the achievements and success of others
- 8. Inspire others with the desire to learn
- 9. Address performance issues promptly and resolve them directly with the people involved
- 10. Check individuals' commitment to their roles and responsibilities
- 11. Communicate clearly the value and benefits of a proposed course of action
- 12. Model behaviour that shows, and inspires others to show, respect, helpfulness and cooperation

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc.

This Unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence or report on a training session for staff in a hospitality or tourism environment. Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Note that all evidence should remove names of personnel to protect the privacy of individuals and the organisation. Evidence must include:

- 1. Two examples of training needs analysis that identifies the skills or behaviours required by staff in order to plan a training session
- 2. Two examples of the outlines, training plan and content of the training sessions which demonstrates how individuals developed new skills and behaviours or enhanced existing skills and behaviours
- Two examples of the outcomes of the training session, the progress of individual staff and how they reached the desired standard of performance (based on evaluation of the training courses)
- 4. Fully completing the knowledge assessment as set out in the unit either by recorded oral questioning or answers to written questions

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Suitable methods will include:

- Portfolio of workplace evidence
- Observation
- Personal statements
- · Witness testimony
- · Professional discussion

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All staff with supervisory or management responsibility in tourism occupations	D1.HHR.CL8.07-09

HRS9. UNIT TITLE: QUALITY ASSURE WORK IN YOUR TEAM

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to check the progress and quality of the work of team members to ensure that the required standard of performance is being met.

This standard is relevant to managers, supervisors and team leaders who monitor progress of work in their team and check the quality of the output.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Monitor progress and quality of work

- P1. Check regularly the progress and quality of the work of team members against the standard performance expected
- P2. Provide team members with prompt, specific feedback designed to maintain and improve their performance

E2. Provide support to team members

- P3. Support team members in identifying and dealing with problems and unforeseen events
- P4. Motivate team members to complete the work they have been allocated on time and to the standard required
- P5. Provide any additional support and/or resources team members require to complete their work on time and to the standard required

E3. Deal with any performance problems

- P6. Identify any unsatisfactory performance, discuss the causes and agree ways of improving performance with team members
- P7. Recognise successful completion of significant pieces of work by team members
- P8. Motivate team members to maintain and continuously improve their performance over time
- P9. Use information collected on the performance of team members in any formal appraisal of performance, where appropriate

- K1. Summarise the most effective ways of regularly and fairly checking the progress and quality of the work of team members
- K2. Describe how to provide prompt and constructive feedback to team members
- K3. Explain how to select and apply different methods for motivating, supporting and encouraging team members to complete the work they have been allocated and continuously improve their performance
- K4. Explain how to select and apply different methods for recognising team members' achievements
- K5. Describe the additional support and/or resources which team members might require helping them complete their work on time and to the standard required and how to assist in providing this

- K6. Explain how you review your team's plan for undertaking the required work
- K7. Describe your organisation's policy and procedures in terms of personal and professional development
- K8. Explain the reporting lines in your organisation and the limits of your authority
- K9. Summarise your organisation's standards or levels of expected performance
- K10. Explain your organisation's policies and procedures for dealing with poor performance

1. Efficiency and service levels may relate to:

- Monitoring and measuring performance
- Monitoring customer service satisfaction
- Monitoring costs

2. Quality assurance initiatives may include:

- Quality systems
- · Quality standards

3. Quality problems may include:

- · Difficult customer service situations
- · Equipment breakdown/technical failure
- Failure to deliver promised service to customers
- · Procedural inadequacies or failure
- Poor rosters giving rise to inadequate/ inappropriate staffing levels
- Inadequate financial resources
- Delays and time difficulties
- Others

4. Procedures and systems may be related to:

- · Customer service
- Bar and restaurant operations
- Kitchens
- · Office administration
- Reservation procedures
- Housekeeping systems
- Stock control
- Security
- Safe work practices
- · Record keeping
- Financial procedures
- Others

5. Supportive feedback and coaching may relate to:

- · Performance reviews
- Advice
- Guest comments

6. Workplace records may include:

- Staff record
- · Performance reports
- Time and wages records
- Financial records
- Cash takings
- Front office transactions, vouchers and documentation
- Customer records
- · Audit records
- Stock records
- Others

7. Workplace problems may relate to:

- · Industrial
- Customer
- · Supplier
- Equipment
- Compliance
- · Administrative
- · Organisational
- · Employee
- · Others

8. Corrective action may include:

- New procedures and/or processes
- Changes to workplace procedures and/or processes
- · Others

- 1. Seek opportunities to improve performance
- 2. Find practical ways to overcome obstacles
- 3. Identify people's preferred ways of communicating
- 4. Use communication media and styles appropriate to different people and situations
- 5. Make time available to support others
- 6. Give feedback to others to help them maintain and improve their performance
- 7. Recognise the achievements and success of others
- 8. Show integrity, fairness and consistency in decision-making
- 9. Monitor the quality of work and progress against plans and take appropriate corrective action, where necessary
- 10. Take pride in delivering high quality, accurate work
- 11. Seek to understand people's needs and motivations

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc.

This unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence or report on quality assuring the work of a team in a hospitality or tourism environment. Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Note that all evidence should remove names of personnel to protect the privacy of individuals and the organisation. Evidence must include:

- 1. Two examples or cases of how you monitored and checked the progress and quality of the work of team members against the standard performance expected, and the support you provided to team members to maintain and improve their performance
- 2. Two examples of how you identified and dealt with team problems and unforeseen events and how you motivated team members to complete the work they have been allocated on time and to the standard required
- 3. Two examples of how you identified unsatisfactory performance, how you discussed the causes and agreed ways of improving performance with team members
- 4. Two examples of how you recognised successful completion of significant pieces of work by team members and motivated team members to maintain and continuously improve their performance over time
- 5. Fully completing the knowledge assessment as set out in the unit either by recorded oral questioning or answers to written questions

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Suitable methods will include:

- · Portfolio of workplace evidence
- Observation
- Personal statements
- Witness testimony
- Professional discussion

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All staff with supervisory or management responsibility in tourism occupations	D1.HRM.CL9.04

HRS10. UNIT TITLE: PLAN, ALLOCATE AND MONITOR WORK OF A TEAM

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to ensure that the work required of your team is effectively and fairly allocated and involves monitoring the progress and quality of the work of team members to ensure that the required level or standard or performance is being met.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Plan the work for your team

- P1. Confirm the work required of the team with your manager and seek clarification, where necessary, on any outstanding points and issues
- P2. Plan how the team will undertake its work, identifying any priorities or critical activities and making best use of the available resources

E2. Allocate work to team members

- P3. Allocate work to team members on a fair basis taking account of their skills, knowledge and understanding, experience and workloads and the opportunity for development
- P4. Brief team members on the work they have been allocated and the standard or level of expected performance
- P5. Encourage team members to ask questions, make suggestions and seek clarification in relation to the work they have been allocated

E3. Supervise progress and quality of work of team members

- P6. Check the progress and quality of the work of team members on a regular and fair basis against the standard or level of expected performance
- P7. Provide prompt and constructive feedback
- P8. Support team members in identifying and dealing with problems and unforeseen events
- P9. Motivate team members to complete the work they have been allocated and provide any additional support and/or resources to help completion
- P10. Monitor the team for conflict, identify the cause(s) when it occurs and deal with it promptly and effectively

E4. Review performance of team members

- P11. Identify unacceptable or poor performance, discuss the cause(s) and agree ways of improving performance with team members
- P12. Recognise successful completion of significant pieces of work or work activities by team members and the overall team and advise your manager
- P13. Use information collected on the performance of team members in any formal appraisal of performance

- K1. Describe different ways of communicating effectively with members of a team
- K2. Explain the importance of confirming/clarifying the work required of the team with your manager and how to do this effectively
- K3. Discuss how to plan the work of a team, including how to identify any priorities or critical activities and the available resources
- K4. Explain how to identify and take due account of health and safety issues in the planning, allocation and checking of work
- K5. Explain why it is important to allocate work across the team on a fair basis and how to do so
- K6. Explain why it is important to brief team members on the work they have been allocated and the standard or level of expected performance and how to do so

- K7. Summarize the ways of encouraging team members to ask questions and/or seek clarification and make suggestions in relation to the work which they have been allocated
- K8. List the most effective ways of regularly and fairly checking the progress and quality of the work of team members
- K9. Explain how to provide prompt and constructive feedback to team members
- K10. Explain how to select and apply a limited range of different methods for motivating, supporting and encouraging team members to complete the work they have been allocated, improve their performance and for recognising their achievements
- K11. List the additional support and/or resources which team members might require to help them complete their work and how to assist in providing this

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K12. Explain why it is important to monitor the team for conflict and how to identify the cause(s) of conflict when it occurs and deal with it promptly and effectively
- K13. Explain why it is important to identify unacceptable or poor performance by members of the team and how to discuss the cause(s) and agree ways of improving performance with team members
- K14. List the type of problems and unforeseen events that may occur and how to support team members in dealing with them
- K15. Describe how to log information on the on-going performance of team members and use this information for performance appraisal purposes.

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Performance management may be defined as:

 A process or set of processes for establishing a shared understanding of what an individual or group is to achieve, and managing individuals in a way which increases the probability it will be achieved in both the short and longer terms

2. Performance standards may include:

- Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) used to measure actual performance against set targets
- Performance standards, defining the level of performance sought from an individual or group that are expressed quantitatively or qualitatively, and which may relate to:
 - Productivity
 - Punctuality
 - · Personal presentation
 - · Levels of accuracy in work
 - · Adherence to procedures
 - Customer service standards
 - Team interaction
 - Response times
 - Waste minimization
 - Cost minimization
 - · Others

3. Systems to ensure staff performance is monitored may include:

- Any regularly applied and formalized system where all staff have their actual workplace practice evaluated and assessed against predetermined goals/targets with a view to determining their individual level of performance or achievement
- Evaluation based on factual evidence
- Feedback on the identified performance
- Support for the individual to continue acceptable performance and redress unacceptable performance
- Counselling and disciplinary action for staff unable or unprepared to bring their performance in line with expectations and standards

4. Appraise staff should include:

- Conducting appraisals at regular, pre-determined intervals
- Application of appraisals across all staff, including management, full-time staff, part-time staff and casual staff
- Establishing initial targets for performance and notifying individual staff of these
- Gathering evidence of actual staff performance which should include consideration of:
 - Type of assessment/appraisal which may include peer assessment, self-assessment
 - Team assessment, use of productivity indicators including feedback from patrons
 - Methods of collecting performance data to ensure data is reliable, indicative and relevant
 - Methods of interpreting performance data, including prioritizing results and understanding
 - · The data within individual contexts

5. Advise staff of the result should include:

- Providing evidence-based feedback of staff performance
- Agreeing on the level of concurrence between actual and required workplace performance
- Determining revised action, timelines and targets for the next phase/cycle of the appraisal process

6. Action to take to underpin attainment of the revised targets may include:

- Proving necessary support, such as mentoring, coaching, training, resources, information
- Providing support for out-of-work problems encountered by staff
- Re-allocation of duties and adjustment of workload
- Re-organisation of work practices
- Agreement on short-term goals for improvement
- Revisions to required workloads and/or standards
- Counselling

7. Supporting and motivating team members may include:

- Informal but structured discussions between management and staff
- Timely delivery of support to minimize the negative impact of delays and enable linking of discussion and outcomes to recent and identified performance
- Application of suitable strategies to meet individual and company needs
- Providing the appropriate level of support during the counselling commensurate with the issues being dealt with
- Referring the staff member to external professional services, where appropriate

- 1. Make time available to support others
- 2. Clearly agree what is expected of others and hold them to account
- 3. Prioritise objectives and plan work to make best use of time and resources
- 4. State your own position and views clearly and confidently in conflict situations
- 5. Integrity, fairness and consistency in decision-making
- 6. Seek to understand people's needs and motivations
- 7. Take pride in delivering high quality work
- 8. Take personal responsibility for making things happen
- 9. Encourage and support others to make the best use of their abilities
- 10. Be vigilant for possible risks and hazards

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc.

This unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence or report on allocating and monitoring the work of a team in a hospitality or tourism environment. Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Note that all evidence should remove names of personnel to protect the privacy of individuals and the organisation. Evidence must include:

- Two examples or cases of how you planned how your team will undertake its work, including detailed work schedules, timetables and other plans for individual and team work activities, tasks, production targets
- 2. Two examples of how you allocated work to team members on a fair basis taking account of their skills, knowledge and understanding, experience and workloads and the opportunity for development
- Two examples of how you checked the progress and quality of the work of team members and provided prompt and constructive feedback
- 4. Two examples of how you identified unsatisfactory performance, how you discussed the causes and agreed ways of improving performance with team members
- Fully completing the knowledge assessment as set out in the unit either by recorded oral questioning or answers to written questions

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Suitable methods will include:

- Detailed work schedules, timetables and other plans for individual and team work activities
- Notes of team briefings to allocate individual and team work activities, tasks, targets, etc
- Personal statements (reflections on the process and reasoning behind work allocation)
- Witness statements (comments on the process of work allocation and perceptions of its fairness)
- Records of individual and team work output or production records, production/operational reports
- Notes, reports, recommendations to managers or other records of problems or critical incidents
- Health, safety or security; customers; or team members' work performance
- Notes, emails, memos or other records of formal or informal feedback or performance appraisal
- Personal statement (reflections on your own role in dealing with problems or critical incidents)
- Witness statements (comments on your own role in dealing with problems or critical incidents)

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All staff with supervisory or management responsibility in tourism occupations	D1.HRM.CL9.03

FMS4. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE AND ANALYSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORTS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to generate financial statements required to monitor business performance and to prepare and analyse financial statements and reports.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Prepare specific financial reports

- P1. Produce the revenue report
- P2. Produce the balance sheet
- P3. Produce the profit and loss statement
- P4. Produce specific reports to meet departmental requirements

E2. Analyse financial statements and reports

- P5. Analyse financial statements
- P6. Analyse financial reports
- P7. Ensure internal requirements are met
- P8. Validate the financial statements that have been prepared

E3. Distribute updated records

- P9. Update internal records
- P10. Distribute the prepared financial statements and reports

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. Describe the organisation's policies and procedures in regard to preparation, presentation and distribution of financial statements including identification of the statements to be prepared
- K2. Describe relevant accounting and financial terminology. Identify the financial statements that need to be produced
- K3. List the relevant legislated accounting provisions that apply to the host country
- K4. Explain the accepted principles and standards of account preparation and presentation

- K5. Identify the frequency with which financial statements need to be produced
- K6. Identify the responsibilities and authorities that attach to the preparation of financial statements
- K7. Identify the internal requirements in relation to financial statements
- K8. Identify the format for the preparation of financial statements
- K9. Identify the distribution requirements for financial statements

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Financial statements may include:

- · Balance sheet
- Profit and loss statement
- · Revenue statements
- · Bank reconciliations

2. Revenue report should:

- Reflect the operating profit for the reporting period
- Comply with organisational policy and procedures
- Align with designated accounting requirements

3. Balance sheet should:

- Reflect the financial position of the business at the end of the reporting period
- Comply with organisational policy and procedures
- Align with designated accounting requirements

4. Profit and loss statement should:

- Reflect transactions over a period of time and business performance
- Comply with organisational policy and procedures
- · Align with designated accounting requirements

5. Specific departmental financial reports may include:

- · Statement of cash flow
- · Daily, weekly and monthly revenue reports
- Sales and occupancy report
- Restaurant and banquets summary
- F&B sales
- Travel receipts report
- · Advance deposit report
- · Guest credit report
- Refund documentation report
- Cash transaction report
- · Non-cash transaction report
- Account receivable and payable transaction report
- Vouchers for payment of/in lieu of payment report
- · Credit card imprints transaction report

6. Validate the financial statements may

- Ensuring statements, data and explanatory notes are error free
- Ensuring all provided information is clear, accurate, easy to understand and complete
- Ensuring statements meet necessary reporting requirements
- Making necessary additions and/or corrections

7. Update internal records may include:

- Entering data to reflect the current status of the financial statements
- Printing and archiving copies of the financial statements

- 1. Find practical ways to overcome obstacles
- 2. Present information clearly, concisely, accurately and in ways that promote understanding
- 3. Balance risks against the benefits that may arise from taking risks
- 4. Identify and seize opportunities to obtain resources
- Comply with, and ensure others comply with, legal requirements, industry regulations, organisational policies and professional codes
- Act within the limits of your authority to communicate clearly the value and benefits of a proposed course of action
- 7. Use a range of legitimate strategies and tactics to influence people
- 8. Work towards win-win solutions
- 9. Identify the range of elements in a situation and how they relate to each other
- 10. Specify the assumptions made and risks involved in understanding a situation
- 11. Test a variety of options before taking a decision

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc.

This unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence or report on preparing a budget for a department or project in a hospitality or tourism environment. Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Note that all evidence should remove names of personnel to protect the privacy of individuals and the organisation. Evidence must include:

- 1. At least two financial statements developed
- 2. At least two financial reports developed
- 3. At least one updated internal record based on financial statements prepared and/or financial reports developed
- 4. Fully completing the knowledge assessment as set out in the unit either by recorded oral questioning or answers to written questions.

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Suitable methods will include:

- · Portfolio of workplace evidence
- Observation
- Personal statements
- Witness testimony
- · Professional discussion

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All Managers or Supervisors in tourism organisations	D2.TFA.CL7.02

GASS. UNIT TITLE: PLAN, MANAGE AND CONDUCT MEETINGS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to plan, manage and conduct meetings in order to achieve their objectives, which may be to solve problems, take decisions, and consult with people or to exchange information and knowledge.

This standard is relevant to managers and supervisors who are required to lead meetings to achieve objectives.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Plan and prepare for the meeting

- P1. Establish the purpose and objectives of the meeting
- P2. Confirm that a meeting is the best way to achieve the objectives
- P3. Prepare carefully how you will lead the meeting and identify who needs to participate
- P4. Invite participants, giving them sufficient notice to enable them for attendance stating the importance of the meeting, the role they will be expected to play, and the preparation they need to do
- P5. Circulate relevant information in advance and, if required, brief participants individually on the content and purpose of the meeting and their roles
- P6. Set a fixed time for the meeting to begin and end and allocate time appropriately for each agenda item

E2. Conduct the meeting

- P7. State the purpose of the meeting at the start and check that all participants understand why they are present and what is expected of them
- P8. Clarify specific objectives at the beginning of each agenda item
- P9. Encourage all participants to make clear, concise and constructive contributions from their perspectives, whilst acknowledging and building on the contributions of other participants
- P10. Discourage unhelpful comments and digressions, refocusing attention on the objectives of the meeting
- P11. Manage time flexibly; giving more time to particular agenda items, if necessary, whilst ensuring key objectives are met and participants are kept informed of changes in the agenda
- P12. Summarise the discussion at appropriate times and allocate action points to participants at the end of each agenda item
- P13. Take decisions within the meeting's authority, remit or terms of reference

E3. Follow up the meeting

- P14. Check that decisions and action points are accurately recorded and promptly communicated to those who need to know
- P15. Evaluate whether the purpose and objectives of the meeting have been achieved
- P16. Identify how future meetings could be

- K1. Explain the importance of establishing the purpose and objectives of the meeting and how to do so
- K2. Explain the purpose of informing participants of the role they will be expected to play, the preparation they need to do and the importance of the meeting
- K3. Explain how to run the meeting to ensure the meeting meets specific objectives at the beginning of each agenda item
- K4. Explain how to encourage all participants to make clear, concise and constructive contributions from their perspectives, whilst acknowledging and building on the contributions of other participants, and how to do so
- K5. Explain how you will discourage unhelpful comments and digressions and refocus attention on the objectives of the meeting

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K6. Explain the importance of summarising the discussion at appropriate times and allocating action points to participants at the end of each agenda item and how to do so
- K7. Explain how to evaluate whether the purpose and objectives of the meeting have been achieved and how future meetings could be made more effective

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Meetings may relate to:

- · One-off meetings
- · Regular meetings
- Group dynamics
- Teleconferences
- Video conferences
- · Committee meetings
- · Board meetings
- Staff meetings
- · Client meetings
- · Others

2. Style of the meeting may be:

- Formal
- Informal

3. Arrangements for the meeting may include organising:

- Venue
- Refreshments
- · Travel arrangements for participants
- Audio-visual hire
- Supporting information and other agenda items to be discussed such as letters, submissions and reports
- · Others

4. Meeting papers may relate to:

- Agendas
- Minutes
- Written submissions
- Documents relating to the purpose of the meeting

- 1. Address multiple demands without losing focus or energy
- Listen actively, ask questions, clarify points and restate or rephrase statements to check mutual understanding
- 3. Present information clearly, concisely, accurately and in ways that promote understanding
- 4. Show respect for the views and actions of others
- 5. Comply with, and ensure others comply with, legal requirements, industry regulations, organisational policies and professional codes
- 6. Show integrity, fairness and consistency in decision-making
- 7. Prioritise objectives and plan work to make the effective use of time and resources
- 8. Clearly agree what is expected of others and hold them to account
- Make effective use of existing sources of information
- 10. Check the accuracy and validity of information
- 11. Model behaviour that shows, and inspires others to show, respect, helpfulness and cooperation
- 12. Recognise when there are conflicts, acknowledge the feelings and views of all parties, and redirect people's energy towards a common goal
- 13. Specify the assumptions made and risks involved in understanding a situation
- 14. Take timely decisions that are realistic for the situation

ASSESSMENT GUIDE ASSESSMENT METHODS Evidence of the following is essential: A range of assessment methods should be used to assess practical skills and knowledge. The 1. Planning and preparation for at least 3 following methods are appropriate for this meetings – including examples of agendas and unit: supporting documentation 2. Minutes of at least 3 meetings showing meeting · Direct questioning combined with review of portfolios of evidence and third party workplace decisions, follow-up action etc reports of on-the-job performance by the candidate • Review of final printed documents Demonstration of techniques Oral or written questioning to assess

knowledge of planning and conducting

meetings

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All staff with supervisory or management responsibility in tourism occupations	D1.HGA.CL6.05

SCS3. UNIT TITLE: OPERATE BASIC SECURITY EQUIPMENT

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required to select and operate security equipment and resources to provide a basic level of security within hospitality or tourism premises.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Select and prepare security equipment for use

- P1. Identify and access appropriate security equipment as required
- P2. Perform pre-operational checks to equipment to ensure equipment is working as specified
- P3. Identify, rectify or replace faulty and damaged equipment
- P4. Identify and notify the need for training to the appropriate person

E2. Operate security equipment

- P5. Select, use and maintain appropriate personal protective equipment and clothing
- P6. Operate security equipment in a safe and controlled manner
- P7. Monitor surveillance equipment
- P8. Test alarms
- P9. Take part in running fire drills.

E3. Maintain security equipment and resources

- P10. Return security equipment to operational condition
- P11. Arrange cleaning, maintenance and storage of security tools and equipment
- P12. Report faulty or damaged security equipment and items
- P13. Arrange back-up systems for faulty or damaged security equipment and items
- P14. Complete internal records and reports relating to security

- K1. Describe applicable legislation and company regulations for safety and security
- K2. List the procedures used to check and prepare security equipment and items ready for use
- K3. Explain which items of security equipment should be used in which workplace situations
- K4. Describe how you monitor designated surveillance equipment and respond appropriately to situations that emerge
- K5. Describe the basic repair functions on nominated items of security equipment

- K6. List the security records required by your organisation and the legal requirements of Vietnam
- K7. Describe the fire or emergency evacuation procedures and processes
- K8. Describe the company first aid principles and procedures
- K9. Explain the limits of own responsibility and authority
- K10. Identify the location of emergency and security systems
- K11. Identify the types of safety hazards and risks.

1. Security equipment may include:

- Communication equipment, such as a two-way radio, telephone, mobile telephone, megaphone, public address system
- Office equipment, such as a computer, camera or photocopier
- Security equipment, such as electronic screening equipment, video cameras and monitors, alarms and signals, motion sensors, personal duress alarms, static alarms
- · Personal protective equipment and clothing
- · Vehicles, including cars, vans, motorcycles
- · Fire extinguisher and other fire equipment
- · First aid kit

2. Tasks may include:

- · Routine security monitoring of premises
- Crowd control
- Screening of property and people
- · Escort of people and property
- Controlling exit and access to premises
- Responding to alarms
- Preparing documents and reports

3. Organisational requirements may include:

- Legal and organisational policy and procedures
- Legislation relevant to the operation, incident and/or response
- · Employer and employee rights and responsibilities
- Business and performance plans
- Vehicle policy and procedures
- Policies and procedures relating to own role, responsibility and delegation
- Quality and continuous improvement processes and standards
- Occupational health and safety policies, procedures and programs
- Emergency and evacuation procedures
- Duty of care, code of conduct, code of ethics
- Records and information systems and processes
- Communication channels and reporting procedures

4. Pre-operational checks may relate to:

- · Checking log books, maintenance register
- · Reading manufacturer's instructions
- Observing and monitoring noise levels for correct operation
- Cleaning, priming, tightening, basic repairs and adjustments
- Identification and segregation of unsafe or faulty equipment for repair or replacement

5. Faulty and damaged equipment may relate to:

- · Missing items
- · Flat batteries
- Items that have not yet been serviced in response to maintenance/service requests
- Items that are not operating or performing as intended by the manufacturer
- Obtaining fully operational alternatives

6. Personal protective equipment may include:

- Masks
- · Safety boots
- Head protection
- Safety glasses
- Gloves

7. Operate security equipment may include:

- Entering information into computerized systems according to software instructions and standard operating procedures
- Utilizing equipment such as intrusion alarm systems, fire systems and alarms/detectors
- Exercising personal control in the application of security items, where applicable
- Using all security equipment and items only for its designated and specified purpose/s

8. Monitor surveillance equipment may include:

- Setting up equipment in accordance with manufacturer's instructions
- Scheduling regular monitoring periods
- Actively monitoring the surveillance equipment by adhering to the approved monitoring schedule
- Recording evidence of scheduled monitoring activities
- Check and assess computer information and data for reliability and accuracy
- Updating information/data as required on a regular basis

9. Testing alarm sectors may include:

- Conducting tests in accordance with designated testing schedules
- Involving external security support companies where faults are identified in the testing procedure
- Recording evidence of testing activities

10. Internal records and reports may relate to:

- Operational details
- Equipment faults and diagnosis
- Alarm generations
- Repairs and/or servicing undertaken
- Recommended repairs or disposal of equipment
- Testing and inspection results
- · Materials used, parts and components replaced
- Costing of security equipment, maintenance and operation

Important behaviours for supervisors/ managers include:

- Present information clearly, concisely, accurately and in ways that promote understanding
- 2. Give feedback to others to help them maintain and improve their performance
- 3. Continuously improve products and services
- 4. Comply with, and ensure others comply with, legal requirements, industry regulations, organisational policies and professional codes
- 5. Make effective use of available resources
- 6. Recognise stakeholders' needs and interests and manage these effectively

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc. Critical aspects for assessment and evidence required to demonstrate competency in this unit

A person who demonstrates competency in this unit must be able to provide evidence of selecting and operating security equipment and resources to provide a basic level of security within hospitality or tourism premises.

Performance assessment must include:

- One report on how you selected and prepared security equipment for use including performing pre-operational checks to equipment to ensure equipment is working as specified and rectifying or replacing faulty and damaged equipment
- 2. Two reports or witness statements on how you operated security equipment including maintenance of appropriate personal protective equipment and clothing, operating security equipment in a safe and controlled manner and monitoring surveillance equipment
- 3. One report on how you took part in testing alarms and running fire drills
- One report on how you maintained security equipment and resources, arranged cleaning, maintenance and storage of security tools and equipment
- 5. One report showing completed internal records and reports relating to security.

ASSESSMENT METHODS

This Unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence, reports or witness statements from a supervisor or manager. Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Suitable assessment methods may include:

- Direct observation
- · Naturally occurring evidence in the workplace,
- · Review of portfolios of evidence
- Witness statements/third party workplace reports of on the job performance by the individual.

Oral questioning or written assessment may be used to assess underpinning knowledge. In assessment situations where the candidate is offered a choice between oral questioning and written assessment, questions are to be identical.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All staff with supervisory or management responsibility in tourism occupations	D1.HSS.CL4.10

FBS4.1. UNIT TITLE: MANAGE FOOD AND BEVERAGE OPERATIONS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required to manage food & beverage operations in a hotel, restaurant or other large food outlet.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Monitor and improve Food & Beverage Service

- P1. Monitor efficiency and service levels as per standard on an on-going basis through close contact with day to day operations
- P2. Ensure quality assurance initiatives are part of food and beverage service planning
- P3. Identify quality problems and issues promptly and make appropriate adjustments and get relevant approvals
- P4. Adjust procedures and systems in consultation with colleagues to improve efficiency and effectiveness
- P5. Consult colleagues about ways to improve efficiency and service levels
- P6. Analyse training needs to improve service provision

E2. Plan and organise workflow

- P7. Schedule work in a manner that enhances efficiency and customer service quality
- P8. Delegate work to appropriate people using schedules and work plans
- P9. Assess progress against agreed objectives and timelines and adjust accordingly
- P10. Assist colleagues in prioritization of workload through supportive feedback and coaching

E3. Maintain workplace records

- P11. Complete workplace records accurately and submit within required timeframes
- P12. Delegate and monitor completion of records prior to submission

E4. Solve problems and make decisions

- P13. Identify workplace problems promptly and analyse from an operational and customer service perspective
- P14. Initiate corrective action to resolve the immediate problem where appropriate
- P15. Encourage team members to participate in solving problems they raise
- P16. Monitor the effectiveness of solutions in Food & Beverage Service

- K1. Describe the health and safety standards that need to be followed with regards to the food & beverage service operations
- K2. Explain how F&B service integrates with other departments
- K3. Explain how to allocate work to staff
- K4. Explain how to monitor responsibilities to ensure standards are maintained
- K5. Explain how to identify training needs
- K6. Explain how to ensure that staff have the skills and knowledge to carry out their work effectively
- K7. Explain how to brief staff, for example verbal instructions, written instructions, demonstrations or diagrams
- K8. Explain how to give feedback to staff in a way that motivates them

- K9. Explain how to alter work allocation in order to improve the service
- K10. Explain how to monitor the allocation and use of F&B resources
- K11. Identify the types of problems that may occur in F&B service
- K12. Explain how to deal with problems with the F&B service
- K13. Describe how to report problems with F&B service
- K14. Explain the limits of own authority when dealing with problems
- K15. Explain why it is important to review procedures
- K16. Explain how to identify and suggest possible ways of improving the F&B service.

1. Service levels may include:

- Excellent service
- · Acceptable service
- · Bad service

2. Brief staff on F&B duties may include:

- Procedures
- · Service skills
- · Work routines
- · Standard of behaviour

3. Methods to brief staff on F&B duties may include:

- Verbal instructions
- · Written instructions
- Demonstrations
- · Diagrams

4. The health and safety standards would apply to:

- Customers
- Staff
- The organisation

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

This unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence or report on aspects of managing discipline in a hospitality or tourism environment. Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Note that all evidence should remove names of personnel to protect the privacy of individuals and the organisation.

Assessment evidence should include:

- At least two examples of quality problems and issues identified and how appropriate adjustments/approvals were made in consultation with colleagues
- 2. At least two examples of scheduling, work plans and delegation that helped enhance efficiency and customer service quality
- 3. At least two examples of how you assisted colleagues in prioritization of workload through supportive feedback, training and coaching
- 4. At least two examples of how you identified workplace problems and initiated corrective action to resolve the immediate problems

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc.

Suitable methods will include:

- Portfolio of workplace evidence to include notes of meetings, notes of discussion with individuals and colleagues, details of support and advice provided to individuals, record of feedback etc. (without named individuals)
- Observation
- · Personal statements
- · Witness testimony
- Professional discussion

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

A portfolio or written report should be supplemented by oral questions to ensure all aspects of the evidence requirements are fully met.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS

F&B Manager, F&B Assistant Manager, Restaurant Manager, Restaurant Supervisor, Team Leader

ACCSTP REF

D1.HML.CL10.10 & 12

HRS1. UNIT TITLE: IDENTIFY STAFF DEVELOPMENT NEEDS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to help staff identify the knowledge, skills and competence they need to develop in order to meet the demands of their current and future work roles and to fulfil their personal aspirations.

This standard is relevant to managers and supervisors who have people reporting to them.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Agree individual staff development needs

- P1. Agree with individuals the knowledge, skills and competence required to meet the demands of their current and potential future work roles
- P2. Encourage individuals to seek feedback on their performance from those who are able to provide objective, specific and valid feedback
- P3. Provide opportunities for individuals to make an accurate assessment of their current levels of knowledge, skills and competence and of their potential
- P4. Evaluate with individuals any additional, or higher levels of, knowledge, skills and competence they need for their current work roles, potential future work roles and their personal aspirations
- P5. Identify and evaluate any learning difficulties or particular needs individuals may have

E2. Support staff in setting their own learning objectives

- P6. Support individuals in prioritising their needs and specifying their learning objectives
- P7. Encourage individuals to focus on their prioritised learning needs and to take account of their learning styles when selecting learning activities and planning their development
- P8. Seek advice and support from HR training and development specialists, when required

- K1. Explain the differences between knowledge, skills and competence
- K2. Explain the importance of objective, specific and valid feedback in identifying learning needs
- K3. Describe how to analyse the gaps between current levels of knowledge, skills and competence and the levels required
- K4. Describe how to prioritise learning needs
- K5. Explain how to establish SMART (Specific, Measurable, Agreed, Realistic, Time-bound) learning objectives
- K6. Describe learning styles and how to identify individuals' preferred learning styles
- K7. Describe the tools used in your organisation to identify individual learning needs and styles

- K8. List the types of learning activities appropriate for different learning styles
- K9. Explain how to develop learning and development plans based on a sound analysis of learning needs and styles
- K10. Describe the knowledge, skills and competence requirements for different roles within your area of responsibility
- K11. Describe your organisation's personal and professional development policy and practices
- K12. Describe the learning opportunities available in your organisation
- K13. List the sources of specialist advice and support in your organisation

Knowledge, skills and competence required to meet the demands of current and potential future work roles could include:

- Job-related knowledge, including technical or industry knowledge
- Skills development, including technical skills
- Supervisory or management development

2. Those who are able to provide objective, specific and valid feedback on their performance feedback could include:

- Managers
- · Colleagues
- HR Department
- Guests

3. Learning difficulties or particular individual needs may include:

- Availability for training and development due to job demands
- Language level, relevant experience or technical limitations

4. Learning styles would include:

- Activist learner prefers to take part in practical learning followed by learning the theory
- Reflective learner prefers to take part in learning and reflecting on the experience
- Theorist learner prefers to study and understand the learning before putting into practice
- Pragmatist learner prefers learning and putting learning into practice

- Seize opportunities presented by the diversity of people
- Show empathy with others' needs, feelings and motivations and take an active interest in their concerns
- 3. Support others to make effective use of their abilities
- 4. Support others to realise their potential and achieve their personal aspirations
- 5. Develop knowledge, understanding, skills and performance in a systematic way
- 6. Inspire others with the desire to learn
- 7. Check the accuracy and validity of information
- 8. Identify the implications or consequences of a situation

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc. This unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence or report on aspects of identifying staff development needs in a hospitality or tourism environment. Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Note that all evidence should remove names of personnel to protect the privacy of individuals and the organisation.

This unit should be assessed by portfolio evidence of performance and oral or written questioning. Evidence must include:

- 1. Two documented examples or cases when the manager helped identify staff development needs
- 2. Two documented examples or cases when the manager provided opportunities for individuals to take further learning, training or development opportunities to gain knowledge, skills or competence to enhance their job performance
- 3. Fully completing the knowledge assessment as set out in the unit either by recorded oral questioning or answers to written questions

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc.

Suitable methods will include:

- Portfolio of workplace evidence to include notes of meetings, notes of discussion with individuals and colleagues, details of support and advice provided to individuals, record of feedback etc (without named individuals)
- Personal statements
- Witness testimony
- Professional discussion

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All staff with supervisory or management responsibility in tourism occupations	D1.HHR.CL8.05

HRS4. UNIT TITLE: INITIATE AND FOLLOW DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to help members of your team address problems affecting their performance. These may be work-related problems or problems arising from their personal circumstances.

The unit involves identifying problems affecting people's performance and discussing these in a timely way with the team members concerned to help them find a suitable solution to their problem. Sometimes you may need to refer the team member to HR Department or senior manager for further action.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Communicate with subordinates and colleagues

- P1. Keep individuals fully informed about the standards of conduct and performance expected of them and your organisation's current procedure for dealing with misconduct or unsatisfactory performance
- P2. Seek support from colleagues or human resources specialists on any aspects of implementing disciplinary procedures about which you are unsure

E2. Carry out investigations and take preventative measures

- P3. Carry out necessary investigations promptly to establish the facts relating to any misconduct or unsatisfactory performance
- P4. Take preventative measures to resolve issues and deal with cases of minor misconduct or unsatisfactory performance informally, where you consider that an informal approach is likely to resolve the situation effectively

E3. Follow disciplinary procedures and maintain records

- P5. Follow your organisation's formal disciplinary procedure in serious cases of misconduct or unsatisfactory performance
- P6. Keep full and accurate records throughout the disciplinary process and store these confidentially as long as, but no longer as, necessary

- K1. Explain the importance of fully informing individuals about the standards of conduct and performance expected of them and your organisation's current procedure for dealing with misconduct or unsatisfactory performance
- K2. Describe how to carry out investigations to establish facts relating to any misconduct or unsatisfactory performance
- K3. Discuss informal approaches to dealing with cases of minor misconduct or unsatisfactory performance, and when this type of approach is likely to resolve the situation effectively
- K4. Compare the differences between misconduct, gross misconduct and unsatisfactory performance, and how each should be handled
- K5. Discuss the importance of following your organisation's formal disciplinary procedure in serious cases of misconduct or unsatisfactory performance

- K6. Illustrate the importance of communicating clearly, concisely and objectively, and how to do so
- K7. Describe how to keep full and accurate records throughout the disciplinary process and store these confidentially as long as, but no longer than, necessary
- K8. Summarise your organisation's procedures for dealing with misconduct or unsatisfactory performance
- K9. Identify the standards of conduct and performance expected of individuals
- K10. List the sources of advice, guidance and support from colleagues, human resources or others

1. Communication with subordinates and colleagues could be by:

• Email, telephone, SMS, face-to-face, instant messaging or other means

2. Support from colleagues or HR specialists could include:

- · Advice on legal procedures
- Advice on organisational procedures
- Support in planning coaching sessions
- Help with resources for coaching sessions

3. Investigations measures could include:

 Investigations with HRD, senior managers or others to establish the facts relating to any misconduct or unsatisfactory performance

4. Preventative measures to resolve issues and deal with cases of minor misconduct or unsatisfactory performance could include:

- · Informal discussion with staff
- Appraisal or performance review
- Warning letter if the issue has occurred frequently
- Referral to HR department

5. Disciplinary procedures could include:

- Verbal warning
- Written warning
- Internal transfer
- · Suspension from the workplace

6. Confidential records could include:

- Minutes of meetings
- Appraisal forms
- · Incident report forms
- · Letters and emails
- Other documents

- Listen actively, ask questions, clarify points and restate or rephrase statements to check mutual understanding
- Present information clearly, concisely, accurately and in ways that promote understanding
- 3. Keep people informed of plans and developments in a timely way
- 4. Give feedback to others to help them maintain and improve their performance
- 5. Comply with, and ensure others comply with, legal requirements, industry regulations, organisational policies and professional codes
- 6. Act within the limits of your authority
- 7. Refer issues outside the limits of your authority to appropriate people
- 8. Show integrity, fairness and consistency in decision making
- 9. Say no to unreasonable requests
- 10. Address performance issues promptly and resolve them directly with the people involved
- 11. Protect the confidentiality and security of information
- 12. Take and implement difficult and/or unpopular decisions, if necessary

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc. This unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence or report on aspects of managing disciplinary procedures in a hospitality or tourism environment. Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Note that all evidence should remove names of personnel to protect the privacy of individuals and the organisation. Evidence must include:

- Two documented examples or cases of communications to staff and colleagues about disciplinary conduct
- 2. Two documented examples of carrying out investigations to establish facts about misconduct or unsatisfactory performance
- 3. One documented example of a preventative measures taken to resolve issues and deal with cases of minor misconduct or unsatisfactory performance
- 4. One documented example of a formal disciplinary procedure in a serious cases of misconduct or unsatisfactory performance
- Fully completing the knowledge assessment as set out in the unit either by recorded oral questioning or answers to written questions

Possible examples of evidence Records of your involvement in disciplinary procedures:

- Notes of briefings and meetings; e-mails and memos; handbooks, procedure manuals and other guidance which you have prepared for team members on disciplinary procedures and systems
- Notes of meetings with individuals such as performance reviews, supervision meetings, notes of disciplinary investigations
- Memos, e-mails from specialists on conduct of disciplinary procedures
- Letters, memos, e-mails from, and notes of conversations with colleagues or managers regarding an individual's performance and behaviour
- Notes, records of disciplinary procedures in which you have been involved
- Personal statement (your reflections on your role in initiating and following disciplinary procedures)

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Suitable methods will include:

- Portfolio of workplace evidence to include notes of meetings, notes of discussion with individuals and colleagues, details of support and advice provided to individuals, record of performance review meetings etc (without named individuals)
- Personal statements
- Witness testimony
- · Professional discussion

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All staff with supervisory or management responsibility in tourism occupations	D1.HRM.CL9.04

HRS5. UNIT TITLE: RECRUIT, SELECT AND RETAIN STAFF

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to recruit and select people to undertake identified activities or work roles within your area of responsibility.

This standard is not intended for human resources specialists. It is relevant to managers and supervisors who are responsible for recruiting and selecting people for their organisation or their particular area of responsibility.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Plan recruitment of appropriate people

- P1. Review, on a regular basis, the work required in your area of responsibility, identifying any shortfall in the number of people or their knowledge, skills and competence
- P2. Identify and evaluate the options for addressing any identified shortfalls and decide on the best options to follow
- P3. Engage appropriate HR professionals within your organisation in recruiting and selecting people
- P4. Ensure you comply with your organisation's recruitment and selection policies and procedures

E2. Prepare for recruitment and selection

- P5. Ensure the availability of up-to-date job descriptions and person specifications where there is a need to recruit
- P6. Establish the stages in the recruitment and selection process for identified vacancies, the methods that will be used, the associated timings and who is going to be involved
- P7. Ensure that any information on vacancies is fair, clear and accurate before it goes to potential applicants
- P8. Draw up fair, clear and appropriate criteria for assessing and selecting applicants, taking into account their knowledge, skills and competence and their potential to work effectively with colleagues
- P9. Ensure the recruitment and selection process is carried out fairly, consistently and effectively

E3. Manage the selection process

- P10. Keep applicants fully informed about the progress of their applications, in line with organisational policy
- P11. Offer positions to applicants who best meet the selection criteria
- P12. Provide clear, accurate and constructive feedback to unsuccessful applicants, in line with organisational policy
- P13. Evaluate whether the recruitment and selection process has been successful and identify any areas for improvements

E4. Optimise staff retention activities

- P14. Seek to provide work opportunities that challenge individuals to make effective use of their knowledge, skills and competences and develop their potential
- P15. Review individuals' performance and development systematically and provide feedback designed to improve their performance
- P16. Recognise individuals' performance and recognise their achievements in line with your organisation's policy
- P17. Identify when individuals are dissatisfied with their work or development and seek with them solutions that meet both the individual's and organisation's needs
- P18. Recognise when individuals' values, motivations and aspirations are incompatible with your organisation's vision, objectives and values and seek alternative solutions with the individuals concerned
- P19. Discuss their reasons with individuals planning to leave your organisation and seek to resolve any issues or misunderstandings

- K1. Discuss how to engage employees and other stakeholders in recruitment, selection and retention activities
- K2. Describe how to review the workload in your area in order to identify shortfalls in the number of colleagues and the pool of knowledge, skills and competence
- K3. Explain what job descriptions and person specifications should cover and why it is important to consult with others in producing or updating them
- K4. Discuss the different stages in the recruitment and selection process and why it is important to consult with others on the stages, recruitment and selection methods to be used, associated timings and who is going to be involved
- K5. Evaluate the different recruitment and selection methods and their associated advantages and disadvantages
- K6. Explain why it is important to give fair, clear and accurate information on vacancies to potential applicants

- K7. Discuss how to measure applicants' competence and capability and assess whether they meet the stated requirements of the vacancy
- K8. How to take account of equality, diversity and inclusion issues, including legislation and any relevant codes of practice, when recruiting and selecting people and keeping colleagues
- K9. Explain the importance of keeping applicants informed about progress and how to do so
- K10. Discuss the importance of providing opportunities for individuals to discuss issues with you alternative solutions that may be deployed when individuals' values, motivations and aspirations are incompatible with their work or your organisation's vision, objectives and values
- K11. Discuss the importance of understanding the reasons why individuals are leaving an organisation
- K12. Describe the specialist resources available to support recruitment, selection and retention, and how to make use of them

Policies and procedures in relation to the recruitment and selection process may include:

- Details of information that may and may not be used in a job advertisement
- Staff promotion policies, especially internal promotions
- · Staff training
- · Remuneration
- · Probationary periods
- · Terms and conditions of employment
- Benefits
- Individual staff policy, such as uniform, personal presentation, smoking, tact and diplomacy, sickness, attendance and punctuality, use of company property
- Composition of interview and selection panels

2. Job specification refers to:

 All the information about the type of employee needed to do a particular job effectively

3. The job description refers to:

· All the information about the job tasks

4. Key selection criteria may relate to:

- Experience
- · Competencies
- Qualifications
- Compatibility
- References
- Attitudes

5. Sources of staff recruitment may include:

- Media advertisements
- · Job and recruitment agencies
- Online recruitment
- Internal advertising including internal promotions
- Schools and trade colleges
- Industry network contacts
- Other employers

6. Selection interview may include:

- · One-on-one and face-to-face interviews
- Panel interviews
- Group interviews
- · Over-the-phone interviews
- · First, second and/or third interviews
- Applying appropriate questioning and listening techniques
- Recording answers supplied by applicants
- Responding to applicant questions
- · Equity and compliance issues
- Devising questions to be asked of all applicants

7. Selection may relate to:

- · Rating applicants against selection criteria
- Obtaining feedback and consensus from all interviewers
- · Considering test results
- · Ranking interviewees

8. Follow up successful applicants may relate to:

- Obtaining original copies of documents presented at interviews
- Explaining details of the job offer, contract or employment instrument
- · Confirming acceptance of the job offer
- Offering the job to another applicant if the first choice refuses the offer

9. Retention policies can include:

- Provision of work opportunities that challenge individuals to make effective use of their knowledge, skills and competences and develop their potential
- Review of individuals' performance and development systematically
- Methods of feedback designed to improve staff performance
- Recognition of individuals' performance and achievements in line with your organisation's policy
- Identification of work roles that meet both the individual's and organisation's needs
- Recognition of incompatibility of staff with work roles
- · Staff exit policies

- 1. Identify people's information needs
- 2. Present information clearly, concisely, accurately and in ways that promote understanding
- 3. Keep people informed of plans and developments in a timely way
- 4. Give feedback to others to help them maintain and improve their performance
- 5. Comply with, and ensure others comply with, legal requirements, industry regulations, organisational policies and professional codes
- 6. Act within the limits of your authority
- 7. Show integrity, fairness and consistency in decision-making
- 8. Protect the confidentiality and security of information
- 9. Check the accuracy and validity of information
- 10. Take and implement difficult and/or unpopular decisions, where necessary

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc.

This unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence or report on aspects of managing recruitment, selection and retention of staff in a hospitality or tourism environment. Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Note that all evidence should remove names of personnel to protect the privacy of individuals and the organisation. Evidence must include:

- Two documented examples or cases of recruitment and selection of staff to meet organisational staffing needs
- 2. Two documented examples or cases of retention activities
- 3. One documented example of an exit interview to establish reasons for staff leaving a job
- 4. Fully completing the knowledge assessment as set out in the unit either by recorded oral questioning or answers to written questions

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Suitable methods will include:

- · Portfolio of workplace evidence
- · Personal statements
- · Witness testimony
- · Professional discussion

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

A portfolio or written report should be supplemented by oral questions to ensure all aspects of the evidence requirements are fully met.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All staff with supervisory or management responsibility in tourism occupations	D1.HRM.CL9.10

HRS6. UNIT TITLE: HANDLE STAFF GRIEVANCES AND RESOLVE PROBLEMS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to initiate and follow your organisation's grievance procedure in response to a concern, problem or complaint raised by a member of your team.

This unit describes the minimum standard of performance expected of managers when they are implementing grievance procedures in line with legal and organisational requirements. To meet this standard, managers need both sound technical knowledge of the procedures and well-developed cognitive and interpersonal skills.

The unit is for line managers who have to deal with potential or actual grievances raised by members of their team. It is not designed for human resources specialists.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Inform staff about grievance procedures

- P1. Keep individuals fully informed about your organisation's current procedure for raising grievances
- P2. Seek support from colleagues or human resources or legal specialists on any aspects of implementing grievance procedures about which you are unsure

E2. Implement grievance procedures

- P3. Identify potential grievances and take preventative measures to resolve issues where possible
- P4. Respond to concerns, problems or complaints from individuals and seek to resolve the situation informally if possible
- P5. Follow your organisation's formal grievance procedure, if an individual raises a grievance with you in writing

E3. Maintain accurate records

P6. Keep full and accurate records throughout the grievance process and store these confidentially as long as, but no longer than, necessary

- K1. Explain the importance of fully informing individuals about your organisation's current procedure for raising grievances
- K2. Explain informal approaches to dealing with concerns, problems or complaints raised with you, and when this type of approach is likely to resolve the situation effectively
- K3. Explain the importance of following your organisation's formal grievance procedure, and when to do so
- K4. Describe how to conduct a meeting with an individual to discuss their grievance
- K5. Describe how to investigate the grievance fully

- K6. Explain the importance of communicating clearly, concisely and objectively, and how to do so
- K7. Describe how to keep full and accurate records throughout the grievance process and store these confidentially as long required
- K8. Summarise your organisation's procedure for dealing with grievances
- K9. Identify sources of advice, guidance and support from colleagues, human resources or legal specialists

1. Informing staff about grievance procedures involves:

- Keeping individuals fully informed about current procedure for raising grievances
- Seeking support from colleagues or human resources or legal specialists

2. Implementing grievance procedures includes:

- Identifying potential grievances before they become an issue
- Taking preventative measures to resolve issues where possible
- Responding to concerns, problems or complaints informally to resolve the situation if possible
- Considering whether an informal approach is likely to resolve the situation effectively
- Following your organisation's formal grievance procedure, if an individual raises a grievance with you in writing

3. Keeping full and accurate records includes:

- Ensuring that full records are kept throughout the grievance process
- Ensuring records are stored confidentially for as long as required

Important behaviours for supervisors/ managers include:

- Listen actively, ask questions, clarify points and restate or rephrase statements to check mutual understanding
- Present information clearly, concisely, accurately and in ways that promote understanding
- 3. Keep people informed of plans and developments in a timely way
- 4. Give feedback to others to help them maintain and improve their performance
- 5. Comply with, and ensure others comply with, legal requirements, industry regulations, organisational policies and professional codes
- 6. Act within the limits of your authority
- 7. Refer issues outside the limits of your authority to appropriate people
- 8. Show integrity, fairness and consistency in decision making
- 9. Say no to unreasonable requests
- 10. Address performance issues promptly and resolve them directly with the people involved
- 11. Protect the confidentiality and security of information
- 12. Take and implement difficult and/or unpopular decisions, if necessary

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc.

This Unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence or report on initiating and following grievance procedures of staff in a hospitality or tourism environment. Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Note that all evidence should remove names of personnel to protect the privacy of individuals and the organisation. Evidence must include:

- 1. One documented example of handling an informal grievance procedure
- 2. One documented examples or cases handling a formal grievance procedure
- 3. Fully completing the knowledge assessment as set out in the unit either by recorded oral questioning or answers to written questions

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Suitable methods will include:

- Portfolio of workplace evidence
- Personal statements
- Witness testimony
- Professional discussion

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

A portfolio or written report should be supplemented by oral questions to ensure all aspects of the Evidence requirements are fully met.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All staff with supervisory or management responsibility in tourism occupations	N/A

HRS11. UNIT TITLE: IMPLEMENT OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY PRACTICES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to manage the overall health and safety process in your area of responsibility. It is intended to go beyond meeting health and safety legislation and move towards a situation where health and safety considerations are firmly embedded in the planning and decision-making processes and the 'culture' of your area of responsibility. The 'area of responsibility' may be, for example, a department or functional area or an operating site such as a hotel or tour company office.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Implement health and safety policy

- P1. Identify your personal responsibilities and liabilities under health and safety legislation
- P2. Ensure that the organisation's written health and safety policy statement is clearly communicated to all people in your area of responsibility and other relevant parties
- P3. Ensure that the health and safety policy statement is put into practice in your area of responsibility and is subject to review as situations change and at regular intervals and the findings passed to the appropriate people for consideration

E2. Ensure consultation with health & safety personnel

- P4. Ensure regular consultation with people in your area of responsibility or their representatives on health and safety issues
- P5. Seek and make use of specialist expertise in relation to health and safety issues

E3. Ensure systems are in place for identifying and monitoring risk

- P6. Ensure that a system is in place for identifying hazards and assessing risks in your area of responsibility and that prompt and effective action is taken to eliminate or control identified hazards and risks
- P7. Ensure that systems are in place for effective monitoring, measuring and reporting of health and safety performance in your area of responsibility

E4. Develop & improve health and safety performance

- P8. Show continuous improvement in your area of responsibility in relation to health and safety performance
- P9. Make health and safety a priority area in terms of informing planning and decision-making in your area of responsibility
- P10. Demonstrate that your own actions reinforce the messages in the organisation's health and safety policy statement
- P11. Ensure that sufficient resources are allocated across your area of responsibility to deal with health and safety issues
- P12. Develop a culture within your area of responsibility which puts 'health and safety' first

- K1. Explain why health and safety in the workplace is important
- K2. Describe how and where to identify your personal responsibilities and liabilities under health and safety legislation
- K3. Explain how to keep up with legislative and other developments relating to health and safety
- K4. Summarise the requirement for organisations to have a written health and safety policy statement
- K5. Explain how to communicate the written health and safety policy statement to people who work in your area of responsibility and other relevant parties
- K6. Describe how and when to review the application of the written Health and safety policy statement in your area of responsibility and produce/provide findings to inform development
- K7. Explain how and when to consult with people in your area of responsibility or their representatives on health and safety issues
- K8. Identify sources of specialist expertise in relation to health and safety
- K9. List ways of developing a culture in your area of responsibility which puts 'health and safety' first

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K10. Describe the type of hazards and risks that may arise in relation to health and safety – how to establish and use systems for identifying hazards and assessing risks and the type of actions that should be taken to control or eliminate them
- K11. Explain how to establish systems for monitoring, measuring and reporting on health and safety performance in your area of responsibility
- K12. Explain why and how health and safety should inform planning and decision-making
- K13. Explain the importance of setting a good example to others in relation to health and safety
- K14. Define the type of resources required to deal with health and safety issues

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Relevant health and safety information may include:

- · Roles and responsibilities of personnel
- · Legal obligations
- Participative arrangements for health and safety
- Location of relevant health and safety information, procedures and policies
- Specific risks and necessary control measures
- Codes of practice

2. Hazards and risks may include:

- Fire and emergency
- Crowd related risks
- Bomb scares
- Theft and armed robbery
- · Equipment failure
- Pests
- Equipment related hazards
- · Manual handling
- · Slips, trips and falls
- · Drugs and alcohol in the workplace
- · Violence in the workplace
- · Hazardous substances
- Others

3. Records may include:

- · Health and safety injury register
- · Number of near-misses
- Health and safety improvement ideas submitted by team members
- Medical records
- Health and safety training records
- · Team member hazards reports
- Others

4. Developing and improving health and safety performance may include:

- Workshops
- · Information sessions
- Fact sheets and other literature
- Mentoring
- Lectures
- · Practical demonstrations
- · Health and safety team meetings

Important behaviours for supervisors/ managers include:

Behaviours which underpin effective performance:

- Respond quickly to crises and problems with a proposed course of action
- 2. Identify people's information needs
- 3. Comply with, and ensure others comply with, legal requirements, industry regulations, organisational policies and professional codes
- 4. Be vigilant for possible risks and hazards
- 5. Take personal responsibility for making things happen
- 6. Identify the implications or consequences of a situation
- 7. Act within the limits of your authority
- 8. Constantly seek to improve performance
- 9. Treat individuals with respect and act to uphold their rights

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc.

This unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence or report on implementing occupational health and safety in a hospitality or tourism environment. Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Note that all evidence should remove names of personnel to protect the privacy of individuals and the organisation. Evidence must include:

- 1. At least one record of actions you have taken to ensure health and safety policies are implemented appropriately
- 2. At least two minutes of meetings you have organised with people in your area of responsibility, or their representatives, and those with specialist expertise, to discuss, review and agree the implementation of workplace policies on health and safety
- 3. At least one briefing or presentation you have made or commissioned to people in your area of responsibility on the implementation of workplace policies on health and safety
- 4. At least one record of training activity you have organised for people in your area of responsibility on the implementation of workplace policies on health and safety
- 5. One personal statement (reflection on your role in ensuring that health and safety policies are implemented and reviewed in your area of responsibility)
- 6. Fully completing the knowledge assessment as set out in the unit either by recorded oral questioning or answers to written questions

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Suitable methods will include:

- · Portfolio of workplace evidence
- Observation
- Personal statements
- Witness testimony
- · Professional discussion

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

A portfolio or written report should be supplemented by oral questions to ensure all aspects of the evidence requirements are fully met.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All staff with supervisory or management responsibility in tourism occupations	D1.HSS.CL4.01, 02 & 04

FMS1. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE BUDGETS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required for managers with responsibility for preparing budgets for their departments.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Prepare budget information

- P1. Identify and interpret sources of data required for budget preparation
- P2. Review and analyse data
- P3. Obtain other stakeholder input into budget plan
- P4. Provide relevant colleagues with the opportunity to contribute to the budget planning process

E2. Draft budget

- P5. Draft budget, based on analysis of all available information
- P6. Estimate income and expenditure using valid, reliable and relevant information
- P7. Review income and expenditure for previous time periods to help with budget forecast

E3. Present budget recommendations

- P8. Present recommendations clearly, concisely and in an appropriate format
- P9. Circulate draft budget to relevant colleagues for comment
- P10. Adjust budget and complete the final budget within designated timelines
- P11. Inform colleagues of final budget decisions

- K1. Explain how to engage stakeholders in identifying and justifying requirements for financial resources.
- K2. Explain how to identify and interpret sources of data required for budget preparation
- K3. Explain how to provide relevant colleagues with the opportunity to contribute to the budget planning process
- K4. Explain how you present budget recommendations to others

- K5. Describe how to calculate fixed and variable costs of activities.
- K6. Describe cost-benefit analysis techniques
- K7. Explain the importance of developing alternative solutions as fullback positions.
- K8. Explain the importance of obtaining feedback on your presentation of the budget and how to use this feedback to improve future proposals

Data and data sources required for budget preparation may include:

- Performance data from previous periods
- Financial proposals from key stakeholders
- · Financial information from suppliers
- · Customer or supplier research
- Competitor research
- Management policies and procedures
- Organisational budget preparation guidelines

2. Internal and external issues that could impact on budget development may include:

- Organisational and management re-structures
- Enterprise/organisational objectives
- New legislation or regulation
- · Growth or decline in economic conditions
- Significant price movement for certain commodities or items
- Shift in market trends
- · Scope of the project
- Venue availability (for events)
- Human resource requirements
- · Others

3. Budgets may include:

- Cash budgets
- Departmental budgets
- · Wages budgets
- Project budgets
- · Event budgets
- · Sales budgets
- Cash flow budgets
- Grant funding budgets
- · Others

4. Input may include:

- Budget restrictions
- Client expectations
- · Owners/stakeholders expectations
- · Others

5. Recommendations may include:

- · Budget restrictions
- Operational budgets
- · Contingency plan

6. Budget decisions may refer to:

- Increase/decrease in allocations
- Cost-cutting decisions, such as redundancy, closing departments or outlets, etc
- Expansion decisions, such as employing more staff, opening new outlets/departments, etc

7. Financial commitments may relate to:

- · Contracts related to expenditure
- · Contracts related to income

- Recognise changes in circumstances promptly and adjust plans and activities accordingly
- 2. Find practical ways to overcome obstacles
- 3. Present information clearly, concisely, accurately and in ways that promote understanding
- 4. Balance risks against the benefits that may arise from taking risks
- 5. Identify and seize opportunities to obtain resources
- 6. Take repeated or different actions to overcome obstacles
- 7. Comply with, and ensure others comply with, legal requirements, industry regulations, organisational policies and professional codes
- 8. Act within the limits of your authority communicate clearly the value and benefits of a proposed course of action
- 9. Use a range of legitimate strategies and tactics to influence people
- 10. Work towards win-win solutions
- 11. Respond positively and creatively to setbacks
- 12. Identify the range of elements in a situation and how they relate to each other
- 13. Specify the assumptions made and risks involved in understanding a situation
- Test a variety of options before taking a decision

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc.

This unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence or report on preparing a budget for a department or project in a hospitality or tourism environment. Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Note that all evidence should remove names of personnel to protect the privacy of individuals and the organisation. Evidence must include:

- At least one minute of meetings you have organised with people in your area of responsibility and those with specialist expertise, to discuss, review and agree the budget for your department or team
- 2. One draft budget prepared for your department
- 3. One approved and implemented budget for your department
- 4. Notes of a meeting or email/letter in which you received approval for the prepared budget
- 5. Fully completing the knowledge assessment as set out in the unit either by recorded oral questioning or answers to written questions

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Suitable methods will include:

- · Portfolio of workplace evidence
- Observation
- Personal statements
- Witness testimony
- Professional discussion

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

A portfolio or written report should be supplemented by oral questions to ensure all aspects of the evidence requirements are fully met.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Supervisors or Manager in tourism occupations	D1.HFA.CL7.07

FMS3. UNIT TITLE: MANAGE BUDGETS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required in managing the budget for your area of responsibility or for specific projects or activities. This standard is relevant to managers and leaders with budget responsibility for an operational area or for specific projects or activities.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Monitor and control budget activity

- P1. Use the agreed budget to actively monitor and control performance for your area of responsibility, activity or project
- P2. Engage appropriate colleagues and other key stakeholders in managing budgets
- P3. Identify the causes of any significant variances between what was budgeted and what actually happened and take prompt corrective action, obtaining agreement from those with decision-making responsibility, if required

E2. Review and adjust budget as necessary

- P4. Propose revisions to the budget, if necessary, in response to variances and/or significant or unforeseen developments and discuss and agree the revisions with those with decision-making responsibility
- P5. Provide on-going information on performance against the budget to those with decision-making responsibility
- P6. Advise relevant people promptly if you have identified evidence of potentially fraudulent activities
- P7. Gather information from implementation of the budget to assist in the preparation of future budgets

- K1. Explain how to engage colleagues and stakeholders in managing budgets
- K2. Explain the purposes of budgetary systems
- K3. Explain how to use a budget to actively monitor and control performance for a defined area or activity of work
- K4. Define the main causes of variances and how to identify them
- K5. Evaluate the different types of corrective action which could be taken to address identified variances.
- K6. Describe how unforeseen developments can affect a budget and how to deal with them

- K7. Explain the importance of agreeing revisions to the budget and communicating the changes
- K8. Explain the importance of providing regular information on performance against the budget to other people
- K9. Identify types of fraudulent activities and how to identify them
- K10. Describe what to do and who to contact if you suspect fraud has been committed
- K11. Identify who needs information in your organisation about performance against your budget, what information they need, when they need it and in what format

Internal and external issues that could impact on budgets may include:

- Organisational and management re-structures
- Enterprise/organisational objectives
- New legislation or regulation
- · Growth or decline in economic conditions
- Significant price movement for certain commodities or items
- Shift in market trends
- · Scope of the project
- Venue availability (for events)
- Human resource requirements
- Others

2. Budget may include:

- · Cash budgets
- · Departmental budgets
- · Wages budgets
- Project budgets
- Event budgets
- · Sales budgets
- · Cash flow budgets
- Grant funding budgets
- · Others

3. Input may include:

- · Budget restrictions
- · Client expectations
- · Owners/stakeholders expectations
- Others

4. Recommendations may include:

- Budget restrictions
- · Operational budgets
- Contingency plan

5. Budget decisions may refer to:

- · Increase/decrease in allocations
- Cost-cutting decisions, such as redundancy, closing departments or outlets, etc.
- Expansion decisions, such as employing more staff, opening new outlets/departments, etc.

6. Financial commitments may relate to:

- Contracts related to expenditure
- · Contracts related to income

7. Fraud could include:

- Account takeover
- Application fraud
- Exploiting assets and information
- · Fake invoice scams
- False accounting
- · Payment fraud
- Procurement fraud
- · Receipt fraud
- · Travel and subsistence fraud

- 1. Recognise changes in circumstances promptly and adjust plans and activities accordingly
- Present information clearly, concisely, accurately and in ways that promote understanding
- 3. Keep people informed of plans and developments in a timely way
- 4. Comply with, and ensure others comply with, legal requirements, industry regulations, organisational policies and professional codes
- 5. Act within the limits of your authority
- 6. Identify and raise ethical concerns
- 7. Accurately calculate risks, and make provision so that unexpected events do not impede the achievement of objectives
- 8. Monitor the quality of work and progress against plans and take appropriate corrective action, where necessary
- 9. Make effective use of existing sources of information
- 10. Check the accuracy and validity of information
- 11. Communicate clearly the value and benefits of a proposed course of action
- 12. Work towards win-win solutions

This unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence or report. Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Note that all evidence should remove names of personnel to protect the privacy of individuals and the organisation and in the case of budgets, no names of companies or individuals should be included in portfolio or documentary evidence.

- Two examples/cases demonstrating how you monitored and controlled budget activity for your area of responsibility, activity or project. Examples should show how you engaged appropriate colleagues and other key stakeholders in managing budgets
- 2. One example/case where you identified causes of any significant variances between what was budgeted and what actually happened and the corrective action you took
- 3. One example of how you proposed revisions to the budget in response to variances and/or significant or unforeseen developments

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc.

Suitable methods will include:

- Portfolio of workplace evidence to include notes of meetings, notes of discussion with individuals and colleagues, details of support and advice provided to individuals, record of feedback etc. (without named individuals)
- Observation
- · Personal statements
- Witness testimony
- · Professional discussion

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

A portfolio or written report should be supplemented by oral questions to ensure all aspects of the evidence requirements are fully met.

Assessing knowledge and understanding:

Knowledge and understanding are key components of competent performance. Where knowledge and understanding (and the handling of contingency situations) is not apparent from performance evidence, it must be assessed by other means and be supported by suitable evidence such as:

- Documented answers to oral questioning
- · Written examination

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All staff with supervisory or management responsibility in tourism occupations	D1.HFI.CL8.03

CMS1. UNIT TITLE: MANAGE QUALITY SERVICE AND CUSTOMER SATISFACTION

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to manage the delivery of quality customer services in a hotel, travel or tour company.

This standard is relevant to managers and supervisors who are required to manage the delivery of customer service as part of a broader management role.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Communicate quality customer service standards

- P1. Engage people within your organisation and other key stakeholders in managing customer service
- P2. Establish clear and measurable standards of customer service, taking into account customers' expectations, your organisation's resources and any legal or regulatory requirements

E2. Ensure people and resources deliver customer service quality

- P3. Organise people and other resources to meet customer service standards, taking account of varying levels of demand and likely contingencies
- P4. Ensure people delivering customer service are competent to carry out their duties, and provide them with any necessary training, support and supervision
- P5. Ensure people understand the standards of customer service they are expected to deliver and the extent of their autonomy in responding to customers' requests and problems

E3. Handle customer service requests and problems

- P6. Take responsibility for dealing with customers' requests and problems referred to you, seeking advice from specialists and/or more senior managers, where necessary
- P7. Ensure customers are kept informed about the actions you are taking to deal with their requests or problems

E4. Enhance the quality of customer service

- P8. Encourage staff and customers to provide feedback on their perceptions of the standards of customer service
- P9. Continuously monitor the standards of customer service delivered, customers' requests and problems and feedback from staff and customers
- P10. Analyse customer service data to identify the causes of problems and opportunities for improving customer service
- P11. Make or recommend changes to processes, systems or standards order to improve customer service

- K1. Explain how you engage people within your organisation and other stakeholders in managing customer service
- K2. Describe how to establish clear and measurable standards of customer service, taking into account customers' expectations and your organisation's resources
- K3. Explain how to organise staffing and other resources to meet customer service standards, and the importance of taking account of varying levels of demand and likely contingencies
- K4. Review how to identify likely contingencies when organising staffing and other resources
- K5. Explain how to identify sustainable resources and ensure their effective use when organising the delivery of customer service
- K6. Explain the importance of ensuring customer service staff are competent to carry out their duties, and providing them with any necessary support, and how to do so
- K7. Explain the importance of ensuring staff understands the standards of customer service they are expected to deliver and the extent of their autonomy in responding to customers' requests and problems
- K8. Explain the importance of taking responsibility for dealing with customers' requests and problems referred to you

- K9. Explain the importance of keeping customers informed about the actions you are taking to deal with their requests or problems
- K10. Describe how to identify and manage potential issues before they develop into problems
- K11. Describe how you normally deal with customers' requests and/or problems
- K12. Explain the importance of encouraging staff and customers to provide feedback on their perceptions of the standards of customer service
- K13. Explain how to monitor the standards of customer service delivered customers' requests and problems and feedback from staff and customers, and the importance of doing so continuously
- K14. Review the types of customer service data available and how to analyse such data to identify the causes of problems and opportunities for improving customer service

1. Communicate quality customer service standards may include:

- Meetings to discuss managing customer service
- · Briefings to staff
- · Discussion about customer service issues

Ensuring people and resources are available to deliver customer service quality may include:

- Planning and forecasting human resources
- Planning and forecasting customer seasonal demands or other variables
- · Budgeting for other resources

3. Research may include:

- Interviewing colleagues and clients
- Focus groups
- · Data analysis
- Product sampling
- Sales data review
- Others

4. Customer service data may include:

- · Data sampling
- Statistical analysis
- Comparison between current and previous research

5. Service levels may relate to:

- Service quality
- Customer satisfaction
- Staff attitude
- · Appearance of venue, staff, etc.
- · Atmosphere of venue
- · Responsiveness of staff to customer requests
- · Delivery times
- · Prices/costs
- Product/service availability
- · Courtesy/politeness
- Others

6. Customers' needs may relate to:

- · Advice or general information
- Specific information
- Complaints
- Purchasing organisation's products and services
- · Returning organisation's products and services
- Accuracy of information
- · Fairness/politeness
- · Prices/value
- · Others

7. Appropriate methods to monitor customer/ guest satisfaction may include:

- Mystery guest
- Customer satisfaction survey
- · Customer/guest interviews
- Representative sampling activities
- · Industry benchmarking
- · Web-based comments
- · Face to face comments
- Others

8. Evaluate and report on customer service may relate to:

- · Service quality evaluations
- · Customer satisfaction evaluations
- Industry benchmarking

- 1. Respond promptly to crises and problems with a proposed course of action
- 2. Seek opportunities to improve performance
- 3. Encourage others to take decisions autonomously, when appropriate
- 4. Demonstrate a clear understanding of different customers and their real and perceived needs
- 5. Empower staff to solve customer problems within clear limits of authority
- Take personal responsibility for resolving customer problems referred to you by other staff
- 7. Recognise recurring problems and promote changes to structures, systems and processes to resolve these
- 8. Encourage and welcome feedback from others and use this feedback constructively
- 9. Prioritise objectives and plan work to make the effective use of time and resources
- Take personal responsibility for making things happen
- 11. Clearly agree what is expected of others and hold them to account
- 12. Honour your commitments to others
- 13. Identify the implications or consequences of a situation
- 14. Take timely decisions that are realistic for the situation

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc.

This unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence or report managing quality in customer/guest services in a hospitality or tourism environment. Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Note that all evidence should remove names of personnel to protect the privacy of individuals and the organisation. Evidence must include:

- 1. Two examples or cases of how you engage people within your organisation and other key stakeholders in managing customer service and establishing clear and measurable standards of customer service
- 2. Two examples of how you organise people and other resources to meet customer service standards, and ensure people delivering customer service are competent to carry out their duties and understand the standards of customer service they are expected to deliver
- 3. Two examples of how you have taken responsibility for dealing with customers' requests and problems referred to you and ensured customers were kept informed about the actions you were taking to deal with their requests or problems
- 4. Two examples of how you continuously monitor the standards of customer service delivered, customers' requests and problems and feedback from staff and customers and make or recommend changes to processes, systems or standards order to improve customer service
- 5. Fully completing the knowledge assessment as set out in the unit either by recorded oral questioning or answers to written questions

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Suitable methods will include:

- Customer service data
- Personal statements (reflections on the process and reasoning behind quality service activities)
- Witness statements (comments on the quality customer service practices)
- Notes, reports, recommendations to managers of customer service problems or critical incidents
- Notes, emails, memos or other records of customer service improvements
- Personal statement (reflections on your own role in dealing with customer service challenges)

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

A portfolio or written report should be supplemented by oral questions to ensure all aspects of the evidence requirements are fully met.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All staff with supervisory or management responsibility in tourism occupations	D1.HRM.CL9.06

CMS3. UNIT TITLE: ORGANISE FUNCTIONS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required for organizing a hospitality function

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Prepare for the function

- P1. Gather information about the function, customer requirements and responsibilities
- P2. Brief colleagues and staff about the function and their responsibilities

E2. Supervise the the function

- P3. Oversee all service flows
- P4. Liaise with colleagues, staff and customers throughout the function
- P5. Ensure that the arrangements meet all organisational and legal requirements
- P6. Take appropriate action(s) to deal with any problems that may arise during the function

E3. Close down the function

- P7. Oversee closing down and clearing up after the function finishes
- P8. De-brief colleagues and staff after the function and evaluate how to make improvements
- P9. Receive and collate feedback from all those involved in the function
- P10. Complete all necessary records and forms relating to the function

- K1. Describe the organisation customer care policies are and how these relate to functions.
- K2. List the organisation record keeping policies in relation to functions
- K3. Explain how to obtain the customer specific requirements for the function, e. g. food, drink, special diets, table plan, entertainment
- K4. Describe the food and drinks available to support the function
- K5. State who is responsible for ordering/ organising the deliveries
- K6. List the equipment, facilities and capacity the venue to support the function
- K7. State who is responsible for allocation of staff and tasks
- K8. State who is responsible for briefing staff in relation to their responsibilities
- K9. Describe the Health & Safety/legal requirements that will affect the function and how this is to be communicated to all

- K10. Explain why it is important for clear and transparent communication channels in relation to the function
- K11. Explain the importance of anticipated any problems/challenges that may occur, prior, during and after the function
- K12. Explain how to inspect the venue prior and during the preparations to ensure that all is in order in relation to customer/organisation requirements
- K13. Explain how to effectively monitor the function at critical points
- K14. Explain how to liaise with key individuals effectively during the function
- K15. Describe the techniques to be adopted to clear function venues effectively
- K16. Explain how to carry-out post function inspection(s) on equipment and facilities
- K17. State who is responsible for reporting damage/ loss and the storage of equipment after the function
- K18. Describe the organisational/legal requirements are for clearing the venue after the function

1. Type of functions:

- Single functions
- Multi functions occurring at the same time
- Outdoor functions

2. People involved include:

- · Staff and colleagues
- Managers
- Customers
- Internal departments
- Other organisations

3. Problem solving for functions could include:

- · Equipment failure
- · Power failure
- · Staff availability
- · Commodities and supplies
- Customer problems
- · Unexpected changes in demand
- Others

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Performance evidence should include:

- 1. At least two documented records of preparation and planning of functions
- 2. At least two functions successfully delivered
- 3. At least two problems resolved during a function(s)
- 4. At least two functions evaluated and reviewed with full documentation and feedback forms

ASSESSMENT METHODS

A variety of assessment methods can be used including:

- Portfolio of workplace evidence
- Personal statements
- · Witness testimony
- Professional discussion

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

A portfolio or written report should be supplemented by oral questions to ensure all aspects of the evidence requirements are fully met.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Event Manager, F&B Manager, Banquet Sales Manager; Sale Manager	D1.HML.CL10.08

GAS6. UNIT TITLE: MANAGE DAILY OPERATIONS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to perform daily operations in a hotel, tourism or travel organisation.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Inspect key areas and equipment

- P1. Ensure main areas are clean and ready for use
- P2. Ensure all equipment and materials are in place

E2. Perform daily requisition procedures

- P3. Review all stocks and supplies
- P4. Ensure requisition orders are completed
- P5. Make purchase requests

E3. Review schedules

- P6. Ensure staffing schedules are up to date
- P7. Check schedules for any issues
- P8. Input data and backup

E4. Monitor performance standards

- P9. Review daily reports
- P10. Interpret data
- P11. Diagnose problems

E5. Monitor productivity standards

- P12. Review customer feedback
- P13. Review financial reports

E6. Maintain the security of premises and personnel

- P14. Ensure security records are maintained
- P15. Ensure personnel records are up to date
- P16. Review security and safety reports

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. Explain your method for carrying out daily inspection to key areas and equipment
- K2. Describe the daily requisitions procedure
- K3. Explain how you use guest's comments for quality improvement
- K4. Describe the organisations' security arrangements for the premises and personnel
- K5. Explain how performance and productivity data is used for planning and improvement

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Inspection of key areas could include:

- Restaurant, bar premises and bar equipment
- Floral displays
- Food and beverage promotional displays
- Lighting
- · Windows, mirrors and polished surfaces
- Station cleanliness
- Ventilation
- Cellars
- · Kitchens and stewarding
- Stores, pantry and room service
- · C&B Stores
- Waste areas
- · Staff locker and wash rooms
- Fire escapes and stair wells
- Service elevators
- Others

2. Daily requisition would include:

- Linen
- · Chemical
- Stationery
- Operating supplies
- Food & beverage items

3. Schedules would include:

- · Duty manager schedule
- Manager on Duty
- · Patrolling security
- · Staffing schedule

4. Performance standards would include:

- Preparing financial reports
- Calculating averages, ratios and percentages
- Interpreting specific results
- Identifying the difference between reports
- Diagnosing probable causes
- Calculating and monitoring a RevPAR

5. Productivity standards could include:

- · Quality control manual
- · Customer feedback
- · On-line reviews
- Staff feedback

6. Maintain the security of premises and personnel could include:

- Protecting database and documents
- Human resource records and headcount
- · Ensuring access to premises
- Ensuring fire protection system is in good condition

Important behaviours for supervisors/ managers include:

- Constructively challenge the status quo and seek better alternatives
- 2. Present information clearly, concisely, accurately and in ways that promote understanding
- 3. Give feedback to others to help them maintain and improve their performance
- 4. Continuously improve products and services
- 5. Comply with, and ensure others comply with, legal requirements, industry regulations, organisational policies and professional codes
- 6. Monitor the quality of work and progress against plans and take appropriate corrective action, where necessary
- 7. Develop systems to gather and manage information and knowledge effectively, efficiently and ethically
- 8. Use a range of legitimate strategies and tactics to influence people
- 9. Make effective use of available resources
- 10. Recognise stakeholders' needs and interests and manage these effectively
- 11. Build a plausible picture from limited data
- 12. Specify the assumptions made and risks involved in understanding a situation

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Performance assessment must include:

- 1. At least two requisition records and purchase orders
- 2. At least one security report
- 3. At least one customer feedback questionnaire and/or survey analysis
- 4. At least two completed inspection checklists
- 5. At least two staffing schedules
- 6. At least two financial reports

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Suitable assessment methods may include:

- Direct observation
- Written or oral questioning to assess aspects of specialised knowledge
- Naturally occurring evidence in the workplace
- Review of portfolios of evidence
- Review of third party workplace reports of on the job performance by the individual

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Head of Department, Manager, Manager on Duty	D1.HRM.CL9.03

RTS4.7. UNIT TITLE: APPLY RESPONSIBLE TOURISM TO FOOD AND BEVERAGE OPERATIONS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to apply responsible tourism principles to food and beverage operations such as in restaurants, kitchens and food outlets.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Inform customers of responsible tourism issues

- P1. Inform customers of restaurant environmental and water conservation policies
- P2. Inform guests of actions to save energy and manage waste in the kitchen and restaurant

E2. Implement energy saving practices

- P3. Ensure all equipment is cleaned and serviced regularly
- P4. Train staff to work efficiently and reduce energy usage

E3. Implement water efficiency practices

- P5. Place signage in restaurant and kitchen reminding staff to conserve water and report leaks
- P6. Train staff to ensure water saving in the most efficient manner
- P7. Present results of savings to staff to encourage them to continue to improved

E4. Avoid waste in food and beverage operations

- P8. Review recycling options in kitchens and restaurants
- P9. Monitor and measure waste and recycling levels

E5. Apply responsible tourism principles in purchasing and supplies

- P10. Establish a purchasing policy that favours environmentally-friendly products, and those that minimise energy, water and waste in the production process
- P11. Establish a purchasing policy that favours local suppliers if possible

- K1. Explain how to develop a company code of conduct for customers to follow in responsible tourism behaviour
- K2. Explain the methods used in your restaurant/ kitchen for saving energy, water and waste management
- K3. Explain the importance of adopting responsible tourism principles in food and beverage operations
- K4. Describe the procedures for energy consumption reduction in food and beverage operations
- K5. Describe the ways of saving water in food and beverage operations

- K6. Explain the ways of increasing the use of recycling in food and beverage operations
- K7. Define the significance of energy saving and minimizing waste
- K8. Explain how to raise awareness and build capacity of staff in sustainable tourism principles that relate to their day-to-day responsibilities
- K9. Describe how to set supplier sustainability targets for improvement
- K10. Explain how your restaurant or kitchen ensures energy and water saving and waste management in purchasing procedures

1. Principles of responsible tourism include:

- · Use natural resources optimally
- Respect and conserve socio-cultural authenticity
- Ensure viable, long-term economic benefits to all stakeholders

2. Energy saving practices could include:

- Ensure all restaurant or kitchen equipment is cleaned and serviced regularly
- Arrange for staff to prepare food efficiently and in large batches if possible
- Encourage reduction of equipment standby and pre-heating time
- Instruct kitchen staff to thaw food in the refrigerator overnight rather than using running water or microwaves

3. Water efficiency in food and beverage operations could include:

- Instruct staff to sweep or mop kitchen floors instead of using a hose
- Train staff to operate the dishwasher in the most efficient manner

4. Avoid waste in food and beverage operations could include:

- Implement recycling in kitchen and restaurant
- Arrange for separate and distinctive bins for food wastes, general wastes and recyclables
- Monitor your food waste and adjust inventory to minimise waste due to spoilage
- Develop daily production plans to minimise over-prepaping food that will then be wasted
- Arrange compost for food waste rather than sending it to the trash bin
- Offer customers environmentally friendly take-away containers for leftover food
- Instruct kitchen staff to collect cooking oils and fats for re-processing and reuse
- Discuss with chef about food portion sizes and how to adjust to avoid excessive food wastes
- Monitor and measure waste and recycling levels

5. Establish a responsible food and beverage purchasing policy and practice that includes:

- Buy in bulk and in concentrated form, such as beer and soft drinks on tap rather than cans and bottles
- Purchase recycled content and recyclable takeaway containers, cups, utensils and serviettes
- Purchase disposable utensils that minimise excess packaging, such as avoid individually wrapped items
- Establish a purchasing policy that favours environmentally-friendly products
- Purchase products that minimise energy, water and waste in the production process

- Encourage, generate and recognise innovative solutions
- 2. Constructively challenge the status quo and seek better alternatives
- 3. Try out new ways of working
- 4. Keep people informed of plans and developments in a timely way
- 5. Balance the diverse needs of different customers
- 6. Continuously improve products and services
- 7. Take repeated or different actions to overcome obstacles
- 8. Identify and raise ethical concerns
- 9. Take personal responsibility for making things happen
- 10. Monitor the quality of work and progress against plans and take appropriate corrective action, where necessary
- 11. Communicate a vision that inspires enthusiasm and commitment
- 12. Communicate clearly the value and benefits of a proposed course of action
- 13. Present ideas and arguments convincingly in ways that engage people

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc.

This Unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence or report on implementing responsible tourism principles in a hotel environment. Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/ managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Note that all evidence should remove names of personnel to protect the privacy of individuals and the organisation. Evidence must include:

- At least two occasions in your restaurant that inform customers about responsible tourism issues recorded and documented
- At least three examples of energy saving, water efficiency and waste avoidance activities recorded and documented
- 3. One example of responsible tourism principles applied to kitchen/restaurant purchasing and supplies
- 4. Fully completing the knowledge assessment as set out in the unit either by recorded oral questioning or answers to written questions.

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Suitable methods will include:

- · Portfolio of workplace evidence
- · Personal statements
- Witness testimony
- · Professional discussion

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

A portfolio or written report should be supplemented by oral questions to ensure all aspects of the Evidence requirements are fully met.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Managers/Supervisors in kitchens, restaurants and other food outlets	N/A

HRS2. UNIT TITLE: PLAN THE WORKFORCE

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to take a lead in identifying the workforce requirements of your department and how these will be satisfied. This standard is not intended for human resources specialists. It is relevant to managers who are responsible for planning the workforce across their department or their team.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Evaluate your future staffing needs

- P1. Engage appropriate people within your organisation and other key stakeholders in planning workforce requirements
- P2. Seek and make use of HR resources to assist in workforce planning activities, where necessary
- P3. Evaluate your organisation's strategic objectives and plans to obtain information needed for workforce planning purposes and identify any key issues for further consideration

E2. Review and identify the competences required

- P4. Identify the knowledge, skills and competence required to deliver your organisation's strategic objectives and plans
- P5. Review the capacity and capability of the current workforce to meet identified knowledge, skills and competence requirements
- P6. Identify any learning or development needs of the current workforce to meet requirements
- P7. Make sure that the diversity of the workforce provides a suitable mix of people to achieve its objectives

E3. Develop workforce and contingency plans

- P8. Develop workforce plans that meet the organisation's long, medium, and short-term requirements, making effective use of people from inside and from outside the organisation
- P9. Ensure employment contracts are appropriate to the needs of the organisation
- P10. Make sure that resources needed to recruit, develop, retain and redeploy people are available
- P11. Develop contingency plans to deal with unforeseen circumstances and maintain business continuity
- P12. Identify any recurring issues that cause people to leave your organisation and seek to address these

E4. Communicate and review workforce plans

- P13. Communicate workforce plans to relevant people
- P14. Review your workforce plans periodically and in the light of changes to your organisation's strategic objectives and plans

- K1. Explain how to engage employees and other stakeholders in workforce planning
- K2. Describe what an effective workforce plan should cover
- K3. Identify the information required to undertake workforce planning
- K4. Identify the legislation and requirements relating to employment, workers' welfare and rights, equality and health and safety
- K5. Explain how to take account of equality, diversity and inclusion issues in workforce planning
- K6. Describe the strategies and/or services which need to be in place for when people leave, including redundancy counselling
- K7. Explain the importance of putting contingency plans in place and how to do so effectively
- K8. Describe the different ways in which workforce requirements can be met, their advantages and disadvantages, costs and benefits

1. Evaluate your future staffing needs could include review of:

- · Staff appraisals
- · Job descriptions
- Training audits
- · Identified training needs
- Skills shortages

2. Review and identify the competences required could include:

- Identify the knowledge, skills and competence required
- Review the capacity and capability of the current workforce
- Identify any learning or development needs

3. Workforce and contingency plans can include:

- Succession planning
- · Adjusting to new business challenges

4. Communicate and review workforce plans

- · Initial discussions with key stakeholders
- · Regular updates on manpower planning

- Seize opportunities presented by the diversity of people
- 2. Identify people's preferred ways of communicating
- 3. Use communication media and styles appropriate to different people and situations
- 4. Comply with, and ensure others comply with, legal requirements, industry regulations, organisational policies and professional codes
- 5. Watch out for potential risks and hazards
- 6. Make effective use of existing sources of information
- 7. Identify systemic issues and seek to mitigate their impact on performance
- 8. Anticipate likely future scenarios based on realistic analysis of trends and developments
- 9. Work towards a clearly defined vision of the future
- 10. Take decisions in uncertain situations or based on incomplete information when necessary
- 11. Take and implement difficult and/or unpopular decisions, where necessary

This Unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence or report on aspects of managing discipline in a hospitality or tourism environment. Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Note that all evidence should remove names of personnel to protect the privacy of individuals and the organisation.

- 1. Two examples/cases/reports of how you evaluated your future staffing needs and reviewed and identified the competences required
- 2. Two examples of workforce planning and contingency plans to address future business needs and challenges
- 3. Two reports/examples of how you communicated workforce plans to relevant people

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc.

Suitable methods will include:

- Portfolio of workplace evidence to include notes of meetings, notes of discussion with individuals and colleagues, details of support and advice provided to individuals, record of feedback etc. (without named individuals)
- Observation
- Personal statements
- Witness testimony
- · Professional discussion

A portfolio or written report should be supplemented by oral questions to ensure all aspects of the evidence requirements are fully met.

Assessing knowledge and understanding:

Knowledge and understanding are key components of competent performance. Where knowledge and understanding (and the handling of contingency situations) is not apparent from performance evidence, it must be assessed by other means and be supported by suitable evidence such as:

- · Documented answers to oral questioning
- · Written examination

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Department or Division Managers in tourism organisations	D1.HML.CL10.10

GAS3. UNIT TITLE: ESTABLISH POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to establish policies and procedures relating to legal, regulatory, ethical and social requirements, and to communicate these policies and procedures to relevant people.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Develop operational policies

- P1. Develop operational polices and strategies based on monitoring of workplace needs and identification of opportunities for improvement and innovation
- P2. Develop scope and objectives of the required initiative based on enterprise goals, staff and customer feedback
- P3. Identify and analyse internal and external factors that may impact on the policy
- P4. Consult appropriate stakeholders during the development of the policy
- P5. Develop appropriate and financially-sound resource strategies
- P6. Develop administrative framework and systems capable of supporting the planned initiative
- P7. Identify and communicate clearly all priorities, responsibilities and timelines
- P8. Develop evaluation systems in consultation with appropriate colleagues

E2. Administer and monitor operational policy

- P9. Implement and evaluate identified actions in accordance with agreed priorities
- P10. Monitor performance indicators
- P11. Provide progress and other reports as required
- P12. Make assessment of the need for additional resource requirements and take appropriate action

E3. Conduct on-going evaluation

- P13. Review the operational policy to assess effectiveness in the workplace
- P14. Monitor performance
- P15. Identify problems and make adjustments accordingly
- P16. Incorporate the results of evaluation into on-going planning

- K1. Explain the key planning concepts and techniques including the structure of operational polices and steps in the planning process
- K2. Explain how to develop operational polices and strategies based on monitoring of workplace
- K3. Identify some of the internal and external factors that may impact on the policy
- K4. Explain the factors in developing appropriate and financially-sound resource strategies
- K5. Describe the administrative framework and systems capable of supporting the planned initiative
- K6. Describe the best channels to communicate priorities, responsibilities and timelines
- K7. Describe the progress and other reports used for monitoring policy implementation
- K8. Explain how the operational policy is evaluated to assess effectiveness in the workplace
- K9. Explain how you would incorporate the results of evaluation into on-going planning

1. Policies requiring development could include:

- Environment
- · Products and services
- Training
- · Workplace relations
- Finance
- · Asset management
- Others

2. Strategies may include:

- Client development
- · Geographic expansion
- Organisational growth
- Service growth
- · Debt reduction
- · Income development
- Others

3. Objectives may include:

- Sales figures
- · Revenues
- · Delivery times
- · Service standards
- · Client numbers
- Sales figures and targets
- · Booking levels
- · Customer or staff feedback
- Productivity gains
- · Guest satisfaction

4. Analyse internal and external factors may relate to:

- Capabilities and resources
- Trends and developments in the marketplace
- Comparative market information
- · Legal and ethical constraints

5. Stakeholders may include:

- Customers
- · Employees
- · Government agencies
- Owners
- · Suppliers
- Strategic alliance partners

6. Evaluate may include:

- · Key performance indicators
- Gap analysis
- Customer feedback
- · Compliance reports
- · Employee feedback

7. Performance indicators may include:

- Sales
- · Return on investment
- · Customer service
- · Debt servicing costs

8. Review the operational plan may relate to:

- · Quarterly reviews
- · Business plan cycle
- Major events triggering a review, e.g. change in market-place

9. Performance may relate to:

- · Market share
- Sales figures
- Customer satisfaction
- Staff retention

- 1. Seek opportunities to improve performance
- 2. Constructively challenge the status quo and seek better alternatives
- 3. Try out new ways of working
- 4. Present information clearly, concisely, accurately and in ways that promote understanding
- 5. Reflect on your experiences and use the lessons to guide your decisions and actions
- 6. Balance risks against the benefits that may arise from taking risks
- 7. Take personal responsibility for making things happen
- 8. Create a sense of common purpose
- 9. Anticipate likely future scenarios based on realistic analysis of trends and developments
- 10. Specify the assumptions made and risks involved in understanding a situation
- 11. Take timely decisions that are realistic for the situation

Assessment of units at level 3-5 is normally based on performance at work. Some units at levels 3-5 cannot be assessed by observation due to confidentiality, work constraints/environment etc.

This unit may be assessed holistically by means of a portfolio of evidence or report on planning and implementing responsible tourism policies and procedures in a hotel environment. Individuals are expected to demonstrate that they can apply relevant concepts to situations which they could face as supervisors/managers. They are also expected to suggest, justify and evaluate possible courses of actions which they may take to deal with situations and with challenges that they face as supervisors/managers in an organisation.

Note that all evidence should remove names of personnel to protect the privacy of individuals and the organisation. Evidence must include:

- Example of at least two operational policies/ strategies developed based on monitoring of workplace needs and identification of opportunities for improvement and innovation
- 2. Example of one operational policy implemented and evaluated in accordance with agreed priorities and performance indicators
- 3. Example of one operational policy monitored for performance, adjusted and incorporating the results of evaluation into on-going planning
- 4. Fully completing the knowledge assessment as set out in the unit either by recorded oral questioning or answers to written questions

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Suitable methods will include:

- Portfolio of workplace evidence (This could be minutes or notes of meetings, reports or recommendations from others)
- · Personal statements
- · Witness testimony
- · Professional discussion

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

A portfolio or written report should be supplemented by oral questions to ensure all aspects of the evidence requirements are fully met.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Managers in tourism occupations	D1.HGA.CL6.01

COS1. UNIT TITLE: USE THE TELEPHONE IN THE WORKPLACE

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required to use the phone in the workplace. It includes preparation to answer the phone effectively to handle all telephone situations.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Communicate effectively on the telephone

- P1. Prepare to answer the phone
- P2. Ensure the appropriate greeting style is applied
- P3. Speak clearly and slowly

E2. Initiate a telephone call

- P4. Prepare content for telephone conversation
- P5. Dial the number correctly
- P6. End the call courteously

E3. Transfer a call

- P7. Check if the transfer request is allowed or not
- P8. Inform the caller that the call will be transferred if applicable
- P9. Connect with a third party
- P10. Ensure the call is transferred promptly

E4. Place a call on hold

- P11. Inform the caller of the call status
- P12. Offer alternative contacts if the called party is engaged

E5. Take a message

- P13. Check if the caller wants to leave a message or voice mail message
- P14. Complete the message form after reconfirming all the details with the caller
- P15. Pass the message to the person concerned

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. List things that need to be ready for an effective telephone communication
- K2. State the property's greeting standard
- K3. Explain the importance of speaking clearly and slowly
- K4. Identify the information needed to prepare for the call
- K5. Describe how to end the call courteously
- K6. Explain how the call could be transferred
- K7. Explain how the call could be placed on hold
- K8. Identify what information is needed to complete a message form

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

Communicate effectively on the telephone includes:

- Using a telephone/switch board/headphone sets
- Greeting standards

2. Initiate a telephone call requires:

- · Paper/note pad
- Pen
- Telephone directory
- Telephone number
- Conversation content

3. Transfer a call requires:

- · Extension number list
- Telephone directory

4. Take a call message requires:

- Message form
- In-house guest/expected arrival list
- Message envelope

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS
 At least four telephone calls should be observed and monitored to ensure the standard is met Assessment should ensure the property's standards and procedures in using the phone in the workplace are followed 	 Observation of practical candidate performance Oral test, written questions and/or multiple choice test Third party reports completed by a supervisor Role play

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Food & Beverage, Waiter/Waitress, Receptionist/ Front Desk Agent, Guest Service Agent, Housekeeping Attendant, Kitchen, Security, Engineer, Tour Operator	D1.HRS.CL1.04 & D1.HOT.CL1.07

COS2. UNIT TITLE: WORK EFFECTIVELY WITH OTHERS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required to work in a hospitality or tourism environment promoting department/ team commitment and cooperation, supporting team members and dealing effectively with issues, problems and conflict.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Develop effective workplace relationships

- P1. Identify own responsibilities and duties in relation to department/team members
- P2. Undertake activities in a manner that promotes cooperation and good relationships
- P3. Encourage, acknowledge and act upon feedback provided by others in the department/team

E2. Contribute to department or team activities

- P4. Provide support to department or team members to ensure goals are met
- P5. Contribute to department/team goals and tasks according to organisational requirements
- P6. Share information relevant to work with department/team to ensure designated goals are met

E3. Deal effectively with issues, problems and conflict

- P7. Respect differences in personal values and beliefs and their importance in the development of relationships
- P8. Identify any linguistic and cultural differences in communication styles and respond appropriately
- P9. Identify issues, problems and conflict encountered in the workplace
- P10. Seek assistance from department/team members when issues, problems and conflict arise

- K1. List own responsibilities and duties in relation to department/team members
- K2. Explain how to undertake activities in a manner that promotes cooperation and good relationships
- K3. Explain how to act upon feedback provided by others in the department/team
- K4. Give examples of how to contribute to department or team activities
- K5. Describe how to support department or team members to ensure goals are met
- K6. Suggest ways to share information relevant to work with department/team to ensure designated goals are met

- K7. Explain how to deal effectively with issues, problems and conflict
- K8. Explain how to respect differences in personal values and beliefs
- K9. Explain how to respond to linguistic and cultural differences in communication styles
- K10. List the type of issues, problems and conflict encountered in the workplace
- K11. Explain how to get assistance from department/team members when issues, problems and conflict arise

The unit variables interpret the scope and context of this unit of competence, allowing for differences between different working environments and is appropriate for all tourism and hospitality job roles.

1. Responsibilities and duties may include:

- · Code of conduct
- Job description and employment arrangements
- · Skills, training and competencies
- Supervision and accountability
- Responsible and sustainable working practices

2. Department/team members may include:

- Peers/work colleagues/team/trainees/intern
- · Supervisor or manager

3. Feedback on performance may include:

- Formal/informal performance appraisals
- Feedback from supervisors and colleagues
- · Personal, reflective behaviour strategies

4. Support to team members may include:

- Explaining/clarifying
- Helping colleagues
- Problem solving
- Providing encouragement
- · Providing feedback to a team member
- · Undertaking extra tasks if necessary

5. Information to be shared may include:

- Acknowledging satisfactory performance
- Acknowledging unsatisfactory performance
- Assisting a colleague
- Clarifying the organisation's preferred task completion methods
- Encouraging colleagues
- · Open communication channels
- · Workplace hazards, risks and controls

6. Opportunities for improvement may include:

- Career planning/development
- Coaching, mentoring and/or supervision
- Formal/informal learning programmes
- Internal/external training provision
- Performance appraisals
- Personal study
- · Recognition of prior learning/experience

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Evidence of the following is required:

- 1. Two examples of providing support to team members to ensure goals are met
- 2. Two examples of seeking feedback from clients and/or colleagues and taking appropriate action
- 3. Two examples/cases of resolving conflicts in the workplace

Assessment must ensure:

- Access to an actual workplace or simulated environment
- Access to office equipment and resources
- Examples of problems, issues or conflicts that have been resolved

ASSESSMENT METHODS

A range of assessment methods should be used to assess practical skills and knowledge. The following examples are appropriate for this unit:

- Direct questioning combined with review of portfolios of evidence and third party workplace reports of on the job performance by the candidate
- Analysis of responses to case studies and scenarios
- · Demonstration of techniques
- Observation of demonstrated techniques in resolving conflict
- Observation of presentations
- Review of documentation identifying and planning strategies/opportunities for workgroup improvement

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Appropriate for all tourism job roles	(1) D1.HOT.CL1.02; (2) D1.HOT.CL1.11; (3) D1.HOT. CL1.01

COS3. UNIT TITLE: COMPLETE ROUTINE ADMINISTRATIVE TASKS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to perform routine clerical and administrative tasks in a hospitality or tourism business.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Prepare business documents

- P1. Prepare and process documents with appropriate office equipment in accordance with organisational procedures and within designated timelines
- P2. Draft basic communications using appropriate office equipment

E2. Read and respond to different business documents

- P3. Receive, clarify and assess requirements of instructions and/or directions in accordance with organisational policies and procedures
- P4. Read and interpret relevant details from instructions, directions and/or diagrams for application to particular jobs
- P5. Comply with directions or instructions within designated timelines

E3. Maintain information and filing systems

- P6. Maintain information and filing systems in accordance with organisational requirements
- P7. Update reference and index systems in accordance with organisational requirements
- P8. Retrieve files in response to information requests
- P9. Follow security and confidentiality procedures

- K1. Explain how to prepare and process different types of documents using different equipment
- K2. Describe the range of communication methods used in your work environment
- K3. List the organisational procedures used for different business documents
- K4. Describe the types of instructions, directions and/or diagrams used in your workplace
- K5. List the information and filing systems used in your organisation
- K6. List the reference and index systems used in your organisation
- K7. Describe the file retrieval system used in your organisation
- K8. Describe your organisation's security and confidentiality procedures

The Unit Variables provide advice to interpret the scope and context of this unit of competence, allowing for differences between different hospitality and tourism organisation.

1. Documents may include:

- Mail, such as incoming and outgoing correspondence, guest mail and courier
- Files, such as customer records, correspondence, financial records, receipts, invoices and orders
- Correspondence, such as letters, facsimiles, memos and reports and others
- Menus

2. Office equipment may include:

- Computer
- Photocopier
- Facsimile
- · Printer or scanner
- Others

3. Procedures may relate to:

- Hazard policies and procedures
- Emergency, fire and accident procedures
- Personal safety procedures
- · Use of motor vehicles
- Job procedures and work instructions

4. Instructions, directions and/or diagrams may include:

- Work instructions
- Directions on how to use equipment safely
- Directions on how to complete a task safely
- Diagrams that show safe working procedures
- Policies and procedures
- Manuals

5. Information/documentation may include:

- Workplace procedures, checklists and instructions
- · Goods identification numbers and codes
- Manufacturer's specifications
- Workplace policies
- Supplier and/or client instructions
- Legislation, regulations and related documentation
- Emergency procedures
- Others

6. Instructions and/or directions may relate to:

- · Letters
- Memos
- Faxes
- · Emails
- · Invoices and purchase orders
- · Policies and procedures
- Manuals
- Others

7. Information may include:

- Correspondence, such as faxes, memos, letters, email and other documents
- · Computer databases, customer records
- Sales records, including monthly forecasts, targets achieved
- Forms, including insurance forms, membership forms
- Invoices, such as from suppliers, to debtors
- Personnel records, including personal details, salary rates
- Information on training needs
- · Marketing reports/plans/budgets
- Financial figures
- Others

8. Organisational requirements may include:

- Security and confidentiality requirements
- Legal and organisational policy/guidelines and requirements
- Management and accountability channels
- Others

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Performance assessment must include:

- 1. Three examples of documents prepared and processed with appropriate office equipment in accordance with organisational procedures and within designated timelines
- 2. Three examples of processes that required following instructions and/or directions in accordance with organisational policies and procedures
- 3. Three examples of interpreting relevant details from instructions, directions and/or diagrams for application to particular jobs
- 4. Two examples of maintaining information and filing systems, retrieving files and archiving files in accordance with organisational requirements

ASSESSMENT METHODS

The following methods may be used to assess competency for this unit:

- Observation of practical candidate performance
- · Oral and written questions
- · Portfolio evidence
- Third party reports completed by a supervisor

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Front Office Staff, Travel and Tour Operator	D1.HOT.CL1.05 & 06;
Companies	D1.HGA.CL6. 03, 06, 07 & 12

COS4. UNIT TITLE: USE ENGLISH AT A BASIC OPERATIONAL LEVEL

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required to converse orally in English in the workplace at a basic operational level.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Make simple conversation

- P1. Respond to opening comments
- P2. Comment on familiar topics
- P3. Conclude a conversation

E2. Respond to simple requests

- P4. Confirm understanding of instructions or requests
- P5. Request clarification of instructions or requests

E3. Make simple requests

- P6. Use polite forms to make simple requests
- P7. Thank the person responding to your request

E4. Express preferences

- P8. Talk about likes and dislikes
- P9. Discuss preferences and give reasons

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- Respond to opening comments and make simple conversation
- K2. Comment on familiar topics and conclude a conversation
- K3. Make and respond to simple requests
- K4. Confirm understanding and request clarification of instructions or requests
- K5. Describe routine procedures and explain a sequence of routine job tasks
- K6. Make suggestions on how to improve routine procedures or in communication with guests
- K7. Express likes, dislikes and preferences and give preferences and reasons

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

This unit applies where conversing in English at a basic operational level is required within all divisions of the hospitality and tourism industry and includes all staff with guest contact.

1. Opening comments may include:

- How are you? Did you have a good trip? How can I help you?
- · Others

2. Familiar topics may include:

- Giving directions; providing advice on the best places to shop, eat, visit etc; providing advice about a customer's special needs; providing information; referring a customer complaint to a supervisor; safety & healthy related information
- · Others

3. Closing remarks may include:

- I hope you enjoy your stay/tour; Goodbye and I hope we see you again soon; Thank you for staying here; Please enjoy your tour
- Others

4. Ways to seek clarification may include:

- Asking the person to repeat themselves, e.g. would you mind saying that again? Would you mind spelling it? Sorry I didn't catch that. Sorry I missed that, Can you go over that again? Can you say that again please?
- Seeking clarification, e.g. Can you please confirm you want to check out tomorrow? Are you looking for an all-day or half-day tour?

5. Polite forms used for making requests may include:

 Please can you provide your driving licence for the hired car? Would you mind waiting for five minutes while I deal with this guest?

6. Avoiding jargon in conversations with guests:

- Your room rate is US\$100 plus plus/net
- We are pleased to offer you FOC breakfast

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Assessment should ensure that the person can communicate effectively in the following situations:

- 1. Respond to opening comments and make simple conversation
- 2. Comment on familiar topics and conclude a conversation
- 3. Make and respond to simple requests
- 4. Confirm understanding and request clarification of instructions or requests
- 5. Describe routine procedures and explain a sequence of routine job tasks
- 6. Make suggestions on how to improve routine procedures
- 7. Express likes, dislikes and preferences and give preferences and reasons

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Assessment must ensure actual or simulated workplace application of situations where people converse at a basic operational level with guests or customers or in a classroom environment where the person can demonstrate their ability to communicate in basic English

The following methods may be used to assess competency for this unit:

- Observation of practical candidate performance
- Interviews
- · Role plays
- · Oral and written guestions

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All tourism occupations	D1.LAN.CL1.01

COSS. UNIT TITLE: MAINTAIN INDUSTRY KNOWLEDGE

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required to source, maintain and use hospitality and tourism industry knowledge in a range of settings in the workplace.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Source current information on the hospitality and tourism industry

- P1. Access sources of information on the hospitality and tourism industry relevant to job requirements
- P2. Obtain information on the hospitality and tourism industry to assist effective work performance

E2. Use industry information to inform best practice

- P3. Obtain and distribute information as required by customers or guests
- P4. Conduct work activities in accordance with legal requirements and ethical standards
- P5. Apply industry knowledge and information to the day-to-day operation of the hospitality or tourism business

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. Identify sources of reliable information on the Internet and elsewhere to update industry knowledge
- K2. Describe the different sectors of the hospitality and tourism industry and their inter relationships
- K3. Explain the role and function of two of the following sectors: food and beverage, front office, food production/kitchen operations, housekeeping, travel agencies and tour operations/tour guiding
- K4. Explain what is meant by quality and continuous improvement in hospitality and tourism and the role of individual staff members in maintaining quality services
- K5. Provide examples of responsible tourism ncluding energy saving, waste minimization and recycling
- K6. Describe two basic laws, regulations or guidelines that apply to the hospitality and tourism industries and effect how a staff member conducts his/her work

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

This unit applies to maintaining hospitality and tourism industry knowledge and may include:

- Hotel operations
- · Travel and tour operations
- · Tour guiding
- Event management
- Other tourism related industries such as transport, airlines and spa and leisure etc.

2. Information may relate to:

- Different sectors and relationships between travel and hospitality
- Environmental issues and requirements, including responsible and sustainable tourism
- Work ethic required to work in the industry
- Industry expectations of staff
- · Quality assurance
- Guest service information such as itineraries, airline or road travel, local attractions etc.
- Information on local banks, hospitals, embassy and others

3. Sources of information may include:

- Internet (check reliability)
- Media
- Tourism associations
- · Industry associations
- · Industry journals
- · Information services
- · Personal observation and experience
- · Colleagues, supervisors and managers
- · Industry contacts, mentors and advisors
- Others

4. Other industries may include:

- Entertainment
- Food production
- · Wine production
- Recreation
- · Meetings and events
- Retail
- Others

5. Legal issues which impact on the industry include:

- Consumer protection
- Duty of care
- Equal employment opportunity
- · Anti-discrimination
- Workplace relations
- Child sex tourism

6. Ethical issues impacting to the industry include:

- Confidentiality
- Commission procedures
- Overbooking
- Pricing
- Tipping
- · Gifts and services free of charge
- · Product recommendations
- Others

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

This is a core unit that underpins effective performance in all other units; combined training and assessment may be appropriate:

- 1. Evidence of ability to source various information from at least two sources
- 2. Evidence of ability to source at least three different types of information related to work performance
- 3. Evidence of obtaining and distributing three types of information as required by customers or guests
- 4. Two examples of conducting work activities in accordance with company legal requirements and ethical standards
- 5. Two examples of applying industry knowledge and information to the day-to-day operation of the hospitality or tourism business

ASSESSMENT METHODS

For the learner to reach the required standard there should be evidence performance gathered through observation, work evidence and questioning:

- Observation of practical candidate performance
- Oral and written questions
- Third party reports completed by a supervisor
- · Role play

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All occupational areas in tourism businesses	D1.HOT.CL1.08

COS6. UNIT TITLE: PROVIDE BASIC FIRST AID

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to perform basic first aid in a range of settings within a hospitality and tourism environment.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Perform immediate lifesaving first aid pending the arrival of medical aid

- P1. Ensure casualty is comfortable before requesting medical aid
- P2. Place unconscious casualty in stable side position and clear the airways to promote breathing in accordance with established first aid procedures
- P3. Stem casualty with external bleeding by following standard first aid procedures

E2. Apply basic first aid

- P4. Provide first aid using established first aid procedures and available resources and equipment
- P5. Monitor casualty's condition and respond in accordance with accepted first aid principles
- P6. Seek first aid assistance from others in a timely manner
- P7. Record accidents and injuries in accordance with organisational procedures

E3. Adapt first aid procedures for remote situations

- P8. Care for injured person in remote conditions until help arrives, including the monitoring of airway, breathing and heartbeat, the control of pain, hydration and the maintenance of body temperature.
- P9. Correctly care for casualty with 'severe injuries' in a remote situation, including preparation for transport

E4. Communicate details of the incident

- P10. Request appropriate medical assistance using the most relevant and appropriate communication mechanism
- P11. Convey details of casualty's condition and first-aid management activities accurately to emergency services or other personnel
- P12. Prepare reports to supervisors in a timely manner, presenting all relevant facts

- K1. Describe first aid situations that may occur in the workplace and appropriate first aid action, treatments and solutions
- K2. List relevant health legislation and procedures
- K3. Explain the priorities of first aid care
- K4. Explain first aid procedures for:
 - a. Conducting an initial patient first aid assessment
 - b. Managing injuries
 - c. Carrying out resuscitation techniques
 - d. Reporting on first aid situations and action taken
- K5. Describe techniques for management and care of casualties in various first aid situations, including:
 - a. Acute illness and/or injury
 - b. Wounds and bleeding
 - c. Burns
 - d. Bone, joint and muscle injuries
- K6. Explain causes of respiratory failure and breathing difficulty

- K7. Describe the DRABC action plan for the identification and control of danger, loss of consciousness and response, loss of airway, breathing and circulation. RED: rest, elevate and direct pressure for bleeding cases
- K8. List the symptoms and signs of the most common causes of unconsciousness:
 - a. Poisoning, bites and stings
 - b. Sprains and strains
 - c. Fractures (simple, compound and complicated)
 - d. Dislocated joints
 - e. Head, neck and back injuries
 - f. Severe internal bleeding
 - g. Abdominal, pelvic and chest injuries
 - h. Shock as a result of severe injury
 - i. Angina pain, heart attack and heart failure
 - i. Burns and associated shock
- K9. Explain the safety precautions needed to prevent accidents, illness and injuries and infection in remote area situations
- K10. Describe communication techniques related to the provision of first aid

The unit variables provide advice to interpret the scope and context of this unit of competence, allowing for differences between organisations and workplaces. It relates to the unit as a whole and facilitates holistic assessment.

This unit applies to performing basic first aid procedures within hotel and tourism businesses and may include: Front Office, Housekeeping, Food and Beverage Service, Food Preparation, Travel and Tour Operations, Tour Guiding, On-site Tour Guiding, Tourist Boat Services.

1. Physical hazards may include:

- Workplace hazards, e.g. machinery, vehicles, environment
- Hazards associated with managing casualty, such as being bitten, confused, casualty becomes violent
- · Bodily fluids
- · Risk of further injury to the casualty

2. Casualty's vital signs and physical condition are managed for:

- · Response, i.e. conscious or unconscious
- · Airways, i.e. blocked, likely to become blocked
- Breathing, e.g. regular, irregular, possible problem with lungs
- Circulation, e.g. pulse, heart-beat is strong/ weak, or racing pulse
- · Possible neck or back injury
- Shock
- · Allergic reaction/s
- Bleeding

3. First aid management may include:

- Management of external bleeding and shock
- Management of minor wounds and infection control
- Management of venomous bites and stings/ poisons/allergic reactions
- Management of fractures
- · Management of head and spinal injuries
- Management of airways including asthma

4. First aid may include:

- Resuscitation techniques
- · CPR (Cardio pulmonary resuscitation) technique
- · Bleeding and wound care
- · Burns and scalds care
- Infection control
- Bandaging/splinting

5. Seek first aid assistance may include:

- Obtaining co-worker support
- · Obtaining support from first aider
- Requesting emergency services assistance
- Requesting medical assistance
- Following hotel policy (helping guest to buy medicine or offering medicine to guests)

6. Details may relate to:

- · Casualties conditions
- Location
- Assistance provided
- · Number of casualties
- Assistance required

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

This unit will be difficult to assess by observation of work practices unless there are medical emergencies that the person is directly involved with in the workplace. Therefore the most likely method of assessment will be simulation in a controlled environment.

Assessment should ensure:

- 1. Knowledge of company policies and procedures in regard to administering first aid
- 2. Knowledge of policies and procedures in regard to completing records of first aid
- 3. Ability to apply the basic principles of administering first aid in a simulated situation for 3 incidents
- Ability to carry out necessary procedures to manage a life-threatening situation for 2 incidents
- 5. Demonstration of CPR and resuscitation techniques on one occasion

ASSESSMENT METHODS

This unit may be assessed in a simulated situation in order to provide experience in applying the competencies:

- Assessment should include practical demonstration through a simulation activity, supported by a range of methods to assess underpinning knowledge
- Assessment must relate to the individual's work area or area of responsibility
- Knowledge can be tested by oral or written questioning
- · Role play

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All tourism staff working in a variety of businesses and occupational areas	D1.HOT.CL1.12

COS7. UNIT TITLE: PROVIDE SAFETY AND SECURITY

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required in being safe in the workplace and being responsible for the safety and security of yourself and others. It is about identifying hazards, minimising risks and contributing to the security of the workplace.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Minimise risks to people and property in the workplace

- P1. Follow agreed safety procedures to minimise risks to people and property
- P2. Maintain the security of the workplace following agreed procedures
- P3. Ensure your own safety and security and that of others in your immediate workplace
- P4. Behave in a way that minimise the risks to yourself and others

E2. Take action to deal with security and safety risks

- P5. Take appropriate action in the event of incidents involving the security and safety of self and others
- P6. Take appropriate measures to ensure you can work safely with aggressive and difficult customers
- P7. Take appropriate action in the event of identifying the risk of danger to individuals

E3. Provide basic security services

- P8. Operate basic security equipment in a work place or other establishment
- P9. Escort, carry and store valuable items

E4. Recording and reporting hazards and incidents

- P10. Report potential hazards in the workplace to the appropriate person
- P11. Report and record incidents following agreed procedures

- K1. Explain why risks should be assessed and reported
- K2. Describe what actions should be taken for different types of risks
- K3. State your personal responsibility for maintaining safety and security of yourself and others in the workplace
- K4. Describe the legal responsibilities of employers and employees in relation to health and safety in the workplace
- K5. Describe your role in maintaining health, safety and security in your immediate workplace
- K6. List the procedures to follow for different emergencies

- K7. Describe the ways of identifying aggressive behaviours and actions to take to ensure own safety
- K8. Explain how to identify hazards and report them
- K9. List some ways of minimising risks in the workplace
- K10. Explain how to operate basic security equipment in work place or other establishment
- K11. Describe the process to escort, carry and store valuable items
- K12. List the required reporting arrangements in the event of accidents and incidents

Safety procedures to minimise risks and provide security to people and property would include:

- Procedures issued by the organisation
- Government occupational health and safety legislation

2. Minimising risks to yourself and others would include:

- Ensuring safety of guests and customers
- Ensuring you do not take unnecessary risks

3. Incidents involving the security and safety of self and others could include:

- Fire
- Bomb threats
- Intruders
- Theft
- Weather
- Food poisoning
- Accidents
- · Others

4. Appropriate measures to ensure you can work safely with aggressive and difficult customers may include:

- · Trying to calm the customer
- Avoiding confrontation and physical action
- Calling for help from colleagues or security
- Involving management

5. Basic security equipment in work place or other establishment may include:

- · Walkie-talkie handsets
- · Security cameras
- Key control
- · Security boxes
- Others

Escort, carry and store valuable items may include:

- Guest valuables
- Valuable equipment such as computers and cameras
- Staff personal property
- Others

7. Hazards may include:

- Lifting and pushing e.g. handling heavy or awkward shaped objects
- Slips, trips, falls e.g. slipping on a wet floor or tripping on uneven surfaces
- Hot surfaces and substances e.g. hot plates, pans and splashes from hot oils or liquids
- Cutting equipment e.g. knives and electric meat slicers
- · Damaged furniture
- Obstructions e.g. doors, passageways and rooms
- · Chemicals or cleaning fluids

8. Report and record incidents following agreed procedures may include:

- Incident report form
- · Shift report form
- · Official accident or personal injury record
- Equipment damage form
- · Bomb threat report
- · Guest in-house report
- · The most updated duty roster

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Where actual incidents have taken place, been addressed and reported, evidence from workplace supervisors should be included. Otherwise, these competences will need to be assessed through simulation, role play and other activities due to the nature of the issues being assessed.

Evidence should show the person is able to:

- 1. Take appropriate measures with aggressive and difficult customers on two occasions
- 2. Operate basic security equipment in a work place or other establishment on one occasion
- 3. Escort, carry and store valuable items on one occasion
- 4. Record and report hazards and incidents on two occasions

Have knowledge of:

- Agreed safety procedures to minimise risks to people and property
- 2. Know how to take action to deal with security and safety risks

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Assessment for this unit may be either from actual workplace incident reports and supervisor witness statements. If this cannot be assessed in the workplace, then assessment would involve:

- Simulation of emergency situations/role play
- Written test or oral questioning of the trainee to establish their understanding of the competences for this unit

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All staff in tourism occupations	D1.HSS.CL4.01

COS8. UNIT TITLE: RESPOND TO EMERGENCIES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to respond to fire, security threats and medical emergencies.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Assist with the local implementation of emergency procedures

- P1. Ensure customers are clear that you are fully aware of the main details of the emergency and your role to assist with it
- P2. Ensure customers' morale and goodwill is maintained through the minimisation of any inconvenience
- P3. Maintain an appropriate balance between the needs of individuals and the needs of the group as a whole
- P4. Ensure all people affected by the emergency are kept up to date and offered re-assurance, when necessary

E2. Respond to fire in the premises

- P5. Establish nature and location of alarm
- P6. Contact emergency services and management as appropriate
- P7. Sound the alarm and provide first response assistance
- P8. Assist with evacuation of premises
- P9. Ensure access and assistance to emergency services upon their arrival

E3. Respond to security threats

- P10. Manage guests/customers who are displaying inappropriate behaviour
- P11. Secure unsecured areas
- P12. Respond to suspicious packages
- P13. Respond to bomb threats

E4. Respond to medical emergencies

- P14. Identify physical hazards and minimize risks to own and others' health and safety
- P15. Assess casualty's vital signs and physical condition in accordance
- P16. Apply basic first aid techniques in accordance with established first aid procedures and available resources and equipment
- P17. Monitor casualty's condition and respond to the casualty's condition in accordance with accepted first aid principles
- P18. Seek first aid assistance from others in a timely manner

- K1. Describe steps to take in the event of any emergency
- K2. List the particular tasks that staff may be expected to perform in the event of an evacuation
- K3. Explain the different types of fire and which extinguisher class should be used on each
- K4. List the steps to take on discovering a fire and fire hazards in the Front Office area
- K5. List the steps to be taken on hearing an alarm

- K6. Explain what are the objectives of first aid
- K7. List the main types of injury that may be encountered in the work place
- K8. Describe first aid procedures for a variety of emergency traumas and situations
- K9. Describe in detail what steps should be taken for each of the types of injury
- K10. Describe the procedure to adopt when taking a bomb threat call

1. Emergencies may include:

- Fire
- · Hurricanes, floods, and mudslides
- Explosion
- · Power failure
- · Civil disturbance
- · Mass/Food poisoning
- · Elevator break down
- Bomb threat
- Other

2. Emergency numbers should include:

- Fire department 114
- · Ambulance -115
- · Police -113
- · Hotel General Manager
- · Hotel Security Manager
- · Duty manager
- · Hotel ERT (Emergency Response Team) list

3. Hazards/Risks may include but are not limited to:

- Physical hazards: impact, illumination, pressure, noise, vibration, temperature, radiation
- Biological hazards: bacteria, viruses, plants, parasites, mites, moulds, fungi, insects
- Chemical hazards: dusts, fibres, mists, fumes, smoke, gasses, vapours

4. Ergonomic injuries may include:

- Psychological factors over exertion/excessive force, awkward/static positions, fatigue, direct pressure, varying metabolic cycles
- Physiological factors monotony, personal relationships etc

5. Fire detection and fire fighting systems may include:

- · Fire detection devices and systems
- Portable fire extinguishers
- · Fire blankets
- Sprinkler systems
- Fire pumps main and emergency fire pump
- Fire hoses, hydrants
- Smoke detectors
- Alarm bells
- Others

6. Using types of extinguishers may include:

- Use water extinguishers for carbonaceous fires only
- Use dry powder, Co2 and gas extinguishers for all categories of fire including electrical
- Use foam for oil or petrol fires, not electrical
- Fire blankets may be used on all categories

7. Types of injury can include:

- · Small cuts and grazes
- Electric shocks
- Minor heat burns
- · Chemical burns from acid or alkali
- Heart attack
- A stroke
- Nervous shock
- Others

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Where actual incidents have taken place, been addressed and reported, evidence from workplace supervisors should be included. Otherwise, these competences will need to be assessed through simulation, role play and other activities due to the nature of the issues being assessed.

Evidence should show (through direct observation or simulation) that the person is able to:

- Give guests instructions as to where to find the nearest exit in the event of emergency on two occasions.
- 2. Use the correct fires extinguisher on the correct type of fire (simulation) on one occasion
- 3. Communicate effectively with others as required during fire prevention activities and fire emergencies (simulation) on one occasion
- 4. Demonstrate first aid procedures for two emergency situations (simulation)
- 5. Recognise and know how to deal with security threats (oral or written test)

ASSESSMENT METHODS

The following methods may be used to assess competency for this unit:

- Case study
- Observation of practical candidate performance
- Practical exercises
- · Role plays
- Oral and written questions
- Problem solving
- Third party reports completed by a supervisor

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All tourism occupations	D1.FO.CL2.03

COS10. UNIT TITLE: USE COMMON BUSINESS TOOLS AND TECHNOLOGY

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to use common business tools and technology.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Access and use common business tools

- P1. Identify and access business tools required to achieve work outcomes in compliance with the organisational policy and procedures
- P2. Use business tools efficiently and effectively and in compliance with the organisational policy and procedures
- P3. Obtain and maintain business tools required to support workplace activities
- P4. Store business tools in accordance with organisational procedures and to reduce theft and fraudulent activity

E2. Select and use common business technology

- P5. Select appropriate business technology and/or software applications to achieve the requirements of work task
- P6. Use technology in a way which promotes a safe work environment

E3. Maintain technology

- P7. Identify and replace used technology consumables in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and organisational requirements
- P8. Carry out and/or arrange routine maintenance to ensure that equipment is maintained in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and organisational requirements
- P9. Identify equipment faults and take appropriate action in accordance with manufacturer's instructions or by seeking specialized assistance

- K1. List and explain sources of information and advice on common business tools and technology relevant to the industry sector
- K2. List and describe the current technology options as appropriate to industry sector, including both hardware and software and their general features and capabilities
- K3. Explain the typical equipment maintenance procedures conducted by operational staff as opposed to specialist maintenance personnel
- K4. List and describe the key factors in achieving productivity and efficiency from common business tools and technology, including effective monitoring and reporting of faults and regular maintenance.

This unit standard covers the following range:

1. Business tools may include:

- Information, knowledge and other intellectual resources
- Finances
- Facilities
- Equipment
- Stock and supplies

2. Business technology may include:

- Computer equipment
- Digital cameras
- Security surveillance technology
- · Hand-held input devices
- · Communication systems

3. Software applications may include:

- Accounting packages
- · Database packages
- · Presentation packages
- Internet browsers

4. Work task may relate to:

- Processing reservations
- Undertaking stock takes
- Processing financial records
- Producing documentation

5. Consumables may include:

- Toner
- Discs
- USB drives
- · External hardware

6. Routine maintenance may relate to:

- Using up-to-date antivirus programs
- Backing up files before major maintenance
- · Reviewing and updating program

7. Specialized assistance may include:

- Internal maintenance support
- External maintenance support
- · Use of commercial 'help' desks
- Contractors
- Manufacturers

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Performance assessment must include: 1. Observation of at least two business tools used 2. At least two business technologies applied to a particular situation or problem	 Suitable assessment methods may include: Case studies Observation of practical candidate performance Oral and written questions Third party reports completed by a supervisor Work products

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Most staff in tourism occupations	D2.TCC.CL1.13

GES1. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE FOR WORK

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required for timekeeping, personal grooming and hygiene, uniforms, professional behaviours and preparing the work area for the shift.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Report for work

- P1. Report on time and log in
- P2. Use staff changing areas for washing, dressing and personal preparation
- P3. Turn off any personal communications devices and ensure that they are locked in a safe place in accordance with organisation policy
- P4. Go directly to work area and sign in if a departmental attendance sheet is used
- P5. Make presence known to other colleagues and/or supervisor

E2. Ensure grooming and personal hygiene

- P6. Ensure uniform is clean, tidy and safety
- P7. Ensure personal grooming is up to standard required

E3. Apply professional behaviour

- P8. Listen carefully and respond courteously to guests or customers
- P9. Communicate professionally on business matters
- P10. Ensure the requisite equipment is available to hand
- P11. Ensure that personal behaviour brings credit to the property or organisation

E4. Prepare the work area for the shift

- P12. Read the log book and make a note of any points for action
- P13. Take notes relevant to your work at the shift briefing
- P14. Attend shift briefing and review your duties for the shift
- P15. Review staff movements and arrivals of groups and VIPs
- P16. Check equipment and stock levels
- P17. Organise the work area in a professional way

- K1. Describe the sequence of procedures when reporting for work
- K2. Describe the basic grooming and personal hygiene procedures
- K3. Describe what levels of courtesy may be expected by a guest of a service agent
- K4. List what personal habits will cause damage to reputation and displeasure to guests
- K5. Describe the steps that should be taken prior to starting a shift and what actions to take as a result

1. Professional behaviour should include:

- Posture: stand straight with hands aside or behind, never crossed and not leaning or resting against furnishings
- Walk quietly without shuffling feet
- Speech must be clear without shouting or mumbling
- Anger, impatience, sarcasm or boredom should not be shown
- Communication between staff should be discrete and away from guests
- Guests must be recognised and acknowledged promptly and assisted with requirements whenever needed
- Communication with guests should be limited to matters concerning service, organization, department matters or local tourism facilities
- In public areas, staff should not cough, sneeze, sniff, pick nose or teeth, hawk or spit, scratch, lick ends of fingers, belch, yawn, stretch or show any other antisocial behaviour
- Drinks and meals must be taken at the appointed times in the staff area
- Water may be taken during service back-of-house
- Professional staff must not be intoxicated, smell of alcohol or take alcohol during work hours
- Follow organisation policies and procedures

2. Reporting procedure should include:

- Being early for shift and ensuring uniform and grooming is to a high standard
- Using the recording device used in the establishment whether a punch card, clocking device, ID card scanner or manual system

3. Preparing the work area for the shift could include:

- The log book must be consulted every shift to note past difficulties, actions taken, messages for imminent situations and irregularities
- The arrivals and departures list (whether manual or a computerised screen) should be consulted to ensure that there are enough rooms, to foresee shortages, back-to-back turn-around or special requirements
- Conference and banqueting activity should be known so that guests can be directed to the correct rooms, billing procedures anticipated and associated rooming accommodated.
 Signage should be present and correct
- Group and airline activity should be monitored so that high volume check-ins and check-outs can be anticipated and prepared for
- Special arrangements and amenities for VIPs should be checked with the relevant departments (housekeeping, F&B)
- Check equipment, stock levels (stationery, vouchers, keys...)

4. Grooming & personal hygiene includes:

- Clean hair over the collar for men, tied back for women if long
- Strong smelling lotions or perfumes should not be used
- Hands must be clean at all times, washed after smoking or visiting the toilet
- Only a wedding ring, stud earring, simple necklace and watch should be worn. No bracelets (ankle or wrist), piercings, loose chains or bangles to be worn
- Ensure make up is plain and simple (for female staff) and face is clean-shaven, unless moustache or beard is permitted (for male staff)
- Ensure body is washed and free of unpleasant odours and that hands are clean and fingernails trimmed
- Ensure fresh breath and clean teeth
- A clean shirt/blouse, underwear, socks/tights must be worn at each service period
- All outer garments must be ironed and cleaned regularly or whenever dirty
- · Shoes must be clean and polished
- Name badge (as required) must be worn in uniform manner, straight and clean

ASSESSMENT GUIDE Performance assessment must include documentation of the following: Record of at least three occasions of good timekeeping and reporting Record of at least three occasions of good personal hygiene and grooming with correct uniform Record of at least two customer interactions Record of at least two occasions of attendance ASSESSMENT METHODS The following methods may be used to assess competency for this unit: Observation of practical candidate performance Oral and written questions Third party reports completed by a supervisor

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All staff in tourism occupations	DH1.HFO.CL2.03 1.1, 1.2, 1.3

at shift briefings

GES2. UNIT TITLE: RECEIVE AND RESOLVE COMPLAINTS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to receive and resolve customer complaints in a range of settings within the in the hospitality and tourism industry workplace.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Identify and analyse the complaint

- P1. Receive and accurately record a verbal complaint using active listening and empathy techniques
- P2. Identify through appropriate communication techniques the exact nature of the customer's complaint
- P3. Maintain register or complaint file in accordance with procedures

E2. Respond to complaints

- P4. Reassure the customer that their complaint will be handled as quickly as possible in order to resolve the problem
- P5. Process complaint in accordance with organisation standards, policies and procedures
- P6. Obtain and review documentation in relation to complaint
- P7. Update register of complaints

E3. Determine action and resolve complaint

- P8. Agree and confirm action to resolve the complaint with the customer
- P9. Demonstrate a commitment to the customer to resolve the complaint
- P10. Inform customer of outcome of investigation of complaint

E4. Refer significant complaints

- P11. Identify complaints that require referral to other personnel, managers or external parties
- P12. Refer complaint to appropriate personnel for follow-up in accordance with individual level of responsibility
- P13. Forward all necessary documentation including investigation reports to appropriate personnel
- P14. Escalate complaints which cannot be resolved to an appropriate person

- K1. Describe different types of common complaints
- K2. Describe the process for handling a simple complaint
- K3. Describe the factors in considering handling guests from different cultures
- K4. Explain how to record a verbal complaint using active listening and empathy techniques
- K5. Relate how to maintain a register or complaint file in accordance with procedures
- K6. Explain the process for resolving a customer problem and informing the customer of the outcome of investigation of complaint
- K7. Explain the procedure for referring significant complaints

This unit applies to complaints received by any department in the hotel, restaurant or tour and travel company.

Complaints may be related to any expression of dissatisfaction with service by a customer and could include:

- Written complaints, e.g. letter, email, on website, through social media etc.
- · Complaint or feedback form
- · Verbal, face-to-face and over the telephone

2. Appropriate communication techniques may be:

- The use of active listening with open and closed questions
- Speaking clearly and concisely and using appropriate language and tone of voice
- Giving customers full attention by maintaining eye contact in face-to face interactions
- Note-taking during the conversation

3. Organisational standards, policies and procedures may include:

- Complaint handling procedures
- Organisational standard report forms
- Job descriptions
- Code of ethics
- Quality systems, standards and guidelines
- Insurance/liabilities policies

4. Inform customer of outcome may include:

- Providing documentation and/or evidence that supports customer complaint
- Information (verbal or written) that directly relates to the complaint being investigated
- Information (verbal or written) that is presented in a calm and accurate manner

5. Appropriate person may include:

- Immediate superior within the organisational hierarchy
- · Specialist customer service staff

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

For the learner to reach the required standard there should be evidence performance gathered through observing the work for:

- 1. At least two types of customers
- 2. At least two types of complaints
- 3. At least two types of communication methods
- 4. At least two examples of information provided to customers

ASSESSMENT METHODS

This unit may be assessed on or off the job:

- Assessment should include practical demonstration of complaint resolution processes either in the workplace or through a simulation activity, supported by a range of methods to assess underpinning knowledge
- Assessment must relate to the individual's work area or area of responsibility

The following methods may be used to assess competency for this unit:

- Case studies
- Observation of practical candidate performance
- · Oral and written questions
- · Portfolio evidence
- Problem solving
- Role plays
- Third party reports completed by a supervisor
- · Project and assignment work

ACCSTP REF All customer-facing staff in hotels, restaurants or travel and tour operator companies, e.g. Guest Service Agent, Receptionist, Cashier, Concierge, Supervisor ACCSTP REF D1.HOT.CL1.11

GES3. UNIT TITLE: CLOSE DOWN THE SHIFT

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required for closing down the operating shift. It includes preparation for the next shift and securing the facility at the end of operations.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Prepare for shift close down

- P1. Check all equipment is in order
- P2. Rearrange and tidy up workplace
- P3. Reconcile any cash received during shift

E2. Prepare for next shift

- P4. Prepare information on events or incidents
- P5. Ensure facilities are ready for the shift to begin work
- P6. Update the logbook

E3. Hand over at end of shift

- P7. Handover any cash received
- P8. Discuss any follow up required
- P9. Brief the next shift and sign the logbook

E4. Close down facility

- P10. Close down the facility as required
- P11. Secure doors and windows
- P12. Secure all valuables in safe or other secure area
- P13. Turn off equipment, lights and air conditioning

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. List the requirements for shift close down
- K2. Identify materials or information to be prepared for the next shift
- K3. Describe the shift handover procedure
- K4. List the actions in closing down the facility at the end of operating time

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Shift handover could take place in the following situations:

- · In the restaurant
- · At the front office
- In the housekeeping department
- · In the kitchen
- · In the travel or tour office
- In other tourism or hospitality locations

2. Preparing for facility close down could include:

- Turning off lights and electrical appliances
- Ensuring doors and windows are secured
- Reconciling cash or other payments received
- Securing valuables including cash in locked location or safe

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

For the learner to reach the required standard there should be evidence performance gathered through observing the person in the workplace.

This should include:

- 1. Preparing for shift handover on two occasions
- 2. Handing over the shift on at least two occasions
- 3. Closing down the facilities on at least two occasions

ASSESSMENT METHODS

This unit may be assessed on or off the job:

- Assessment should include practical demonstration of shift handover either in the workplace or through a simulation activity, supported by a range of methods to assess underpinning knowledge
- Assessment must relate to the individual's work area or area of responsibility

The following methods may be used to assess competency for this unit:

- Case studies
- · Observation of practical candidate performance
- · Oral and written questions
- · Portfolio evidence
- Problem solving
- · Role play
- Third party reports completed by a supervisor
- Project and assignment work

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Food & Beverage, Waiter/Waitress, Receptionist, Guest Service Agent, Front Office, Housekeeping Attendant, Kitchen, Security, Engineer	N/A

GES4. UNIT TITLE: PROCESS FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to process financial transactions in any hospitality or tourism business.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Process receipts and payments

- P1. Receive and check payments received from the customer and give correct change where appropriate
- P2. Prepare and issue accurate receipts including all relevant tax details
- P3. Process and record transactions according to organisation procedures
- P4. Conduct transactions using appropriate software applications
- P5. Conduct transactions to meet organisation speed and customer service standards

E2. Reconcile takings

- P6. Perform balancing procedures at the designated times according to organisation policy and in consultation with colleagues
- P7. Separate any cash floats from takings prior to balancing procedure and secure according to organisation procedures
- P8. Determine register or terminal reading or printout where appropriate
- P9. Remove payments received and transport according to organisation security procedures
- P10. Determine balance between register or terminal reading and sum of payments accurately
- P11. Investigate or report discrepancies in the reconciliation within scope of individual responsibility
- P12. Record takings according to organisation procedures

- K1. List and describe procedures for processing different types of transactions in the relevant industry context
- K2. Explain the underpinning principles of the reconciliation and balancing process
- K3. Define the relevant software, such as point of sale
- K4. Explain the role and importance of the reconciliation and balancing process in a broader financial management context
- K5. List and describe the security procedures for cash and other financial documentation
- K6. Explain how GST (Goods & Sales Tax) affects financial transactions in a given industry context
- K7. Explain how to process multiple and varied transactions to address different situations and contexts

1. Transactions may include:

- Cash
- · Credit cards
- Cheques
- EFTPOS (Electronic Funds Transfer at Point Of Sale)
- Deposits
- Advance payments
- Vouchers
- Company charges
- Refunds
- Travellers cheques
- Foreign currency

2. Balancing procedures may be:

- Manual
- · Electronic

3. Security procedures may relate to:

- Process for taking cash from customers
- Managing floats, such as when to reduce cash held
- Maintaining low levels of cash in tills
- Rules for when and how cash should be counted
- · Handling customer claims of short change
- Transporting takings to the bank
- · Procedures in the event of a hold-up
- Controlling in-house credit limit accounts and house limit

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS
 Performance assessment must include: 1. At least two receipts' processing 2. At least one balancing procedure 3. At least one procedure of handling revenue from sales 	 Suitable assessment methods may include: Direct observation of the trainee processing financial transactions and balancing takings Review of reconciliation documentation prepared by the trainee Written or oral questions to assess knowledge of procedures for cash or non-cash transactions Review of portfolios of evidence and third-party workplace reports of on-the-job performance by the trainee

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All staff handling financial transactions in tourism occupations	D2.TCC.CL1.12

GES5. UNIT TITLE: ORDER AND RECEIVE NEW STOCKS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required to accept delivery of and store products in an establishment.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Accept delivery of new stock

- P1. Check internal systems to identify incoming stock
- P2. Prepare the area to receive new stock
- P3. Verify delivery for the premises, check incoming stock against relevant documentation and check stock received against stock ordered
- P4. Identify variations between delivery and documentation
- P5. Return unsuitable stock identified to supplier
- P6. Follow-up on variations between delivery and relevant documentation and manage excess stock within the organisation
- P7. Secure new stock against damage and/or theft

E2. Store new stock

- P8. Move new stock to the required operational area
- P9. Unpack new stock items, as required
- P10. Load new stock into storage units
- P11. Remove waste from the storage areas
- P12. Label new stock to identify items

E3. Maintain stock and storage areas

- P13. Rotate stock aligning with enterprise and stock item requirements
- P14. Inspect stock and storage areas
- P15. Take remedial action where stock related issues are identified
- P16. Clean and tidy storage areas
- P17. Identify stock usage rates

E4. Finalize documentation and stock management system requirements

- P18. Check and verify stock related documentation
- P19. Enter data into stock systems to update stock levels
- P20. Authorize supplier documentation for processing and payment

- K1. Explain the functions of internal stock control systems, paper-based or electronic/ computerized stock control systems
- K2. Describe the organisation's policies and systems in regard to order and receive new stock
- K3. Explain procedure of storing new stock
- K4. Explain procedure of maintaining stock and storage areas
- K5. Describe types of documentation and procedure of finalizing the documents

1. Internal systems may include:

- · Purchase orders
- Verbal orders that have been placed
- Standing orders
- · Telephone orders
- Online orders
- · Facsimile orders
- Manual or computerized stock control/ management systems

2. Prepare the area may include:

- · Cleaning the area
- · Tidying the area
- · Removing other stock from the area
- Ensuring requirements for accepting deliveries are present (weighing scales, thermometers, purchase orders, purchase specifications)
- Ensuring security and safety requirements are in place

3. Stock may include:

- Food and beverage items
- · Equipment
- · Cleaning materials and chemicals
- Stationery and office supplies
- · Vouchers and tickets
- · Souvenir products and merchandise

4. Verify delivery may be related to:

- Checking that the stock being delivered has been ordered
- Checking that the delivery is being made to the correct location

5. Check incoming stock against relevant documentation should include:

- Ensuring all items ordered have been supplied and all items listed have been delivered
- Ensuring all items are delivered in good condition, correct size, brand, quality, quantity, quantity
- Ensuring the correct price has been charged
- Applying specific food safety checks to food and beverage items
- · Rejecting unsatisfactory goods

6. Check stock received against stock ordered must include:

- Ensuring all stock ordered has been received
- Ensuring only stock ordered has been received
- Ensuring all aspects of the delivery match the order placed

7. Identify variations may include:

- Making note of the nature of the variation
- Recording the variation on accompanying documentation and internal system
- Making verbal mention to the delivery driver, where applicable

8. Documentation (paper-based or electronic versions) may include:

- · Purchase orders & purchase order guides
- · Delivery dockets
- · Invoices
- Buying catalogues
- · Purchase specifications
- Others

9. Return stock may relate to:

- Damaged stock
- · Out of date stock
- Recalls
- Excess stock
- Unsatisfactory goods
- · Poor quality goods

10. Follow-up on variations may include:

- Requesting credit notes from suppliers, where applicable
- Ordering supplementary stock
- Recording action taken and arrangements with suppliers
- Informing internal personnel/departments regarding delivery problems

11. Manage excess stock may include:

- Monitoring stock levels
- · Reducing stock levels
- · Returning excess stock to supplier
- Attempting to exchange excess stock with another organisation
- Suggesting uses for excess stock
- Monitoring the use-by dates of stock

12. Unpack stock items may include:

- Removing individual items from cartons and packaging
- Checking quality and suitability of individual items as they are unpacked
- Determining items that should be left in cartons and packaging
- Maintaining the integrity of foods and beverages

13. Storage units may include:

- Shelves
- Bins
- Specially provided storage containers
- · Refrigeration and freezer units

14. Remove waste may include:

- Taking packaging out of storage areas
- Identifying and removing damaged or un-saleable items from the storage areas
- Applying environmentally friendly practices to waste materials where appropriate

15. Label stock may include:

- Placing labels on storage containers and shelving to identify stock items and indicate delivery date
- Preparing hand written labels and attaching them to individual stock items
- Using electronic bar coding and labelling equipment
- Observing food safety requirements in relation to the labelling of food

16. Rotate stock may include:

 Applying stock rotation protocols relevant to individual stock type

17. Inspect stock may include:

- Undertaking visual inspections of storage area
- Identifying stock approaching use-by date and out of date stock
- Adhering to internal inspection schedules and checklists
- Checking stock quality
- Looking for signs of pest infestation, physical damage to the storage area itself, damage or degradation to stock items
- Ensuring stock is aligned with designated storage areas, bins etc

18. Take remedial action may include:

- · Notifying relevant personnel
- Arranging for maintenance, including in-house and external
- Re-Locating stock

19. Identify stock usage rates may include:

- Identifying fast and slow-moving stock items
- Advising relevant personnel in relation to stock usage and the need to order additional stock

20. Authorize supplier documentation may include:

- Noting issues arising on the documentation
- Recording associated action taken in relation to the identified issue
- Signing, initialling and/or dating documents.

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

This unit should be assessed by documentary evidence of performance and oral or written questioning.

Evidence must include:

- Three documented examples of stock received, verified, checked and action taken for variations, unsuitable stock and securing new stock against theft or damage
- 2. Two documented examples of new stock moved, unpacked, stored and labelled correctly in correct location
- 3. Two documented examples of how stock has been rotated, inspected and monitored
- Two documented examples stock documentation, including stock system, updating records and authorizing supplier documentation for processing of payments

ASSESSMENT METHODS

The following methods may be used to assess competency for this unit:

- Observation of practical candidate performance
- Analysis of documentation used in the receiving of stock and the storage process
- Inspection of stock and storage areas
- · Role plays
- · Oral and written questions
- Third party reports completed by a supervisor
- · Project and assignment work

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
Staff in tourism occupations	D1.HGA.CL6.09-10

GES6. UNIT TITLE: PROMOTE AND SELL PRODUCTS AND SERVICES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to promote and sell products and services in a hospitality or tourism and travel business.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Promote products and services face to face

- P1. Identify customer requirements
- P2. Match available products/services to customer needs and make recommendations
- P3. Present features and benefits of a full product/ service range to customers, individually or in small groups
- P4. Explain to customers how product may be purchased and payment made

E2. Plan a promotional event

- P5. Welcome customers on arrival
- P6. Provide customers with seats, drinks or other predetermined hospitality
- P7. Issue customers with pre-prepared information packs
- P8. Resolve any hitches or unexpected events with resources available

E3. Run a promotional event

- P9. Observe interest shown by participants and react to it constructively
- P10. Present material to customers in a clear and informative manner
- P11. Control timing of event in such a way that it achieves its purpose with any necessary flexibility
- P12. Use visual aids
- P13. Encourage and respond to questions
- P14. Advise customers on how promoted products may be purchased
- P15. Ensure that all activity conforms to legislation and health and safety codes

E4. Plan promotional displays

- P16. Identify the purposes of the display and ensure it is relevant to organisation and customer needs
- P17. Plan the design and content of the display to be appropriate to the needs and standards of organisation and customers
- P18. Organise place where display may be made with regard to purpose and security
- P19. Obtain and create material for display

E5. Set up and maintain displays

- P20. Display the material logically and informatively including all required to meet its purposes and with regard to available space
- P21. Secure the display so that it is stable, protected from weather and safe for users
- P22. Maintain the tidy and clean nature of the display regularly
- P23. Add to amend and update the display as required
- P24. Change the display as soon as its usefulness or attractiveness deteriorates

E6. Finalize sales

- P25. Accept payment
- P26. Apply correct exchange rates to sales
- P27. Issue tickets and other documents against payments
- P28. Report sales clearly and promptly

- K1. Explain principles of sales and promotion
- K2. List features and benefits of products and services offered by the organisation/hotel/agent
- K3. Explain how to overcome sales objections
- K4. Define the objectives of the promotional event
- K5. List the equipment and information materials to be prepared for the event
- K6. Explain how public presentation skills will be effectively used at this event
- K7. List visual aids to be prepared for the event
- K8. Explain what communication skills will be required as part of the event
- K9. List the most likely unexpected events and how they may be expected and so avoided
- K10. List the material to be contained in a sales and promotion file
- K11. List the information to be displayed on a notice board
- K12. Itemize display standards of organisation
- K13. List sources of relevant material

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K14. Explain simple principles of display with regard to use of space, colour, language, neatness and graphics
- K15. Explain the consequences of displaying out of date information
- K16. List full range of product and service prices
- K17. Identify requirements for the processing of payments by different means
- K18. List sales reporting documents and procedures

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Products and services in hospitality and tourism could include:

Hotel events, conferences, meetings, cruises, feluccas, dive trips, glass bottom boats, historical and cultural sightseeing, sound and light, entertainment, cultural shows, meals, theatre, riding tours and others

2. Promotional tools could include:

- · Tour file,
- · Notice board
- Display board and lighting
- Display documentation
- · Handwritten, typed or pre-printed material
- Photographs and graphics
- Others

3. Payment can be made by:

- Cash
- Traveller's cheques
- Credit and charge cards
- Bank transfer
- Others

4. Sales reporting can be made by:

- Telephone
- Organisational report forms
- E-mail
- Face to face

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS
 Performance assessment must include: At least two sales or promotions At least three promotional event plans developed as a basis At least three customer feedback questionnaires and/or survey analysis 	 Suitable assessment methods may include: Direct observation Written or oral questioning to assess aspects of specialised knowledge Naturally occurring evidence in the workplace Simulation, which must be carefully designed/undertaken to reflect reality of a true work environment Review of portfolios of evidence and third party workplace reports of on the job performance by the individual

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All areas in tourism organisations	D2.TCC.CL1.08

GES8. UNIT TITLE: MAINTAIN FOOD SAFETY AND HYGIENE

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required to ensure food safety and hygiene in a hotel, restaurant or other establishment where food is prepared or handled.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Follow hygiene procedures and identify food hazards

- P1. Follow organisational hygiene procedures
- P2. Identify food hazards that may affect the health and safety of customers, colleagues and self
- P3. Remove or minimise any hygiene hazards
- P4. Avoid food handling activities where a health issue may cause food contamination

E2. Report any personal health issues

- P5. Report unsafe practices that do not follow hygiene procedures
- P6. Report any personal health issues likely to cause a hygiene risk
- P7. Report incidents of food contamination resulting from personal health issues

E3. Prevent food contamination

- P8. Maintain clean clothes and wear required personal protective clothing and headgear
- P9. Prevent food contamination from clothing and other items worn
- P10. Prevent unnecessary direct contact with ready to eat food
- P11. Avoid unhygienic personal contact with food or food contact surfaces
- P12. Avoid unhygienic cleaning practices that may cause food-borne illnesses

E4. Prevent cross contamination by washing hands

- P13. Wash hands at appropriate times and follow hand washing procedures consistently
- P14. Wash hands using appropriate facilities

- K1. Identify food safety and hygiene regulation and procedures
- K2. Describe reasons that lead to food hazards
- K3. List the causes that could affect the health and safety of customers, colleagues and self
- K4. Describe methods to prevent food contamination
- K5. Explain how to prevent unnecessary direct contact with ready to eat food
- K6. Explain how to avoid unhygienic personal contact with food or food contact surfaces
- K7. Explain how to avoid unhygienic cleaning practices that may cause food-borne illnesses
- K8. Give the reasons why it is important to store raw and prepared food separately
- K9. Explain what to do when a customer asks for reassurance that a certain dish is free from their allergy reactive food
- K10. Explain the importance of washing hands

1. The ways in which standards of food safety and hygiene can be ensured may include:

- · Food storage
- · Handling and disposal of garbage
- · Personal hygiene
- · Regular hand washing
- Safe and hygienic handling of food and beverages
- · Safe handling and disposal of linen and laundry
- Suitable dress and personal protective equipment and clothing
- Use of cleaning equipment, clothes and materials to avoid contamination of food
- Follow hygiene signage
- Follow instructions of supervisors and/or managers
- Obey regulations of the food hygiene and safety

2. Avoid food hazards by:

- · Removing contaminated food
- · Removing contaminated garbage
- · Cleaning dirty equipment and utensils
- Making sure equipment is working correctly, such as fridge and temperature probes
- Using clean items
- Preventing blood and body secretions
- Avoiding practices not in keeping with current organisational activities
- Preventing vermin and pests from the kitchen or restaurant.

3. Dealing with health issues may include:

- Report airborne diseases
- · Report food borne diseases
- · Report infectious diseases.

4. Food handling that could lead to unsafe and unhygienic food may include:

- · Personal items:
 - Bandages
 - Hair accessories
 - Jewellery
 - Watches
 - · Rings.
- · Personal contact may involve:
 - Blowing nose
 - Coughing
 - Drinking
 - Eating
 - · Scratching skin and hair
 - Sneezing
 - Spitting
 - Touching wounds
 - · Smoking cigarette.
- Food contact surfaces may include:
 - · Chopping boards
 - Containers
 - Cooking utensils
 - Crockery
 - Cutlery
 - Glassware
 - · Pots and pans
 - Sinks
 - · Workbenches.
- Unhygienic leaning practices may involve:
 - · Cleaning food contact surfaces
 - · Cleaning cloths
 - · Tea towels
 - · Spreading bacteria from other areas.

5. Wash hands should take place:

- Before commencing or recommencing work with food
- · Immediately after:
 - · Handling raw food
 - Smoking
 - · Coughing
 - Sneezing
 - Blowing the nose
 - Eating
 - Drinking
 - · Touching the hair
 - Scalp or any wound
 - · Using the toilet.

6. Appropriate facilities for hand washing may include:

- · Designated hand washing sink
- · Liquid soap
- Single use towels
- · Warm running water.

ASSESSMENT GUIDE ASSESSMENT METHODS Evidence of the following is required: The following methods may be used to assess competency for this unit: 1. Four food hazards identified • Observation of practical candidate performance 2. Four occasions of removing or minimising any • Practical exercises that reflect the workplace hygiene hazards 3. Four occasions of hygienic personal contact apply of food safety and hygiene standard • Recorded oral and/or written questions and with food or food contact surfaces multiple choice question 4. Four occasions of cleaning procedures Third party reports completed by a supervisor

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All Food & Beverage Staff including Waiter/Waitress	D1.HRS.CL1.02 & 05

5. Four occasions of washing hands

GES9. UNIT TITLE: DEVELOP GUEST RELATIONSHIPS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to start conversations and develop good relationships with guests or customers.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Meet and greet guests

- P1. Welcome guests appropriately
- P2. Introduce self and others
- P3. Ask questions to involve guests

E2. Respond to guests' questions or requests

- P4. Answer questions clearly and honestly
- P5. Request repetition or clarification of questions or requests
- P6. Offer to fulfil guest's request in a timely manner
- P7. Provide explanation and apologize if unable to answer questions or fulfil requests on the spot and promise to answer in certain time.
- P8. Offer to seek help from other sources if unable to fulfil guest's request/s or answer questions

E3. Participate in a short, informal conversation with guests

- P9. Start a conversation using appropriate topics
- P10. Demonstrate turn taking techniques to hold and relinquish turns in a conversation
- P11. Show interest in what a speaker is saying
- P12. Interrupt a conversation politely
- P13. Close a conversation politely

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. Meet and greet guests warmly
- K2. Explain how to hold a short conversation with guests using turn taking techniques
- K3. Explain the usage of correct open and closed question forms, including the use of auxiliary verbs , "wh" questions and question tags to involve guests in conversations
- K4. Describe how to discuss a range of topics
- K5. Explain how to talk about events in the past, present and future
- K6. Describe how to identify potential taboo topics that may cause offence to guests
- K7. Explain how to use a range of functions when responding to guests' questions and requests

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Developing guest relationships can include:

- · Giving information and advice
- Giving advice
- Making suggestions
- Asking questions
- Giving directions
- Giving instructions
- · Giving explanations

2. Developing appropriate personal manner and behaviour includes:

- Offering opinions
- · Agreeing and disagreeing politely
- Apologising
- · Promising to follow up a request
- Giving factual information
- Considering culture differences

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Performance assessment must include: 1. Evidence of at least three occasions of greeting guests appropriately should be observed or documented 2. At least three occasions of responding to guests' questions or requests should be observed or documented 3. At least three occasions of participating in a short, informal conversation with guests and demonstrating appropriate personal manner and behaviour should be observed or documented Knowledge assessment by documented oral questioning or written questions	 Suitable assessment methods may include: Observation of practical candidate performance Interviews Role plays

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All staff who interact with guests or customers in tourism	D2.TTG.CL3.14

GES10. UNIT TITLE: PREPARE AND PRESENT REPORTS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to develop, produce and present a range of reports used by the tourism and hospitality industry.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Prepare various types of reports

- P1. Develop report to specifications as required
- P2. Identify sources of data and access report data that underpins the final report objective(s)
- P3. Process data for inclusion in the report
- P4. Produce the report

E2. Present various types of reports

- P5. Distribute reports according to internal requirements
- P6. Deliver a verbal presentation in support of the report

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. Describe the different types of reports used in your organisation and the purposes of each report
- K2. Describe how to format reports or other documents used in your organisation
- K3. Describe the principles of confidentiality and security in relation to internal documentation and reports
- K4. Explain how to ensure reports and other documents are clear and readable
- K5. Describe the ways in which you can produce diagrams, tables and graphics to make reports more readable and understandable
- K6. Explain the steps you need to take to prepare for and deliver a verbal presentation

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Develop report to specifications may include:

- Clarifying report objectives with relevant personnel and/or key stakeholders
- Planning the final content of the report, including developing rationales for omitting certain information
- Planning the format of the report, unless a standardised format exists
- Matching the report to the identified report objectives

2. Sources of data may include:

- Field work
- · Research materials
- Published books
- Academic reports
- Industry reports
- Colleagues
- Computerised databases
- · Internet searches and specific websites
- Newspapers and journals
- · Industry publications
- Industry specialists and experts
- Others

3. Access report data may include:

- Authorising release of relevant data and/or information that is commercial-in-confidence
- Ensuring information from all available sources of data has been obtained
- Verifying accuracy and currency of data, as far as is possible
- · Examining available data
- Examining systems to establish data limitations
- Others

4. Analyse data for inclusion may include:

- Ensuring report data is analysed in such a way that the process meets organisational objectives and requirements, which may include:
 - a. Timelines
 - b. Policy documentation requirements
 - c. Verbal and written instructions given in relation to activities related to data analysis
 - d. Internal control guidelines
 - e. Computer system documentation
- Identifying the required and most applicable format as identified by the organisation
- Others

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

5. Produce the reports may include:

- Entering the required data into the report
- Editing data as required
- Saving, filing, sending and printing the reports

6. Using advanced functions to ensure completion of the task, which may include:

- Creating AutoText
- · Templates
- Macros
- · Table of contents
- Index
- · Newspaper columns
- Glossaries
- Scanning
- Importing data, such as tables, graphs and charts from spread sheets
- Others

7. Meeting designated timeline requirements, which may include:

- As agreed with supervisors and management
- Nominated organisational deadlines as specified in policies, by operational imperatives and as determined by traditional practice
- Deadlines negotiated with individual end-users and/or persons requesting the report
- Inserting information from other files as necessary, including scanning and data importing
- Checking report for spelling, grammar and numeric data
- Proof reading reports for validity, reliability, accuracy of contents, consistency of layout and structure, applicable language and style
- Ensuring the report accords with organisational standards relating to formatting and other standards
- Ensuring the contents of the report reflect the stated objectives for the report and address the key management and operational requirements, as well as providing relevant and supporting ancillary information
- Making modifications to reports on the basis of errors, omissions, or inconsistencies identified during proof reading and checking activities
- Presenting report to nominated person for approval prior to final printing, where appropriate
- Printing the report
- · Binding the report
- Saving and filing the report
- Making back-up copies of files and reports, as necessary and in keeping with organisational requirements

8. Distribute reports may include:

- Completing and circulating reports in keeping with policy guidelines that apply
- Hand delivering reports directly to nominated individuals
- Placing hard copy reports into designated locations such as pigeon holes
- Forwarding electronic copies of reports according to a distribution list
- Observing security and confidentiality requirements
- Obtaining signature to prove report has been delivered and received
- Including reports with other nominated material as part of meeting and/or briefing papers
- Ensuring reports are received in sufficient time to enable them to be read and digested by the user prior to a nominated meeting, or other decision-making event

9. Deliver a verbal presentation may include:

- Ensuring language and tone is appropriate to the audience
- Providing full, or short-form, hard copies of the report at the presentation
- Ensuring presentation is organised logically and is structured and balanced according to purpose, audience and context
- Generating and/or acquiring physical resources for use in supplementing and/or illustrating the presentation
- Adhering to industry and/or organisational standards in relation to the verbal presentation
- Practicing and polishing the presentation

ASSESSMENT GUIDE	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Performance assessment must include: 1. Preparation of at least two types of reports 2. Two occasions when at least two verbal presentations are made	 Suitable assessment methods may include: Analysis of a portfolio of documents prepared by the candidate Evaluation of the presentation made to support the reports(s) Oral and written questions Third party reports completed by a supervisor Project and assignment work Observation of practical candidate performance

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All areas within tourism	D1.HGA.CL6.08

GES14. UNIT TITLE: PREVENT, CONTROL AND FIGHT FIRES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit describes the competencies required to prevent, control and fight fires, including fire prevention measures and fire fighting.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Manage fire prevention and control procedures

- P1. Identify fire hazards in the premises and take action to eliminate or minimise them
- P2. Review and become familiar with emergency procedures to be followed in the event of fire

E2. Deal with fire in the premises

- P3. Fight fires using relevant equipment and techniques
- P4. Select and used correct extinguishers to fight specific classes of fires
- P5. Ensure personal safety during fire fighting at all times
- P6. Ensure actions minimise damage to facilities and avoid injuries to personnel

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. Explain the principles of containing and extinguishing the spread of fire
- K2. Describe the different classes of fire and the equipment needed for extinguishing fire
- K3. List the types of fire detection, fire fighting equipment and systems used in a hotel or travel company
- K4. Explain the fire fighting techniques applicable to different classes of fire
- K5. Discuss the relevant regulations about checking and use of fire detection and fire fighting equipment
- K6. Explain the fire fighting procedures used in your facility
- K7. Describe the problems that can occur with fire detection and fire fighting equipment and operations and appropriate remedial action and solutions
- K8. List the sources of information on fire prevention and extinguishment available

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Fire detection and fire fighting systems may include:

- Fire detection devices and systems
- Portable fire extinguishers, including foam, water, CO2, dry chemical and wet foam (where applicable)
- Sprinkler systems
- Fire pumps main and emergency fire pump
- · Fire hoses, hydrants

2. Personal protection clothing and equipment may include:

- Masks and goggles
- Protective clothing, including headgear, gloves and footwear

3. Documentation and records may include:

- Fire detection, fire fighting and safety equipment operational and maintenance instructions and recommended procedures
- Instructions on the maintenance and serviceability of fire detection, fire fighting and safety equipment and systems

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Assessment will be in a simulated environment, unless evidence from dealing with an actual fire has occurred. The following activities should be demonstrated and confirmed through assessment.

- Identify relevant fire detection and fire fighting equipment and initiate any required reporting or servicing action
- 2. Use the various types of fire fighting equipment in the organisation
- Implement OH&S principles and policies when carrying out fire prevention and fire fighting duties
- 4. Communicate effectively with others as required during fire prevention activities and fire emergencies

ASSESSMENT METHODS

- Assessment of knowledge must be conducted through appropriate written/oral examinations
- Individuals should carry out a range of suitably simulated practical and knowledge assessments that demonstrate the skills and knowledge to carry out fire prevention strategies in their working premises; and/or assist in fire prevention procedures and fire fighting drills

Note: Simulated fire fighting assessment exercises may require access to a fire training and assessment facility capable of simulating fire fighting activities.

Assessments must be conducted in accordance with relevant OH&S requirements

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All tourism staff	N/A

GES15. UNIT TITLE: DEAL WITH INTOXICATED AND UNAUTHORIZED PERSONS

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to deal with intoxicated or unauthorised persons in hotels, restaurants, in other facilities or on tours.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Assess the situation

- P1. Analyse situation carefully to assess intoxication levels of customer(s)
- P2. Monitor suspicious behaviour by groups or individuals in your workplace

E2. Confront the situation

- P3. Offer assistance to intoxicated customers
- P4. Question suspicious individuals to determine the purpose of their presence in your workplace

E3. Seek assistance from appropriate persons

- P5. Refer difficult situations to an appropriate person within or outside of the establishment
- P6. Seek assistance from appropriate people for situations which pose a threat to safety or security of colleagues, customers or property

E4. Take action to alleviate the situation

- P7. Deal with intoxicated persons appropriately and assist the guest/customer to leave the premises if necessary
- P8. Request unauthorised individuals to leave, and arrange an escort from the premises

E5. Complete incident reports

P9. Complete incident report on dealing with intoxicated persons or unauthorised entry

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. Describe the behaviour you would expect from intoxicated customers
- K2. Explain the sort of assistance you could offer to intoxicated customers
- K3. List the types of difficult situations where you would need to refer to an appropriate person within or outside of the establishment
- K4. Explain when you would need to seek assistance from appropriate people for situations which pose a threat to safety or security of colleagues, customers or property
- K5. Describe how you would appropriately assist the intoxicated guest/customer to leave the premises
- K6. Explain the methods used to monitor suspicious behaviour by groups or individuals in your workplace
- K7. List the types of questions you could use to determine the purpose of suspicious individuals in your workplace
- K8. Explain how you would arrange for an unauthorised individuals to leave the premises
- K9. Describe the format and content of incident reports required

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

The unit variables provide advice to interpret the scope and context of this unit of competence, allowing for differences between hospitality and tourism organisation.

1. Assess intoxication levels may include:

- · Observation of changes in behaviour
- · Monitoring noise levels
- · Monitoring drink orders
- Slowing service

2. Assistance for intoxicated persons may include:

- Organising transport for customers wishing to leave
- Suggesting staying in a room in the hotel
- · Assisting customers to leave

3. Appropriate persons may include:

- Manager
- · Security personnel on site
- Police
- Ambulance

4. Procedures may include:

- Verbal warning
- · Asking persons to leave the premises
- · Calling for appropriate assistance

5. Question suspicious individuals may include:

- Using tact and discretion
- Using a quiet and respectful tone of voice at all times
- · Employing conflict resolution skills

6. Appropriate communication skills may relate to:

- Giving explanation to customers throughout the event/incident
- Providing suggestions and/or alternatives to the sustamer
- Using a quiet and respectful tone of voice at all times
- Using tact and discretion
- · Employing conflict resolution skills

7. Assess situations may relate to:

- Customers behaving in an intoxicated manner
- Customers behaving in a violent or disorderly manner
- · Customers behaving in a suspicious manner
- Under-age persons

8. Deal with intoxicated persons may relate to:

- Providing suggestions and/or alternatives to the customer/guest
- · Asking customer/guest to leave the premises
- Refusing service of alcohol

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Performance assessment should be based on case studies and real incidents. Incident reports would normally provide much of the evidence along with supervisor reports or witness statements. In a college setting, simulation and role play could be used.

- At least one incident of handling intoxicated persons appropriately in the hotel or travel/tour company should be recorded by documentary evidence or observation
- 2. At least one incident of handling suspicious persons appropriately in the hotel or travel/tour company should be recorded by documentary evidence or observation
- 3. All knowledge criteria should be assessed by recorded oral questioning or by written questions

ASSESSMENT METHODS

The following methods may be used to assess competency for this unit:

- Observation of practical candidate performance
- · Oral and written questions
- · Portfolio evidence
- Incident reports
- Role plays/simulation
- Third party reports completed by a supervisor
- Project and assignment work

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All staff working in hotels, restaurants as well as travel and tour operator companies	D1.HBS.CL5.17

GES21. UNIT TITLE: APPLY RESPONSIBLE FOOD AND BEVERAGE PRACTICES

UNIT DESCRIPTOR

This unit covers the competencies required to save energy and water, manage waste and use local environmentally-friendly products in food preparation and food and beverage service.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

E1. Save energy

- P1. Reduce idle time for all equipment
- P2. Shut down equipment during off peak and after hours
- P3. Use equipment efficiently to reduce energy usage

E2. Save water

- P4. Conserve water usage and report leaks
- P5. Run dishwashers when fully loaded
- P6. Save water when washing utensils and cleaning the kitchen

E3. Avoid waste

- P7. Avoid waste by reprocessing materials where possible
- P8. Recycle waste products efficiently
- P9. Avoid plastic and disposable containers where possible

E.4 Purchase and use environmentallyfriendly products

- P10. Purchase local goods and food supplies as far as possible
- P11. Use environmentally friendly cleaning products

KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

- K1. Explain the methods used in your restaurant/ kitchen for saving energy, water and waste management
- K2. Explain the importance of adopting responsible tourism principles in food preparation or F&B service
- K3. Identify the ways to save energy consumption in food production/service
- K4. Identify the ways of saving water in kitchen operations and restaurant service
- K5. List the ways of increasing the use of recycling in food preparation and F&B service
- K6. State how to minimize waste and improve recycling
- K7. Identify the sources for local goods and food supplies

CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AND VARIABLES

1. Energy saving practices in food preparation and/or F&B service could include:

- Clean and service kitchen equipment regularly
- Prepare food efficiently and in large batches if possible
- Reduce equipment standby and pre-heating time
- Use appropriate sized sauce pans and lids to minimise wasted heat
- For small orders or one customer, use frying pan rather than griddle
- Thaw food in the refrigerator overnight rather than using running water or microwaves
- Minimise opening of oven doors and refrigerator and chiller doors to save energy

2. Water efficiency in kitchen operations could include:

- Sweep or mop kitchen floors instead of using a hose
- · Only run dishwashers when full
- · Switch off hot water heaters at night

3. Avoid waste in food production and F&B service could include:

- Recycling food waste in the kitchen
- Adjusting portion sizes to avoid excessive food waste
- Using bins for food wastes, general wastes and recyclables
- Minimise over-prepping food that will then be wasted
- Arrange compost for food waste rather than sending it to the trash bin
- Collect cooking oils and fats for re-processing and reuse
- Review food portion sizes and adjust to avoid excessive food wastes

4. Environmentally-sustainable kitchen operations and F&B service could include:

- Using recycled content and recyclable takeaway containers, cups, utensils and serviettes
- Purchase environmentally-friendly products
- Purchase products that minimise energy, water and waste in the production process
- Purchase local products to benefit local businesses and avoid transport costs and wasted energy

ASSESSMENT GUIDE

Evidence should include:

- At least two occasions of energy saving practice documented
- 2. At least two occasions water efficiency and waste avoidance activities recorded and documented
- 3. At least one example of recycling documented
- 4. At least one example of environmentally-friendly purchasing documented
- 5. Fully completing the knowledge assessment as set out in the unit either by recorded oral questioning or answers to written questions.

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Suitable methods will include:

- Workplace observations
- Portfolio of workplace evidence
- Personal statements
- Witness testimony
- · Professional discussion

Simulation can be used in colleges or in the workplace for some performance criteria but should be used sparingly.

A portfolio or written report should be supplemented by oral questions to ensure all aspects of the evidence requirements are fully met.

RELEVANT OCCUPATIONS	ACCSTP REF
All food preparation and F&B service staff	N/A

VIETNAM TOURISM OCCUPATIONAL STANDARDS (VTOS)

VTOS covers two major divisions within the tourism sector (hospitality and travel) with six key and four specialist occupational areas. For more information, please visit http://vtos.esrt.vn

Hospitality Division Front Office Operations Housekeeping Operations Tour Guiding Food & Beverage Service Food Preparation Specialist areas Hotel Management On-site Tour Guiding Tourist Boat Service







Developed by the EU-funded Environmentally & Socially Responsible Tourism Capacity Development Programme (ESRT Programme) for the Vietnam National Administration of Tourism and Ministry of Culture, Sports and Tourism.

This publication has been produced with the assistance of the European Union. Its contents are the sole responsibility of the ESRT Programme and can in no way be taken to reflect the views of the European Union.

Programme Implementation Unit Office

Address: Room 402, 4th Floor, Vinaplast Tai Tam Building, 39A Ngo Quyen Street, Ha Noi, Viet Nam Tel: (84) 437349358

Fax: (84) 4 3734 9359 E-mail: info@esrt.vn Website: www.esrt.vn